

Lower Canada.

QUEBEC, 21st Oct. 1839.

His Excellency the Governor General embarked last evening at 5 p. m. for Montreal in the Canada steamer which left the wharf this morning at 3 a. m.

His Excellency was accompanied by Sir Richard D. Jackson, Commander of the Forces. Mr. Murdoch, Civil Secretary, also went up with His Excellency, and we understand the principal Officers of the Civil Departments have received orders to proceed to Montreal.

The Governor General visited the Legislative buildings before his departure, and it is reported that he will spend some time in Quebec this winter.

The Military Head Quarters will probably continue at Montreal.

It is very generally reported that the suspended Judges will not be re-instated at present, but wait further arrangements.

His Excellency Sir John Colborne, Governor General, arrived in town from Montreal in the British America steamer, on Saturday at 1 o'clock, p. m.

The Right Honorable C. Poulett Thomson, landed shortly after, from the Pique, and took and subscribed the usual Oaths and Declarations at the Castle of St. Lewis, in the presence of Sir John Colborne, the Executive Council, the heads of Departments and a number of the citizens.

After the Governor General was sworn in, the Magistrates for the City and District of Quebec presented to His Excellency the following Address:—

To His Excellency the Right Honorable Charles Poulett Thomson, one of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor in Chief, in and over the Provinces of Lower Canada, and Upper Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice Admiral of the same.

May it please Your Excellency,

We, Her Majesty's loyal and dutiful subjects, the undersigned Magistrates of the city and district of Quebec, most respectfully congratulate Your Excellency on your arrival in this Province.

Assigned, in virtue of the Royal Authority, to watch over the peace and promote the welfare of our fellow citizens, we have the most perfect confidence that our humble efforts will be countenanced and supported in the discharge of those duties by Your Excellency, whom it has pleased Her Majesty to entrust with the exercise of the highest power and prerogatives of the Crown within this Province; and it will be a subject of great satisfaction to us, if we should be so fortunate as to merit Your Excellency's approbation.

It has been a subject of just regret among our fellow citizens, that they have been deprived for some time past of the residence of the Governor General, which they can only ascribe to the unfortunate state of things which has called for the presence of the Commander of the Forces in the District of Montreal, the Offices of Civil Governor and Military Commander having been held by the same person.

We have no doubt but that your Excellency is fully aware that the City of Quebec, from the earliest periods has been fixed upon, in consideration of its strength and central position, as the seat of Government of all the countries which now form the Provinces of British North America. There have been provided, at great expense, fortifications for the safety of the City and Port, appropriate places of deposit for the public archives collected from all the provinces, and suitable buildings for the convenience of the Public Departments, civil and military, and here is the sole and uninterrupted channel of communication with the metropolis in the season of navigation, and the safe resort of her fleets and armies for the Canadas. Should circumstances permit that your Excellency should establish your residence amongst us, we trust that in the Magistracy, and among all classes of our fellow citizens, your Excellency will find a ready disposition to promote the beneficial views of Her Majesty's Government, and the peace, welfare and permanent connection of this Province with the other Dominions of our Most Gracious Sovereign.

We beg, most respectfully, to assure your Excellency, that nothing could be more gratifying to our feeling and wishes than that the duties of your high station should be discharged happily for the Province and satisfactory for your Excellency.

Magistrates' Room, City of Quebec, Province of Lower Canada, October, 1839.

To which His Excellency was pleased to give the following answer:—

"I thank you for your address of congratulation on my arrival in this Province.

"The preservation of the public peace and the firm administration of justice are the first wants of a state, and the first duty of a Governor. You may rely with confidence upon receiving from me the most active support in the discharge of your Magisterial functions.

"I fully appreciate the political and commercial importance of the City of Quebec. It will afford me sincere satisfaction at all times to contribute to its prosperity; and when circumstances permit, by residing within its walls, to cultivate the good feelings and regard of its inhabitants.

