

ROYAL GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, APRIL 28, 1841.

Central Bank of New Brunswick.

WILLIAM J. BEDELL, President.

SAMUEL W. BABBITT, Cashier.

Discount Days.....Tuesdays and Fridays.
Director this week.....B. WOLHAUTER.
Bills or Notes offered for discount must be left at the Bank, enclosed and directed to the Cashier, before two o'clock on Mondays and Thursdays.

Bank of British North America.

FREDERICTON BRANCH.

GEORGE TAYLOR, Manager.

Discount Days.....Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Director this week.....SPAFFORD BARKER.
Hours of business, from 10 to 3.
Notes and Bills for Discount to be left before 3 o'clock on the days preceding the Discount Days.

Saving's Bank.

Trustee for next week.....JAMES WILLOX.

Central Fire Insurance Company.

Office open every day, at Mr. Minchin's Brick House, opposite the Parade, (Sunday excepted,) from 11 to 2 o'clock.
B. WOLHAUTER, President.
Committee for the present month.
F. E. BECKWITH and WM. A. McLEAN.

Alms House and Work House.

Commissioner for the week commencing to-morrow.
MOSES PICKARD.

Hartford Fire Insurance Company,

HARTFORD CONNECTICUT.

Agent at Fredericton.—ASA COY.



By Authority.

At the Court of Buckingham Palace, the 5th day of February, 1841.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the late Act of Uniformity which establisheth the Liturgy, and enacts that no Form or Order of Common Prayer be openly used, other than what is prescribed or appointed to be used in and by the said Book, it is notwithstanding provided that, in all those Prayers, Litanies, and Collects, which do anywise relate to the King, Queen, or Royal Progeny, the names be altered and changed from time to time, and fitted to the present occasion, according to the direction of lawful authority. Her Majesty was pleased this day in Council to declare Her Royal Will and Pleasure that, in all the Prayers, Liturgies, and Collects for the Royal Family, the words, "The Prince Albert" be inserted immediately after the words "Adelaide the Queen Dowager." And Her Majesty doth strictly charge and command, that no edition of the Common Prayer be from henceforth printed, but with this amendment; and that in the mean time, till copies of such edition may be had, all Parsons, Vicars, and Curates, within this Realm, do (for the preventing of mistakes), with the pen, correct and amend all such Prayers in their Church Books, according to the foregoing directions; and for the better notice hereof, that this Order be forthwith printed and published and sent to the several Parishes, and that the Right Reverend the Bishops do take care that obedience be paid to the same accordingly.

His Excellency Sir WILLIAM MACBEAN GEORGE COLEBROOKE, K. H., having been appointed to succeed His Excellency Sir JOHN HARVEY, K. C. B. and K. C. H. as Lieutenant Governor of the Province, came this day to the Council Chamber and presented his Commission, which being read, His Excellency took the usual Oaths, and assumed the Administration of the Government.

By His Excellency Lieutenant Colonel Sir WILLIAM MACBEAN GEORGE COLEBROOKE, K. H., Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New Brunswick.

W. M. G. COLEBROOKE.

A PROCLAMATION.

HER Majesty having been pleased, by Her Royal Commission this day published, to constitute and appoint me to be Lieutenant Governor of this Province of New Brunswick, the Administration of the Government of which I have this day assumed, I do therefore publish this Proclamation, of which all persons concerned are required to take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, this twenty seventh day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty one, and in the fourth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

By His Excellency's Command.

WM. F. ODELL.

ALFRED READE, Esquire, to be Private Secretary to the Lieutenant Governor.

By order.

A. READE, Private Secretary.

The Lieutenant Governor calls attention to the printed Regulations, Chapter 12, Page 85, in regard to correspondence, and requests that all communications addressed to him may be written in a large and distinct hand and with dark ink.

By order.

A. READE, Private Secretary.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENT.

William End, Esquire, to be one of Her Majesty's Law Counsel.
Secretary's Office, 19th April, 1841.

