

Miscellaneous.

APPALING ACCIDENT AT ROTHERHAM.—FIFTY LIVES LOST.

During the early part of the afternoon of Monday week, the parts adjacent to the Canal Bridge were a scene of gaiety and animation, arising from the preparations for the launching of a new vessel, which has been lately built in the boat and raft yard belonging to Mr. Chambers, at Mashborough. The launch was appointed to take place about three o'clock, previous to which time, more than a hundred men and boys had assembled on the deck, as is usual on such occasions. Besides these, a great number of persons were assembled on each side of the canal, and others on board the vessels which were near at the time. Everything being prepared, and the proceedings having been so far conducted in the most proper and orderly manner, the word was given, the vessel was loosed from its position, and began to glide down the strays towards the canal. When it had got nearly to the water, the unfortunate persons on board made a sudden rush to the leeward side in order to see the commotion which the vessel would cause on its dropping into the stream. The impetus thus given, caused the vessel, which was a narrow built one, and fitted up with a deck and bulwarks, as a sea boat, to turn over. It went into the canal stern uppermost; and all on board, about one hundred in number, were instantly immersed in the water. It would be impossible to give any idea of the terror and distress, which at this moment seized upon the persons present, and the agonizing cries and shrieks of those who almost immediately arrived at the spot from various parts of the town, in search of their husbands, brothers, sons, or other relatives whom they had cause to fear had been on board the ill-fated vessel. Here and there might be seen, almost heart-broken, relatives eagerly looking for their lost ones, and occasionally countenances beaming with joy, when they had succeeded in finding their children, whom they anticipated were among the sufferers. Each side of the canal was crowded with hundreds of persons, anxious to render every assistance in their power, and great credit is due to Mr. Chambers for the activity and zeal manifested on behalf of the unfortunate sufferers. The men in that gentleman's employ, as well as several others on the spot, were also extremely active, and certainly did their best for saving as many lives as possible, and for rendering every assistance. Several surgeons were soon in attendance, who applied with the greatest assiduity, the usual means for restoring life, where nearly extinct from immersion in the water; and we understand that in some instances their efforts were crowned with success. A great number of bodies were almost instantly drawn from the water, some dead, and others barely existing.

The utmost anxiety, as may be supposed, was then manifested by the parties present to obtain a glimpse of each body as it was drawn ashore, for the purpose of identification; and great was the distress of those who were so unfortunate as to recognise the features of their friends and relatives. Attempts were immediately made for righting the vessel, as it was soon found that a great portion of the sufferers were underneath, and prevented from rising to the surface of the water by the bulwarks of the vessel. It was at length, by great labour, slightly moved, and immediately several bodies floated to the surface, and were eagerly grasped by those who were waiting for the purpose. Then, again, were the cries of distress truly pitiable, as the features of the dead bodies were recognized by their friends. Ropes were then again attached to the vessel, and the assistants of Mr. Chambers, as also the bystanders, endeavoured to effect the object in view, but without effect. Ropes were then procured, and the ropes and chains re-attached, but this time the fastenings gave way, and it was not until further efforts were made, and a delay of nearly two hours, that the object was gained. Each time, as the boat was partially lifted up, the bodies of the unfortunate sufferers kept floating from beneath; and when it was set right, eight or ten bodies were taken out in the space of as many minutes. Every moment the extent of the calamity became more awful, and as each corpse was taken to the tenebrous which the living body had so lately inhabited, added another tale of distress to those which had preceded. Amongst the praiseworthy exertions of those who rendered their valuable assistance, we cannot but allude to those of Mr. George Ridgway, who, at the risk of his own life, saved six others, by seizing the bodies immediately as they floated to the surface. The vessel was considerably damaged by this deplorable accident; her bulwarks being much broken, and other parts on the deck a good deal injured. It was several hours before the whole of the sufferers were taken from the water, and during the evening the water was let off from the canal, in order that none might be allowed to go down the stream. By this accident fifty persons were drowned. Amongst them was a fine youth, the only son of Mr. James Yates, of the Effingham Iron Works, who is deeply and deservedly lamented, and whose father is almost distracted at so sudden and severe a loss. Two other persons lost their only sons by the melancholy occurrence. Mr. John Greaterix, one of the sufferers, and who had been apprentice to Mr. Tomlinson, joiner, of Sheffield, had only become of age on the day of the accident, and was entitled to the receipt of some property. Having gone to Rotherham on that day to consult with Mr. Badger, solicitor (and coroner,) on some professional business, the unfortunate young man, seeing the steamers flying on board the vessels in the canal, was induced to join the throng, and went on board for the purpose of being present at the launch. In less than five minutes after stepping upon the vessel, this young man was drowned. John Smith, a waterman, with his two sons, Charles and Henry, also perished; and Mr. Joseph Buckley, foreman to Mr. Gee, joiner, was taken from the water dead, with his son Alfred, also dead, under his arm. Buckley has left a widow and (we understand) two children.

