

£10 for a road on the line between Robert Golding's and John Murrell's to the Bald Hill Settlement.

£20 for the road leading from Timothy Shaw's to John Vanwart's.

£10 for the road from the old road at George Earle's Lot to Bald Hill Settlement.

£20 for the road from Beaver Dam Bridge, London Settlement, to John Vanwart's.

William Foshay to expend the following sums:

£10 for the road from John Stewart's Bridge to west Waterloo Settlement at William Woodstock's east line.

£15 for the road between the Cross road near Thomas Keaton's and the County line near William Henderson's.

£10 for the road on south west side of Mill Brook from where the Bridge passes over at the new Post Road to the old Post road, passing Justin J. Wetmore's Saw Mill.

£20 for the road between Charles Robinson's Lane and Ephraim Carpenter's south line.

£6 for a Bridge across W. Murray's Brook.

£20 for the road from Benjamin Fairweather's Bars on said Road, to King's Brook at Anthony Flower's.

£15 for the road between Oak Point and Cross Roads near James Wilson's.

£10 for the road from Charles Mastin's lower line to Samuel Nichol's upper line.

£10 for the road leading from Long Creek on Washademoak Lake to Studhom's Mill Stream from Forks on east side of Murray's Mill to John Johnson's.

£10 for the road from Long's Creek to King's County line, English Settlement.

£10 for the road from Long's Creek to the McFarlane Settlement.

£10 for the road from Murray's Saw Mill to the Johnson Settlement.

£10 for the road from Hutchison's Irish Settlement to Murray's English Settlement.

£10 for the road from Palmer's Creek to Heal's English Settlement.

£10 for the road from Salmon Creek road to Long's Creek.

£10 for the road from mouth of Long Creek to Obadiah Starkey's.

£10 for the road from James Starkey's to Samuel Coles'.

£10 for the road from John Seacord's to Samuel Coles'.

£10 for the road from John Seacord's to Charles Vincent's.

£20 for the road from Thomas Hamm's to Patrick McLally's.

£30 for the road from Cole's Island to Donald McDonald's.

£75 for the road from Jemseg to Coal Creek, on the line explored by John Earl, by Cumberland Bay Bridge.

£10 for the road from John Thompson's to Charles Thoru's, Salmon Creek.

£10 for the road from William Perry's to Isaac Worden's.

Isaac Clarke to expend the following sums:

£20 for the road between Lewis' Cove and Post road, by way of John Haggard's.

£10 for the road between the Public Landing, north east branch of Lewis' Cove and the Main Post Road, near Reuben Vantassel's, by way of Foster's Mill.

£15 for the road from William Morrell's to Thomas Ellison's, round the intervalle.

John Ferris, Junior, to expend the following sums:

£10 for the road leading from the Washademoak Lake to the back Settlement, (Foster's,) between Grand Lake and Washademoak Lake, on line between John White's and James Mullin's.

£10 for the road from Washademoak Lake to Cox's Mill, Grand Lake.

£10 for the old road leading from Washademoak Lake to Post Road, leading through Salmon Creek Settlement.

£10 for the road leading from Cox's Mill through the back Settlement by Samuel Knight's intersecting the Great road leading from Washademoak to Jemseg.

Peters Yeamans to expend the following sums:

£10 for the road from Newcastle through Hardwood Ridge, to remunerate Joseph McNamara.

£25 for the road leading from Salmon River to the Hardwood Ridge.

£10 for the new piece of road on west side of Grand Lake, across lands occupied by David Palmer.

£10 for the Main road from Alexander Clark's to Newcastle Mills.

£5 to Peters Yeamans, to remunerate Michael Dillon for work performed last year on a hill near William Robertson's.

£10 for the road from Syphers' Pond to Little River.

£10 for the road leading from Newcastle Ferry at Baillie's, to connect it with the road leading from Grand Lake to Newcastle Mills.

£5 for the road from New Church to Grand Point, Grand Lake.

