POETRY.

A SKETCH FROM NATURE.

She knelt beside me -- and mine eye once glanc'd Upon her form, 'Twas but a glance-but ne'er From my remembrance will it pass away. Her arms were folded on her breast -her head Bow'd down most meekly, as became the place; And her dark eye-brow, and still darker hair Shaded a countenance wherein was less Of beauty than expression; it was pale As is the lily in the spring : it bore Some touches of the frame and mind's disease, Some marks of hidden wo Her half clos'd eye Was bent to earth, and shaded by a lash, Silken and shining as the raven's wing; Her lip was motionlesss, and it seem'd As though her supplication sped at word Forth from her pieus besom to her God. There was a wither'd flow'ret on her breast, Perchange an emblem of the hopes which there Had blossom'd and there faded.

I have view'd Woman in many a scene-I have beheld Her gay and glorious in the festive hall, Eager of conquest - and I too have mark'd The winning languish and seductive smile, Both dear and dangerous to the youthful heart, And I have stray'd with Seauty by my side, Through the still glade at evening's pensive hour By the pale radiance of the moon, whose beam's Hath silver'd o'er her smiles; and she hath look'd As she had thrown bersoul into her eyes ! Nay, I have view'd her by the fever'd bed Of sickness, pillow the pale cheek, and bathe The fainting brow, where, like a form of light, She whisper'd peace where else there had been

But never by the side of woman yet-Such thrillings and unearthly feelings stole On my o'er charged heart, as when I saw That pious maid communing with her God

TFOR THE ROYAL GAZETTE.]

A DECEASED MOTHER.

If ever the heart is imbued with sentiments of genuine sympathy, it is when we tain quantity of any substance, a pound of visit the bed of a deceased Mother-and wood, for example, and would fashion it in turn to contemplate the surviving Infant, the shape to take the least room, we must sweetly smiling, unconscious of its loss, make a globe of it; it will in this figure happily deprived of the knowledge thereof have the smallest surface. But suppose we by infantine insensibility.

scene of this kind, and I blush not to say the least possible resistance, then we must mathematical nature, after we have at once that I wirnessed it with lears. Around the lengthen it out for ever, till it becomes not ascertained by experiment, that light is bent death bed stood the Sisters of the deceased, only like a long-pointed pin, but thinner in a certain way when it passes through absorbed in grief: The tear of devout affec- and thinner, longer and longer, till it is transparent bodies. Now birds flying in tion stole down those cheeks, where a few quite a straight line, and has no perceptible the air, and meeting with many obstacles,

Such was the group, that I was summon. ed to witness, or rather, that feelings of respect and sympathy, bade me witness. They spoke not they were silent. Yet in that silence I read a lesson, which all the panegyrics on departed greatness have never taught me. There was an eloquence in those sears, that came from the heart and they went to the heart. I read in them_"We have lost a friend." Did I weep ? _ I am a man of feeling_I did.

Yet there was one only, unmoved by this affecting scene; one only whose countenance was unmarked by sorrow, whose eye was not moistened with a tear ... Twas the boling in its cradle. "Sweet innocent," quiries, that the rays or particles of light, in A singular provision is made for keeping said I; "How little can you feel the extent of your loss? How little do you know at this moment the sorrows and disappointments that await you in the world? But " God tempers the wind to the shorn Lamb; and he is a God to the widows, and a Father to the fatherless."

PHILOSOPHICAL INQUIRIES.

purposes of Philosophy, is to trace in the and clouds. The eye is found to be com- loop, and is fixed in the corner of the works of Nature proofs of the divine skill. posed of several natural magnifiers which membrane, to pull it backward and forward. From the smallest flowerer that blooms in make a picture on a membrane at the back If you wish to draw a thing towards any the valley to the most majestic oak which of it, and from this membrane there goes a place with the least force, you must pull towers in the forest --- from the most aimi- nerve to the brain, conveying the impression directly in the line between the thing and nutive insect, to the most gigantic of the of the picture, by means of which we see the place; but if you wish to draw it as animal tribes, are to be discovered traces of it. Now, white light was discovered by quickly as possible, and do not regard the the same perfect and mysterious intelligence. Newton to consist of different coloured parts, loss of force, you must pull it obliquely, by who fashioned the arch of heaven and gem which are differently bent in passing through drawing it in two directions at once. The med it with its innumerable spheres of light transparent substances, so that the lights of a string to a stone, and draw it straight toand brilliancy. But it is not only in their different colours come to a point at different wards you with one hand; then make a loop form and exterior appearance that this wis- distances, and thus create an indistinct dom is manifested ... follow out their analo- image. This was long found to make our gies examine their internal organization telescopes imperfect, sinsomuch that it became inquire into their adaptation for their diffe | necessary to make them of reflectors or mirrent circumstances....and the Mind of Man rors, and not of magnifying glasses....the tial wonder of his Maker's unspeakable their reflection. But another discovery powers. By the kindness of a friend, we was about firity years afterwards made by have been presented with a pamphlet pub. Mr. Dolland, that by combining different blished in London, in March last, under kinds of glass in a compound magnifier, the the patronage of the Society for the diffu- difference may be greatly corrected; and Novascotian.