The above awful and heart-rending affair has spread a fearful gloom over the town of

Rotherham, as well as in Doncaster, Sheffield, and the neighbouring towns and villages. At Rotherham the melancholy subject has been the absorbing topic of conversation; and those who witnessed the proceedings on Monday, the number of lifeless bodies conveyed in all directions through the streets, the cries and lamentations of their parents and friends, as also those who subsequently saw their funeral processions, have received an impression which will never be effaced from their memory.

On Wednesday upwards of forty interments took place in the parish church-yard. From nine o'clock in the morning until about six in the evening, the morose funeral processions were seen approaching from all parts of the town; and at four o'clock about twelve coffins were in the church at one time, and these, on being removed therefrom, were met by others on their entrance to the sacred edifice. The church and the church-yard were crowded with spectators, who evinced by their half-broken sentences, the deep impression which so morose a funeral had made upon them. During the greater part of the day the bells, which were muffled, were tolling the approach of the departed to their last resting place, and the solemn sound gave still deeper effect to the dismal proceedings. In the forenoon a dumb peal was performed by the Rotherham ringers, as a token of regard for Mr. Samuel Heathcote, joiner for Mr. Bentley, of the brewery, who had acted for several years as a leader of the ringers, by whom, as well as by the public generally, he was greatly respected.

In order somewhat to alleviate the distress which exists, a subscription has been opened for the poorer class of those who have been bereaved of their friends. Geo. W. Chambers, Esq., the proprietor of the boat-yard where the accident occurred, has subscribed £20, and his father, Mr. Chambers, has sent the same sum from London. Mr. Bentley, of Rotherham, has given £10, and we understand that about £200 is already raised for the benevolent purpose. The Rev. Thomas Blackley, the vicar, also kindly offered to inter the whole of the bodies, relinquishing the usual fees.

Amongst the sufferers is the only son of Mr. Yates, of the Effingham Iron Works, who was the idol of his respected parent, a widower gentleman, and the largest merchant and manufacturer of the place, and the employer of near five hundred hands. Mr. Yates was attending the nomination of the West Riding candidates at Wakefield, having left his boy at home. The youth, a fine lad of about thirteen years of age, happened to pass the ship-yard when the launch was preparing, resigned his pony to a bystander, and got on board the vessel, which a few minutes after proved to be the termination of his existence.

[From a Calcutta Paper.]

EXTRAORDINARY SUICIDE IN CALCUTTA.

Captain George Hamilton Cox, Secretary of the Fire Insurance Company, who had formed an improper connection with an actress of Calcutta, had, for the last two or three days, been observed to be labouring under great depression of spirits, in consequence of his wife and children being daily expected from England. He went to the theatre, from which he returned to his lodgings at the Bengal Club about nine o'clock, and then, with the greatest deliberation, blew out his brains with a pistol, literally shattering to pieces the whole of his head.

After his return it appears he wrote a letter to the coroner, one to the editors of the "Englishman," and a third to the actress we have spoken of, and then, sending his servants out of the room, seated himself in a chair, which he adjusted in the corner of the closet, with a brace of loaded pistols in his hand, and shot himself through the head with one of them. One pistol was found still loaded on the chair beside the corpse, which remained in a recumbent posture—the other was picked up on the ground near the chair.

An inquest was held on the body of Captain Cox, at which the following letters, written by the deceased immediately before his death, were read:—

"To the Coroner and Jurors on my inquest.

I am unwilling, gentlemen, to give you unnecessary trouble in searching for evidence to form an opinion on the cause of my having shot myself. It was unhappiness; you will find no more, search as you will. I have very long and deeply thought on the subject, but all men will live as long as they can, until they reach that point of endurance beyond which the soul cannot be forced. 'Tis no pleasant thing to blow your brains out, I can assure you, and requires a resolution and determination to do it. I have not perpetrated the act under any temporary or immediate excitement—in fact, I put off the deed for some days to effect a particular object.