CIVIL APPOINTMENT.

John Simpson, Esquire, to be Commissioner of the Alms House in Fredericton, in the room of Charles P. Wetmore, Esquire, resigned.
Secretary's Office, 27th April, 1841.

FREDERICTON, 26th APRIL, 1841.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDER.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to appoint 2d Lieutenant E. B. Peters, to be Quarter Master of the New Brunswick Regiment of Artillery, with the rank of 1st Lieutenant, the notification of this appointment having been omitted in the General Order of 30th March last. Commission to be dated 30th March, 1841.

By Command.

GEO. SHORE, A. G. M.

His Excellency Sir W. M. G. COLEBROOKE, K. H. arrived at Government House, via Nepes Road, on Friday evening last, accompanied by his Private Secretary, Alfred Reade, Esquire, and yesterday, as announced by Proclamation, His Excellency came to the Council Chamber, took the usual oaths, and assumed the Administration of the Government.

Yesterday His Excellency Sir JOHN HARVEY held his farewell Levee at Government House, which was more numerously attended than any we have before witnessed, and during which the following Addresses were presented to His Excellency:—

ADDRESS

To His Excellency Major General Sir JOHN HARVEY, K. C. B. & K. C. H., Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

We, the undersigned, Magistrates, Members of the Legislative Council and Assembly, Merchants, and other Inhabitants of Fredericton, in the County of York, deeply participating in the regret which pervades all classes of the community throughout the Province, at Your Excellency's departure and retirement from the Administration of the Government of New Brunswick, cannot take leave of Your Excellency without expressing the strong interest which we feel in the welfare of Your Excellency and Family, and assuring Your Excellency that the period of your Administration of the Government will long be to us a subject of grateful recollection.

It was the agreeable task of the inhabitants of Fredericton, and of this County, to hail the arrival of Your Excellency with the pleasing anticipations which we derived from the high character with which you came amongst us, as one possessed of a personal knowledge and thorough insight into the state of Her Majesty's North American Colonies, physical and social, and not only as being versed in the arts of Civil Government, but as an Officer eminently distinguished for a bold and successful career on the Canada Frontier, shared by some of those who have now the honor to address you. It is gratifying for us to reflect that these anticipations have been fully realized; the enlightened and conciliatory policy pursued by Your Excellency having successfully conducted us to the present advanced state of commercial prosperity and public improvement.

We should do injustice to our feelings were we not to avail ourselves of this opportunity to express the high sense of respect and esteem which we entertain for Lady Harvey, and how fully we appreciate her many noble and excellent qualities, and the kind feeling which has marked her intercourse with the society of this place;—and we assure Your Excellency that you carry with you our fervent prayers for the happiness of yourself, Lady Harvey and Family; and we trust that ere long higher honors await you, and that brighter prospects will be opened for the exercise of Your Excellency's distinguished acquirements.

REPLY:

GENTLEMEN,—To have received the congratulations of so highly respectable a body of Her Majesty's Subjects, as the Magistrates and other Inhabitants of the County of York and Town of Fredericton, upon my arrival in New Brunswick, nearly four years ago, and now to have received an assurance, such as is conveyed in the present Address, of their regret at the termination of my Administration of the Government, and their approbation of the manner in which it has been conducted, are circumstances connected with my public life, which will always constitute to me a source of pride and satisfaction.

But Gentlemen, the words "pride and satisfaction," however correctly they may express the sentiments which your Address has recited, as regards myself, are feeble terms by which to attempt to describe the feelings which have arisen in my breast, from the manner in which you have been pleased to speak of Lady Harvey. Gentlemen, to your just appreciation of Lady Harvey's character, you have conferred a personal obligation of the deepest kind upon every member of a family, which though about to be "separated," by unlooked for circumstances, can never be a "divided" one, so long as it may please God to spare to us that object of our common love and affection, of whom you have so kindly spoken.