"I receive with confidence the assurance of your co-operation, and that of the inhabitants of your City, in aiding me to promote the peace and happiness of Her Majesty's subjects in this Province, by cementing its permanent connection with the other Dominions of the Crown; all my efforts will be directed to that end, and it is with that object alone that I have accepted the trust with which our Sovereign has honored me."

His Excellency the Governor General, and Sir John Colborne, attended Divine Service in the Cathedral Church yesterday.

This day, at one o'clock, His Excellency held a Levee at the Castle of St. Lewis, which was very numerously attended.

The Merchants of this City presented the following Address after the Levee:—

To the Right Honorable Charles Poulett Thomson, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General, and Governor in Chief, in and over the Provinces of Lower Canada, and Upper Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice Admiral of the same.

May it please Your Excellency,

We the undersigned, composing the Committee of Trade of Quebec, beg leave respectfully to congratulate Your Excellency upon your arrival in these Colonies.

Merchants, ourselves, and representing the Mercantile community of this City, it is, we assure Your Excellency, with no small degree of pride and satisfaction that we see the Government of the Country entrusted to one who himself has been a Merchant, and not without having been the opinions understood to have been entertained by Your Excellency in regard to a most important branch of the Trade of this Country, differ very materially from ours, we have never doubted but that from the moment of your undertaking the Government of these Colonies, your strenuous and unbiassed efforts would be directed to the promotion of their interests Commercial as well as political. We are fully persuaded that the withdrawing of that protection hitherto afforded to the Timber Trade of the British North American Colonies, would be, not only fatal to their prosperity, by destroying their great staple trade, and weakening the bonds that now happily unite them to the Mother Country, but also highly injurious to the Empire at large. We therefore confidently hope that when Your Excellency's mind shall have been more particularly applied to this subject, you will be satisfied that it involves the question of supporting or abandoning those important elements of national strength and greatness, "Ships, Colonies and Commerce."

The undertaking in which Your Excellency has engaged is a great and arduous one. To establish permanent tranquility, and a just, firm, and steady system of Government in the Country;—to draw forth and develop its great latent resources by promoting the improvement of those extraordinary natural facilities for internal communication which it possesses;—to revive and encourage its drooping Agriculture, to extend and protect its languishing Commerce;—and to recall to its shores the tide of emigration now diverted to other channels; are tasks not to be accomplished without encountering many difficulties.

That those difficulties may be overcome under Your Excellency's administration we most sincerely pray, and to every measure of Your Excellency tending to this great end, we beg respectfully, on behalf of ourselves and those whom we have the honor to represent, to tender you our unreserved and cordial support and co-operation.

To which His Excellency was pleased to give the following Answer:—

GENTLEMEN,—I thank you sincerely for your Address.

Bred a British Merchant myself, the good opinion of those who follow the same honorable career is to me naturally and justly dear. You may rely upon my attention to the great interests you represent.—Whatever acquaintance with Commercial subjects I may have acquired by my early pursuits, or through my later duties, will be earnestly and zealously devoted to the consideration of all that relates to the Trade of the Colonies, and with an honest endeavour to promote their prosperity as connected with that of the British Empire.

I feel with you that the undertaking before me is most arduous; but the end proposed is a noble one. These Provinces possess an almost unrivalled field for Commerce and for Industry; all the elements of wealth and prosperity. Their advance is checked and their development impeded by causes which, I sincerely believe, it is in your power to remove. The Imperial Legislature and Her Majesty's Government are most anxious to do their part towards this important object; and if you who hold so high a place in this Community will cordially co-operate with me, I feel the utmost confidence that our labours will not be in vain.

To that end, and the advancement of every object that may contribute to the tranquillity and happiness of these possessions of the British Crown, all my efforts will be devoted. At two o'clock yesterday afternoon, the Committee appointed for framing and presenting to His Excellency Sir John Colborne, the Address agreed to at the public meeting held here on the 9th instant, accompanied by a great number of subscribers to it waited upon His Excellency for that purpose. Mr. GERRARD, the Chairman of the Committee, read the Address which was as follows:—

To His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir John Colborne, G. C. B., Governor in Chief and Commander of the Forces in Lower Canada, Upper Canada, &c. &c. &c.