£10 for the Cross Road near Gershom Clark's to the Cross Road leading from the Maquapet Lake to the Grand Lake, near Joseph Carle's.

Thomas T. Hewlett to expend the following sums.

£25 for two Bridges on Main road from Fredericton to Saint John, one at G. Vanwart's and the other at John Smith's in the lower district of Hampstead.

£15 for the road leading through that part of Hampstead crossing the residence of John Smith and Fannen's Farm.

£30 for the road from Yorkshire Road from Inches' Corner to King's County line.

£20 for the road leading from William Clark's to New Jerusalem Settlement.

£30 for the road from Scovil Roberts' Corner to New Ireland Settlement.

£30 for improving the road at the hill near Ocnabog Bridge.

Joseph B. Perkins to expend the following sums:

£10 for the road leading from David Spete's on the George Lyon's Road through Hopewell Settlement to Henry Lyon's Bridge.

£10 for the road from Hugh Quin's Corner on Gage Town Road, to King's County line, by way of Polly's Corner.

£15 for George Lyon's road from County line, to Nerepis Stream.

£15 for the road leading from the Gagetown Road to the line through New Ireland.

£10 for the road leading from David Elder's, on the George Lyon's road through Jackson Settlement, to the Jerusalem Settlement.

£20 for the road leading from Parks' Corner to Burgis' Corner on New Jerusalem Road, by William Redston's Grist Mill.

£10 for the road from Gagetown road to the Nerepis road, by way of Gabriel Fowler's.

John Humphrey to expend the following sums:

£10 for the road from the Forks of New Canaan to McDonald's Mill, on north side of the Stream.

£15 for the road between McDonald's and Humphrey's Mill Brook.

Hon. Harry Peters to expend the following sums:

£30 for the road from Corner of George Dunn's Lot on Gagetown Road, to the Nerepis Road above Gillan's.

£15 for the road from Lownsberry's Ferry to the Military road.

£15 for the Bridge and repairs on road leading from Dingies' Mill to Simpson's farm.

£20 for the road from the Church on the Gagetown road to Gillan's, Nerepis.

£30 towards a Draw Bridge at Duck Creek.

Thomas Cox to expend the following sums:

£15 for the road leading from Cox's Point to the Beaver Pond.

£10 for the Bridge over the Slough.

£5 for the road from the School House to Cumberland Bay on Richard Barton's lower line.

£15 for the road at upper range on south side of Grand Lake for Arthur Branscomb's upper line to Courad Miller's lower line.

John McLean to expend the following sums:

£15 for the road in Young's Cove, leading from Wiggins' Mill up Young's Creek.

£15 for the road from George Burk's to the Ferry at Coal Creek.

£10 for the road from Cumberland Bay Stream.

£20 for the road leading from Cumberland Bay Bridge to Lacky's.

£15 for the road from Wiggins' Mill, Young Cove, to Washademoak.

Samuel Scovil to expend the sum of £10 for completing the Causeway near Samuel Scovil's.

William Slip to expend the sum of £50 for the road from Little River to New Ireland.

Nathaniel Vail to expend the sum of £30 for the road from Vail's to Nerepis.

Gilbert Williams to expend the sum of £30 towards completing the Public Landing below Gagetown, and making the road therefrom.

Thomas Trafton to expend the sum of £24 for the road leading from the Nerepis road to the Sanbury line, through the Coram and Trafton Settlement.

## ORDERS IN CHANCERY.

4TH JUNE, 1839.

His Excellency the Chancellor, by and with the advice and consent of His Honor the Master of the Rolls, doth hereby order and direct:

1. That all Bills to be filed with the Registrar be indorsed with the name or firm of the Complainant's Solicitor or Solicitors, who shall file the same, and the title of the suit be entered by the Registrar in a book to be by him kept for that purpose.

2. That the names of all the Defendants in a suit may be included in one Subpoena to appear.

3. That all Subpoenas and other processes of the Court shall be sealed with a Seal, to be kept by the Registrar, on which shall be inscribed the words "Court of Chancery."