"I obtained the pistols many days ago from Messrs. Talloch and Co., to whom I beg they may be returned. They were, I think, sent on inspection only. The powder, I purchased from Mr. Thompson a few days later again, and having completed a few arrangements I take my leave. Inquire of those who saw me latest, if you please; you will find I laboured under no excitement that was perceptible to them. My feelings, of course, were wrong, but the wounds were only known to myself. If I had not been extremely unhappy I should not have shot myself. Insanity has never been in my family, and I am as cool and collected at this writing as I have ever been.

"The office I conducted is in good order, and is steadily progressing. My worldly prospects are good, but a man cannot work with a broken heart. I hope your verdict (after such inquiry as you may please to make) will be, 'Found shot by himself,' or something to that effect, but not from temporary excitement or derangement.

"April 29.

"P. S.—I solicit the cheapest and meanest funeral—no pious grave, no mourning coach, no parson's fees—outside a churchyard I shall be as comfortable as in it. Attend, gentlemen, to the wishes of a dead man, who values not mere forms, and I would thank you if I could. Dr. Goodeve is my medical adviser."

"TO DR. GOODEVE.

"My dear Goodeve,—You caught me in the

midst of the preparations for death; defend me, then, from the often cruel and unjust verdict of 'temporary insanity and excitement.' My objection to the verdict is, that it often acts as a taint and a slur on a whole family, otherwise I care not one straw for the opinion of the world, for it—though it may affect his prospects—virtually makes a man neither better nor worse than he is.

"But I think there is something revolting in the idea that the faults of a father shall be visited on his children. It is bad enough for human nature that many diseases are hereditary; hence, doubtless, the wise saw of a certain big book, wherein it says that 'The sins of the fathers shall be visited on the children' (for how can we believe contrary to our conviction?) can put faith in aught which, in his opinion, is not supported by proof or probability; consequently not to believe is no crime.

"I do not believe a man killing himself a crime, so I take my life when I find it burdensome. The inquest may bring me in mad if they will, I can't help it; but these are sentiments I have maintained for years. I consequently call on you, as a physician, and as a man of honour, to assert, that when you last saw me and during your acquaintance with me, you never saw me suffer from aberration of mind, and you saw me settling petty debts and writing my farewell letters. Farewell to thee likewise; best thanks for all your kindness; accept the enclosed as a trifling return for all your attention, and believe me till life has sped, (which will not be for some hours yet,) yours, sincerely,

"G. HAMILTON COX.

"April 29, 1841.

"I have shattered my carcass enough, so quietly bury me without cutting me up. It is strange the antipathy a man has to dissection. So, as the pistol has done its work, spare the knives."

"TO MR. WESTERMAN.

"My dear Sir,—Let me beg the kindness of your immediately assuring yourself that the cash account, funds, and affairs of the fire insurance office are correct, and of your informing the public so, and that the prospects of the company are slowly but steadily advancing.

"Cooly Coomar Mookerjee, the head writer, is a good man, and in its present state capable of conducting the office. It would generally add to the prosperity of the company if yourself or some other gentleman of the company would act gratuitously for a few months, by signing the papers as acting secretary. The business is clear and simple. The expenses of printing forms, rules, certificates, advertising, &c., are extremely heavy for so young an institution, of the eventual success of which there can be no doubt. No man can tell the exact day he can suffer unhappiness; but there is a point beyond which no man can go in misery. I have put the hour off—as who would not?—as long as I could; but my cup of bitterness has been filled; neither cheerfulness, which I by nature possess, nor hope, nor prospects can urge me on further; but when you receive this a broken spirit will be at rest.

"Yours, sincerely,

"G. HAMILTON COX.

"April 29, 1841.

"I have drawn my salary from the company up to the day of my death."

After a short deliberation the Coroner's Jury, with the exception of one among thirteen, returned a verdict of "Felo de se."

THE BOY JONES AGAIN.

The boy, Edward Jones, who, it will be remembered, has on three different occasions effected a most mysterious entrance into Buckingham Palace (and, according to his own account, a fourth, but on which occasion he escaped without detection,) was, on the 14th of last month, liberated from Tottill-fields goal, his period of imprisonment having expired. Whilst in prison, we are told, Jones behaved remarkably well; he was quiet and orderly, and even exemplary in his conduct; so much so, that the governor had not in any one instance cause of complaint.