May it please Your Excellency,

We, Her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, inhabitants of the city of Montreal, beg leave to approach Your Excellency with sentiments of the highest respect, and to assure you of our unfeigned regret at your approaching retirement from the government of this colony.

We should be wanting in justice and gratitude to Your Excellency were we to forbear to acknowledge that if we have escaped the calamities that in the late time of trouble and commotion have afflicted the families of many of our less favoured fellow subjects, we owe it chiefly, under divine providence, to your military skill and energy, to your promptitude in disconcerting the machinations of the disaffected, and to your unceasing vigilance and anxious solicitude for the protection of our persons and property.

It has fallen to the lot of Your Excellency to preside over this Province at a period of unparalleled difficulty, when industry and enterprise languished, and our constitutional rights were suspended; yet, with the limited means placed at your disposal you have given

an impulse to agriculture and commerce—you have caused many useful and salutary laws to be enacted—and encouraged and sanctioned the establishment and support of several humane and benevolent institutions.

Though the intimate connexion that has long subsisted between Your Excellency and the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada is about to be severed, yet we feel satisfied that your anxiety for their welfare will remain undiminished.

We therefore, cherish the hope that when Her Majesty's Government shall submit to the Imperial Parliament the important measures which they have determined on, of the union of the two Provinces, Your Excellency will contribute your valuable advice and recommendation to carry it into effect, and that you will aid in making and perfecting such other measures for their future good government, as may seem to you best calculated to ensure their permanent tranquillity, and make them a valuable appendage of the British Empire.

On taking leave of Your Excellency, we beg to be permitted to offer our sincere wishes that yourself, Lady Colborne, and your family, may have a propitious voyage to England; that you may there receive the honours and reward due to your long and faithful services to your Sovereign and country; and that you may for many years be blessed with uninterrupted health and happiness.

To this address His Excellency was pleased to make the following reply:—

GENTLEMEN,—The address which you have presented to me, conveying, as it does, the sentiments of the loyal inhabitants of Montreal, affords me the highest gratification.

Having resided among you in times of extraordinary trial to all classes of society, you will, I am sure, believe that I shall separate from those with whom I have so long been in daily intercourse, with feelings of deep regret, and that I shall regard your interests with continued earnest solicitude, and endeavour zealously to promote them to the utmost of my power.

In respect to the expediency or in expediency of the changes proposed by Her Majesty's Government, the loyal population in this Province and in Upper Canada, firmly attached to their constitution, and to the institutions of the Mother Country, require only, that their enterprise and industry may be speedily and effectually protected from the unprincipled designs of the traitors who have depreciated the value of property, embarrassed and depressed commerce, and turned the current of emigration from this country.

On the eve of the important measures which the circumstances of this Province demand, the Colony will, I trust, derive the greatest advantage from my successor having been one of Her Majesty's Ministers, and from being a public servant who has long acted in official connection with the Government, is fully acquainted with its views, and possesses its entire confidence and support.

In my own name, and on behalf of Lady Colborne and family, I beg you will accept my thanks for your kind feelings towards us, and with my best wishes for your welfare and prosperity, I bid you farewell.

After Sir John Colborne had delivered his reply to Mr. Gerrard, he bade farewell to the gentlemen of the Committee and those present in the most friendly and feeling terms. Indeed on this occasion, as well as while reading his reply to the address, Sir John Colborne appeared to be much affected, and to feel deeply the cordiality of the regret with which the Committee were constrained to part with him.