4. That the several Writs of Subpoena shall be in the form mentioned at the foot of these Orders, or as near as may be, with such alterations and variations as circumstances may require.

5. That it shall not be necessary to file a precept for the Subpoena, but that on a Subpoena for costs being sealed the certificate or report shall be produced to the Registrar, as his authority for sealing it.

6. That the name or firm of the Solicitor or Solicitors issuing a Subpoena shall be indorsed thereon.

7. That the service of Subpoenas shall be effected by delivering a copy of the Writ and of the indorsement thereon to the person to be served therewith, and at the same time producing and shewing the original Writ.

8. That the time for serving any Subpoenas (except for costs,) shall be limited to the last day of the Term next following the Term or Vacation in which it is sued out.

9. That Defendants shall in all cases have thirty days to appear from the day of service of the Subpoena, exclusive of the day of service.

10. That the mode of appearance shall be by filing a note in writing of such appearance with the Registrar, and by giving a notice thereof to the Plaintiff's Solicitor.

11. That in case the Defendant neglects to appear in due time after the service of the Subpoena, on affidavit of such service and default, an order may be made that the Bill be taken *pro confesso* unless the Defendant appear in twenty days from the date thereof exclusive, which Order shall be inserted in the Royal Gazette at least ten days before the day limited for the appearance by the said Order; and at the expiration of the time so limited, in case no appearance shall have been entered and notice given, the Bill may be ordered to be taken *pro confesso*.

12. That it shall in no case be necessary to issue an attachment with proclamations, or a commission of Rebellion, but that in case of the return of *non est inventus* to a Writ of Attachment, the party may at once proceed to a Sergeant-at-Arms.

13. That the Solicitors of the Plaintiff and Defendant respectively, shall be entitled to furnish the opposite party with copies of the pleadings of which copies are required to be delivered.

14. That in case the Plaintiff's Solicitor neglect to deliver to the Defendant's Solicitor a copy of the Bill filed, within thirty days after the appearance of the Defendant shall have been put in and notice given, the Defendant may move that the Bill be dismissed, which may be ordered accordingly.

15. That the Defendant shall have two calendar months, exclusively, to put in a plea, answer or demurrer, after having been served with a copy of the Plaintiff's Bill without any order for such purpose, and in default of so doing on fourteen days notice of motion given by the Plaintiff and motion made in open Court, the Bill may be ordered to be taken forthwith, *pro confesso*, unless the Court on special circumstances disclosed by affidavit should allow further time, in which case no such Order shall be entered until the expiration of the further time allowed.

16. That in all cases where, by the English practice, a different time is allowed or prescribed for the performance of any act

in town causes and country causes, and no provision is made for the same by the practice of this Court, the time for the performance of such act shall be the time allowed in country causes, without respect to residence.

17. That all answers and pleas may be sworn before any one of the Masters in Ordinary or Extraordinary, and that all pleadings, as well as the Bill, be filed with the Registrar and indorsed with the name or firm of the Solicitor or Solicitors by whom the same are filed.

18. That where, upon exceptions to any answer, it becomes necessary to put in an amended answer, in case such amended answer be not put in in due time, it shall not be necessary for the Plaintiff to proceed by attachment, but he may give notice of motion that the Bill be taken, *pro confesso*, unless the amended answer be put in within ten days after the service of such notice; and in case the amended answer be not put in, and a copy delivered within that time, the Bill may be ordered to be taken *pro confesso*.

