



## Imperial Parliament, HOUSE OF LORDS, JANUARY, 16.

This being the day appointed for the opening of Parliament, at a quarter after two o'clock Her Majesty entered the House with the usual forms, and addressed the Lords and Commons in the following most gracious

### SPEECH:

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Since you were last assembled I have declared my intention of allying myself in marriage with the Prince Albert of Saxe Coburg and Gotha. I humbly implore that the Divine blessing may prosper this union, and render it conducive to the interests of my people as well as to my own domestic happiness, and it will be to me a source of the most lively satisfaction to find the resolution I have taken approved by my Parliament.

The constant proofs which I have received of your attachment to my person and family persuade me that you will enable me to provide for such an establishment as may appear suitable to the rank of the Prince and the dignity of the Crown.

I continue to receive from Foreign Powers assurances of their unabated desire to maintain with me the most friendly relations.

I rejoice that the civil war which has so long disturbed and dissipated the northern provinces of Spain had been brought to an end by an arrangement satisfactory to the Spanish Government and to the people of those provinces, and I trust that, ere long, peace and tranquillity will be established throughout the rest of Spain.

The affairs of the Levant have continued to occupy my most anxious attention. The concord which has prevailed amongst the five Powers has prevented a renewal of hostilities in that quarter; and I hope that the same unanimity will bring these important and difficult matters to a final settlement, in such a manner as to uphold the integrity and independence of the Ottoman empire, and to give additional security to the peace of Europe.

I have not yet been enabled to re-establish my diplomatic relations with the Court of Tehran, but communications which I have lately received from the Persian Government inspire me with the confident expectation that the difference which occasioned a suspension of those relations will soon be satisfactorily adjusted.

Events have happened in China, which have occasioned an interruption of the commercial intercourse of my subjects with that country. I have given, and shall continue to give, the most serious attention to a matter so deeply affecting the interests of my subjects and the dignity of my Crown.

I have great satisfaction in acquainting you that the military operations undertaken by the Governor General of India have been attended with complete success, and that in the expedition to the Westward of the Indus the officers and troops, both European and native, have displayed the most distinguished skill and valour.

I have directed that further papers relating to the affairs of Canada should be laid before you, and I confide to your wisdom this important subject.

I recommend to your early attention the state of the Municipal Corporation of Ireland. It is desirable that you should prosecute those measures relating to the Established Church which have been recommended by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners of England.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons, I have directed the estimates for the service of the year to be laid before you. They have been framed with every attention to economy, and at the same time with a due regard to the efficiency of those establishments which are rendered necessary by the extent and circumstances of the empire.

I have lost no time in carrying into effect the intentions of Parliament by the reduction of the duties on postage, and I trust that the beneficial effects of this measure will be felt throughout all classes of the community.

My Lords and Gentlemen, I learn with great sorrow that the commercial embarrassments which have taken place in this and in other countries are subjecting many of the manufacturing districts to severe distress.

I have to acquaint you, with deep concern, that the spirit of insubordination has in some parts of the country broken out into open violence, which was speedily repressed by the firmness and energy of the magistracy, and by the steadiness and good conduct of my troops. I confidently rely upon the power of the law, upon your loyalty and wisdom, and upon the good sense and right feeling of my people, for the maintenance of order, the protection of property, as far as they can be promoted by human means, of the true interests of the empire.

## MARRIAGE OF THE QUEEN

[From the London Morning Post, of February 11]

The morning of yesterday had only dawned when the flags were hoisted on the various towers of the metropolis, and when the bells of the principal churches sent forth their joyous peals to usher in the auspicious day which was to unite the illustrious Queen of these realms with the young Prince of her choice, and of the nation's hopes. Unfortunately Aurora was not in her gentlest mood, and came forth to meet her sister Queen, not in smiles of gladness, but in lowering frowns of sullen envy. Showers both thick and fast fell down, and scarce a ray of expectation gleamed over the sulky day. But however successful had been the deluge upon the temper of the "firm earth,"—changing it into unfathomable mud—it entirely failed in damping, in the slightest degree, either the curiosity or the loyalty of the good folks of the metropolis. At six o'clock the

Mall and the entrance to the Palace were already thronged with crowds of anxious gazers, and many well dressed persons of both sexes filled the places most commodious for viewing the pageant of the day.