It was not known, till late in the day, that in consequence of the determination of the new Governor to be sworn in at Quebec, Sir John Colborne had resolved to proceed to that city, without delay, in order to be present at that ceremony, and to receive Mr. Thomson, on landing from the Pique, with the accustomed honors. Five o'clock was the hour appointed for the leaving of His Excellency; and we never remember to have seen the streets and avenues so crowded, as they were with persons anxious to pay their respects to Sir John Colborne before his final departure from this part of the Province. Notre Dame and St. Joseph Streets, the route of His Excellency to the steamboat wharf, were lined with persons on foot, and carriages filled with ladies. The windows of all the houses in those streets were, also, densely occupied. The wharves were literally crowded almost to suffocation; and bore a very imposing aspect, from the steamboat, being placed in three tiers, extending along the whole front of the river, from the Port to the Barracks, a distance of nearly a mile. A double guard of honor of the Grenadier Guards, with the band of the 71st Light Infantry, was stationed on the steamboat wharf to receive His Excellency. A few minutes after five o'clock, Sir John Colborne left his residence on horseback; and proceeded to the wharf, escorted by a party of the 7th Hussars, and accompanied by a numerous Staff, and almost the whole of the officers of the several regiments in garrison, in their uniforms. The cavalcade was preceded and followed by an immense concourse of people, who occasionally cheered as they went along; handkerchiefs being at the same time waved from the windows. When His Excellency arrived at the wharf, he was greeted with three long, loud, and hearty cheers, which he acknowledged by taking off his hat, and bowing to the crowd. On embarking, His Excellency was again cheered, and a third time when the steamboat started. All the vessels in the harbour were decked in their colours, and the whole presented a scene alike worthy of the loyal inhabitants of this city and gratifying to Sir John Colborne, upon his departure from a Province where he is so highly esteemed, and where his services, both civil and military, have been of so signal advantage in suppressing rebellion and maintaining the integrity of the Empire. His Excellency will remain at Quebec until the sailing of the Pique, and will, in a few days, be joined at that city by Lady Colborne and family who accompany Sir John Colborne to their native country, carrying along with them sincere regret for their departure, and lasting remembrances of all who have had the happiness to become acquainted with them.

MONTREAL, 19th Oct. 1839.

The Magistrates for the City and District of Quebec waited on His Excellency Sir John Colborne with the following Address:—

To His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir John Colborne, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, and of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Governor General of all Her Majesty's Provinces, on the Continent of North America, and of the Islands of Prince Edward and Newfoundland, and Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over the Province of Lower Canada, Upper Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and the Island of Prince Edward and their several dependencies, Vice Admiral of and in the same, and Commander of all Her Majesty's Forces in the said Provinces of Lower and Upper Canada.

We Her Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the undersigned Magistrates of the City and District of Quebec, most respectfully approach your Excellency on the eve of your departure from this Province, to express the high respect which we entertain for your Excellency's person and character.

Although unfortunate circumstances have deprived us, for the greatest part of the time that your Excellency has held the chief military and civil command, of the benefit of your residing amongst us, we are not unaware of the salutary influence of your Excellency's private and public virtues, in promoting respect for the laws and those moral and religious duties which are essential to the public peace, the general welfare and the happiness of individuals.

We are convinced that your Excellency must have deplored, equally with ourselves, the extraordinary and painful events amidst which your Excellency had to exercise the high powers confided to you by our Sovereign; while we acknowledge the success which has attended your Excellency's efforts for maintaining and restoring peace in the disturbed districts, we can duly estimate the sacrifice of feeling to duty which was required of your Excellency, who had acquired eminent distinction in foreign war, under the greatest Captain of the age, when you were compelled to employ military force in civil dissensions.

We acknowledge that, under the protection of Divine Providence it is chiefly to your Excellency that we are indebted for the signal defeat of two attempts to withdraw by actual violence Her Majesty's subjects in this Province from their allegiance to the Crown, and that our connection, as we fondly hope, with the other parts of the British Empire, has been permanently maintained.

We beg your Excellency to accept the assurances of our lasting gratitude and our earnest wishes for your safe arrival in your native land to enjoy the well merited honours and rewards of a life devoted to the services of your Sovereign and Country.

Magistrates' Room, City of Quebec, Lower Canada, October 1839.

To which His Excellency was pleased to give the following Answer:—

GENTLEMEN,—I beg you to accept my warm acknowledgements for this Address, on the occasion of my departure from these Provinces. The peculiar circumstances of the Colony, and my important duties in respect to the affairs of Upper Canada prevented my carrying into effect my intention of residing among you; and I entertain no doubt that you concur in the opinion that during the excitement in the Montreal District my presence in the City of Montreal has been conducive to the public welfare.

