

We beg to draw the attention of our readers to the republication in this days Gazette, of the Premiums to be awarded at the Cattle Show on the Race Course on the 9th of next month, and to the Rules of Competition added thereon.

The Courier of the 8th inst. in remarking upon the probable failure of the Wheat crops this year in consequence of the rust, and upon the importance of attending in a particular manner to that branch of Agriculture; observes—"If any suggestions can be made either as regards the kind of wheat proper for cultivation in this climate and soil, or, respecting its mode of culture, every means ought to be used to induce the making of experiments, in order, in time, to ascertain which is the best." The Editor then states his intention to endeavor to obtain the best information upon the subject and in the mean time remarks—"So far as our present information goes, we are led to believe that the kind of wheat generally planted in this Province, is that which in all countries is most likely to be affected by rust, namely, the bearded wheat. It is generally understood, that wet or damp are the causes of rust, and this sort of Grain of course affords an opportunity for its lodgement, whether it arise from rain or night dews, which other sorts of wheat would not. In addition to this it is recommended that wheat should be sown in drills sufficiently wide to admit of horse-hoeing: This mode is attended with two advantages...the frequent stirring of the earth tends to shake the damp from the stalks, and the sun and wind likewise have a more powerful effect in accomplishing the same end than they would otherwise have. We only mention this in the mean time for the consideration of Agriculturists until we obtain further information on the subject. We consider it one of the highest importance."

The following appears to be a leading article in the last papers, altho' we cannot venture to pronounce it genuine until we see further information from Europe on the subject:—

BOSTON, AUGUST 28.

The London Sun of the 12th, contains a Treaty, which was signed on the 6th of July, by the Plenipotentiaries of G. Britain, France and Russia, FOR EFFECTING PEACE BETWEEN THE OTTOMAN PORTE AND GREECE, together with an additional and secret article, determining the measures to be adopted in case the Porte does not, within one month, accept the mediation proposed.

The primary object of this treaty is to put an end to the hostilities waging between the two countries. Its next object is, to secure for Greece a Government, which if not actually independent of the Porte, shall possess many of the advantages of Independence; and in the attainment of these objects the High Contracting Powers bind themselves not to seek any arrangement of territory, any exclusive influence, or any commercial advantage for their subjects, which the subjects of any other Nation may not equally obtain.

The Secret article stipulates that it shall be announced to the Porte that the High Contracting Parties intend to send consular Agents to Greece, and that if the Porte does not accept, in one month, the Armistice proposed, or the Greeks refuse to sign it, the High Contracting Parties will conjointly employ all their means in the accomplishment of their object, without, however, taking any part in the hostilities between the two contending parties.—And, finally, if these measures should fail, the High Power will continue to prosecute the work of pacification, for which purpose they authorize

their Representatives in London to discuss and determine the ulterior measures which may become necessary."

The Treaty does not appear to have been ratified, and was not to have been published till after the ratifications were exchanged; but a copy seems to have been received from Paris, and immediately printed, without regarding the wish of the Govt. If the treaty was not genuine, it must have been exposed in a few days.

It is said Austria declines being a party to the treaty.

A severe action, which continued for two days, is said to have taken place off Mitylene, between the Grecian and Turkish fleets, in which the latter have suffered severely.—*Pal.*

ARMIES.—France has 232,000 soldiers—Austria 246,000—Bavaria 58,000—German Confederation 98,000—Denmark 39,000—Spain 50,000—Roman States 9000—Britain 86,200—Netherlands 35,000—Portugal 22,000—Prussia 100,000—Russia 740,000—Poland 60,000—Sardinia 45,000—Sweden and Norway 40,000—Turkey 338,400.

London, July 16.

THE CABINET.

His Grace the Duke of Portland resigns the office of Privy Seal, but retains his seat in the Cabinet. There are several precedents for this proceeding. It will be sufficient to name a recent one, that of Lord Sidmouth.

Lord Carlisle leaves the Woods and Forests, and succeeds the Duke of Portland as Lord Privy Seal.

Mr. Sturges Bourne succeeds Lord Carlisle as First Commissioner of Woods and Forests, keeping his seat in the Cabinet.

The Marquis of Lansdowne succeeds Mr. Sturges Bourne as Secretary of State for the Home Department.

Viscount Dudley and Ward remains at the Foreign Office; and consequently,

Mr. Canning continues as First Lord of the Treasury and Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Mr. Spring Rice, it is said, will replace Mr. Spencer Percival as one of the Under Secretaries of State at the Home Office.

There will be no immediate change in the Vice Regal Government of Ireland. The Marquis of Wellesley, it is understood, remains at the Castle till the end of the year, when in all probability, he will be succeeded by the Marquis of Anglesea.

His Majesty will hold a Council next week, for the purpose of giving formal effect to these arrangements.

We are much gratified in announcing to our Agricultural friends the arrival of General COFFIN and Mr. GREENSLADE, of the Parish of Springfield, King's County, in the Brig Saltron's Rock, from Biddford, yesterday. We understand the latter gentleman went to England last fall for the express purpose of selecting for himself and such of his neighbours as chose to commission him, a number of domestic animals, which, from their description and breed would be most likely to answer in this Province. He has imported ten high priced fancy Rams Ewes, and two Cows, a Bull, and two Heifer Calves. The General has also imported ten Rams and Ewes of the same species—they are all of the Devonshire breed. The fleece from off one of the Rams, sheared on the passage, weighed 12½ lbs.—A few examples such as the one set by Mr. Greenslade would soon bring our farming into repute and render it an object worthy of the pursuit of Capitalists.—*Courier,* July 8.