Two field trains of the Royal Artillery, from Woolwich, each consisting of four guns, also arrived, and were stationed inside the Park, for the purpose of firing salutes as Her Majesty proceeded from the Palace to St. James's. The line was kept by the Life Guards and Dragoons, and a clear space was preserved down the centre of the Mall for the passage of the cortege.

At half past ten the foreign Ambassadors began to arrive in quick succession, and were for the most part loudly greeted by the spectators.

The hour fixed for the departure of Her Majesty from Buckingham Palace for St. James's was twelve o'clock, and several hundreds of persons were admitted to the grand hall and portions of the grand staircase, to witness this preliminary step in the grand ceremonial of the day, by tickets from the Board of Green Cloth. About ten o'clock elegantly dressed ladies and gentlemen, many of whom were in full dress, with favours of white flowers, began to arrive at the grand hall entrance, ranging themselves on the ends and sides of the grand hall, where they had excellent positions for seeing the two illustrious individuals, whose marriage was about to take place.

By eleven o'clock the Mistress of the Robes, the Duchess of Sutherland, the ladies in Waiting, and the Maids of Honour, had arrived; and, after remaining in attendance upon Her Majesty for about twenty minutes, they, with two or three exceptions, proceeded to St. James's Palace, there to wait the arrival of Her Majesty.

At twenty minutes before twelve the word "sharp" (which is at Court the usual intimation that members of the Royal Family are at hand) was heard on the grand staircase, and it was immediately understood that His Royal Highness Prince Albert was about also to take his departure for St. James's.

In a few seconds His Royal Highness appeared accompanied by his own attendants and the chief officers of Her Majesty's household. His Royal Highness descended the steps leading immediately into the grand hall, bowing and smiling most gracefully and benignantly; for no sooner was he in sight than all present welcomed him with a most hearty clapping of hands. His Royal Highness and his attendants having entered the carriage which was waiting his reception, the officers of the household who had accompanied him to the carriage door returned again to attend upon Her Majesty.

It was now within a few minutes of twelve o'clock, and Her Majesty's appearance was looked for every moment with the greatest interest and anxiety.

In a few minutes after twelve the word of import "sharp" was again heard, and after a short lapse of time Her Majesty descended the staircase into the grand hall, accompanied by Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Kent, the Mistress of the Robes (the Duchess of Sutherland), and one of the Ladies in Waiting, attended by the principal officers of the Household, and the two Pages of Honour, who bore Her Majesty's beautiful white train. Orange blossoms decorated Her Majesty's brow, and formed a highly becoming head-dress; indeed the whole attire of Her Majesty formed the beau ideal of a Royal bride's apparel.

The front gates were now thrown open, and at a quarter before twelve o'clock, the weather still continuing fair, the Park guns announced the departure from the Palace of Prince Albert; his father, the Duke of Saxe Coburg Gotha; his brother, Prince Ernest; and their suites. The Prince on making his appearance with His Royal relatives, was greeted by the spectators with enthusiastic cheering.

On the appearance of Her Majesty the cheering was deafening, handkerchiefs waving, and energetic shouts of "Long live your Majesty," which continued without intermission until her arrival at St. James's.

The Park presented one mass of human beings—it was estimated there must have been at least fifty thousand persons present. Most of the spectators wore white favours, and, in spite of the unfavourable weather, and the wet and miserable state of the Park, they waited with the greatest anxiety and good temper for the appearance of the procession.