Since the liberation of this youth, he has been frequently seen on Constitution-hill, and in the immediate neighbourhood of Buckingham Palace, which being communicated to the authorities, orders were given to the police to watch his movements, which was accordingly done; but there was nothing in his manner or behaviour different from those who daily frequent the parks in hopes of obtaining a sight of royalty. Still it appears, he was deemed a dangerous character, and meditated another entrance into the palace. Without, therefore, going into details and rumours of suspicion, we may state that Edward Jones, the unwelcome visitor of Queen Victoria, has been taken quietly in hand by the proper authorities, and placed on board the Diamond, emigration ship, bound to Australia, we believe, or some other of the English Colonies. We also understand that Jones is apprenticed as a seaman on board the Diamond for five years. His father thinks it is only for three years, that he is going to Port William, and will in a twelvemonth return, when he will receive wages, and be allowed to remain at home with his friends for a short time. He (the boy's father,) also thinks that his son left London for Gravesend on Friday last, but we have been told that, although the Diamond sailed from Gravesend on Friday, Jones, accompanied by an officer of the Thames police, only left London by railway on Monday last, and that orders were given to those in whose charge he was, not to lose sight of him until he was placed on board the Diamond, in the harbour of Cork. Jones' frequent appearance in the parks, since his liberation from Tottill-fields prison, naturally gave rise to the suspicion that he meditated another entrance into the palace. In fact there could be little doubt of his object, but the police kept a most vigilant eye upon his movements. We hear that this adventurous youth (in which his father concurs) left home in good spirits, and not altogether against his consent, but on leaving, repeated his wishes that something should be done for him in this country, as he would rather remain at home than go abroad. Jones has written on more than one occasion to Mr. Hall,

of Bow-street, requesting that worthy magistrate to prevail on the government to do something for him; but his applications to Mr. H. were not answered. It is thought these applications were in consequence of the boy being desirous not to be a burden to his parents, who are poor, but industrious and honest persons.

On the day Jones left the prison, one of the agents or managers of a minor theatre, (his father says,) called and offered him £1 per week to appear on the stage for a fortnight, and at the end of that time a "benefit" but the boy declined exhibiting himself for so short a period. Jones complains of the mode in which he was treated in Tottill-fields prison, and attributes it entirely to the orders of the government. We have heard a great deal of gossip about this youth, but as it may or may not be true, we refrain from the present from noticing it. One thing, however, is certain—that Jones is, by this time, on board the Diamond, emigration ship, bound to Australia, or some one or other of the British Colonies.

Mr. Green and his fellow voyagers in the great Nassau balloon, were in some little danger on Monday. The balloon rose from Vauxhall Gardens at about half-past six o'clock in the evening. Besides Mr. Green, it contained Mrs. Green, Captain Curry, and four other gentlemen. The history of the affair is told by a correspondent of the *Morning Chronicle*:—

"The balloon, after leaving the earth, took an easterly direction, and had not ascended many minutes before Mr. Green discovered that the valve would not act. With the assistance of Captain Curry, he applied great force to the valve-line; which gave way, leaving the valve unruled. Mr. Green, in consequence, announced his intention of making a speedy descent as practicable; but at this period the new church at Eltham was almost immediately under the balloon; and, to be certain of not descending on it, Mr. Green found it necessary to discharge ballast. This caused the balloon to ascend to the height of between 6,000 and 7,000 feet. Having no means of discharging gas, Mr. Green opened the neck of the balloon so as to admit as much atmospheric air as possible. This was so successful that a gradual descent speedily commenced. The aeronauts were unfortunately over a very woolly country; but Mr. Green succeeded, notwithstanding the inoperativeness of his valve, in effecting a safe and easy descent, after remaining an hour and a quarter in the air, in a clover-field at Hextable, near Birchwood, in the parish of Sutton-at-Horne, near Dartford, in Kent."

PRESENT FROM THE KING OF PRUSSIA TO PRINCE ALBERT.—WINDSOR.—On Tuesday, the riding-master of His Majesty the King of Prussia, arrived at the castle with a beautiful black horse and mare, which have lately been brought to this country as a present from His Royal Master to His Royal Highness Prince Albert. The animals are of an exceedingly rare and beautiful description, and are remarkable for their symmetry and superiority of action. Originally they formed a part of the celebrated Trakehnen stud; and when the King of Prussia was informed that the Prince was anxious to form a collection of the best horses which His Royal Highness could procure, His Majesty immediately selected the above animals, and ordered that they should be forthwith conveyed to England. By this addition, the stud of His Royal Highness, which at present comprises some very valuable horses, will be considerably increased in value.