In her name—in my own, and that of all my family, I thank you for your good wishes, and beg you to believe that they are warmly returned.

Government House, Fredericton, 27th April, 1841.

ADDRESS

To His Excellency Major General Sir JOHN HARVEY, K. C. B. & K. C. H., Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

We, whose names are hereunto subscribed, Inhabitants of the County of Carleton, having heard with much regret, that Her Majesty has been pleased to relieve Your Excellency

from the Government of this Province, cannot in justice to our own feelings allow you to depart from the Country without expressing the high sense we entertain of the manner in which you have conducted the Administration of this Province, during a period of great trial and responsibility; and the spirit of forbearance manifested by Your Excellency, at a time when the greatest excitement prevailed along the Frontier of this Province, has been mainly instrumental in preserving the tranquillity which now happily exists along the border; developing in Your Excellency's character both the Philanthropist and the Soldier; and we are well assured the pacific measures adopted by Your Excellency at that time will ever endear the recollection of Your Excellency's Government to the People of this Province, and more particularly to the Inhabitants of this County.

We trust that Your Excellency's long and faithful services will receive from our Most Gracious Queen, that commendation which is the British Soldier's highest reward; and in conclusion, we beg leave to assure Your Excellency, that you will carry with you our best wishes for the health, happiness and prosperity of yourself, Lady Harvey and family, and with feelings of deepest regret we bid Your Excellency farewell.

REPLY:

GENTLEMEN,—I thank you cordially for your expression of regret at the termination of my Administration of the Government of this Province, and of your approbation of the manner in which it has been conducted,—most especially do I thank you for this declaration of your satisfaction at the pacific course adopted by me towards a neighbouring State, at a period of great border excitement.

Such a declaration, proceeding from such a quarter, must be regarded as unequivocally demonstrating the importance attached to the preservation of peace, by all honorable means, by those who are in the position most correctly to appreciate its value.

The County of Carleton is identified with the most anxious period of my Government, and I can never cease to feel a warm interest in all that concerns its prosperity.

Government House, Fredericton, April 27, 1841.

ADDRESS

To His Excellency Major General Sir JOHN HARVEY, K. C. B. & K. C. H., Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

We, the Magistrates, Freeholders and others, Inhabitants of Queen's County, in the Province of New Brunswick, beg leave to present this our respectful and dutiful Address to Your Excellency, on the eve of Your Excellency's lamented departure from this Province.

Deep and lasting will be our regret at Your Excellency's sudden recall from our Provincial Government, which has been administered so much to our satisfaction, and under whose beneficial influence all the great interests of the Country have been so materially advanced, and the great and vital subject of Education so ably and unceasingly advocated and promoted.

In addition to these considerations, when we remember the happy results which flowed from Your Excellency's pacific policy, in reference to the then existing difficulties on our Frontier in the years 1838 and 1839, we are constrained to express our unbounded gratitude to Your Excellency for having, under Providence, so wisely averted from our Country the horrors of a bloody and unnatural war.

When we reflect upon the harmony which has prevailed during Your Excellency's Administration, through every Branch of the Provincial Government, we would sincerely pray that Your Excellency might be permitted to remain in your present station, were such prayer in accordance with the commands of our most Gracious Sovereign; but as Your Excellency's early departure is now rendered certain, we are happy in being enabled to pay this our just tribute of respect to Your Excellency, in the earnest hope that our beloved Queen will not fail hereafter amply and honorably to reward Your Excellency with those marks of Her Royal favor, which, in our humble opinion, Your Excellency has so ably and deservedly earned.

To your amiable Lady and Family we also present our affectionate farewell, and we earnestly pray that Your Excellency, with them, may long be spared to enjoy those rewards and honors which, we are happy to think, Your Excellency has so richly merited at the hands of our most Gracious Sovereign.