Long before the hour appointed for opening the doors of the Chapel Royal to those who had obtained the Lord Chamberlain's tickets of admission to the Chapel Royal, and the suite of state apartments through which the Royal procession was to pass, the avenues in the vicinity of St. James's Palace were crowded with carriages, which continued to set down without intermission until half past eleven o'clock, the hour at which it had been fixed the doors of the chapel and the Palace should be closed.

The servants of the nobility and gentry for the most part wore their state liveries, with wedding favours, and notwithstanding the unfavourable state of the morning, the streets in the vicinity of the Palace presented a very animated appearance.

Shortly after half past nine o'clock the Cabinet Ministers began to arrive. The Right Hon. the Chancellor of the Exchequer was amongst the earliest arrivals, and was followed in succession by Viscount Melbourne, Lord Holland, Lord John Russell, the Marquis of Normandy, the Lord Chancellor (who came in state, with his suite, in three carriages,) Viscount Palmerston, and Lord Morpeth.

At half past eleven the Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Cambridge, Prince George and Princess Augusta of Cambridge, arrived in state, escorted by a party of the Life Guards, and their Royal Highnesses were loudly cheered in their progress through the Park, and were received by the guard in the garden with the usual honors. His Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex followed a few moments afterwards, also escorted by a party of Life Guards.

At nine o'clock the doors for admission of spectators were opened, and at half-past ten o'clock but few seats remained unoccupied in Queen Anne's room, the presence chamber, guard chamber, the long gallery, or in the co-

lonade. The ladies and gentlemen who filled the seats all appeared in full dress, the ladies without plumes. Queen Anne's room was occupied principally by the nobility and gentry.

Within the chapel her Majesty commanded that all the members of her household should be accommodated, and the places were apportioned under the direction of the Lord Chamberlain according to a scale of precedence, as were all the other places for which tickets were granted.

It was calculated that rather more than five hundred distinguished individuals were present, and the scene was remarkably brilliant. The galleries were divided into six compartments.

The Foreign Ambassadors and Ministers occupied the end gallery opposite the altar. Their dresses were of the most magnificent and costly description, and they all wore the decorations of various orders. The head-dresses of the ladies were most profusely studded with jewels.

One of the earliest in attendance was His Excellency the American Ambassador, Mr. Stevenson. He was soon followed by the Belgian Minister and Mrs. Van de Weyer, and before eleven o'clock the whole of the Ambassadors, with their ladies, were in this gallery.

In the front seat were places for six, but only five took their seats there as His Excellency Count Sebastiani, the Ambassador from the King of the French, was unaccompanied by his Countess. We believe the other two nations whose representatives had the front seat were the Austrian and the Russian, with their ladies.

The Turkish Ambassador was also in this gallery.

The Cabinet Ministers were all in attendance before eleven o'clock. They were attired in the official uniform of blue and gold.

The Knights of the Garter were decorated with the splendid insignia of that noble order. The Archbishop of Canterbury was the first of the eminent ecclesiastics who were in attendance. His Grace came as early as half past ten, and took his seat on the left hand side of the altar, where were placed two stools—the other for his Grace the Archbishop of York, who soon after entered the Chapel, and took his place beside him. His Grace of York, however, had none of the duty allotted to him, as the marriage ceremony was performed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Bishop of London making the responses. The latter prelate had his place at the right hand side of the altar.

The Right Hon. James Shaw, Lefevre, Speaker of the House of Commons, entered the gallery, where a seat was prepared for him, soon after eleven, in his full dress robes. In the same gallery were also Lord John Russell, the Marquis of Normandy, Lord Morpeth, and the Right Hon. Sir John Cam Hobhouse.

The Duke of Wellington wore his full uniform as a Field Marshal, and carried his baton; he wore three collars of orders, and on his breast was the Waterloo medal. His Grace was the object of great interest, and was ushered to his seat, which, by the courtesy of the other Dukes present, was the one nearest to the altar.

About half past eleven Sir Augustus Clifford, the Usher of the Black Rod, entered, and soon after some of the Heralds, in their gorgeous tabards, gave evidence of the coming presence of Royalty.