Formation of Fish.... If we have a cerwant to form the wood, so that in moving scrope. And this property of light depends I was secently called upon to witness a through the air or water it shall meet with upon the nature of lines, and is purely of a days previous I had beheld only the smile breadth or thickness at all. If we would as branches and leaves of trees, require to of bappiness and love. The aged Mother dispose of the given quantity of matter so have their eyes sometimes as flat as possible, of the departed sat before the fire, her head that it shall have a certain length only, say for protection; but sometimes as tound as supported on her hands, while the deep a foot, and a certain breadth at the thickest possible, that they may see the small objects, groan of maternal anguish escaped her part, say three inches, and move through the flies and other insects, while they are chasbosom ;- That sigh !- the burning tears att or water with the smallest possible re- ing through the air, and which they pursue

Of the eye It is found by optical in-plain, or a dying hish affoat on the water.

the window and a sheet of paper when the wo muscles placed in the back of the sun is shining, they will make a picture on eye. One of the muscles ends in a loop, One of the most sublime and sanctifying the paper of the houses, trees, fields, sky, the other in a string which goes through the will be awed into a more solemn and reveren- same difference not being observed to affect than it did before when pulled straight forcourse on the objects, advantages and copes. It is found, that the different natuhe application of mathematical, mechanical later, a third discovery was made by Mr. been supposing. and chemical knowledge to the habits of Blair, of the greatly superior effect which animals and plants: and in the course of combinations of different liquids have in in the horse and called the HAW: it is his inquiry, so many striking evidences of the correcting the imperfection; and most won-Divine Intelligence are brought to light, that derful to think, when the eye is examined, lage) to take hold of the dust on the eyewe are satisfied we cannot render religion we find it consists of different liquids, actand mortality a more essential service, than ing naturally upon the same principle in devoting our journal to a few extracts :... which was thus recently found out in Oprics by many ingenious mechanical and che-

mical experiments. The Eyes of Birds Again, the point to which any magnifier collects the light is more or less distant as the magnifier is smaller or rounder, so that a small globe of glass or any transparent substance makes a microof fruitless regret-of piereing sorrow- sistance which a body of those dimensions with the most unerring certainty. This these were the undoubted testimonies of can meet, then we must form it into a figure could only he accomplished by giving them heartfelt affliction .- No affectation - no of a peculiar kind, called the Solid of least a power suddenly changing the form of their becoming sorrow ... The tears that fell, and resistance, because of all the shapes that can eyes. Accordingly, there is a set of hard the sighs that would not be controlled, were be given to the body, its length and breadth scales, placed on the outer coat of their eye, remaining the same, this is the one which round the place where the light enters; and will made it move with the least resistance over these scales are drawn the muscles of through the air or water, or other fluid. fibres by which motion is communicated; A very difficult chain of mathematical readso that, by acting with these muscles, the soning, by means of the highest branches of bird can press the scales, and squeeze the algebra, leads to a knowledge of the curve, natural magnifier of the eye into a round cliff, a most perfect collossal bust of his late which by revolving on its axis makes a solid shape when it wishes to follow an insect Majesty George III. of this shape, in the same way that a circle through the air, and can relax the scales, by so revolving makes a sphere or globe; in order to flatten the eye when it would and the curve certainly resembles closely see a distant object, or move safely through the face or head part of a fish. Nature, leaves and twigs. The power of altering fice in Queen Street, over Mr. SLOOT's Store, therefore, (by which we always mean the the shape of the eye is possessed by birds Divine Author of nature,) has fashioned of prey in a very remarkable degree. They these fishes so, that according to mathematic can see the smallest objects close to them, cal principles, they swim the most easily and can yet discern larger bedies at vast through the element they live and move in. distances, as a carcass stretched upon the

passing through transparent substances of a the surface of the bird's eye clean, for wip certain form, are bent to a point where ing the glass of the instrument, as it were, they make an image or picture of the shining and also for protecting it, while rapidly by bodies they come from, or of the dark bodies ling through the air and through thickets, they are reflected from. Thus, if a pair without hindering the sight. Birds are, for of speciacles be held between a candle and these purposes furnished with a third eyelid, the wall, they make two images of the can- a fine membrane or skin, which is constant dle upon it; and if they be held between ly maved very rapidly over the eyeball by

on another string, and running the first through it, draw one string in each hand, not towards you, but side ways, till both strings are stretched in a straight line: you will see how much swifter the stone moves ward. Now this is proved, by mathematical reasoning, to be the necessary consequence of forces applied obliquely; there is a loss of power, but a great increase of velocity. The velocity is the thing required to be sion of Useful knowledge, entitled a " Dis- on this principle he constructed his teles- gained in the third eyelid, and the contrivance is exactly that of a string and a pleasures of Science." One part of the ral magnifiers of the eye are combined upon loop, moved each by a muscle, as the two Essay is to prove the uses that result from a principle of the same kind. Thirty years strings are by the hands in the case we have

> A third eyelid of the same kind is found moistened with a pulpy substance (or muciballs, and wipe it clean off so that it is hardly seen with any thing upon it though greatly exposed from its size and posture. The swift motion of the haw is given by a gristly, elastic substance placed between the eyelid and socker, and striking obliquely, so as to drive out the haw with great velocity over the eye, and then let it come back as quictly. Ignorant persons when this haw is inflamed from cold and swells so as to appear, which it never does in a healthy state, often mistake it for an imperfection, and cut it off; So nearly does ignorance produce the same mischief as cruelty! They might as well cut off the pupil of the eye, taking it for a black spot.

To be continued.

MAN .-- Every man is a republic in minature; and although very limited in its parts, yet very difficult to govern. Each individual is a little world, the elements; and having life like the brutes, and reason like the angels, it seems as though all were happily united in him. He can traverse the vast universe, comprehend the present, past, and future; in him are the principles of life and death, light and darkness; in him, also, are united the most contrary elements and most incompatible qualities.

At Hastings there are the ruins of an ancient fortification, one of the parts of which presents, from the opposite hill of the East

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