

The Honorable Mr. Johnston, by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, laid before the House—  
Estimate of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1842, and for a Consolidated Fund, and which is as follows:—

ESTIMATE OF THE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FOR 1842, AND FOR A CONSOLIDATED FUND.

ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1842.

CURRENCY.	STERLING, DOLLS. @ 4s. 2d.
Civil List and Salary of the Master of the Rolls,.....	£15,300 0 0
Pay and Expenses of the Legislature,.....	7,245 0 0
Collection and Protection of the Revenue,.....	4,420 0 0
Judicial Establishment,.....	860 0 0
Provincial Contingencies,.....	1000 0 0
Contingencies of Secretary's Office,.....	105 0 0
Printing Laws, Journals, &c... ..	1,800 0 0
EDUCATION. { College and Grammar Schools,.....	2,350 0 0
Parish and Madras Schools,.....	12,500 0 0
Packets and Couriers,.....	2,790 0 0
Lunatic Asylum,.....	1,500 0 0
Boards of Health,.....	900 0 0
BOUNTIES. { Destruction of Bears, 300 0 0	
Erection of Oatmills, 250 0 0	
Agriculture and Immigration, 1,950 0 0	
Relief of Emigrants and Charitable purposes,.....	3,750 0 0
Carried forward,.....	£11,440 0 0

FEBRUARY 3.

Brought forward,.....	£11,440 0 0	£45,580 0 0	£9,533 6 8	£37,983 6 8
Indians,.....	475 0 0	—	395 16 8	—
Drawbacks and Return Duties,.....	3000 0 0	—	2,500 0 0	—
Provincial Agent,.....	240 0 0	—	200 0 0	—
Miscellaneous Services,.....	3,965 0 0	—	3,304 3 4	—
Interest on sums borrowed,.....	3000 0 0	—	2,500 0 0	—
Support of Light Houses,.....	3,400 0 0	—	2,833 6 8	—
of Sick and disabled Seamen,.....	1,550 0 0	—	1,291 13 4	—
Militia,.....	1,250 0 0	—	1,041 13 4	—
Apprehension of Deserters,.....	100 0 0	—	83 6 8	—
Repairs of Public Buildings,.....	1000 0 0	—	833 6 8	—
For Consolidated Fund,.....	29,420 0 0	—	24,516 13 4	—
Estimated amount of Revenue,.....	£100,000 0 0	—	£83,333 6 8	—

ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR 1842.

Ordinary Net Revenue,.....	£50,000 0 0
For the support of Light Houses,.....	3,500 0 0
Do. of Sick and Disabled Seamen,.....	2,000 0 0
Passenger and Emigrant Duties,.....	2,000 0 0
Revenue from Her Majesty's Customs,.....	27,500 0 0
Casual and Territorial Revenue,.....	15,000 0 0
£100,000 0 0	

CONSOLIDATED FUND.

Charges.	
Interest on sum proposed to be borrowed, viz :—£35,000 to pay off existing debt now bearing 6 per cent. interest, and £65,000 for Roads, Public Buildings, and other Public Works, to be expended in 1842 ; 5 per cent. ....	£5,000 0 0
Towards Sinking Fund for reduction of the sum borrowed, 5 per cent. ....	5,000 0 0
Surplus towards future further loans for Public Works, in following years,.....	15,000 0 0
Amount charged on Revenue in 1842,.....	£25,000 0 0

ROYAL GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, FEBRUARY 9, 1842.

Central Bank of New Brunswick.

WILLIAM J. BEDELL, President.

SAMUEL W. BARRETT, Cashier.

Discount Days.....Tuesdays and Fridays.  
Director this week.....T. R. ROBERTSON.  
Bills or Notes offered for discount must be left at the Bank, enclosed and directed to the Cashier, before two o'clock on Mondays and Thursdays.

Bank of British North America.

FREDERICTON BRANCH.

GEORGE TAYLOR, Manager.

Discount Days.....Wednesdays and Saturdays.  
Director this week.....JOHN SIMPSON.  
Hours of business, from 10 to 3.  
Notes and Bills for Discount to be left before 3 o'clock on the days preceding the Discount Days.

Savings Bank.

Trustee for next week.....J. TAYLOR.

Central Fire Insurance Company.

Office open every day, at Mr. Minchin's Brick House, opposite the Parade, (Sunday excepted), from 11 to 2 o'clock.

B. WOLHAUPTER, President.

Committee for the present month.

JOHN S. COY and THOMAS STEWART

Alms House and Work House.

Commissioner for the week commencing to-morrow.

THOMAS GILL.

Hartford Fire Insurance Company.

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Agent at Fredericton.—ASA COY.

ARRANGEMENT OF CIRCUITS FOR THE CURRENT YEAR.

