COLONIALINTERCOURSE DOCUMENTS

From the Department of State, (accompanying the President's Message to Congress. From the National Intelligencer.

MR. CLAY TO MB. GALLATIN. Extracis from General Instructions, No 1 dated 19th June, 1826.

Continued. You will observe that the instructions now given, respecting the colonial trade amount to an authority on the part of this Government to you, to agree in substance to the modification of Mr. Rush's proposal, which was required by the British Plentpotenniaries. You will endeavour to make a lively impression on the British Government of the conciliatory spirit of that of the U. Sta es which has dictated the present liberal offer; and of their expectation to meet, in the progresss of your negotia tions, with a corresponding friendly dispo sition. The object of this part of your instructions may be accomplished, either by inserting the arricles respecting the colonial trade in the general convention for regularing the commerce between the two countr'es, which would be their most fit position, or in a separate convention. Whether the two arricles proposed by Mr. Rush or the two first, proposed by the British Plenipotentia ries, or others differently constructed should be inserted in the convention which you are empowered to conclude, will depend upon the footing on which you may ultimately agree, under your instructions, to place the colonial trade. If you should no be likely to bring your nego rations, on the entire subject of the commerce between the two countries and their respective territories to a conclusion, in time to present the con vention, in which it is expected they issue, to Congress, during its next session it will be desirable, and you are according ly directed to endeavour to make a separate arrangement of the colonial question, so as to enable the President, at least, to presen that before the adjournment. As to the duration of any general or particular com mercial convention to which you may agree, is may be limited to a period of about ten years; to which it is advisable to add an article similar to the eleventh article of our Danish treaty, stipulating that the conven tion shall continue in force beyond the par ticular period agreed upon until one party motifies the other in writing, of his desire to to put an end to it.

MR. GALLATIN TO MR. CANNING.

62, Upper Seymour street, 26th August, 1826 The undersigned, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America, had not seen the Order in Council, of the 27th of July last, on the day (the 17th inst.) when he had the honor Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

Had he then been aware of the precise import of the order in question, and of the provisions of the several acts of Parliament to which it refers, the undersigned would have shought it his duty to make the observations to which he now begs leave to call Mr. Canning's attention.

It appears that His Majesty's Government was vested with two distinct authorities, applicable to the intercourse between his Majes y's Colonies and the United States.

ment, of the 5th July, 1825, it was enact laid on American vessels, and goods import- ties to the intercourse by land or inland navi ed that the privileges gran ed by the law ed in American vessels entering the ports gation, between the United States and the of navigation to foreign ships to trade with of the British Colonies, was alone sufficient British possessions in North America, if it the Bruish possessions abroad, should be li to place the British and American vessel, shall be found, as the undersigned believes mitted, with respect to countries not having employed in the intercourse between those it to be the fact, that the discriminating discolonial possessions, to the vessels of such as Colonies and the United States on the foot less of the United States do not apply to that should place the commerce and navigation ing of the most perfect equality.

of Great Britain, and of her possession abroad, upon the footing of the most favore nation, unless his Majesty, by the Order i Council, should in any case, deem it expe tient to grant the whole, or any part of such privileges, to the ships of any fireig country, although the said conditions should not in all respects be fulfilled by such coun

And, by two other acts of Parliament passed in the fourth and fifth years of the facts is considered, by His Majesty's Go reign of his present Majesty, authority mail vernment, as beneficial to those colonies and given to levy additional or countervailing he British empire at large. tonnage du ies on vessels, and additional or countervailing duties of custom, on good quality supposed to exist having been remov imported or exported in vessels belonging to any foreign country in which higher du, signed has been unable to discover the moties were levied on British vessels, or or goods imported or exported in British ves sels, than on vessels of such country, or one in the West Indies, South America, of his own opinions, and those of his Go. in vessels of such country.

1825, having not in all respects been fulfil possessions of North America. ed by the Government of the United States. Wholly unable, therefore, to assign a igain thus granted by the Order in Coun be inisconstrued. he Cape of g o Hope, Mauri ius, Ceylon, parries, might be concluded.

rervailing duty, deemed equivalent in amount, lations adopted by both countries, are suffi withhold. is by the Order in Council, laid, during ciently obvious. It is highly important for The undersigned is prepared to shew, the time that the intercourse is permitted to all the parties concerned, essential for the se- that, even if the liberty to trade with the continue, on American vessels and on god curity of commercial or agricultural opera British West India Colonies were gratuit

