

the Estate as well real as personal, of Samuel Cornwall, late of Moncton, aforesaid, Mariner (which said Samuel Cornwall, hath either departed from and without the limits of this Province, or is concealed within the same, with intent and design to defraud the said James M. Kelly, and others his Creditors, if any there be, of their just dues, or to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of the Law,) to be seized and attached, and that unless the said Samuel Cornwall, do return and discharge the said debt within three months from the publication hereof, all the Estate as well real as personal, of the said Samuel Cornwall, within this Province will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors.

Dated at Dorchester the thirtieth day of June in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven.

JOHN KEILLOR, J. C. P.
EDWARD B. CHANDLER, Atty.

By the Honorable William Botsford, Esquire, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature for the Province of New-Brunswick.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of William Harper, of Moncton, in the County of Westmorland, Trader, to me duly made, pursuant to the directions of the Acts of the General Assembly in such case made and provided, I have directed all the Estate as well Real as Personal of Joseph Jaques, late of Hillsborough in the said County, Yeoman, (which said Joseph Jaques hath either departed from and without the limits of the said Province or is concealed within the same with intent and design to defraud the said William Harper, and others his Creditors, if any there be of their just dues, or else to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of Law, as is alleged against him) to be seized and attached, and that unless the said Joseph Jaques do return and discharge his said debts within Three Months from the publication hereof, all the Estate as well Real as Personal of the said Joseph Jaques, within this Province, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the creditors of the said Joseph Jaques.

Dated at Moncton, the 25th day of October, in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven

W. BOTSFORD, J. S. C.

W. WILEY, Attorney

By Alexander Davidson, Esqr., one of His Majesty's Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Northumberland.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon application of Nathaniel Johnston, of Ludlow, in the County of Northumberland, Gentleman, to me duly made, I have directed all the Estate as well Real as Personal of James Webb, late of Ludlow aforesaid, Trader, (who hath departed this Province with intent to defraud the said Nathaniel Johnston and his other creditors of their dues, or to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of the Law) to be seized and attached, and that unless the said James Webb, do return and discharge the said debt within Three Months from the publication hereof, all his Estate Real or Personal within this Province will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the creditors.

Dated at Newcastle the 16th day of August, in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven.

ALEXANDER DAVIDSON, J. C. P.
WILLIAM END, Attorney

By Hugh Munro, Esqr., one of the Justices of His Majesty's Inferior Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Gloucester.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon application of Robert Ferguson, Esquire, of Restigouche, in the County of Gloucester, Gentleman, to me duly made, I have directed all the Estate as well Real as Personal, of John Hunter, late of Restigouche, aforesaid, Trader, (who hath departed this Province with intent to defraud the said Robert Ferguson, and his other creditors of their dues, or to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of the Law) to be seized and attached, and that unless the said John Hunter, do return and discharge his said debt within Three Months from the publication hereof all the Estate real and personal will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the creditors.

Dated at Bathurst, the 13th day of October, in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven

HUGH MUNRO, J. C. P.

WILLIAM END, Attorney

By William Abrams, Esquire, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Inferior Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Northumberland.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon application of Asa Willard of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland, Tanner, to me duly

made, I have directed all the Estate as well Real as well as Personal of William Tozer, late of Ludlow, Shoemaker, (who hath departed this Province with intent to defraud the said Asa Willard, and his other creditors of their dues, or to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of the Law) to be seized and attached, and that unless the said William Tozer, do return and discharge the said debt within Three Months from the publication hereof all his Estate Real and Personal within this Province will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the creditors.

Dated at Newcastle, the 10th day of July, in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven.

WILLIAM ABRAMS, J. C. P.

WILLIAM END, Attorney

NEW-BRUNSWICK, }
In Chancery.

The twenty ninth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven:

Present His Excellency the Chancellor.

It is ordered that all the former Clerks of this Court, do forthwith deposit with the Register all Bills, Answers, Pleas, Demurrers, and other papers filed and remaining with them as such Clerks, in order to the same being filed gratis with the said Register in furtherance of the order of this Court of the eighth day of July last.