ENGLISH SHIPS OF WAR NOW BUILDING.—*Tridalgar*, 120; *Royal Frederick*, 110; *Victoria*, 110; *Hannibal*, 90; *Albion*, 90; *Exmouth*, 90; *Aboukir*, 90; *Prince Albert*, 90; *Goliath*, 80; *Irresistible*, 80; *Lion*, 80; *Mars*, 80; *Suaberg*, 80; *Centurion*, 80; *Colingwood*, 80; *Clossus*, 80; *Hindostan*, 75; *Boscawen*, 70; *Cumberland*, 70.

CABINET BUSINESS.

GEORGE BROWN

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the

Cabinet Business

in Mr. RICHARD DUNN'S Building, near the Central Bank, where he intends carrying it on in all its various branches, and hopes by a strict attention to business, to merit a portion of their patronage. He has on hand a lot of ready made Work, such as Mahogany and Birch Pembroke Dining and Loe TABLES, SOFAS, BEAUREAUX, Bittern and Pine WASH STANDS, BEADSTEDS, &c., all which he will sell low for Cash or approved credit.

Frederickton, July 7, 1841.—3m.

For Sale low for Cash.

Hams, Glass, Horse Feed, Bran, &c.

1000LBS. of HAMS, of superior quality; 30 boxes and half boxes 11x15 GLASS; do. of various sizes, from 12x16 to 14x19; a quantity of Horse FEED and BRAN; American Sythes; White Wine and Cider VINEGAR.

J. & A. SMITH.

Queen Street, July 27, 1841.

ROOMS TO LET.

THE Subscriber offers to let the upper part of his HOUSE in King Street, next door to Mr. J. L. Maus, until the first of May 1842; it consists of one Sitting Room, three Bed Rooms, Kitchen, Pantry and three Bell Rooms in the attic, it will be let either furnished or unfurnished, and possession will be given immediately.—For further particulars apply to H. JACKSON

Frederickton, July 20, 1841.

JAMES S. BEEK, Esquire, is appointed Agent for Frederickton and the adjacent Country, to receive Subscriptions and Money for the "NEW WORLD" Newspaper, Published in New York, and also for the "EVERGREEN," a Monthly Magazine, Published by J. WINCHESTER.

WILLIAM HOWARD, General Agent, Saint John, March 1, 1841.—6m.

POST OFFICE.

Frederickton, June 5, 1841.

List of Letters remaining in Office at this time.

A. E. N. Akerley, James Alexander, Jacob Allan, Harvey Adams.

B. A. Blade, Miss Mary Ann Barter, Mary Braidy, Wm. Brawn, James Bresland, John Barrett, Robert Baskirk, Neil Bradley, Sanford Boice, John Brewer, Samuel Bird, Miss M. Bainsman, Thomas P. Bloom, Margaret Boynton, (2.) George Balentine, James W. Bearnley, Wm. Buhar, Bernard Bouchard, Wm. Barker, Mrs. Grace Brown.

C. David Carson, Orin Combest, James Carney, George Cox, Richard Carman, (3.) William Canbel, John Clary, Samuel Casey, Oddie M. Craman, Wm. Craister, James S. Chase, Hamilton Coughren, James Clayton, Oliver Cannart, Miss Thelore E. Close, James Canningham, Thomas Coughan, Peter Corbet, Nathaniel Cousins, Michael Coulter, John Corcoran, Caleb Carpenter.

D. Daniel Donely, Michael Donovan, Jean Daly, Edmund Dunn, Richard Dunn, Robert Duncan, John E. Dow, G. Droughton, James Dutcher.

E. David Ebbitt, Jas. Evans, Margt. Elbary, John Elkin, Ward Esterbrook.

F. Frances Flanagan, Pat. Flanagan, Barry Feeny, Robt. Wm. Felton, Elizabeth Ferguson, Augustus H. Flung, Michl. Fisher, (2.) Mrs. Elizabeth Finnimore, Elwd. Farrell, Jas. Fargauson.

G. Jos. Gibson, (2.) Thos. Gilbert, Mary Guin, (2.) Thos. Gill, (2.) Andrew Gregg, Thos. Gavern, Henry Gill.

H. Jonathan S. Hill, Thos. Hartin, Jas. Hays, Geo. H. Milton, Benjamin Hughes, Aaron Hart, Christopher Henderson, Thos. Horton, Geo. Hissom, Mrs. Elizabeth P. Hart, Mrs. Howtin, Mrs. Rody Horper, Richard Henderson, Frances Harvey.