Soon after the arrival of the Queen and Prince Albert from Buckingham Palace the procession was marshalled by Sir William Woods, Garter Principal King of Arms, in the drawing room adjoining the throne room. The centre door communicating with Queen Anne's room was then open, and the procession of His Royal Highness Prince Albert of Saxe Coburg and Gotha commenced its progress to the Chapel Royal exactly at Twenty five minutes past twelve o'clock.

His Serene Highness wore a field marshal's uniform, with large rosettes of white satin on his shoulders.

The demeanour of the Prince, though evidently labouring under strong emotions, was manly and graceful in the extreme.

When His Royal Highness reached the haut-pas he was conducted by the Lord Chamberlain to the Queen Dowager, whose hand he respectfully but affectionately kissed. He then bowed to the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Archbishop of York respectively, whose seats were on the right of the altar; then to the Bishop of London, who sat on the left of the altar, and took his seat. His Royal Highness was then observed to engage in conversation with the Queen Dowager during the interval which occupied previous to the arrival of Her Majesty the Queen.

The Lord Chamberlain and the Vice Chamberlain returned to the state rooms to attend the Queen. The procession was immediately formed, and moved from the throne twenty five minutes before one o'clock.

The respective persons composing the procession were conducted to the places provided for them; the Princes and Princesses of the Blood Royal to the seats prepared for them on the haut-pas; and the several ladies attendant upon the Queen to the seats provided near Her Majesty's person.

The Queen, we fancied, looked rather pale, in spite of an evident and successful effort to maintain that composure which so well suited with her high station and trying occasion in which Her Majesty was engaged.

After Her Majesty, His Royal Highness the Prince Albert, and the other Royal and distinguished personages had taken their respective places, and their ladies in waiting had been ushered to their seats below the bench of Peers, the Archbishop of Canterbury advanced, and in a clear and benignant tone of voice commenced reading the marriage service contained in our ritual.

The ceremony was precisely that of our liturgy; the passages left open for the names, with the initials M. and N. being simply supplied with the names "Albert and Victoria." The Royal procession left the Chapel in the same form that it arrived, the only difference being that Prince Albert's retinue went out first without him, and that he remained behind to escort Her Majesty, hand in hand, and un-gloved, out of the chapel, escorted and accompanied as she entered.

The Queen, on the conclusion of the ceremony, shook hands cordially with the various members of the Royal Family.

Such was the course and termination of this solemn and interesting event, of which we briefly but sincerely pray "May God's blessing be upon it."

The attestation of her Majesty's marriage with his Royal Highness Prince Albert of Saxe Coburg Gotha was signed by all the illustrious party present.

The prelates retired from the Royal presence at the conclusion of this august ceremony, and her Majesty and his Royal Highness Prince Albert shortly afterwards took their departure, attended by the Royal suite, for Buckingham Palace.

Precisely at half past one the discharge of a Royal salute of twenty-one guns, by the ordinance on the parade in front of the Horse Guards, announced to the inhabitants of the metropolis that the ring had been placed upon the finger of her Majesty, and the crowd began to prepare for the return of the illustrious pair.

The procession to Buckingham Palace was reformed at twenty minutes to two o'clock, pretty much in the same order in which it moved in the morning. Prince Albert took his place in the same carriage with her Majesty, the Duchess of Sutherland taking her place with the Earl of Albemarle, who, on this occasion, waived his official right to be in the same carriage with her Majesty. The Queen occupied the place of honor, and Prince Albert and the Duchess of Kent sat opposite her Majesty.

Her Majesty and His Royal Highness Prince Albert left Buckingham Palace at four o'clock, in a carriage and four, with outriders in scarlet liveries, and escorted by a party of Light Dragoons, for Windsor Castle.

