We hail thee, best-belov'd of earth! Each fragant flowret of thy lands, Glad in the breath of summer plays; Each dark-green grotto of thy strands, Its thousand sparkling jems displays; To greet the joyful days' return, When Albion's Royal Maid was born.

From Gorgeous Cities-rich domains-For Thee, ten thousand prayers arise; Each beauteous villa of thy plains, Sends forth thy blessing to the skies; Each humble cottage too, can tell Devoted hearts that love thee weil.

Where rolls the wild Atlantic flood-Where summer gilds the Indian seas— Where polar winds congeal the blood, Thy Ensign floats upon the breeze; And heroes prompt where duty calls, Guard thy unconquer'd "wooden walls."

Where Afric spreads her golden robe-Where Asia lifts her glittering spires— Where Europe, Mistress of the Globe, The spacious world with awe admires; And in Columbia, forest crowned, Thy faithful armies tread the ground.

Youth, beauty, virtue, are thy own, To prompt the poets loftiest lays; They casta halo round thy throne, That dazzles while thy people gaze; And many a trusty one would bear, Life's hardest ills—thy smiles to share.

Thy star is bright-thy sky serene, And time sits lightly on thy brow; Oh! may thy Diadem still shine, With purest lustre, such as now-Beams from each orb with brilliant rays, To gild the nations with its blaze!

And when thy people's prayers in vain, Shall ask on earth thy longer stay; When after a long blissful reign, Thy spirit seeks the fount of day; Blest be thy lot, where all the wise, Share the bright Kingdom of the skies!

* The above verses were written on the 'day which they are meant to celebrate, and are now published by request of a friend to the author.

Miscellancous.

POSTAGE. [From the Edinburgh Courant.]

It is now generally admitted that the Post Office in this country has been hitherto managed on an erroneous principle. The cost of transmitting letters from one part of the kingdom to another is a mere trifle-not amounting to more between Edinburgh and London than each letter is estimated on the most correct data at 6d. or 7d. The greater part of this charge is therefore a tax, which ought at any rate to be equal to all letters. But this is far from the case; a heavier postage or tax being charged on letters in proportion to the distance. possibly be adopted; and if the rule were re-—it would be more rational and just. The effect of thus injudiciously taxing the carriage of letters between distant places is, to restrict all correspondence unless on urgent business.

The expresse of posterior and plain the intercourse of friends, and interferes more deeply than any other tax, which we know of, with the comfort and with the improvement of Napoleon was society. We do not not a plain the ears of his comrades, he was received on board with universal greeting and acclamation.

—United Service Gazette.

Napoleon.—The genius of Napoleon was stance which renders it desirable. If the postage of letters, in place of a charge, be a tax, it should not be higher on letters between London to which it has given rise, into the nature of by the march from Elba to Paris. His mili- Butts, Hhds. and Quarter Casks Brown, and Edinburgh, than between the latter place and Dalkeith. If the expence of carriage be rangements for carrying it on. higher in the one case than in the other, the tax adopted.

of commerce. But in order to provide for the as for other bread. When ready to bake di- concession required being the independence of expenses of the wars in which the country was vide it into loaves, and bake them two hours the Rhedish confederacy. After the battle of Hhds. London B. S. PORTER; at different times engaged, it was soon con- and a half. Thus made flour will imbibe three Leipsic, he refused peace at Frankfort. After Hhds. London PALE ALE; Clarets, LaRose, Best Golden Sherry, Best L. P. Madiera, verted into an instrument of revenue, and the quarters more of bran water than of plain; so the restoration of Poland, and with the alpostage was raised to their present rates, that it not only produces a more nutritious sub- lied armies in the middle of France on the original cost. Owing to this exhorbitant tax fifth of the usual quantity of bread, which is a the Pyrenees on the other, still the terror of the revenue of the Post Office has not kept pace with the increasing wealth and population pace with the increasing wealth and population of the country. The gross revenue on an dom it would make a saving of ten millions the dread of advancing among the French people smote the hearts of sale at his Establishment in Prince William Street an extensive and well selected Stock of—