We are informed from Hampton Ferry

that at no former time has the district lying between the Kennebec and Hammond River been, at this season of the year, so infested with Bears, as it now is, they have been seen to the number of four or five at a time: they have thinned several flocks of sheep, and have in some instances approached the precincts of the Pig pen and prosecuted their work of death close by the habitation of the Farmer. They appear evidently to set at defiance all the salutary enactments which took up so much of the time and attention of last Session of our House of Assembly relative to the destroying of BEARS. If the worthy Major SCOTT, (the originator of the Bill we refer to,) would only now order out the hardiest of the Militia under his command, and bring them to the scene of action, he might be able in a short space of time to present for Premium, as many snouts and tails as would amount to something handsome, and also to merit the thanks of his neighbours.—*Id.*

We have received authentic information on the cheering prospects of the staple trade of this Country, but too late for detailed insertion this day; we will fully communicate it in our next:—as also respecting the crops, of which we can merely say that little or no rust appears in the wheat on the Grand Lake.

MARRIED.

At St. John, on Saturday last, by the Rev. the Rector of the Parish, Thomas B. Millidge, Esquire, to Margaret, second daughter of the late C. Ward, Esquire.

At Lunenburg, George Wolfe, aged 82 years, to Miss Barbara Hahn, aged 73 years; after a courtship of nearly fifty years.

DIED.

At Hampton, on the 2d instant, William H. Rufison, Esquire, in the 36th year of his age.

At St. John, on the 4th instant, Mr. Archibald Williamson, aged 45 years.

Lately at Kingston, (Jamaica,) Mr. Henry Walmsley, chief officer of the ship Sovereign, of this port. Also, in the 20th year of his age, Mr. John Lester, second Mate of the ship Sovereign, and son of Mr. John Lester, of this City. Also, James Dowling, aged 16 years, son of the late Lawrence Dowling, Esq., of this City; and John Grisley, a native of Lancashire, England, aged 16 years—lads on board ship Sovereign, of this Port. Also, Charles T. Diskrow, of brig Duke of Wellington, son of Noah Diskrow, Esq., of this City, in the 18th year of his age. Also, Mr. John S. Seely, second son of Mr. Seth Seely, of this City, in the 27th year of his age.—*Courier.*

TO the Public.—Whereas

GEORGE SOUTHERON, my Son, and an indentured apprentice to Mr. ARCHIBALD FERGUSON, Printer of the Montreal Herald, did, on the 19th June last, abscond from the employment of his said Master; and whereas it appears to me, from the investigation which I have made on the whole subject on the spot, that he has so absconded without money or clothes, through the influence of fear, induced by certain insinuations, in my opinion utterly without foundation; he is hereby earnestly requested to return to his Father, who will not only receive, but protect him.—Any information relative to this subject, will be most thankfully received by

JOHN SOUTHERON,
60, Champain Street.

Quebec, 6th Aug. 1827.
Printers of Newspapers in both Provinces, and in the United States, are respectfully entreated to give the above one insertion in their respective papers.

TAKE NOTICE,

I DO hereby forbid any Person or Persons purchasing or collecting a Note of Hand, of £40 currency, against Joseph Plasket, in favour of Samuel Carter, now lying in George Sutherland's hands, drawn in 1824, and payable in June, 1825, as I have received payment in full of Joseph Plasket for the same, as witness my hand this 15th day of August, 1827.

Also, a Note of Hand of £50 currency, more or less, drawn in June, 1825, and witnessed by Edward Dwyer, against Joseph Plasket, in favour of Samuel Carter, now lying in George Sutherland's hands, I do hereby forbid any Person or Persons purchasing or collecting the said Note, as I have received payment in full of Joseph Plasket for the same, as witness my hand this 15th August, 1827.

SAMUEL CARTER.

Witness, Edward Dwyer.

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CHAS. M-PHERSON,

Begs leave to inform the Inhabitants of Fredericton, and the public generally, that he has now on hand an extensive assortment of English and American, and also a variety of Spanish Morocco and Kid Leather, of the very best Manufacture, and that he still carries

on the

Boot and Shoe Manufacturing,

IN all its various Branches, at his Shop in Regent Street—and being determined to employ none but the best Mechanics, begs leave to assure those who may honor him with their patronage, that Boots and Shoes will be made by him in all their varieties on the most fashionable and fixing principles, such as will afford at once ease and comfort, combined with elegance and durability.

He has also on hand an assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

of the first quality, which he offers low for cash, or at approved credit.

N. B. orders from the country punctually attended to.

Fredericton, Aug. 27, 1827.

**MR. BALDWIN,
SURGEON &c.**

(Graduate of the University and Corresponding Member of the Medical-Chirurgical Society of Glasgow.)

HAVING completed his Medical Studies in Scotland, and returned to this Province, respectfully tenders his services to the Inhabitants of Fredericton, and its Vicinity, in the various branches of his profession.

Mr. B. may be found by calling at the residence of Mr. G. K. Lugin.

Fredericton, Aug. 21, 1827.

NOTICE.

THE Imported Horse CANNON BALL, will travel during this Season, occasionally into Queens County, and back to Kingsclear. The terms, Three pounds ten shillings to insure, Five dollars for a single Leap and in all cases half a dollar to the Groom.

June, 4, 1827.

BLANKS

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.