By the Court,
D. LUDLOW ROBINSON, Reg'r.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, }
In Chancery.

The twentieth day of July, in the Eighth year of the Reign of King George the Fourth.

Between, { Mallory Raymond, Complainant, and
Richard Carlow, and } Defendants
James Carlow, }

FORASMUCH as the Court is this day informed by Mr. Attorney General, of counsel for complainant, that the said complainant on the Fourteenth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, filed his Bill in this Court against the said Richard Carlow, and James Carlow, as by the certificate of the Register appears and afterwards took out process of Subpoena, which was returnable on the third Tuesday in February last, requiring the said Defendants to appear to answer the same, but that the said Defendants have gone out of the limits of this Province, and have been absent for nine years and upwards last past, as by affidavit appears, and the said certificate and affidavit being read, and the truth of the said allegations made out thereby to the satisfaction of this Court: It is ordered that the said Richard Carlow and James Carlow do appear to the said complainant's Bill on or before the first day of December next

By the Court,
D. LUDLOW ROBINSON, Reg'r.

Fredericton, New Brunswick,
29th October, 1827.

The following List of Citizens of the United States who were sufferers by the awful conflagration at Miramichi, on the 7th October, 1825, and who received relief from the Committee, is published in order to contradict a base calumny which appeared in the "Eastport Sentinel," of the 7th July last.

In taking the examinations of the sufferers, the question of Country was never agitated; it was enough to know that they suffered on that memorable night, and as the List is made up from personal recollection of the parties, it cannot be supposed to contain the names of all the American sufferers who were relieved.

NAMES.	Amount of Loss.		Am. of relief afforded.	
	£	S D	£	S D
Willard Broad,	529	18	61	8
Ebenezer Blood,			3	13 6
James Craven,	136	11	45	9 3
David C. Davis,	300		25	12 6
Jeremiah Farewell,	153	16	60	4 10
William Fish,	33		33	11 4
John Filimore,	72	10	11	18 3
Jesse Gilman,	108	10	29	5 10
Jonathan Hodgson,	60		3	10 8
L. Noble and S. Clough,	296	10	35	
William Nesmith,	342	4	68	10
John Roll,	47		20	17
Nathaniel Sprague,	125		15	12
James Webb & Co.,	198	12	44	19
David Wallis,	865		246	4 10
Harrison Weeks,	23	12	4	4
Benjamin Smith,	64	10	27	5 11
Thomas Patterson,	210		20	8
	£ 3666	15	785	3 10

H. G. CLOPPER.

BY AUTHORITY.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that the appointment of Fredericton and Woodstock in the County of York, as Ports of Entry for dutiable Goods is revoked, and those Stations are discontinued as Ports of Entry.

Secretary's Office. 30th Oct. 1827.

SELECTED EXTRACTS.

LONDON, Sept. 12.

ABUNDANCE OF THE ENGLISH HARVEST.—The corn harvest is, we believe, ere now, brought to a conclusion, in all parts of England; and we have the satisfaction to state, as a proof of the abundance of the crops, that we find both from our provincial correspondence, and the conversations we have had in the course of the last two or three days, with farmers, and other country gentlemen, that the number of corn stacks—most of which the thatcher has already clad in the winter garb—are much greater than have been witnessed at the conclusion of any preceding harvest of the last six years. The corn, too, notwithstanding the rain that fell upon it in some districts, is represented to have been secured in quite as dry a state as the general run of years—scarcely a harvest having been ever known that did not send a few damp samples into the market.

THE HARVEST IN SCOTLAND.—In Scotland the harvest, though (as will be seen by our Scotch agricultural report,) it did not become general in the earliest districts of that country till about the 20th ultimo, is unusually forward; and though the wheat is not, in some parts, considered so great as that of last year, which was, generally speaking abundant, the crops of corn are described as being satisfactory; those of potatoes as promising to be exceedingly good. In Ireland, the harvest, which has proved abundant, and been well got up, is nearly or quite finished.

