tion or the other must be unwilling to come to a settlement

But to return to our ill-fated settlers on the Aroestook; being out of the reach of the immediarm of our government, they have been repeatedly plundered of their lumber, and numbers of them have been so injured and discouraged by the in other parts of the country. But this lest act of the English beggers all the rest; in summoning ever; and after lingering about Fredericton seveout any compensation. These arbitrary acts of the English towards our settlers call for protection the National Government neglects to adjust and took, and in that part of the State, almost beyond where the rights of the people are denied them ?

We do not ask for retaliation or sevenge, but we trust this subject will come fately before the legislature, at their next session, and that the State will extend a friendly arm to the Aroostook settlement, have been regularly entered for them upon and exercise jurisdiction and ownership over itand manifest to our British neighbors the extreme unplessantness of having our new settlers harrassed new depending. The assertion that the man, though not killed, is seriously injured, and and discouraged. It is with marked regret, the Americans in this part of the State see these British usurpers lord it over our heritage.

ONAH DUNN" "Houlton, 8th month, 4th, 1827."

Again :--

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"British Aggressions. The settlets on the Aroostook River within the disputed boundary, are subject to continued annovances from the provincial government of New-Brunswick. In June of this year, His Majesty's Attorney General for that province issued his warrants against the principal inbebitants of the Aroostook, commanding them, under the penal sum of one hundred pounds each, toappear in the Courts at Fredericton, a distance of one hundred and fwenty miles, and there answer after appearance, His Majesty's Afterney, probably having legal doubts presented him whether his Majesty's warrants would run beyond the boundary of His Majesty's Dominions, dismissed the prosecutions; and the harrassed settlers, after no: small expenditures of time and money, were permitted to return to their homes, without costs,"

We have inserted the above for the purpose of enabling us to correct mistakes and to prevent unfavourable impressions from the mistatements therein contained; we will not say wilfully made, nor, with a design to excite hustile feelings and sentiments, but which are very well adapted to lican. We address ourselves to the quiet fulfil their mutual engagements ;.... they must fully empowered to collect all debits, and produce that effect. It is admitted that there is a large tract of Country claimed by both Nations at the upper part of the River St John, and which is at this moment a subject of Negotiation. It is well known. also that Great Britain claims all to the Northward of the Highlands commencing at Mars. Hill, and of course all the Lands on the Restock, as, we call the River, or Aroosinok, as the Eastern Republican calls it. Now whether that claim is well founded or not is not material if the possession in fact of that part of the Country has been and is in Great Britain. The Right of possession is admitted by the Treaty of Chen: 10 be doubtful; and both nations have been using great, but we are sorry to say as yet fruitless, exercions to settle that important question. The actual possession has always been and still is in Great a communication in the Novascorian of the

she appears to be in duty bound to maintain they are to those of our Sister Colony. is and to exercise a jurisdiction over, and so "HOMESPUNS, blankets, shirting, to use the Property, as to preserve the towelling, and sheeting. These are articles peace of the Inhabitants and to prevent any which ought now to be manufactured in act of waste from being committed, or any every farmer's house, in sufficient quantity, thing being done to talter the state of the at all events, for the consumption of his own claims of both parties as they steed at the family. Great care should be directed to time of the Treaty of Ghent. The quest the improvement of the breed of sheep, so as tion then is, Does the British Government to introduce finer varieties of wool. Fulso conduct as to avoid any just cause of ling mills should be built in every county. complaint on the part of the United States? The cultivation of flax and the erection of - She dues not silew the Laws to He in Hax mills encouraged ... spinning introduced firinged she does not grant or allot any not only into the farm house, but into the Lands within the disputed Territory she room of the mechanic ... and in the art of

