

to send in to the Treasurer or Trustees of the respective County Society, their names, specifying the number of labourers, (men, women and children,) whom they desire to employ, and for what period at those rates—from which return the amount required to be advanced may be estimated. It being understood that such persons are to give security in themselves and one collateral surety for the sum, as a loan, to be repaid to the Trustees, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum, at the end of three months from the date of the advance when made.

When sixty pounds have been subscribed and lodged in the hands of the Treasurer or Trustees of a County Society, the premium of £60, granted for Emigration Societies, to be applied for. This fund in twelve Counties will amount to £720, and the Government to be requested under the circumstances *specially* to authorize the payment in cash to the Trustees on the terms of the Grant.

This Emigration premium of £60 in each County to be employed in co-operation with the Labour Fund, in defraying the expenses of Emigrant Labourers and families in proceeding to those parts of the Country where Labour offers for them, and to be expended by granting Billets at such houses on the Roads as may agree for a reasonable charge to subsist the Emigrants, of which charges a Tariff to be fixed and published. All transactions of the Society being prompt payment in *Cash*.

The Labour Fund in each County to be raised either by Donations or by Loans on Debentures at 6 per cent. per annum; the advances for Labour to be made through the Banks, and the subscribers to the Fund to have a preference in such advances, to the extent of their donations or deposits.

By the co-operation of these Societies in every County, the expense now incurred in the removal of Labourers and their families may be affected without the pressure on the Farmers in the Country, and the Inhabitants of the Towns, which at present obtains from the great influx of indigent Emigrants at the Sea Ports when immediate employment for the number who seek it cannot be found, and who must consequently, when destitute, be subsisted.

Secondly. Those who require labour, may be assisted in procuring it at reasonable rates, and a more abundant harvest by reason of the application of such labour will furnish in itself the means of reimbursement.

It will be understood that Labourers will only be forwarded to a district when applied for, and that the people in the country who require employment at the rates proposed, will have the first offer of it. The Societies proposed to be established at Fredericton, at Saint John and the out ports, to co-operate with the other County Societies, altho' it is proposed that the assistance of the Societies should be given only on the terms stated, it would be open to employers and Labourers to make their own terms by contract or otherwise.

If the Loans should be punctually repaid after the harvest, the Fund might again be advantageously employed under proper regulations as a Loan Fund to aid industrious persons of good character, with small Loans during the winter, on proper security; and an Act might be obtained in the next Session, modelled on the English Loan Fund Act* to provide for the incorporation of the Society, and for the prompt recovery of small Loans by instalment.

* Vide Royal Gazette, (Supplement,) of the 2d July, instant, for a transcript of this Act.

Form of Subscription Lists.

Subscribers Names.	In Donations.	In Debentures at 6 per cent. per annum.	Grand Total.
A. B.	£2 0 0		
C. D.		£10 0 0	
E. F.	0 10 0		
N. B.—The Fund to be raised on Debentures, redeemable in 6 or 12 months with interest.			

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIANITY AMONGST THE JEWS.
Abridged from the Record.

The thirty fourth Anniversary of this Institution was held on Friday morning, the 6th of May, in the Great Room, Exeter Hall, which, long before the hour for commencing business, was crowded with a respectable assembly. On the platform, amongst other eminent persons, were the Bishop of Ripon, the Earl of Chichester, the Marquis of Cholmondeley, Lord Ashley, the Chevalier Bunsen, Sir G. Rose, M. P., Sir R. Inglis, M. P., Sir E. Codrington, and a large body of Clergymen. On each side of the platform were ranged the Hebrew boys and girls belonging to the schools of the Society, who sang several hymns in Hebrew and in English, accompanied by the finely toned and powerful organ erected in the hall.

At eleven o'clock, the chair was taken by Sir T. Baring, the President of the Institution. They had met, he said, to plead the cause of Israel, and he would venture to say, that their Society yielded in importance to no other Religious Society in existence. He rejoiced that the heads of the Established Church now took the lead in this Society. (Applause.) With four exceptions, (and

from two of those no answer had been returned,) they had with them the whole hierarchy of the Church of England, with the Archbishop of Canterbury as the Patron of the Society. (Applause.) Both the preceding and the present Government had exercised their authority to give effect to the objects of the Society. To Lord Palmerston and to Lord Ashley, through whom Lord Palmerston was induced to take an active part in the cause, the Society's thanks were especially due. (Applause.) But he did not stop there. God, in whose hands were the hearts of all men, had been graciously pleased to influence the King of Prussia to visit this country, and to make a proposal for the establishment of a Protestant episcopate in the Holy City, to further which design His Majesty presented the munificent donation of £15,000. (Great applause.) In conclusion, the Chairman urged upon his auditors the duty of supporting this cause, for they should remember that all their religious and highest privileges had been conveyed down to them through the instrumentality of God's ancient and chosen people. (Hear, hear.) He announced the receipt in a letter of £20 from "A Lady," the profits of a work on the Liturgy, sold at the Society's office. (Applause.)