HON. MR. JUSTICE BOTSFOED.

Carleton—Tuesday 27th September.  
Charlotte—Tuesday 1st November.  
Saint John—Tuesday 10th January (1843.)

HON. MR. JUSTICE CARTER.

Charlotte—Tuesday 26th April.  
King's—Tuesday 12th July.  
Restigouche—Tuesday 30th August.  
Gloucester—Tuesday 6th September.  
Northumberland—Tuesday 13th September.

HON. MR. JUSTICE PARKER.

Sanbury—Tuesday 22d February.  
Queen's—Tuesday 1st March.  
Saint John—Tuesday 2d August.  
Kent—Tuesday 30th August.  
Westmorland—Tuesday 6th September.

United States.

SCENES IN CONGRESS.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!—Dissolution of the American Union!—In the House of Representatives on the 24th January, Mr. John Quincy Adams, formerly President of the Union, presented the following petition :

"To the Congress of the United States.

"The undersigned, citizens of Haverhill, in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, pray that you will immediately adopt measures peaceably to dissolve the Union of the States—

"First: Because no Union can be agreeable or permanent which does not present prospects of reciprocal benefits.

"Second: Because a vast proportion of the resources of one section of the Union is annually drained to sustain the views and course of another section without any adequate return.

"Third: Because, (judging from the history of past nations,) that Union, if persisted in, in the present course of things, will certainly overwhelm the whole nation in utter destruction."

Mr. Adams moved that this remarkable petition should be referred to a select committee, with instructions to report an answer to the petitioners, showing the reasons why the prayer of it ought not be granted.

Mr. Hopkins inquired if it were in order to move to burn the petition in presence of the House. A variety of motions followed. The question of reception was laid on the table. After several ineffectual motions, Mr. Gilmer submitted as a question of privilege, the following resolution :

Resolved, That, in presenting to the consideration of this House a petition for the dissolution of the Union, the member from Massachusetts, Mr. Adams, has justly incurred the censure of the House.

After some conversation on the point of order by Messrs. Gilmer, Arnold, Underwood, L. Williams, and the Speaker—

Mr. Adams said he hoped the resolution would be received and be debated, and that he should have the privilege of again addressing the House in his own defence, especially as the gentleman from Virginia, (Mr. Gilmer,) had thought proper to play second fiddle to his colleague from Accomac, (Mr. Wise.)

Mr. Gilmer said he played second fiddle to no man. He was no fiddler, [cries of "order, order,"] but was endeavoring to prevent the music of him who,

"In the space of one revolving moon,  
"Was statesman, poet, fiddler and buffoon."

The pending motion was to lay the resolution on the table, and the yeas and nays having been called for, were found to be—yeas, 94; nays, 112.

Mr. Marshall then introduced another resolution censuring Mr. Adams, which called forth an unusually warm debate, in the course of which Mr. M. characterized the prayer of the petitioners as treasonable, and said he did not believe that any body would dare make such a proposition, much less that any man on that floor would dare to take the responsibility, through all future time, of being the first to offer such a petition. Coming from the source it does, it was to him worse than a sacrilege. He who offers this attempt to pull down the temple of liberty, was once its high priest, ministering at its altar. It was no obscure hand that does this sacrilege.

Mr. Adams, in reply, said he would show how the people of this country had a right to petition for a change of government when they deem it to be oppressive, and he bade the Clerk read the first paragraphs of the Declaration of Independence, in proof of his power. He went on to vindicate the right of the people to pray for this object, and his own right to present their petition to Congress.—He thought the petitioners as patriotic, virtuous and respectable as any equal number of citizens in the country.

Mr. Everett thought the resolutions and remarks of Mr. Marshall involved a question of principle. Could not the people of this country dissolve this government if they chose? Can they not do it peaceably? If not, may they not, have they not the right to do it forcibly?

Mr. Wise did not rise to say a word. He would only ask of the House to listen to a voice from the tombs; and he sent to the desk Washington's Farewell Address. [The document was read by the Clerk amidst the general conversation of the House.] Mr. W. then went into a warm and bitter personal invective against Mr. Adams and his father, and all their private and political history.

The debate was resumed by Mr. Wise the next day, when he spoke for nearly two hours, accusing Mr. Adams of being connected with a British party—to which Mr. Adams gave the lie direct.—Mr. W. then went on to dilate upon foreign influence—slave property—British emissaries—war with England—convoys to slaves—England's grasping policy—and concluded with a concentrated effort to denounce, vilify, degrade, and blackguard Mr. Adams, to the extent of the capacity of the English language.

Mr. Adams replied in a somewhat similar, but more gentlemanly temper, and accused Mr. Wise of coming into the hall with his face and hands dripping with innocent blood, the marks of which are still visible.