Boas Not her congruences: even the heart of Bornadotte. The gross revenue on an increasing wealth and population out of six. The gross revenue on an increasing wealth and population out of six. The gross revenue on an increasing wealth and population out of six. The gross revenue on an increasing wealth and population of the above the Subscriber offers for being consumption out of six. The gross revenue on an increasing wealth and population of the above the subscriber offers for being consumption out of six. The gross revenue on an increasing wealth and population of the above the Subscriber offers for sale at his Establishment in Prince William Street and well selected Stock of the revenue of the Post Office has not kept saving of one day's consumption out of six. his name prevailed; the dread of advancing of the country. The gross revenue on an dom it would make a saving of ten millions their conquerors; even the heart of Bernadotte, average of six years from 1815 to 1820, amount- sterling a year, when wheat was at the price it who best new him and them, sunk within him ; ed to £2,190,597. From 1832 to 1837, its stood in the searcity, reckoning the consump. all seemed unmanned, and at Chatillon all were average amount was £2,251,424, which is an tion to be 200,000 bushels a day. The same desirous of again making a peace which should increase of only £60,827 on the year. It thus quantity of flour which, kneeded with water, fix Napoleon upon his throne. Of this the appears that it has remained nearly stationary produces sixty nine pounds eight ounces, of reader may be sure; and it much is due of for twenty years, while during about the same bread, will, in the above way, make eighty Europe's escape in those times to the vigour period, between 1821 and 1835, the revenue of three pounds eight ounces, gaining fourteen and energy of some few able counsellors, perthe French Post Office has increased at the pounds. At the ordinary price of flour four haps more is owing to the inextinguishable rate of 54 per cent. This disparity can only millions would be saved. When ten days old, ambition of Napoleon himself, his sanguine be accounted for by the high rate of postage, if put into the oven for twenty minutes, this temper, and his untameable pride. - Edinburgh which drives the correspondence of the country bread will appear quite new .- Worchester Review. out of its legitimate channel, and compels a Journal. resort to contraband channels of intercourse. IMPORTANCE OF GIBRALTAR TO GREAT ling or upwards, it tends greatly to abridge the fleet." This-albeit a debatable proposition the classical name of a caputgeredormitor! soldiers and sailors were allowed to go free.

cannot be rooted out either by the vigilance of tending parties to their coal depot.

perties; from wine merchants, announcing the cum. prospects of the vintage; or from corn dealers, that of the harvest; from brokers of every description, advising the state of the markets; from traders, recommending their goods; from printers and booksellers, announcing their new publications; from fire and life insurance companies; from manufacturers and dealers, inclosing patterns and samples. In short, the whole busines and commerce of the country is hampered at present by this heavy tax, the reduction of which would allow it freely to expand, and would, we are convinced, increase the Post Office revenue, in place of diminishing it. It is estimated that seventy seven millions of chargeable letters are dispatched in the course of a year, the near revenue arising from which is about £1,500,000 and if the rate of postage were reduced to 1d. taking the average expense of each letter at 7d., it would require seven times more letters than at present to yield the same revenue. But on considering the evidence brought before the committee—the vast amount of correspondence altogether suppressed by the present exhorbitant rates-the numerous devices by which letters are sent, free of postage, by stage coaches, vans, railroads, steam boats, private conveyances, by parcels, boxes, and in many cases by 8-11ths of a penuy. The average postage of regular carriers, we cannot doubt that if moderate duty were adopted this contraband trade would altogether cease, and would flow into the regular channel; and that from the low postage of 1d. a larger revenue would be derived than from the present high rates. We are convinced, therefore, that a great boon A more unequal or absurd principle could not would be conferred on the country by this abatement of the rates of postage; and this is no versed-if the tax were diminished, in place of speculative reform, promising doubtful and rebeing increased, in proportion to the distance mote benefits, but it is the removal of a plain The expense of postage is almost an interdict society. We do not enter into the minor deon the intercourse of distant friends, which is tails of Mr. Hill's plan, which could be easily in this manner prevented by the very circum- arranged. The general principle is, we are ter 1813-14, with one army opposed to two, now convinced, sound and rational, and conage of letters, in place of a charge, be a tax, it firmed by all the minute and laborious inquiries