Verbal Answer made by Sir John Harvey on the presentation to His Excellency of the Queen's County Address at the Levee this day:

Sir,—I receive this Address with feelings of deep emotion. Having only this moment been placed in my hands, it appears to me that it would be more respectful towards those from whom it proceeds, and therefore more accordant with my feelings, that I should return a written answer, which I beg you to say to them shall accordingly be done at an early period.

ARRIVAL OF THE COLUMBIA.

HALIFAX, April 21, 1841.

The Steam Packet Columbia arrived here on Saturday last, in 12½ days from Liverpool. The English Papers possess little of novelty. Parliament was to adjourn for the Easter Recess from the 6th to the 22d inst., and all measures of importance were postponed till after such adjournment.

France is still occupied with the Fortification of Paris. A general feeling appears to pervade the ruling Powers of Europe that peace and unanimity will continue to be the "order of the day" and the same feeling is generally entertained as regards England and America.

An anarchical movement had taken place at Marseilles, but was immediately put down.

A bill extending the Municipal Franchise to persons professing the Jewish Faith has passed the Commons.

It seems at present uncertain when Major General Sir Jeremiah Dickson, appointed to the command of the Troops in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, may be looked for—it is

probable, however, he will be a Passenger in one of the May Steamers.

The situation of Brigade Major at Fredericton was discontinued by the Horse Guards on the 31st ult.

We regret to state, that Capt. Miller, of the Acadia, was left at Boston—he had been attacked by Scarlet Fever, and, although getting better, was not well enough to admit of his removal.

The Abercrombie transport, which has been engaged to convey the 47th, and part of the 33d Regiments to Barbadoes, has on board upwards of 1,100 souls.

The 74th Regiment has suffered dreadfully in the West Indies; Major Crabbe in command, with only six duty officers, by the last accounts. Colonel Mein is now in London; he lost his amiable wife, a son, and daughter, by the noxious clime of the West Indies.

EMIGRATION TO NORTH AMERICA.—In the "Correspondence relative to Emigration to Canada," presented to both Houses of Parliament, comparative statements are given of the number of emigrants arrived at Quebec since 1829 up to 1840, both inclusive. The grand total is 293,721, of whom about 5,000 were from Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, Havre, &c., and not less than 178,766 from Ireland, or nearly two-thirds of the total number of emigrants from the United Kingdom.

The greatest number of emigrants arrived in 1832, namely, 51,646, of whom 28,304 were Irish. In the previous year the number was 34,133, and of those not fewer than 20,254 were Irish. The smallest number in any year was in 1838, only 3,266, on account of the disturbances in Canada then. The number of emigrants that had arrived at New York during the last twelve years was 315,223.

STEAM FRIGATES.—The following are the steam-vessels ordered to be built:—Samson and Gladiator, first class; Sphinx and Infernal, second class, at Woolwich—Virago and Bulldog, second class at Chatham; Cormorant and Rattler, second class, at Sheerness; Belzebub and Centaur, first class; Thunderbolt and Scourge, second class, at Portsmouth; Vulture and Janus, first class; Spitfire and Inflexible, second class, at Pembroke. Total, sixteen.—*Naval and Military Gazette.*

Lieut. Gen. Sir Howard Douglas, Bart., and K. C. B., has been appointed to the 99th Regt., in succession to Major General Sir H. Gough, transferred to the 87th Royal Irish Fusiliers, vice Lieut. Gen. Sir Thomas Reynell, who has replaced the late lamented Sir Samuel Ford Wittingham, in the Colony of the 71st Light Infantry.—*United Service Gazette.*

The *Mentz Gazette* states that the Germanic Diet have voted a recompense of 100,000 florins (250,000 £) to the inventor of the electro-magnetic machine, to supersede steam engines.

Lieutenant Smith, R. N., and five of the coast guards, were drowned near Penzance one day last week, whilst going to the assistance of a vessel in distress.