I. John Johnston, Samuel Jones, Mr. E. Jones, Miss M. Johnson.

K. Thos. Kay, Patience Kennelly, Mrs. L. Kialaws, Daniel Kane, Mr. Kelly, Wm. Kirk.

L. D. Latta, Jas. Leeper, Michl. Loughmane, (2.) Andrew Lata, Jas. Loyas, Rev. Wm. Leggett, (2.) Andrew Lawrence, Bridget Loyas, John Lanagan, John Landy, Wm. Lawford.

M. & Mc. John Molley, J. M. Golicke, Alex. McKenzie, (2.) Joel Munson, Anne M. Koon, Ann M'Shae, Margt. M'Grath, Mr. M'Burney, Cornels. M'Geehan, J. Morehouse, Jas. Mills, Andrew Murray, Thos. Morehouse, P. M'Gowan, Jane Maaly, Jos. Merelith, Col. Mckay, Thos. Miller, Shence M'Brice, Rev. J. Magee, Pat. Magoveru, Jos. Mars, Wm. M'Neil, A. M'Kenry, Thos. MacLain, J. M'Keen, J. L. Marsh, (2.) D. Marchbank, Mr. Montgomery, Robt. McCullagh, Timothy Murphy, Saml. M'Auley, Messrs. Miles and Smith, (9).

N. Capt. J. Nutter, L. Neville, Jas. Neville, P. Nugent, Ebenezer Nicholson.

O. J. O'Brien, Miss E. O'Conner, J. Ogilvie, (2).

P. Saml. Pickard, Wm. Porter, Margt. Patten, H. A. Palmer, Jas. Petty, Rev. T. E. Perry, Michael Power, Robt. Polleys, Messrs. J. & J. Pickard.

R. Isane Rodgers, Bridget Rush, Mrs. Rutter, Wm. Rossborough, John Rowan.

S. Susan Seamber, Mr. J. Stabbitt, Moses Stirling, Chs. Seage, John Sairs, Geo. Shepherd, Thos. Smett, Daniel Sanford, James Scott, Pat. Smalls, Stephen Smith, E. Shepherd, Miss Sullivan, Matthew Stevenson, &c.

T. Daniel Teed, Wm. Turner, John Topham.

V. Jacob Vaent.

W. Michael Watt, George Walker, S. White, Dr. Woodford, James Woolvath, Robert Wills, Wook Webb, Edward West, Margaret Williamson, Ralph Wilson.

N. B. Persons asking for any of the above Letters, will please say they are advertised.

W. B. PHAIR, Post Master.

Valuable Property for Sale.

A Lot of Land in the Town of Frederickton, being 177 feet fronting on Campbell Street, which runs from Regent Street to the Market House, in rear of Jackson's Hotel, and 160 feet down, running into the River a sufficient distance to erect Wharves, bounded on the upper side by M. P. Person & Coy, or Jackson's Hotel, and the corner by the Market Square and Wharf—this lot is sufficiently long for at least three good Business Stands, and a commodious Wharf may be put up at a small expense. A lot of Land containing 400 acres, on which there is large clearings near the Woodstock Ferry, in the Parish of Northampton.

A lot of Land containing about 500 acres, on which there are large clearings, a House and Barn, valuable double Saw Mill, nearly new, and buildings attached, lately owned by Mr. B. A. Huestis, situate on the Nackawick, about one mile above the Bridge.

A lot of excellent Land containing about 300 acres, with considerable clearings and some excellent inter-occupied by one John McDonald.

A lot of 100 acres of Land in the Salmon River Settlement, above the Restook, joining one John Watson, on which there are some clearings.

A lot of 100 acres in the Parish of Perth, granted to one Robert Woodward, on which there are some clearings.

A lot of Wilderness Land, 200 acres, in rear of John Dibley's, Esq., near the Hodgdon Road, in the Parish of Woodstock.

A lot of 200 acres of Wilderness Land in Hanville, granted to E. Barry.

The above Property will be sold on liberal terms. Apply to W. J. BEDELL.

Frederickton, 19th May, 1841.

ONE HORSE GIG for Sale by

W. J. BEDELL.

INDENTURES for Sale at this

Office. Feb. 11.