allow any of her own subjects or others to be instructed. squat down on any part thereof. This "POTASHES. Our Correspondent may operate as a hardship upon Individuals thinks it singular, that this article, which of both Nations and retaid the settlement forms so large and valuable an item in the resterated ill-treatment of the English, that they of a very fine tract of Country but what exports both of the United States and of is to be done consistently with good faith Canada, should rever have been manufactor and a due regard to the rights and interests ed here, considering the number of acres. the friendless people to Fredericton, a distance of all concerned? It will not do for Her which are annually reclaimed from the to surrender up the possession either volun- forest, and consequently the large heaps of ral days, without being brought to any format tarily or by negligence on her part, hard-wood ashes, which are thus produced?" trial, having the liberty to return home again with Hence the necessity of prosecuting all in Regarding the latter item, we had pretruders. The prosecutions above alluded pared a brief article to accompany this no to, were, as we understand, principally against rice, but having since received additional o'clock, on Tuesday Evening; and it is refrom their country. Nothing can be more unfavor- British Subjects, and instituted in the usual and more particular information on the quested that all Letters, intended to be forway by Informations of His Majesty's At. subject, and being likely to collect still fur- warded by that day's Mail, will be entered settle this line, these settlers must be discouraged torney General and processes of subpeens ther in a day or two, we think it best to by 4 o'clock. and driven off. And will the State look tamely to appear and answer: which write usually posipone the consideration of the matter till contain (even in the State of Maine, we our next. a parallel. But what signifies the best of land believe) a clause threatning a penalty of £100 for neglect to appear. Those subpornas were served on almost all the parties by for the despatch of business. delivering Copiesto them; and appearances the Records of the Court, and the Suits are Attorney General "dismissed the prosecutions" is therefore incorrect. We can Courier, Nov. 17. hardly suppose the Attorney General ever entertained any " legal doubts whether His-" Majesty's warrants would run beyond "the boundaries of His Majesty's domini-down to the 23d September. Almost the "ens"_But while he was always quite sure only interesting or important matter of inthey would not, we believe he was equally terest which they contain, is, that the Otto certain that the Inhabitants of every Coun man Porte had peremptorily refused to actry in the actual possession of His Ma cede the terms proposed by the Aliced jesty, owed Allegiance to him, and were Powers, relative to Greece, and that in conentitled to His Protection; and that all the sequence the respective Ambassadors had to a charge of tresspassing upon Crown-lands But Country to the Northward and Westward quitted Constantinople. What the conseof the Highlands extending in a South- quences of this rejection, may be, it is im-

> cut on the Restock, the Attorney General toman domination. was directed to have the nett proceeds of that seizure deposited, to wait for the final decision of the great question in order, Mother, and a pointe communication from Kingthat should the decision be in favor of the ston, will be attended to in our next, United States, the same should be paid over to that Government. If this be true and we certainly have no reason to doubt ii) we think it speaks a language too plain and 100 powerful to need any comment from

We select the two following items from Billain , and not in the UNITED STATES. 7th instant, because we think them as appli-I i then the possession be in Great Britain, cable to the present capabilities of this, as

does not licence the cutting of any Pine or | weaving, some one of the members of every other Timber within the same_nor does she family among the labouring classes ought to

The Parliament of Lower Canada has been summoned by Proclamation to meet on the 25th inst.

DISGRACEFUL SCENE .- On Wednesday evening last, Daniel O'Sullivan, Tailor, fired a musket at his wife, loaded with blank cartridge. The wocontinues ill. O'Sullivan was of course, imme-

St. John's, N. F. Oct. 31. The latest dates we have received are westerly direction from Mars Hillhasalways possible, at this moment, to determine, or been and still is, in the actual possession of even to venture an opinion upon. We His Majesty : and we may add (we hope have no apprehensions of a warlike result ;... without presumption) that we think it will the three Allied Powers would not, we so remain until the two Nations shall decide think, declare war against the Ponte, nor !would Turkey, we are confident, have the firm of Thompson & Johnston, We do not flatter ourselves that the hardihood singly to oppose the combined are requested to render their accounts for proceeding on any other observations of ours fleets of England, France, and Russia, payment: and those indebted to said Firm will quiet the minds of such turbulent spir We sincerely hope, however, that the Allies are desired to make immediate payment rits as have figured in the Eastern Repub. will continue firm in their determination to the Mr. John Wilson, their Agent, who is good sense of isopartial men (particularly release from brutal bondage the hereditary give general discharges. on the Borders) of bein countries, and with decendants of Leonidas and Themistocles, Thompsom & Johnston. such we hope for success. We cannot and by their united exercions in the cause of forhear giving publicity to a report which humanity, preserve the children of those who has reached us, that in prosecuting a seizure, once "kept the world in awe," from withmade from a British Subject, of Timber ering beneath the pestilential breath of Qu-