SEPTEMBER 17.

A letter received this morning from a Banker at Paris says,—"At length it is decided that the French troops will evacuate Spain."

Should this statement be confirmed, of which, however, we have some doubt, notwithstanding the respectability of the source through which it is said to come, the situation of Spain will become one of great interest to Europe. The Apostolics will, we fear, re-establish their influence, and the destruction of all that is good and virtuous of the population will probably be resolved upon by an infatuated and bigoted faction. The evacuation of Spain by the French troops is an act of justice; but, in the peculiar condition of the country, it may nevertheless prove an occurrence by no means favourable to the interests of humanity.

SEPTEMBER 20.

GREECE.—It appears by the Paris papers which have arrived since our last, that the formal diplomatic communication to the Ottoman Government, of the treaty concluded between England, France, and Russia, on the 6th July, was made by the respective ambassadors of those Powers, on the 16th ult. accompanied with confidential notes, explanatory of the ultimate intentions of the contracting parties. It is said, that only fifteen days were allowed for the Sultan to determine what course he would pursue; in which case his decision must have been declared on or before the 31st Aug.

The Paris papers state that the Turkish troops have re-occupied Moldavia and Wallachia, in consequence of the decisive language held by the Russian Minister in favor of the Greeks. This is, of course, a violation of the treaty of Ackermann, and may

lead to a declaration of war by the Russian Government.

"City Two o'clock"—The English Funds have been very steady all the morning. Consols for Account 87 1/2. In Exchequer Bills and India Bonds there is no alteration.

"Mexican Stock 49 1/2 to 50. Colombian 29; other foreign Stocks remain at the nominal prices of last night.

"Quarter past Two.—Consols are 87 1/2. It is reported in the City that an express has arrived, with the intelligence that the English Ambassador, Mr. Lamb, has left Madrid.

Extract of a letter from the Agent to Lloyd's, dated Gibraltar, 27th August:—"On the 24th instant, between twelve and two o'clock in the afternoon, the vessel Lord Rawdon, belonging to this place, whilst coming to an anchor from a voyage in the Mediterranean, a Spanish Mistico fired and bore down on her; upon perceiving which, the Lord Rawdon, although within gun-shot of the garrison, being then close in with the ships in the anchorage, tacked and stood in a south-west course, to get nearer the walls for better protection, but was followed and fired at by the Mistico and two others which were in company. A shot having broken the Lord Rawdon's main yard, the mainsail was rendered useless, when she was boarded by two of her pursuers, with her British colours flying, opposite the King's Bastion; and as soon as they secured their prize, stood across the Bay, and had made considerable progress when the batteries opened on them. After they had all got clear of the fire, they sailed for the westward, supposed for Cadiz."—The Lord Rawdon was carried into Cadiz on the 25th ult.

Destructive Fire.—The Austrian Observer of the 11th of August contains an account of a dreadful fire which had reduced Jassy, the capital, to ruins. Nearly eight hundred houses, including the palace of the Hospodar, with all the records, &c. the palaces of the Brjands, Boznowan, &c. almost all the ware-houses, fifteen churches, convents, &c. have fallen a prey to the flames; fifty dead bodies had been dug out of the ruins, and more than 10,000 persons were left without a shelter. Dreadful was the scene at night, when buildings for an extent of two miles were in flames and thousands in the streets frantic at the loss of property and lives; a violent storm was raging at the same time the fire commenced.

We are informed by a gentleman just returned from Paris, that, since the application of Mr. Huskisson's principles of free trade to the silk manufacture, the improvement in our fabrics has been so considerable that the tables are now completely turned, and instead of French silks being smuggled into England, English silks in quantities are now smuggled into France. Free smuggling!—Lon. Pap.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Stewart & Coy, was on the first day of May, instant, dissolved by mutual consent; all persons having demands against the said firm are requested to present them to either of the subscribers for adjustment without delay; and those indebted to said firm are also requested to call and settle their accounts forthwith.

THOMAS STEWART,
ASA COY.

Fredericton, May 8, 1827.