I need not mention to you how deeply I deplore the extraordinary and painful events to which you allude, and the reluctance with which I have discharged the duties which it has fallen to my lot to perform in exercising the powers which have been entrusted to me by our Sovereign.

I again thank you for your attention, and the expression of your sentiments in respect to my proceedings, and request you to believe my earnest wishes for your prosperity.

(Continued on second page.)

BANK STOCK.

20 SHARES CENTRAL BANK STOCK for sale on favourable terms. Apply at this Office. 15th Sept. 1839.

UNEXAMPLED

Mammoth Scheme!!

The following detail of a Scheme of a Lottery to be drawn in December next, warrants us in declaring it to be unparalleled in the History of Lotteries. Prizes to the amount have never before been offered to the public. It is true there are many blanks, but on the other hand, the extremely low charge of TWENTY DOLLARS per Ticket—the value and number of the Capitals, and the revival of the good old custom of warranting that every prize shall be drawn and sold, will wear sure, give universal satisfaction, and especially to the Six Hundred Prize Holders.

To those disposed to adventure, we recommend early application being made to us for tickets—when the prizes are all sold, blanks only remain—the first buyers have the best chance. We therefore, emphatically say—delay not, but at once remit and transmit your orders, which shall always receive our immediate attention. Letters to be addressed, and application made to

SYLVESTER & Co. 156 Broadway, N. Y.

Observe the Number, 156.

\$700,000.

\$500,000!! \$20,000!!

Six Prizes of Twenty Thousand Dollars!

Two prizes of Fifteen Thousand Dollars!

Three prizes of Ten Thousand Dollars!

GRAND REAL ESTATE AND BANK STOCK

LOTTERY.

OF PROPERTY SITUATED IN NEW ORLEANS.

The richest and most magnificent scheme ever presented to the public in this or any other country.—Tickets only Twenty Dollars.

Authorised by an Act of the Legislative Assembly of Florida, and under the direction of the commissioners acting under the same. To be drawn at Jacksonville, Florida—Schmidt

and Hamilton, Managers. SYLVESTER & Co., N. Y. sole Agents.

No combination numbers! 100,000 Tickets, from No. 1, upwards in succession.

The deeds of the property and the stock transferred in trust to the Commissioners appointed by the said act of the Legislature of Florida, for the security of the Prize Holders.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

ONE PRIZE—THE ARCADE.

286 Feet 5 inches, 4 lines on Magazine Street, 101 feet, 21 do. on Natchez Street, 126 feet, 6 do. on Gravier Street—Rented at about \$37,000 per annum, valued at \$700,000

ONE PRIZE—CITY HOTEL.

162 feet on Common Street, 146 feet 6 inches on Camp Street,—Rented at \$25,000, valued at \$500,000

ONE PRIZE—DWELLING HOUSE.

(Adjoining the Arcade,) No. 16, 24 feet 7 inches, front, on Natchez Street—Rented at \$1,200, valued at \$20,000

ONE PRIZE—DWELLING HOUSE.

(Adjoining the Arcade,) No. 18, 28 feet, front on Natchez Street—Rented at \$1,200, valued at \$20,000

ONE PRIZE—DWELLING HOUSE.

(Adjoining the Arcade,) No. 20, 23 feet, front, on Natchez Street—Rented at \$1,200, valued at \$20,000

ONE PRIZE—DWELLING HOUSE.

No. 23, northeast corner of Basin and Custom House Street, 40 feet, front on Basin, and 40 feet on Franklin Street, by 127 feet deep in Custom House Street—Rented at \$1,500 valued at \$20,000

ONE PRIZE—DWELLING HOUSE.

No. 24, south west corner of the Basin and Custom House Street, 32 feet 7 inches on Franklin, 127 feet 10 1/2 inches deep in Custom House Street, Rented at \$1,500, valued at \$20,000

ONE PRIZE—DWELLING HOUSE.