The boy Jones, caught in the royal apartments at Buckingham Palace, was committed to the treadmill. His mode of entrance had not been discovered.

There has been an extensive robbery of plate and jewels at Windsor Castle, supposed to have been perpetrated by a porter in the establishment, who has absconded.

The weather continues delightfully mild, and has more the characteristics of ripe summer than the budding spring. From all parts of England, Ireland and Scotland, the accounts of the state of the land sown with grain of all descriptions are highly favorable.

Notification was made at Lloyds on Monday morning, requiring tenders for transports to convey 1,600 men, with 77 officers, to Halifax and Quebec, whither, it is reported, 4,000 men are ultimately destined.

It will be seen by our parliamentary analysis that the only subject of debate relating to India during the past month, has been on the subject of Mr. Labouchere's bill for the equalization of the duties on East and West India rum and sugar, which we rejoice to state, is ready to receive the royal assent.—*London Paper.*

The Chamber of Peers closed on Thursday the discussion on the articles of the fortification bill, and the amendment having been disposed of, the bill was put to the vote, when there appeared in its favor, 147; against it, 85; majority for the bill, 62. The French funds rose on Thursday, notwithstanding the decision.

BELOUIS.—The Belgian Ministers have tendered their resignation to the King.

The King of Oude's suite of ruby coloured chandeliers, candelabra, and wall brackets was exhibited at the establishment of Messrs. Copeland and Garret on the 6th ult. They contain, in the aggregate, 238 lights, and the cost of the whole is 10,000 gs. The effect will, doubtless be magnificent in the extreme, especially as the chamber destined to be decorated by this chaste display of Oriental splendour is, we understand, lined with mirrors from top to bottom.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 10.—Syria is finally and entirely evacuated by the Egyptian troops. The last 3000 embarked at Gaza for Alexandria, to which city Ibrahim Pacha and his suite proceeded in the steamboat, the Nile. The English marines, that were in Sarda, Beyrout and St. Jean d'Acre, have also left those places, and embarked in the English men of war, which left Beyrout on the 25th of February, and sailed for Marmozira, to which port the Austrian corvette Glomenza, which was also off Beyrout, is gone.—Redschid Pacha has received from the Sultan the insignia of the Nischani Ifichar of the first class, and a present of a million of piastres in money.—*Allgemeine Zeitung*, March 28.

PRESENTS TO HER MAJESTY.—Two beautiful Arabian ponies have been sent as presents to Her Majesty from the Imam of Muscat. They are of a light grey color, about 14 hands high, and nearly four years old. They are exceedingly tractable, very quiet in harness, and are intended to be driven by Her Majesty upon the arrival of the Court at Windsor at Easter.

[From the Boston Times, Extra, April 17.]

VERY LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM CHINA.

Hostilities again commenced. Strict Blockade of Canton! The English Blockading Squadron at Macao! Contemplated attack on and destruction of the Bogue Forts!

Just as the steamboat *Mohegan*, of the Stonington route, was leaving New York yesterday afternoon, the splendid and fast sailing ship *Panama*, Capt. Benjamin, passed the Battery, having just arrived from Canton, which place she left on the 4th of January, and Macao the 6th, thus bringing news seventeen days later from Canton.

By extraordinary efforts we were enabled to obtain the latest news. From the Captain we learn that there is not the slightest probability of any settlement of the difficulties—that China will not yield one iota—and that every preparation was making by the British Admiral to commence hostilities forthwith. We were kindly favored with the following letter from the Captain, but were unable to obtain any papers:

"When I left Canton river the Chinese were moving the junks loaded with stone preparatory to sinking the same upon the bar, and they would effect their object before the *Panama* could get out. I came down to the lower bar without 'Pilot or Grano Chops,' and was delayed, waiting for the Chops several days.—*The Junks were all in line upon the bar, ready to sink, at the firing of the first gun by the British authorities—and the day of settlement appeared to be as far distant as ever.* It was the intention of the Commodore to attack and destroy the Bogue forts, the day after my departure.