Her Majesty and Royal Consort arrived at Windsor Castle at a quarter before seven o'clock, under a guard of honor, composed of the 2d Life Guards, commanded by Lieutenant Tottenham. Her Majesty, on being handed from the carriage by His Royal Highness, took the arm of the Prince, and the illustrious and happy couple, ascended the grand staircase, and then proceeded to the Royal apartments.

The officers of the 2d Regiment of Life Guards, and those of the 2d battalion of the Rifle Brigade, each had a banquet at their respective barracks, and regaled the whole of the privates with the old English fare, roast beef and plum pudding.

The children of the charitable institutions were not forgotten on this occasion, neither were the poor in the alms houses and poor house; every one, from the highest to the lowest, participated in the celebration of this national event.

### GLOBE OFFICE, FROM 9 O'CLOCK.

ADDRESSES TO THE QUEEN AND PRINCE ALBERT ON THEIR MARRIAGE.

This day, at two o'clock, both Houses of Parliament assembled in their respective chambers, and proceeded to Buckingham Palace, headed, the Lords by the Lord Chancellor, and the Commons by their Speaker, to present their Addresses of Congratulation to Her Majesty and Prince Albert on their marriage.

HER MAJESTY'S REPLY TO THE LORDS ADDRESS.

I thank you for this dutiful and affectionate Address. I feel deeply your approbation of my choice, and it gives me great satisfaction to find that an event so essential to my domestic happiness is also considered conducive to the interests of my people.

HER MAJESTY'S REPLY TO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

I thank you for this dutiful and affectionate Address. It is with great satisfaction that I find that an event, in which my feelings are so deeply interested, has been attended with so many manifestations of joy among my people, and has called forth expressions of loyal attachment from my Parliament.

ANSWER OF PRINCE ALBERT TO THE HOUSE OF LORDS AND HOUSE OF COMMONS.

I return the House of Lords my warmest thanks for the message which you have now delivered. I learn with lively satisfaction their approbation of the choice which Her Majesty has made, and it will be the study of my life to justify the favourable opinion which you have now expressed.

[His Royal Highness's Reply to the House of Commons' Address was couched in precisely the same terms as to that of the Lords.]

### THE ROYAL MARRIAGE, &c.

(Supplement to the London Gazette of Friday the 7th of Feb.)

WAR-OFFICE, Feb. 8, 1840.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint his Royal Highness Francis Albert Augustus Charles Emmanuel Duke of Saxe, Prince of Saxe Coburg and Gotha, K. G. to be a Field Marshal in the Army. Commission to be dated 8th Feb. 1840.

WHITEHALL, Feb. 6.—The Queen has been pleased to declare and ordain that his Royal Highness Francis Albert Augustus Charles Emmanuel Duke of Saxe, Prince of Saxe Coburg and Gotha, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, shall henceforth, upon all occasions whatsoever, be styled and called "His Royal Highness," before his name and such titles as now do, or hereafter may, belong to him; and to command that the said royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

COLLEGE OF ARMS, Feb. 7.—The Queen has been pleased to declare and ordain that his Royal Highness Francis Albert Augustus Charles Emmanuel Duke of Saxe, Prince of Saxe Coburg and Gotha, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, shall for the future use and bear the royal arms, differenced with a label of three points argent, the centre point charged with the cross of St. George, quarterly with the arms of his illustrious house, the royal arms in the first and fourth quarters. And also to command that the said royal concession and declaration be registered in this College.

### FOR SALE.

AN ENGLISH made GIG. Enquire of W. J. BEDELL, Fredericton, 17th March, 1840.

## ROYAL GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, MARCH 18, 1840.

### Central Bank of New Brunswick.

WILLIAM J. BEDELL, President.

SAMUEL W. BABBIT, Cashier.

Discount Days.....Tuesdays and Fridays.

Director this week.....G. J. DIBBLE.

Bills or Notes offered for discount must be left at the Bank, enclosed and directed to the Cashier before two o'clock on Mondays and Thursdays.

### Commercial Bank of New Brunswick.

FREDERICTON BRANCH.