ly informed, a single act of the Government will of either party, and not always easily But as the objection which the British of the United States which can, in the view understood by those on whom they operate. Government feels to the proposition for such taken of the subject by that of his Majes y. And the obstacles which have prevented the partial equalization of condition, as Mr. be considered as not fulfiling the condition United States from accepting the intercourse Gallatin's instructions appear to be intendcontemplated by the Act of Parliament of contemplated by the act of Parliament, which ed to establish, lies deeper than Mr. Gal-5th July 1825 as not placing the commerce could only be done in toto, and by comply- latin's proposition goes, the undersigned of an incerview with Mr. Canning, His and navigation of Great Britain, and of her ling with terms on which they had not been thinks it right to explain, in the first instance, possessions abroad, upon the footing of the consulted, may, it is believed, be easily re the nature and grounds of that funds. most fovoured nation, excepting only the moved by modifications essential to them mental objection. continuance of the discriminating tonnage and which will not, it is thought, be found duty of ninery four cents per ton on Brit- inconsistent with the interest of Great Bri ish vessels, and of the addition of ten per lain. cent, on the ordinary duty charged on The undersigned has taken a view only goods imported in British vessels entering of the general tenor of the Order in Counthe ports of the United States from the Bri cil, and does not think it necessary to adtish Colonies. Both the measures embrac vert to some of its details. He beli ves ed by the Order in Council, the counter the omission of a special mention of the trade vailing duties and the discontinuance of the with the British Provinces in the East Inintercourse, are founded on one and the dies, in that clause which makes a special exsame fact—the continuance of the United ception as respects that with the British pos-States' discriminating duties. And the sessions in Europe to be purely accidental. countervailing duty deemed equivalent there. And he takes it for granted, that it is not By the 4th section of the act of Parlia. to, which has by the Order in Council been intended to extend the countervailing du

It does not belong to the undersigned to rear Britain may think proper to adopt specting the trade with her colonies.

He only infers, from the acts of Parlia nent passed on that subject during the last our years, that the intercourse between the United States and the British col nies in he West Indies, South America, and other

With this conviction, and the only ined by the countervailing duties, the under-the 27th of July. eve for interdicting altogether, after a short indebted to Mr. Gallatin for the full and time, so far as respects the British possessi- frank exposition, which that note contains on similar goods when imported or exported and several other places, an intercourse be vernment, upon the whole matter to which neficial to both parties, and which might, in the Order in Council relates; and for the Both authorities have been resorted to in conformity with the act of Parliament, have, opportunity thereby all roed to the Underthe Order in Council of the 27 n July last. If deemed expedient, been indefinitely con- signed for entering into an explanation, On the ground that the condition referred innued with those colonies, in the same man- equally unreserved, of the opinions and in. to in the act of Parliament of 5th July her as has been done, as respects the British tentions of his Majesty's Government on

the privileges, so granted to foreign shipe cause for the contemplated suspension of the at once of a subject which stands apart from cannot lawfully be enjoyed by ships of the intercourse in question, the undersigned ap all the other important subjects which Mr. said States, unless specially granted by his prehends that, for the very reason that the Gallatin is authorized to discuss with the Majesty in Council, the said privileges are object in view cannot be understood, it may British Government - a subject which is to

cil, but with the express proviso that the Having no instruction on a confingency on considerations peculiar to itself. said privileges, or, in other words, the which was not foreseen, he can at this time. Mr. Gallaun will allow the undersigned in ercourse in American vessels between the only express his regret, that a measure which to take the liberty of remarking that this po-United States and the British Colonies, shall cannot be viewed favourably by his Govern- cultarity of character seems to have been insulately cease on the 1st of December ment, should have been adopted, at the mo- overlooked by Mr. Gallatin, in his note of next, so far as respects South America, the ment when he was authorized to renew the the 26th of August. Throughout that note West Indies, the Bahama Islands, Bermuda, negociations on that subject, and with a well there seems, to be one pervading error. Mr. and Newfoundland, and, on some other sub- founded hope, from the liberal tenor of his Gallatin treats the question as if it had turnquent days, so far as respects the British Instructions, that an arrangement, founded ed altogether on this single point : " what ossessions on the Western coast of Africa. on principles of mutual convenience to both are the equal and reciprocal conditions, un-

And inasmuch as British vessels entering respect was due to causes not under the be carried on?" assuming as a sort of axithe ports of the United States, from British control of the United States, principally to om, that such trade is as open to the United Colonies, are charged with additional ton- he state of health of Mr. King, which has States as any other trade in the world, and

imported in American vessels entering the tions, that the intercourse should be placed ously conceded by England to the United ports of his Majesty's possessions in North on a more permanent and explicit footing States, still the footing on which the trade, and South America, and in the West Indies I than it can be by reciprocal laws, liable to so permitted, is now carried on by the Unit-There is not, if the undersigned is right | ne modified or revoked at any time, at the ed States, is unequal and unfair.

intercourse,

The undersigned avails himself f this estion the policy of the measures which opportunity to pray Mr. Canning to accept the assurance of his perfect consideration.

> ALBERT GALLATIN. The Right Hon. GEORGE CANNING, &c. -

MR. CANNING TO MR. GALLATIN.

The undersigned, his Maj siy's principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affins. laces, to the extent authorized by those has the honour to acknowledge the official note of the 26th ultimo, addressed to him by Mr. Gallarin, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America, on the subject of an Order in Council, issued by his Majesty on

The undersigned feels himself greatly that matter.

It will be highly advantageous to dispose be argued on principles, and to be decided

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der which a trade between the United States New Holland and Van Dieman's Land. It is well known that the delay in that and the British W. India colonies, should nage duty of ninery four cents per ton, and ultimately deprived them of his services. | never inquiring whether some compensation with an addition of ten per cent. on the The reasons of the marked preference gi- might rot be due from the U. States to Great import day payable on the same goods ven by the Government of the United States Britain for the concession of a privilege, when imported in American vessels, a count to an arrangement by treaty instead of regu- which it is her undoubted right to give of

[Continued on 5th page.]

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