the three arguments into which Mr Gallatin's statement has been divided, and may be comprehended in the same answer. It furnishes a striking illustration of the general misconception which has atton. already been noticed as pervading Mr Gallatin's note in respect to the character of colonial rade

To allow a foreign ship to enter colonial ports at all, and upon any terms, is a boon; to withhold from a ship of a country having colonies, trading from the mother country to a foreign State, under a regular treaty between the two countries, the right of clearing for another port belonging to that mother country in another part of the world is an

That right has been denied to Great Britain by the United States; not perhaps in contradiction to the letter, but undoubtedly in divistion from the spirit of the creaty of 1815. It is a right which existed and was enjoyed before the treaty of 1815 was framed; at a period, that is, when no claim to any trade with our colonies had been even whispered by the United States; and it could not, therefore, be, by any just reasoning connected with in any way to interfere that trade, or made dependant upon it. It is a right which friendly nations, trafficking with one tercourse, by inland navigation, between the Unit another, are so much in the habit of allowing to ed States and the British North American previneach other, that it is exercised as matter of course, ces, the undersigned begs to inform Mr Gallatin, unless specifically withholden. The colonial that that intercourse, so far as relates to the Cana trade, on the contrary, by the practice of all na- das, is egulated by the act of Parliament of 1825

matter of course, unless specifically granted. which the limitations of 1822 were done away have been imported Since which 5th of January, 1826, an American The discriminating duties, besides, only apply ship trading to a British West India colony, may to trade by sea : and it, in any missauce, they have cical out from thence to any part of the world, the been levied upon American goods brought into his United Kingdom and its dependencies alone ex. Majesty's possessions by inland navigation, or an cepted. But the British ship in the American port the boats and vessels employed in that navigation, still remains subject to all the restrictions of the American law of 1823, prohibiting a trade through the United htates, between the mother country and her West Ind.a colonies.

Mr Gallatin, in his note of the 26th of August states : that, " it is well known that the celay in renewing the negotiation upon the subject of the colonial intercourse, en principlesof mutual ac commodation, is due to causes not under the control of the United States, principally to the state of the health of Mr King

Upon this point, the undersigned has only to observe, that no intimation that Mr King had received instructions which would have enabled him to resome the negotiation, was ever before cemmunicated to the British Government On the contrary, the only communication at all relating to this matter which has ever reached him in any authentie shape, was in a despatch from Mr Vaughan, dated the 22d of March last, wherein that M nister states : that " Mr Clav had informed him that " he should not be able to furnich Mr King with his instructions before the end of the month of May to enable him to recommence the negatiation.

But whatever may be the date or tenor of the instructions under which Mr. Gallatin acts, he will have collected from this note that after all that has passed upon the subject of colonial intercourse, and espicially after the advised omission by the Govern ment and Legislature of the United states to meet (as other nations have done) the simple and direct provisions of the act of 1825, the British Government cannot consent to enter into any renewed megotiation upon the intercourse between the United States and the British colonies, so long as the pretension recorded in the act of 1823, and there applied to British colonies alone, remains part of the law of the United States,

But the British Government further owes to the spirit of frankness which it wishes to cultivate in all its relations with the United States, to declare, that, after having been compelled to apply to any country the interdict prescribed by the act of 1825, the British Government cannot hold itself bound to remove the interdict, as a matter of course. whenever it may happen to suit the convenience of the foreign Government to reconsi der the measures by which the application of that interdict was occasioned.

It is not made matter of complaint, by the British Government, that the United States have declined conditions, which other nations have thought worthy of their accep tance.

It is on the other hand, not the fault of the British Government, if the United States have suffered the time to pass by, at which it might have been an object of greater importance to this country to induce the United States to come into their proposals.

The United States exercised, upon this point, a free judgment; and they can, or their part, have no reason to complain that Great Britain, after allowing ample time for maturing that judgment, is contended to abide be result of their decision.

The undersigned requests Mr. Gallatin to accept the assurances of his high consider

GEORGE CANNING.