ASA COY, Chairman of Directors.

ARCHIBALD SCOTT, Cashier.

Discount Days.....Mondays and Thursdays.

Director this week.....B. WOLHAUTER.

Hours of business from 10 to 3.

Notes or Bills for discount are to be left at the Bank, enclosed to the Cashier, before 3 o'clock on Saturdays and Wednesdays.

### Bank of British North America.

FREDERICTON BRANCH.

ALFRED SMITHERS, Manager.

Discount Days.....Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

Director this week.....JOHN SIMPSON.

Hours of business, from 10 to 3.

Notes and Bills for Discount to be left before 3 o'clock on the days preceding the Discount Days.

### Saving's Bank.

Trustee for next week.....PETER FISHER.

### Central Fire Insurance Company.

Office open every day, at Mr. Minchin's Brick House, opposite the Parade, (Sunday excepted,) from 11 to 2 o'clock.

B. WOLHAUTER, President.

Committee for the present month.

W. D. HART and T. T. SMITH.

### Alms House and Work House.

Commissioner for the week commencing to-morrow.

L. A. WILMOT.



By Authority.

### PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.

John Hazen, Esquire, to be Sheriff of the County of Sunbury.

Henry Jones, to be a Coroner in the County of York.

Samuel Fry, and David W. Jack, Esquires, to be Members of the Board of Education in Charlotte County.

James H. Street and William Babcock, Esquires, to be Members of the Board of Health at Saint Andrews.

The undermentioned tracts of vacant Crown Land will be offered at Public Auction, at this Office on Monday, the 4th day of May next.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, noon.

TERMS.—Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale and the remainder within 14 days after.

120 acres, Northumberland, east side of the Road from Newcastle to Chaplain's Island, as surveyed for John Wright, Jun. Upset price, 3s. per acre.

240 acres, Northumberland, lot No. 1, south side Bartholomew's River, adjoining the grant to William Thomson. Upset price, 3s. per acre.

JOHN S. SAUNDERS.

Surveyor General.

Crown Land Office, March 7, 1840.

### HEAD QUARTERS, FREDERICTON, 17th March, 1840.

### MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief, has been pleased to make the following promotions, &c.

New Brunswick Regiment of Artillery.

2d Lieutenant John C. Allen, to be Adjutant, with the rank of Lieutenant, vice E. Pick, deceased.

The christian name of the Gentleman appointed to the Artillery Company, stationed at Woodstock, in the Gazette of the 9th December last, is Walter D. and not Walter J. Bedell.

1st Battalion Carleton Militia.

Ensign William Shaw, to be Lieutenant, vice Dickinson, deceased.

TO BE ENSIGNS.

Elisha Shaw, Gent. vice William Shaw, promoted, dated 17th March.

Allen Estabrooks, Gent. 18th March.

James Lockwood, Gent. 19th do.

John S. Macheth, Gent. to be Quartermaster of the Troop of Cavalry, attached to 1st Battalion Carleton.

1st Battalion Charlotte.

Captain James Boyd, to be second Major.

James Rait, Gent. to be Quartermaster, with the rank of Lieutenant, vice Jack, resigned.

The resignation of the following Officers have been accepted, and who are permitted to retire with their respective Rank in the Militia.

Captain Ralph Carter, 2d Battalion

Joseph Bowser, and Westmorland,

Lieut. William Carter,

Also, Ensign Morris Wootten, St. John County Militia.

By Command,

GEO. SHORE, A. G. M.

### ARRIVAL OF THE GREAT WESTERN.

FORTY THREE DAYS LATER.

The arrival of this fortunate Steamer in less than sixteen days, puts us in possession of intelligence from England to the evening of the 20th February. We have much pleasure in being enabled to furnish our readers with the Queen's Speech, at the opening of Parliament, on the 16th January, and also an abridged account of the interesting ceremonies which were observed on the day of Her Majesty's marriage.