THE REV. MR. HAGGET'S ECONOMICAL ought to be less instead of greater. The mere BREAD .- Remove the course flake bran from carriage of letters is, however, so trifling, that the flower: of this take five pounds, and boil it little do the world at large know the extent of Pipes and Hogsheads. Madeira, (Houghton's an equal postage is an obvious improvement on in rather more than four gallons of water, so the dread with which Napoleon, even when the present system, which cannot be too early that when perfectly smooth you may have three vanquished, awed his combined antagonists. gallons and three quarts of bran water clear .-The Post Office was originally constituted With this kneed fifty six pounds of the flour, joined the allies as well as Bernadotte, he was in the reign of Charles II., for the convenience adding salt and yeast in the same proportion offered and he refused peace at Prague, the only Hhds. best Scheidem GIN; namely, to about 500 or 600 per cent. on the stantial food, but makes an increase of one one hand, and the English advancing from

Postage is now considered a serious expense by Britain .- The value of Gibraltar to Great commercial houses, the saving of which is stated | Britain has been questioned by a recent writer by several of the witnesses before the committee on Spain, who doubts whether it be worth preto be a part of mercantile education; and when serving. "The command of the Mediterathe charge of a single letter amounts to a shil- nean," he observes, "belongs to the strongest invented a nightcap which he designates by correspondence of the nearest friends. Indeed, -we will not stop to dispute; since what we have heard of the most mournful scenes of Gibraltar claims is simply the command of the distress in poor families, who had not where- entrance to the Mediterranean; and that withal to pay the postage of an anxiously clearly belongs to the power which can most expected letter-a poor widow, perhaps, from readily keep a force near at hand to prevent all her long lost son-and these scenes were more ingress and egress. Now, Gibraltar is so situfrequent before; but by the well considered li- ated as to enable Great Britain to do this with berality of the late Lord Melvi'le, the letters of very small naval means; whereas it would require a fleet of any other nation to watch the But the great and convincing argument is, straits, because that power would have also to that this tax does not promote what it professes blockade the port of Gibraltar. This, any one to have in view-the augmentation of the at all acquainted with the localities, the prerevenue. It is maintained, on very strong vailing winds, &c., will readily admit to be at grounds, that a greater, or at least nearly an times an impossibility; and, on every occasion equal, revenue would be raised by a more moderate rate of portage, The great objection to from its cruizing ground, the command of the heavy duties is, that they always give rise to straits would again be possessed by Gibraltar, plans of evasion, and thus defeat their object. should its batteries shelter but a few gun-boats. An illicit trade follows a certain rate of duty The importance of Gibraltar will increase ten as surely as the shadow the substance; it fold in the event of a steam war, as everything grows to maturity in the congenial soil, and it will then depend upon the vicinity of the con-

the excise, or the tyranny of penal statutes. The Cedars of Lebanon.—Fifteen of That the high rates of postage have given rise the sixteen celebrated cedars of Lebanon are to this evil, in an extraordinary degree, the still alive, but all are more or less in a state of evidence before the Committee furnishes ample | decay; and one of them is remarkable for three proofs. It would far exceed our limits to immense trunks, proceeding from the same enumerate in detail all the singular devices, stump, at a short distance above the soil. Anolegal and illegal, which are made use of to ther, one of the healthest of the old trees, evade the Post Office rates. Many letters are though perhaps the smallest, measured 33 feet sent by private messengers; invoices by trades- French, (35 feet 9 inches English,) in circummen are sent along with their respective par- ference. All the trees are much furrowed by cels. One witness states, that of 18,000 in-lightning, which seems to strike them more or voices despatched in 1837 by his house, only less every year. In the middle of these old 1216 were sent by post, but that they would trees are about forty other cedars, comparatively have been also sent if the postage were reduced young, though the trunk of the smallest of to Id. A common device on making remit- them is from ten to twelve feet in circumference. tances of money to pay accounts, is to send the At the base of eight or nine of the old cedars whole sum to one house, with instructions how are altars, constructed with large rough stones, it may be divided. Mr. Dillon, an extensive which were formerly used by the inhabitants of dealer in silks, woollens, &c. mentions that he the Maronite villages, who, headed by their received £670, which he was to pay away to paster, went to El Herze on the day of transeight different houses, and which, if the postage figuration. All the priests said mass at the had been moderate, would have been remitted same time, each priest officiating at the foot of in eight different letters. Mr. Wright, a part- the cedar belonging to his own village. Disner in a London House, stated that he sent out putes, having however, arisen from this pracabout four hundred circulars in a week, and tice, the patriarch of the Maronites has made a scarcely one went by post, by which, however, new arrangement; and now, though the Marothey would all go if the postage were ld. Mr. nites still continue, on the festival of the trans-Fenmick de Perquet, a bookseller, states that figuration, to repair to El-Herze, only one if the postage were ld. he would send out from mass is celebrated, which is performed on the 25 to 40,000 circulars in the course of a month. alter of a different cedar every year, in order Numerous other examples might be quoted to that the trees of all the villages in turn may the same effect, of circulars distributed free of enjoy the same privilege. There is not one postage, by means of parcels sent by coaches, young cedar in all the wood of El Herze .from land agents announcing the sale of pro Loudon's Aboretum et Fruticetum Britanni-