Foreign Office, Sept. 11, 1826. P. S. The undersigned, on reading over the pre ceding observation, had, that he has comitted to notice one or two subordinate points touche upon in Mr. Gallatin's note of the 26th of August.

The first relates to the trade between the United States and the Eritsh possess ous in the East Indies; the second to the intercourse, by inland navigation, between the United States and the British possessions in North America

With regard to the former, it is only necessary to state that the trade with the East Indies remains upon the fonting on which it was established by the conventions of 1815 and 1818, with which Convention it is apressly stated, in the order in Council that the provisions of that order are not intended

In respect to the second point, relative to the introns having colonies, is a trade interdicted, as a by which thesame duties are expressly imposed on the vessels and boats of the U States, importing any It must not be forgetten that this enactment, found- goods into either of those provinces, as are, or may ed professedly on the limitations of the British act be for the time being, payable in the United States of Parliament of 1822, is continued fourteen months of America, on British ve sels or boats entering the after the passing of the British act of 1825, by harbours of the State from whence such goods shall

there will be no difficulty in directing the amount so levied to be repaid, unless it should appear that the like duties had been levied in the American ports, upon the miand haviga ion and trade of the British provinces.

(To be Continued)

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the subscriber, previous to the first day of July last, are hereby notified, toat unless their accounts are immediately paid, they will indiscriminately be put in the hands of an Attorney to collect.

John R. M'Pherson. Fredericton, 16 n Jan. 1827.

LEVISTON & BOYER, TAILORS,

Respectfuly beg leave to inform their triends and the public that, they have commenced business in the above line, in that house belonging to the estate of the late Mr. S. Grosvener, cornering on King and Carleton streets, opposite Mr. Lugrin's dwelling house, and they pledge themselves that all urders with which they may be favoured, shall be executed with the utmost nearness and punctuality.

All orders from the Country will be punctually attended to. Fredericion, 16th Jan. 1827.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Y virtue of a Will of Fiera Facias' to me directed, will be exposed to Round and flat Martingales, at 12 o'clock of the same,

All the right, title, interest and chaim of David Tapey, in and to the one equal half share of a certain Farm and tract of Land, situate in the Parish of Maugerville, in the County of Sunbury, known and distinguished in the original Grant of said Parish, as lot No. 3, containing by estimation 500 acres more or less.

Also. All the right title, and claim of the aforesaid David Tapley, in, and to Patent Leather and plain Horse a certain Saw Mill, Mill Seat, privileges and improvements thereunto belonging, st twite at Little River, in the Parish of Sheffield, in the said County of Sunbury. seized and taken in execution at the suit of James Tapley.

GAB DEVEBER, High Sher E, Sunbur Sheriff's Office, Buiton, 11th day of Jan 1827.

Escheat of Lands.

LL Persons interested in Lo. No. 6, containing 303 Acres, situate at the head of the Parnapack Lake, in the Pa rish of Hampstead in Queens County, and granied by Letters Patent, bearing date the 19th day of November, in the twenty sixth ear of His late Mejouv's Reign, to Joseph Green, will take Notice that an Inquisition will be held at the Court House in Gage Town on Monday the 22d day of January, hext, at eleven o'clock in the forenoun, by virtue of His Majesty's, Writ or Commis sion to me directed, to ascertain whether the id Lot is not liable to Escheat, for non performance of the condition of the Grant. Daied at Gage Town, 28 h Dec. 1826. H. N. DEVEBER,

Sheriff of Queens County.

FOR SALE,

EW, No. 28, on the ground floor, in Christ Church, Fredericton, For paticulars apply to the Subscriber.

Jedediah Slason.

FOR SALE.

NOUR hundred acres of valuable land? situate en the River Nashwalk oppothe same one mile; there is on the premises! in excellent Saw mill in good order; a large quantity of hard wood and valuable timber of other descriptions. It will be offered in 0'0, or in loss to suit purchasers. The mill, with any quantity of acres that may be required, if not disposed of at private ale by the tenth day of October next, will on that day be struck off at Public Aucion to the highest bidder.