19. That the cause shall be considered at issue by the Replication, and no Subpoena to rejoin shall be necessary.

20. That the Oath to be taken by the Masters in Ordinary, as Examiners, shall be in the form prescribed in that behalf in the Appendix to these Orders, and that the same be administered in open Court, and that the Masters so sworn do subscribe their names, together with the day and year of being so sworn, on a Roll to be kept by the Registrar for that purpose; and that when Examiners shall be specially appointed by order of the Court for taking the Examinations in any cause under the provisions of the Statute of the 2d Victoria, entitled "An Act for the improvement of the Practice in the Court of Chancery," such person may be either sworn in open Court, or before some person empowered by Commission under the seal of the said Court to administer the oath, and in case the oath be administered in Court an entry shall be made in the Minutes of the same, and a copy thereof, together with the order by which such person shall have been so appointed, shall be annexed to the copy of the Examinations to be by him taken and transmitted therewith; and in case the oath shall be administered under a Commission, then such Commission, with a certificate endorsed thereon by the Commissioner that the oath has been duly administered, shall be annexed to the Examinations and transmitted therewith, which latter oath and certificate shall be in the form prescribed in that behalf in the Appendix to these Orders, or as near thereto as circumstances may admit.

21. That no Rule to produce witnesses shall be necessary.

22. That interrogatories for the examination of witnesses be filed with one of the Masters and copies thereof delivered to the opposite party, together with notice of the name of the Master with whom the same were filed, within thirty days after replication filed, in which interrogatories shall be specified the names of the witnesses to be examined, and the particular interrogatories to which each witness is to be interrogated.

23. That the cross-examination of the witnesses may be conducted either by written interrogatories, to be filed in like manner with the interrogatories, or by interrogatories to be proposed at the time as hereafter mentioned. And that when the cross-interrogation is adopted the cross-interrogatories shall be filed with a copy thereof delivered to the opposite party, together with notice of the name of the Master with whom the same were filed, within thirty days after receipt of a copy of the interrogatories to which each witness is to be interrogated.

24. That within fourteen days after the expiration of the time for filing cross-interrogatories, the Solicitor who filed the interrogatories in chief shall obtain an appointment from the Examiner fixing the time and place of examination, which shall be served on the opposite party fourteen days, exclusive, before the day of such examination.

25. That any number of witnesses may be included in one Subpoena, *ad testificandum*.

26. That when the cross-examination of witnesses is to be conducted by means of interrogatories proposed at the time of examination, Counsel may attend for all parties, and each cross-interrogatory shall be committed to writing and submitted to the Examiner, who shall then propose the same, and in such case a re-examination in like manner as the cross-examination and confined to matters arising thereout, shall be permitted to the opposite party, such interrogatories to be afterwards fairly copied, certified by the Master, and annexed to the depositions.

27. That all objections to any interrogatory shall be made at the time the same is proposed, and in such case if the party proposing the same submit to the objection, the question shall not be put, otherwise the same shall be proposed and the answer thereto taken, but at the same time the Examiner is to note down the objection in connection with the deposition. He is also to note down in like manner any objection taken to the testimony of the witness (as being hearsay for instance), and the validity of all such objections, if persisted in, shall be decided at the hearing, at which time no objection not so made before the Examiner shall be permitted.

28. That at the expiration of fourteen days after the day appointed for the examination, the Examiner shall transmit the interrogatories and depositions to the Registrar under seal, unless he shall be of opinion that further time is necessary to take the depositions, in which case he shall defer transmitting the same so long as he may find requisite, and certify his opinion to the Court at the time of transmission.

29. That on the depositions being filed with the Registrar, either party may move for publication (on six days' notice of motion being given,) which shall be directed to take place forthwith, or at such time as the Court, on sufficient cause shewn by affidavit, shall order.

30. That in case the Plaintiff shall neglect to proceed to file interrogatories for the examination of witnesses, or to obtain an appointment to examine witnesses thereupon in due time, the Defendant, on giving fourteen days' notice of motion, may move that the Bill be dismissed, which shall be ordered accordingly unless cause be shewn to the contrary.

31. That notice of bringing a cause on to hearing shall be served on the opposite party, and the cause set down for hearing with the Registrar fourteen days before the day of hearing, and where publication has been ordered, no cause shall come on to be heard until the expiration of one calendar month from the day of publication.

32. That no Subpoena to hear judgment shall be deemed necessary.

33. That if the Plaintiff shall set down the cause and give