



THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, NEW-BRUNSWICK, TUESDAY, JUNE 24, 1828.

By His Excellency Major General Sir HOWARD DOUGLAS, Baronet, Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander-in-Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

HOWARD DOUGLAS.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of this Province stands prorogued to Tuesday the seventeenth instant: I have thought fit further to prorogue the said General Assembly, and the same is hereby prorogued to the third Tuesday in September next ensuing:

Given under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, and in the ninth year of His Majesty's Reign.

By His Excellency's Command.

WM. F. ODELL.

HEAD-QUARTERS, FREDERICTON, JUNE 16, 1828.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor and Commander-in-Chief, has been pleased to accept the resignations of Captains Richard Bowser, Obadiah Ayer, Oliver Barns, and John Harris, of the 2d Battalion Westmoreland Militia, who are permitted to retire with their rank. The following promotions, &c., will take place:—

2d Batt. Westmoreland.

To be Captains.

Lieut. Samuel Easterbrooks, vice Ayer, (dated 16th June.)
Do. James Evans, vice Barns, (dated 17th June.)
Lieut. John Chapman, Jun., vice David Chapman, appointed Adjutant, (dated 18th June.)

To be Lieutenants.

Lieut. Thomas Ayer, Jun., vice Easterbrooks, promoted, (dated 16th June.)
Do. Ralph Carter, vice Chapman, do. (dated 17th June.)

To be Ensigns.

Joseph Brown, Gent. (dated 16th June.)
John Bulmer, do. (do. 17th do.)
Thomas Cochran, do. (do. 18th do.)
Jonas Cutler, do. (do. 19th do.)

3d Batt. Charlotte County.

James White, Gent. to be Ensign.
1st Batt. Kings County.
Major D. B. Wetmore, to be Lieutenant-Colonel.
2d Batt. Northumberland.

Lieutenant James Long, to be Captain.
1st Batt. Saint John City Militia.
Lieut. John I. Roberts, to be Captain, vice Burns.
2d Lieut. David I. Merritt, to be first Lieut., vice Roberts, promoted.

John W. McLeod, Gent. to be 2d Lieut. of the Rifle Company, vice Stephen James, removed out of the Province. The General Inspection of the Militia of Charlotte County will take place as follows, instead of the days mentioned in the General Order of the 19th May, viz. 1st Division of the 1st Batt. on Saturday the 6th of Sept. 2d Division on Monday the 8th of September.

2d Battalion.

On Wednesday the 10th September.
3d Battalion.

At Indian Island on Friday the 12th of September.

By Command,
GEORGE SHORE, A. G. M. F.

we do also desire all the Creditors of the said John Gillan, on or before the said first day of August next, to deliver to us, or some or one of us as aforesaid, their respective accounts and documents against the said John Gillan, in order that right and justice may be done agreeably to the said Acts of the General Assembly in such case made and provided.

Given under our hands at Newcastle, in the said County of Northumberland, the twenty-third day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight.

JOHN FRASER,
THOMAS C. ALLAN,
ROBERT LICERTWOOD, } Trustees.

In the Matter of Isaac Smith, }
an Absconding Debtor. }

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, that we the subscribers have been duly appointed Trustees for all the Creditors of Isaac Smith, late of the Parish of Woodstock, in the County of York, an absconding debtor, and have been sworn to the faithful execution of the said Trust, pursuant to the Act of General Assembly in such case made and provided; and we do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Isaac Smith, to pay to us, or to some or one of us, on or before the first day of August next, all such sum or sums of money, debt, duty, or thing, which they owe to, or are chargeable with, by the said Isaac Smith: And we do further require all persons whatever, having the charge, care, custody, or possession of any goods, chattels, or effects belonging to the said Isaac Smith, to deliver the same forthwith to us, or to some or one of us, as aforesaid: And we do also require all the Creditors of the said Isaac Smith, on or before the said first day of August next, to deliver to us their respective accounts and demands against the said debtor, in order that right and justice may be done agreeably to the form of the said Act of Assembly.