"PULASKI BENJAMIN,

"Capt. of the *Panama*."

The *Panama* came out of Canton by a special passport from Commodore Bremer. It is said that the English merchants were very indignant in consequence.

It was with great difficulty that Captain Benjamin succeeded in obtaining his departure—he was obliged to obtain special permission from the Admiral, of which the following is a copy:—

Mr. A. A. Ritchie, a citizen of the United States of America, and merchant trading at Canton, having made oath on 31st day of Dec. 1840, before His Excellency Charles Elliott, Chief Superintendent of Trade of British subjects in China, that to his certain knowledge the whole of the cargo now borne on the ship *Panama*, of New York, in the said United States, whereof D. P. Benjamin is master, is the Property of Messrs. N. L. & G. Griswold and other merchants of New York, and the master of the said *Panama*. These are therefore to certify that, under the special circumstances which attach to the said ship *Panama*, I have thought fit to permit her to depart from the port and river of Canton, in the prosecution of her intended voyage to New York aforesaid, and the respective Captains, Commodores, and Commanding Officers of Her Britannic Majesty's ships and vessels, are to take notice thereof accordingly, and to permit the said ship *Panama* to proceed on her intended voyage without obstruction or molestation.

Given under my hand on board H. B. M. ship *Wellies*, off Chicopee, 2d Jan. 1841.

(Signed) GORDON BREMER,

Commodore of the First Class, And Commodore in Chief of H. B. Majesty's Naval Forces in the East Indies.

Extract from a letter from a highly respectable house, dated Macao, 4th January, 1841, addressed to a mercantile house in New York:

"It still continues uncertain how the difficulties between the British and Chinese will terminate. The negotiations between Keshen, who is at Canton, and Captain Elliott, who is with the fleet near the Bogue, commenced early last month, and has been carried on by means of written communications. Nothing official has transpired as to the progress of the discussion, and very little information that can be depended upon has been obtained. The general impression is that the Chinese would make considerable concessions, but not enough to satisfy the British demands, and a Memorial has been sent by Keshen to Peking, asking it is supposed, further instructions from his government, an answer to which is expected to arrive in two days. Accounts from Chusan of the 24th Dec. mention that a majority of the Emperor's Council are said to be entirely opposed to any concession being made, and should this prove true, there will soon be an end to negotiation, and hostilities will follow."

OPENING OF THE GREAT NORTH OF ENGLAND RAILWAY.—This great undertaking, which has now been completed from York to Darlington, was formally opened on Tuesday, and on Wednesday was fully opened for the regular conveyance of passengers and merchandise. The completion of the work was on Tuesday celebrated by great festivities. A train left Darlington in the forenoon for York, containing about 600 shareholders and their friends—a luncheon was given by the directors of the York and North Midland Railway, in their new refreshment room, which on this day was also first opened—a public dinner took place in the evening at the King's Head Inn, Darlington, and along the entire line hundreds of persons were congregated, who hailed the trains with hearty buzzes. The distance, forty five miles, of nearly level road, was performed in the afternoon by a special train placed on the line for the conveniences of Mr. Joseph Pease, M. P., in one hour and forty minutes; the ordinary time occupied in the journey will, it is expected, be about two hours. The day was fine, and not a single accident occurred to mar the pleasures of the day, but all went "merry as a marriage bell."

GENERAL ORDERS.—*Horse Guards*, March 1, 1841.—Her Majesty having been graciously pleased to command that the Mates of the Royal Navy shall rank with the Subaltern officers of the Army, the General Commanding in Chief desires that the former may be recognised and saluted by the troops according to that rank.

Mr. Rose, a Scotchman, who, in his capacity usher of the convention, arrested Robispiere, died in Paris on Friday, in the 84th year of his age.