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

" P's" brief but pathetic essay on " a deceased

MARRIED.

By the Rev. Dr. Somerville, John Adamson M. D. Halifax, to Ann Brady, eldest daughter of hove mentioned place, previous to Saturday York, a native of the Highlands of Scotland. At St. John, on the 11th instant, Mr James will be left,

Dunn, Teacher, to Miss Ann Phoebe Lavinia Wils At New-Hamburgh, (State of New-York,) on the 4th October, Mr Jerry D Hughson, of St.

DIED. At St. John, on Tuesday last, Mr. Amos Adams,

John, to Miss Cornelia, daughter of Alex, Graham,

Esq of the former place, -

in the 60th year of his age.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN --- ARRIVED.

Nov. 13, brig Spray, Hume, Grenada, 27 days, A Edmond & Co sugar and fruit Nov 16, thip Nubsdate, Irving, Liverpool, 43

days, Geo Thamson, merchandize, Brig Penelope, M'Farim, Trinidad, 23 days, R. Rankin & Co ballast

Nov 17, schr Visicoc, Merriman, Norfolk, so day s, T, Millidge & Co staves and shingles.

thip William, Ogitve, I iverpool, timber. Brig Naicissus, Ferguson, Jamaice, assorted cargo.

Albion, M'Cready, Antigua, do. James Lawes, Hughson, Barbadees, do. Mary, M'Laren, Dublin, timber. General Wolfe, Albin, Londonderry, do. Sarah G, Crowell, New-York, plaster Schr. Resolution, Innis, Valentia, (Ire.) deals. Despatch, Ingalis, Bermuda, assorted cargo,

Post-Office, Fredericton, November 19, 1827.

UBLIC Notice is given, that after Wednesday next, the Mails for Halifax, St. John, &c. &c., which have heretofore left this Office on Wednesday, will in future be disparched at 5

Wm. B. PHAIR, Post-Master.

Meeting is desired by requisition on business of importance, and the members are hereby informed, that it is ordered to be held at Miller's Hotel, at 6 o'clock on Thursday evening next, the 22d instant.

G. N. Smith, Sec'y. Fredericton, Nov. 19, 1827.

FALL GOODS.

TUST RECEIVED FROM GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL, A GENERAL As-SORTMENT OF BRITISH

MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable for the Season; Which will be sold low for Cash by War and an Island to

H. & J. SUTHERLAND. 20th Nov. 1827.

NOTICE.

A LL persons having demands against

Fred. Nov. 15, 1827. 4 w. p.

FESTIVAL OF ST. ANDREW.

THE ANIVERSARY

INNER of the ST. ANDREW's SOCIETY, will be held at Miller's Hotel, on Friday the goth instant. Members of the above Society, and Gentlemen of Scotch descent who may wish ic attend, are requested to leave their names at the athe 24th inst., where a Subscription paper

Dinner on the table at 1 past 5 o'clock. By order of the President.

IOHN SIMPSON, Sec'y. Bredericton, Nov. 13, 1827.

WILLIAM LEVISTON, TAILOR,

BEGS leave to imform his Friends and the Public that he has removed his Shop to that next adjoining Mr. Sphann's, Watchmaker; where he still continues to carry on the above Business, and assures his customers and the public that nothing shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of their favors.

Orders from the Country punctually arrended to.

Fredericion, Nov. 13, 1827.