The Rev. W. Ayerst read the Report, from which we give the following extracts:—

After noticing the establishment of the new Bishopric at Jerusalem, the Episcopal patronage enjoyed by the Society, the princely munificence of the King of Prussia, the services rendered by Lord Palmerston and Lord Ashley, and other topics referred to by the Chairman, the Committee say they must not pass, without notice, the self-denial and zeal of Dr. McCal, to whom, by desire of the King of Prussia, and with hearty concurrence of the heads of the Church, the Bishopric in Jerusalem was tendered; he demanded, however, but short time for deliberation and refusal, declaring his firm belief that the episcopate of St. James was reserved, in the providence of God, for the brethren of the apostle according to the flesh. ("Hear," and applause.) The aggregate amount of contributions received during the past year is £24,699 8s. 9d., being an increase of £1,766 9s. 7d. above the receipts of the preceding year. This, the largest sum ever received in one year, is a gratifying proof of the increased interest which is felt by the Church of Christ in the Jews. This amount has been contributed in the following proportions:—General purposes of the Society, including the Jerusalem Mission and Scripture funds, £22,411 13s. 8d.; Hebrew Church at Jerusalem, £1,313 10s. 2d.; Hospital at Jerusalem, £189 8s. 8d.; Jewish Converts' Relief Fund, Jerusalem, £51 1s.; Operative Institution, Jerusalem, £51; School of Industry, Jerusalem, £55; Temporal Fund, £197 15s. 3d.; total, £24,699 8s. 9d. Although there is a diminution of £307 14s. 7d., under the head of Jerusalem Church Account, of £133 15s. 10d., under the head of Temporal Relief, the increase of the General Fund actually amounts to £2,502. Upon the contributions of Auxiliary Societies, there is an increase of £2,255 19s. 2d. From the Irish Auxiliary the sum of £2,200 has been received during the past year; an increase of £101 10s. over the remittances of the preceding year. After defraying the expenses of the year, the Committee have in hand for general purposes, to carry on the work of the Society, the sum of £3,000, vested in Exchequer Bills, and £1,788 19s. 2d. cash. On account of the Hebrew Church at Jerusalem, they have £1,543 0s. 10d.; and on account of the different funds for Temporal Relief, £500 in Exchequer Bills, and £364 11s. cash; making a total balance of £8,500 in Exchequer Bills, and £3,696 11s. in the hands of the Treasurer. Two of the Society's Missionaries having died during the past year, the Committee had opened a separate fund to provide for widows and for disabled Missionaries. From April 1841, to March last, there were issued 8,091 copies of the Scriptures, whole or in parts, in the Hebrew, German, Dutch, Judeo-Polish, and English languages; eighty one of the Hebrew Liturgy, and 7,160 copies of the *Old Paths* and other tracts. A grant of 126 English and Foreign Bibles was received from the British and Foreign Bible Society. The greatly increased circulation of the *Jewish Intelligence*, now amounting to 5,500 copies monthly, may justly be regarded as a cheering proof of the increased interest which is felt in the spiritual welfare of Israel. The Episcopal Jews' chapel was closed for a short time during the last summer to undergo several desirable alterations and extensive and indispensable repairs. The sum of £134 was raised by private contributions towards defraying the expenses, and the remainder has been paid from the funds of the Society. It had not been re-opened many weeks when it was used on that memorable occasion when the Bishop of Jerusalem closed his ministrations among a congregation where he had often borne a part in preaching God's word and in administering Christ's ordinances, prior to his departure for the Holy City. On Monday morning, November 8, the Bishop administered the holy sacrament, in Hebrew, to a considerable Hebrew congregation; and in the evening of the same day his Lordship preached his farewell sermon before your Society, from Acts xx. 22—24. There was a large attendance of the Committee, and the chapel was so crowded, that many could not get in. During the past year six adults and five children have been baptised at the chapel, making a total of thirteen individuals admitted into the Church of Christ. Many applications for admission into the boys' school have been refused for want of room. Six boys and eight girls were admitted during the past year. Four boys have left, one being bound apprentice, and the others having been taken out by their relations. Two girls have