Given under our hands, at Fredericton, in the said County of York, this fourteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight,

H. G. CLOPPER,
WM. TAYLOR,
GEORGE E. KETCHUM. } Trustees.

FROM THE QUEBEC STAR.

CURIOS.

All know that amongst the Ancients and amongst the Orientals of every age, physical moral truths were frequently invested with an allegorical form. The Apocryphal book of Tobit, contains a somewhat striking example of this kind.

In the Apocrypha we find, in the book of Tobit, a very circumstantial account of an opacity of the cornea, successfully treated by stimulating applications. It is there treated as a miracle, but we have the authority of St. Jerome, a father of the church, who lived in the fourth century, to say, "the church reads the books of Tobit, &c. for examples of life and instruction of manners;" we shall therefore consider the account which is given in extracts from the book of Tobit in that view:

Tob. chap. vi, ver. 2. "When Tobias went down to wash himself in the river Tigris, a fish leaped out of the river, and would have devoured him. The angel of the Lord told him to take out the gall, and put it up in safety."—Ver. 6. Tobias asked the angel what was the use of the gall?—Ver. 8. "As for the gall, said the angel, it is good to

anoint a man who had whiteness in his eyes, and he shall be healed."—Chap. xi, ver. 11. "Tobias took hold of his father, and stroke off the gall in his father's eyes, saying, be of good hope, my father."—Ver. 12. "And when his eyes began to smart he rubbed them."—Ver. 13. "And the whiteness peeled away from the corners of his eyes, and when he saw his son he fell upon his neck."

Dr. Russell, in his Travels in the East, gives the following account of the manner in which the Arabians treat inflammations and opacities of the cornea:

"Respecting the practice of the Arabians in disorders of the eyes, I find nothing of consequence in my papers. An oculist, among them, is a distinct profession; and the collyria they apply are secret compositions, which pass hereditarily from father to son. The Arabian writers give a number of receipts, most of which are taken from Galen, and the Greek physicians, most of which compositions in Avicenna contain the gall of a crow, crane, partridge, goat, &c. At Aleppo, the gall of the she-fish, *sibirus glanis* of Linn, was in particular request; but it should be remarked, that they always add to the gall other ingredients, it being a material circumstance in that country, that a recipe should consist of a multitude of ingredients. What often struck me in their practice, was the successful application of sharp or acid remedies, at a time I should have been induced to make use of the mildest emollient applications.

From this account, given by Dr. Russell, there can be no doubt of gall having continued in use, as an application to the eye, among the Eastern nations from the time of Tobit down to the present day.

"I have," continues Sir Everard Home, in his Cronian Lecture, 1797, "in the course of the last three years made many trials of gall, as an application to the cornea in a diseased state. I have used it pure and diluted; and compared its effects with those of the nitrated ointment of quick-silver; and the solution of the nitrate of silver; and find, in old cases of opacity, it is in some instances, the best application. The gall of quadrupeds, in the trials, gave more pain than the gall of fish. The painful sensation was very severe for an hour or two, and then went off. The beneficial effects it produces appear to be in proportion to the local violence at the time of its application.

"Since this paper," says Sir Everard, "was read before the Royal Society, my friend Dr. Wells acquainted me with the following case, published in the Annual Register, for the year 1768. 'One of the Paris newspapers gives an account of an extraordinary cure effected by the gall of a barbel, in a case of blindness, in substance as follows: A journeyman watchmaker named Cencier, having heard the gall of a barbel was the remedy which Tobias employed to cure his father's blindness, resolved to try its effects on the widow Germain, his mother-in-law, whose eyes had, for six months, been afflicted with ulcers and covered with a film, which rendered them totally blind. Cencier having obtained the gall of that fish, squeezed the liquor out of it into a phial, and in the evening he rubbed it, with the end of a feather, into his mother's eyes. It gave her great pain for about half an hour, which abated by degrees, and her eyes watered very much. Next morning she could not open them, the water, as it were, gluing her eyes up; the son bathed them with pure water, and she began to see with the eye which had received the most liquor. He used