> A GENUINE PRIZE. The net proceeds of the Spanish Heroine (known by the same name of the Golden Heroine,) captured off Cadiz, 21st May, 1762, by the Active frigate and the Favourite sloop, two of Sir Edward Hawke's cruisers, after the deduction of all charges, was £519,705 10s., of which the flag share amounted to £64,963, and that of each of the captains to the same sum,; the lieutenants £1,300, and each seaman and marine £485.-Barrow's Life of Anson .- We add an ancedote in reference to the capture, which affords no bad Grey Cotton, Sewing Silks and Thread. lustration of the character of the British sailor. Such a sum as £485 the blue jackets of the "Active" fancied could never be expended in the ordinary routine of domestic life. In order to conquer the difficulty, therefore, they devised many ingenious methods, such as frying their watches over the gallery fire; subscribing a um of money to gild the figure-head of the hip, &c. Finding, however, that their cash lid not melt away fast enough, it was at last! a gold-lace cocked-hat; and every cocoa-nut was, accordingly, with all convenient speed, provided with a gold-laced hat, save one—this unhappy wight presented himself to his shipmates with a silver-laced hat. This would not do-the ship was disgraced by such stinginess. "Lets ax the Leefienant not to let him come aboard." The supposed culprit begged a hearing. Jack loves fair play, so silence having been obtained, the delinquent thus pleaded his cause .- "There warn't a gold-laced hat in the town, so I was forced to take this here; but I made the fellow take the money for a gold-lacer all the same. On these last words reaching within three months from this date, and all persons the ears of his compades he was received on indebted to said Estate are desired to make immedi-

allowed by all military observers to have shone brighter in the campaign in France, in the winthan at any other part of his wondrous career. the Post Office business, and the existing ar- tary talents and political combined, were never es more conspicuous than in the boldly devised movement by which he reduced the many chancagainst him to an even one at Waterloo. But After his Russian disasters, when Murat had Pipes and Hhds. dark and pale BRANDY-

> MARCH OF "JAW-BREAKERS." - A Barber 20 Barrels Roman CEMENT. ber in Fenchurch Street has manufactured some wigs, which he styles "the acme of kalhtricho- don, a further supply and a choice assortment plashma." A baker up the narrow court in of Continental Wines, in Bottles. Fleet Street has prepared some vivificaceous biscuits; and a hatter in Leicester square has as heretofore.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having entered into Copartnership beg to inform the Public that hey have commenced business under the style of

GEORGE & JOHN MUNRO. in the Store in Queen Street, heretofore occu-

pied by Messrs. R. RANKIN & Co., where taining 400 acres, lately owned by Mr. Thomas insertion. they will keep constantly for sale a general WOLVERTON. assortment of Dry Goods, HARDWARE, PRO-VISIONS, GROCERIES, WINES, &c. TERMS, - Cash or approved three months

GEORGE A. MUNRO. JOHN J. MUNRO. Fredericton, 1st May, 1839 .- 9w.

NOTICE

N Consignment a Lot of TEA. Apply to WILLIAM J. BEDELL. WILLIAM J. BEDELL. Fredericton, 20th May, 1839.

J. W. O'DOHERTY,

QUEEN STREET.

Respectfully announces the arrival of his SPRING GOODS,

Comprising every Novelty for the Season, which have been carefully selected and will be sold at his usual Low PRICES for READY MONEY ONLY.

SILMS.