Mr. Wise replied that he had always been willing to be tried for the part he took in the

duel between Messrs. Graves and Cilley, and would take the occasion to call the charge a black lie, and its utterer a black traitor.

The debate which was continued in much the same strain, took up part of several days, and no decision in the case relative to Mr. Adams, had been come to at the date of our latest advices from Washington.

The following Resolutions have also been moved and laid on the Table. It is expected they will produce another furious debate:—

"Whereas the Federal Constitution is a permanent form of Government and of perpetual obligation, until altered or modified in the mode pointed out by that instrument, and the members of this House, deriving their political character and powers from the same, are sworn to support it, and the dissolution of the Union necessarily implies the destruction of that instrument, the overthrow of the American Republic, and the extinction of our national existence: A proposition, therefore, to the Representatives of the people, to dissolve the organic law framed by their constituents, and to support which they are commanded by those constituents to be sworn, before they can enter upon the execution of the political powers created by it, and intrusted to them, is a high breach of privilege, a contempt offered to this House, a direct proposition to the Legislature and each member of it, to commit perjury; and involves, necessarily, in its execution and its consequences, the destruction of our country and the crime of high treason.

Resolved, therefore, That the Hon. John Q. Adams, a member from Massachusetts, in presenting for the consideration of the House of Representatives of the United States, a petition praying the dissolution of the Union, has offered the deepest indignity to the House of which he is a member; an insult to the people of the United States, of which that House is the Legislative organ; and will, if this outrage be permitted to pass unrebuked and unpunished, have disgraced his country, through their Representatives, in the eyes of the whole world.

Resolved, further, That the aforesaid John Q. Adams for this insult, the first of the kind ever offered to the Government, and for the wound which he has permitted to be aimed through his instrumentality, at the Constitution and existence of his country, the peace, the security, and liberty of the people of these States, might well be held to merit expulsion from the national councils, and the House deem it an act of grace and mercy, when they only inflict upon him their severest censure for conduct so utterly unworthy of his past relations to the State, and his present position. This they hereby do for the maintenance of their own purity and dignity; for the rest, they turn him over to his own conscience and the indignation of all true American citizens.

Died.

On Thursday morning, at 8 o'clock, A. M., Mr. John J. Munro, Merchant, aged 22 years.

Of scarlet fever, on Tuesday the 1st instant, in the 4th year of his age, Morris Robinson.—On Wednesday the 2d instant, in his 7th year, Ludlow Robinson.—And on Thursday the 3d instant, in his 13th year, John Robinson, the three only sons of Daniel Ludlow Robinson, Esquire.

At his father's residence, at Grand Lake, on the 1st instant, Leander Asa White, in the 23d year of his age. He was for several years a consistent professor of experimental Religion; his patient endurance of protracted suffering, and truly happy death, adds another proof to the many already recorded of the power of Divine Grace, to support the soul in the hour of our greatest need. His last words were, "O for a thousand tongues to sing,  
"My Great Redeemer's praise."

At Saint John, on Sunday, the 30th ult., after a lingering illness, Mr. James O. Betts, aged 65 years, an old and respectable inhabitant of that city, leaving a numerous circle of relatives and friends to lament their loss.

Suddenly at Chatham Head, Miramichi, on Thursday the 20th January, aged 38 years, Catharine, wife of Alexander Fraser, Jun., Esquire, and daughter of the late James B. Fraser, Esquire, of Gortlog, all from Stratherrick, North Britain; leaving a husband and seven children to lament their bereavement. Mrs. Fraser was one, whose benevolent disposition and amiable deportment, endeared her to all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance. The high esteem in which she was held in this community, was testified

by the very numerous and respectable procession which followed her mortal remains to their last resting place.

At Windsor, of consumption, on the 28th January, Elizabeth, wife of Benjamin Dewolf Fraser, Esquire, M. D.

NEW BRUNSWICK, IN CHANCERY.

Hilary Term, in the fifth Year of the Reign of Queen Victoria.

Saturday, 29th January, 1842.

ORDERED, That the following days be appointed for the sitting of the Court, during the ensuing Vacation:—

The 1st Tuesday in March;  
The 1st Tuesday in April; and  
The 1st Tuesday in May; at the hour of eleven on each day.

By order of His Honor the Master of the Rolls.

D. LUDLOW ROBINSON, REGR.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Wednesday the 10th day of August next, at the Market House in Fredericton, between the hours of two and four o'clock, P. M.:

ALL the right, title, and interest of Charles W. Marsh, to the Land on which he now resides, situate in the Parish of Prince William, adjoining next above Lands owned and occupied by John Gray, and known by the name of the "Bowen Farm." The same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of James Somerville.