No. 339, 24 feet 8 inches on Royal St. by 127 feet 11 inches deep—Rented at \$1,000, valued at \$20,000

1 prize, 250 shares Canal Bank stock, \$100 each, 25,000

1 do. 200 do. Commercial do. \$100 20,000

1 do. 150 do. Mech. & Trad. do. 15,000

1 do. 100 do. City Bank do. 10,000

1 do. 100 do. do. do. 10,000

1 do. 100 do. do. do. 10,000

1 do. 50 Exchange Bank, do. 5,000

1 do. do. do. do. 5,000

1 do. 25 do. Gas light do. 5,000

1 do. 25 do. do. do. 5,000

1 do. 15 do. Mech. & Trad. do. 1,500

1 do. 15 do. do. do. 1,500

20 prizes, each 10 shares of the Louisiana State Bank, \$100—each prize \$1,000, 20,000

10 prizes, each 2 shares of \$100 each—each prize \$200 of Gas Light Bank, 2,000

200 prizes, each one share of \$100 of the Bank of Louisiana, 20,000

200 prizes, each one share of \$100 of the New Orleans Bank, 20,000

150 prizes, each one share of \$100 of the Union Bank of Florida, 15,000

SIX HUNDRED PRIZES. \$1,500,000

TICKETS \$20.—NO SHARES.

The whole of the Tickets with their numbers, as also those containing the prizes, will be examined and sealed by the commissioners appointed under the Act, previously to their being put into the wheels. One wheel will contain the whole of the numbers, the other will contain the Six Hundred Prizes, and the first 600 numbers that shall be drawn out, will be entitled to such Prize as may be drawn to its number, and the fortunate holders of such prizes will have such property transferred to them immediately after the drawing, unincumbered, and without any deduction. Editors of every paper in the United States, in the West Indies, in Canada, and British Provinces, are requested to insert the above as a standing advertisement until the 1st of December, and to send their accounts to, together with a paper containing the advertisement.

SYLVESTER & Co. 156 Broadway, N. Y.

New York, May 7, 1839.

THE MAMMOTH LOTTERY.—We call the attention of our friends to the alteration of the scheme of this Lottery. It will be seen that a Trust deed has been executed by which all the money received for tickets is deposited in the New Orleans Bank to be properly appropriated: thus giving additional assurance, (if any were wanting,) that the Managers' intention is strictly to fulfill their contract with the public.

TO EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.—Having received newspapers containing the above Scheme, from twenty-five States and Territories besides several of the British Provinces, we are satisfied with the circulation, and therefore request that such papers as have not, up to this time, inserted the advertisement, will be pleased not to do so, and that all other papers will insert it once a week until the 1st of December, and forward us their accounts.

LANDS TO LEASE.

A NUMBER of valuable Lots in and adjacent to Town Plat of Fredericton, to be let on Building and other leases upon application to the Subscriber.

W. H. ODELL.

Fredericton, 9th April, 1839.

THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

TERMS.—Sixteen Shillings per annum, exclusive of postage.

Advertisements not exceeding twelve lines will be inserted for four shillings and sixpence the first, and one shilling and sixpence for each succeeding insertion.

Blank, Handbills, &c. &c. can be struck off at the shortest notice.

AGENTS.

SAINT JOHN.....Mr. Peter Duff.
SAINT ANDREWS.....Mr. Wm. McLean.
DORCHESTER.....E. B. Chandler, Esq.
SAISBURY.....R. Scott, Esq.
KINGSTON.....Asa Davidson, Esq.
HAMPTON.....Mr. Samuel Hall.
GAGETOWN.....Mr. Wm. Buxwell.
SUSSEX VALE.....J. C. Fall, Esq.
KENT.....J. H. Feltou, Esq.
NEWCASTLE (Miramichi).....George Kerr, Esq.
CHATHAM (Miramichi).....Mr. W. Simpson.
KENT (County of York).....Geo. Morehouse, Esq.
BATHURST.....H. Baldwin, Esq.