LAIN, Black, and Coloured Gros de Naples, Du capes, Satin Nett, Satin Turc, and a variety of Rich Figured SILKS. Plain and Figured Tabbinet; French and British

ELEBES DNS.

French Gauze Ribbon; Figured and Plain Bonnet Ribbon; Fancy Belts, Victoria Belts. Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Aprons, Bags, Bracelets, Glove Straps, &c. &c.

Every new design in Lama, Cashmere, Thibet, French Filled; and a variety of Long Shawls.

unusually low in Price. PELNOTS.

A splendid assortment of London Printed MUSLINS, and CAMBRIC DRESSES, from 5s. 6d. to 12s. per dress. Printed Mousselaine de Laine Dresses, from 14s. per Dress. Printed Saxoneys, Lama and Challi DRESSES.

HA ONDERE D' CANCE CALL OD V'ES.

Ladies economy Silk HOSE; Ladies and Gentlemen's all Silk ditto. do. White Cotton Hose, from 7d. per pair; Ladies Lisle Thread and Balbriggan Hose,

do. French Kid Gloves, from 10d per pair,

do. Lace, Cotton, Thread, Lisle and Silk Gloves.

A Large assortment of FRENCH and BRITISH LACE GOODS. A beautiful collection of LACE COLLARS, Capes, and Collarets; sewed Muslin Collars and

A large Stock of

Haberdashery, French Flowers; Nail, Tooth and Comb Brushes; Hair Brushes; Ladies Fancy Work Boxes; Dressing Cases and Writing Desks; Umbrellas and Parasols. Gentlemen's Stocks, Scarfs, Pocket and Neck Handkerchiefs; Suspenders, Gloves, Trowser Straps, Slippers and Dancing Pumps.

White Longcloths; Scotch Holland; Rolled Jaconets; Book, Mull, Jaconet, and White Muslins; Ginghams; Bed Ticks; White and Colored Jeans; Linen Diapers; Damask Table Covers, Doylies and Napkins; Ladies White and Colored Stays; black and colored Merinoes;

German Silver, Tea and Table Spoons; Jack and Pen Knives Scissors; Razors; Thimbles; Needles, &c. &c. &c.

A further supply daily expected.

Fredericton, June 4, 1839.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE. FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. SITUATE on the great meadows of the Mag-aguadavic, in the County of York, and schooling aguadavic, in the County of York, and adjoining the farm of Mr. RHEUBEN BRACKWAY; it con tains upwards of 300 acres, and cuts at present about proposed that every man on board should wear | 20 tons of HAY, and is capable of cutting more than 100 with a trifling expence, as it is about one third MEADOW GROUND, that is covered by the water every spring; the great road leading from Fredericton to St. Andrews and St. Stephens, crosses the river on said Lot, which is about midway between said places, and must be a valuable stand for a House of Entertainment; the Mr. BRACKWAYS near the premises can show the boundaries and situation. For farther particulars enquire of T. R. ESTEY Fredericton, or

NOTICE.

Mr. PHILO SEELYE St George.

22nd February, 1839.

A LL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of the late William Kavanah, deceased, are required to render the same duly attested to, ate payment to

CATHARINE KAVANAH Administratrix.

Fredericton, 1st March, 1839. Port, Madeira, Sherry, Brandy, Geneva, &c.

Landing ex "Sophia" from London. IPES, Hhds. and Quarter Casks choice Property against loss or damage by Fire.

ASA COY.

Pale and dark golden Old Sherry; Pipe E. I. Madeira;

Pipes, Hhds. Quarter Casks MADEIRA-(Blackburn's brand.)

Brand,) Hhds. Calcavelhos, Lisbon, Sauterne, (approved brands.)

Puncheons very old Jamaica RUM;

Latour, Chateua Margaux, Haut Brion, Old CLARET, and for sale by

PORT, SHERRY, MADEIRA, BRANDY Geneva, Whiskey, &c. and a large Variety of Bottled Wines-comprising-E. I. Madeira, L. P. Madeira, L. M. Madeira, Sherry, Port, Champagne, Burgundy, Stock, Hermitage, CLARET, Barsac, Sauterne, Bucellas, Marsalla, Teneriffe, Catalonia, Cherry Brandy, &c. &c.