Also, at the same time and place:

All the right, title, and interest of Charles Porter, to the Lot of Land on which he now resides, situate in the Parish of Saint Mary's, near the mouth of the Pennic Stream, and adjoining Lands owned by the Heirs of the late Henry Smith, Esquire: The same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of James S. Beck.

E. W. MILLER,  
Sheriff of York County,  
Sheriff's Office, Fredericton, Feb. 8, 1842.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the Sheriff's Office in Fredericton, on Thursday the 10th day of March next, between the hours of two and four o'clock, P. M.:

ALL the right, title, and interest of William Roberts, to a certain Leasehold Property, situate in King Street, in Fredericton, now occupied by Mr. David Armstrong, and adjoining Property owned by the Heirs of the late Samuel Grosvenor, and now occupied by William Crawford, together with all buildings on the same: The same having been taken by virtue of several Executions issued out of the Supreme Court.

E. W. MILLER,  
Sheriff of York County,  
Sheriff's Office, Fredericton, Feb. 8, 1842.

Central Bank of New Brunswick.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Members and Stockholders of the CENTRAL BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK, will take place at the Bank, on Monday the 7th March next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of electing Nine Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, pursuant to the terms of the Act of Incorporation.

W. J. BEDELL, President.

Fredericton, 4th February, 1842.

Central Fire Insurance Company of New Brunswick.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of said Company, will be held at their office in Fredericton, on Tuesday the 1st day of March next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing nine Directors to serve for the ensuing year, pursuant to the Act of Incorporation, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought forward.

B. WOLHAUPTER, President.

Fredericton, February 7, 1842.

British & Foreign Bible Society.

THE Annual Sermon on behalf of the above Society, will be preached by the Rev. Mr. Souter, from Miramichi, this evening, (Wednesday,) in the Scotch Kirk—Service commencing at 7 o'clock.

A Collection will also be made on the occasion, in aid of the funds of the Parag Society.

Fredericton, February 9, 1842.

NOTICE.

IN THE SURROGATE COURT—YORK COUNTY.

Saturday, 5th February, 1842.

In the matter of the Estate of Robert Ludlow Young, late of the Parish of Saint Mary's, in the County of York, deceased.

To James Young, of the Parish of St. Mary's, in the County of York.

Almon G. Hall, and Christianna Hall, his Wife, of the same place.

Robert Rolston, and Margaret Rolston, his Wife, of the Parish of Ludlow, in the County of Northumberland.

And Ann Young, of the same place, the alleged Heirs of the said deceased, and to all other persons interested in the said Estate.

Whereas an application, by Petition, has been made to me, as Surrogate for the County of York, by John Young, Administrator of all and singular the Goods, Chattels, and Credits of the above named Robert Ludlow Young, for a licence to sell a portion of the Real Estate of the deceased, for the payment of debts, Notice thereof is therefore hereby given to the above mentioned persons, as Heirs of the said Robert Ludlow Young, deceased, and to all other persons interested therein; and that I will attend at my Office in Fredericton, on Saturday the twenty-sixth day of February, instant, at 12 o'clock at noon of the same day, to hear and examine the allegations and proofs of the Petitioners, or any person or persons interested in such Real Estate, who may think proper to oppose such application; and also the validity or legality of any debt or demand which may be represented as existing against the Intestate, and to determine on the propriety of granting the licence applied for.

GEO. FRED. STREET,  
Surrogate York County.

NEW BRUNSWICK

Steam Boat Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of said Company, will be held at Mr. F. W. HATHWAY'S Brick Building, in Fredericton, on Thursday the tenth day of March next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing a Committee to serve for the ensuing year, agreeably to the Deed of Settlement, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought forward.

ASA COY, Chairman.

Fredericton, Feb. 7, 1842.

To be Sold or Leased for a term of Years.

And possession given on the 1st May next.

THE House and Premises, at present occupied by Mr. JOSHUA DUNN, situate in Waterloo Row, in this Town. For further particulars, apply to the Subscriber, at Saint John, N. B.

PETER BESNARD.

7th February, 1842.

BANK OF

British North America.

THE Court of Directors hereby give notice, That a Half Yearly Dividend of Twenty-Four Shillings Sterling per Share, will become payable on the Shares registered in the Colonies, on and after the 7th of March, during the usual hours of business, at the several Branch Banks, as announced by Circular to the respective parties.

The Dividend is declared in Sterling Money, and will be paid at the rate of Exchange current on the 7th day of March, to be then fixed by the local Boards.

The Books will close preparatory to the Dividend on the 19th day of February, between which time and the 7th day of March, no transfers of Shares can take place.

By order of the Court,  
G. DE B. ATTWOOD, Secretary.  
London, January 3, 1842.—3w