Fredericton, September 5 1826.

STEWART & AITKEN CABINET MAKERS, AND UPHOLSTERERS.

ESPECTFULLY inform the Genby and other Inhabitants of Frede iction and its vicinity, that they have comnenced business at that Shop next to the Store of Messrs. J. & G. E. Keichum, where every article in their line, will be masufactured, in the neatest and most Fashion. able manner, on the shortest notice, and most reasonable terms.

Fredericion, 9th May 1826.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs eave to acquaint his friends and the Publick that he has removed from the Shop lately occupied by him, to the Building recently erected next above he Fredericton Hotel, where he has on hand an assortment of articles in his line, among which are the following : --

SADDLES of all kinds, Bits & Bradoons, Pelham and Snaffle Bridles.

sale by Public Auction, at the Court House Coller do. & Travelling Collers, Fancy Coat-cases, Riding Belts, Plain, Hunting, Gig and Twig

Whips, Kavison's Mouthing Bits and Rollers, Chain and Leather Dog Collers

and Dog Chains, Girth and Stirrup Leathers, & Crupers,

Water & Horse Brushes, Main and Curry Combs,

Collers, with an assortment of Carriage, Sleigh & Cart Harness,

Which he offers for Sale LOWfor CASH, or approved Credit. JAMES WILLOX. N B. Sleighand Carriages neatly fitted.

FREDERICTON, 15th August, 1826.

ASSIZE OF BREAD.

At a Court of General Session of the Peace holden in and for the County of York, on the second Tuesday, being the 13th day of June 1826;

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If IS ORDERED, that from and after Saturday next, the ASSIZE of BREAD in the Town of Fredericton, be as follows :---

The Sixpenny Wheaten Loaf to weigh 216. 80z.

And other Loaves in proportion. H. G. CLOSPER, Clerk.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber having erected a New Store (upon the old place where he was burnt our,) offers for sale a variety of

Dry Goods and Groceries, very cheap for cash.

MARK NEEDHAM. Fredericion 14th Nov. 1826.

NOTICE.

LL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a Note of hand for £40 drawn by the subscriber in site the Falls, on the Eastern shore, fronting favor of Joseph Divenport due the 25th July next, the same having been paid by JOHN DOYLE. Nerhampion, 1st Nov. 1826.

Administration Notices.

A LL persons having any legal demands against the estate of Daniel Tague, late of the Parish of Burton, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same duly strested, within three months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment.

EDWARD TAGUE, Sole Adm'r. Burton. 21, Dec. 1826. ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of RICHARD PRICE, Esquire, late of the Parish of Ludlow, County of Northumberland, deceased, are hereby requested to render their accounts duly attested, within Twelve months from the date hereof, and all those indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to

ABIGAIL PRICE, Adm'rx. ELIJAH FOWLER, Adm'r. Ludlow, 2d June. 1826. 12mo.p.

All persons having any just demanus, against the estate, of the Revd. F. Dibblee, late of Woodstock, deceased, are requested to present the same to either of the subscribers, within six months from this date and those indebted to the said e-tate are desired to make immediate payment to.

JOHN DIBBLEE, WM. S. I. DIBBLEE, Executors. July 4th 1826.

L1 persons naving any just demand against the Estate of Thomas T. Easterbrooks, late of Ludlow, in the Couny of Northumberland, deceased, are requested to present them duly attested, within 9 months from this date, and all those indebted to said estate, are desire l to make immediate payment to

Jane Easterbrooks, Adm'x. Foseph Washburn, Adm'r. Ludlow 11th April, 1826.

ALL persons having any denands against the Estate of Samuel Shaw se of Wakefield, deceased, are requested to render the same attested, within thee months from the date hereof and all those indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate, payment to

JOHN F. SHAW, sole adm'r Wakefield 21st Nov. 1826. [P 3.00