London Bottled Porter; 90 Packages,-Congo, Souchong, Gunpowder, Hyson, Twankay TEAS; of the Clifton's

Refined SUGAR, in Casks and Tierces.

Also, expected by the "HEBE," from Lon-

Agency and Commission Business transacted

May 10, 1839. W. P. RANNEY. LAND FOR SALE.

VALUABLE Lot of LAND on the River Nashwaak, near the Tay Creek, being a part of the Campbell Farm, joining JOHN Young's property, containing 73 acres mostly

A Lot of LAND in the Parish of North ampton, opposite the Woodstock Ferry, con-

Lots No. 4, 5, 6, and 7, of wilderness Tim ber LAND, on Little River, County of Sunbury, in the grant to ELIJAH ESTABROOKS, and others, containing 800 acres. For particulars WILLIAM J. BEDELL, Fredericton, May 22, 1839.

GIGS. WO GIGS for Sale by the subscriber low for Cash or approved credit. F. W. HATHEWAY. Fredericton, May 15, 1838.

Connecticut, United States.

Incorporated in 1810-with a Capital of \$150,000 HIS long established Institution has for more than twenty five years transacted its extensive ness on the most just and liberal principles-payng its losses with honorable promptness. During this period have settled all their losses, without compelling the insured, in any instance, to resort to a Court of Justice. The present Board of Directors pledge themselves, in this particular, fully to main tain the high reputation of the Company. It insures on the most favourable terms every description of property against Loss or DAMAGE BY FIRE; but takes no marine risks.

Application for insurance may be made either peronally or by letter to the Secretary of the Compan or to its Agents, who are appointed to many of the principal Towns and Cities of the United States, and n the British Provinces.

PRESENT BOARD OF DIRECTORS. Eliphalet Terry, Samuel Williams, James H. Wells, F. J. Huntington, S. H. Huntington, H. Huntington, Jun., R. B. Ward. Albert Day,

ELIPHALET TERRY, President. James G. Bolles, Secretary.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Agent at Fredericton for the above mentioned Company, is now prepared to take risks on every description of

CONSIGNMENT.

HE Subscriber has just received by the lates Steamers, a large quantity of TEAS; onsisting of Gunpowder, Hyson, Twankey Young Hyson, Souchong, Congo of different kinds, and Bohea, part of the Clifton's and part of the Hon. East India Company's Teas, comprising an excellent assortment for family, use or Retailers.

ALSO-Very superior WINES, Bottled in Cases and Barrels: putup for the Mess of the 65th Regiment.

Old PORT, and Pale BRANDY. One Bale 7, 9-4 and 10-4 BLANKETS; an

assortment of FURS, consisting of Caps, Mitts, Likewise on hand-Lisbon and Sherry Wine. Bottled in Barrels, best Cognac BRANDY

n wood, best Government Manella SEGARS, with a variety of other articles. MARK NEEDHAM.

Fredericton, Nov. 13, 1838.-tf.

NOTICE.

HE Subscriber being determined to close up all his business transactions to the 1st of May, instant, with as little delay as possible, equests all persons indebted to him by note, book account or otherwise, to settle the same. JOHN T. SMITH. Fredericton, May 27. 1839.

LANDS TO LEASE.

NUMBER of valuable Lors in and A NUMBER of valuable Lors is adjacent to Town Plat of Fredericton, to be let on Building and other leases upon application to the Subscriber.

W. H. ODELL.

THE E BEDE'AL G.SZETTE. TERMS .- Sixteen Shillings per annum, exclu

Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines will be inserted for four shillings and sixpence the first, and one shilling and sixpence for each sucreeding Blanks, Handbills, &c. &c. &c can be struck

	AGENTS.
1	SAINT JOHN,
8	DORCHESTER, E. B. Chandler, Esq. SAISBURY, R. Scott, Esq.
	KINGSTON, Asa Davidson, Esq. HAMPTON, Mr. Samuel Hallet.
•	GAGETOWN,Mr. Wm. Bonnell.
r	NEWCASTLE (Miramichi), George Kerr, Esa.
	CHATHAM (Miramichi), Mr. W. Simpson. KENT (County of York), Geo. Morehouse, Esq. BATHURST, H. Baldwin, Esq.
	Data Datati, Esq.