

	T.	M.	C.	C.
Grey Twilled Cottons, 30 a 40 yards long, 28 a 40 inches wide, per piece, . . . . .	0	1	0	0
Chintz and Prints of all kinds, 20 a 30 yards long, 26 a 31 inches wide, per piece, . . . . .	0	2	0	0
Handkerchiefs, under one yard square, each . . . . .	0	0	1	0
Ditto, above one yard square, each . . . . .	0	0	1	5
Ginghams, Pullicates, Dyed Cottons, Velveteens, Silk and Cotton Mixtures, Woollen and Cotton Mixtures, and all kinds of Fancy Goods, not in current consumption, 5 per cent. ad valorem.				
14 Cotton Yarn & Cotton Thread, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
15 Cow Bezoar, per catty, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
16 Cutch, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	3	0	0
17 Elephant's Teeth, 1st quality, whole, p. 100 catties, . . . . .	4	0	0	0
Ditto, 2d quality, broken, per 100 catties, . . . . .	2	0	0	0
18 Fish Maws, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	5	0	0
19 Flints, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	0	5	0
20 Glass, Glass Ware, and Chrystal Ware of all kinds, 5 per cent. ad valorem.				
21 Gambier, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	1	5	0
22 Ginseng, first quality, per 100 catties, . . . . .	38	0	0	0
Ditto, second quality, or refuse, per 100 catties, . . . . .	3	5	0	0
23 Gold and Silver Thread, first quality, or real, per catty, . . . . .	0	1	3	0
Ditto, second quality, or imitation, per catty, . . . . .	0	0	3	0
24 Gums, Benjamin, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
Olibanum, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	5	0	0
Myrrh, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	5	0	0
Gums, unenumerated, 10 per cent. ad valorem.				
25 Horns, Bullocks' and Buffalos', per 100 catties, . . . . .	2	0	0	0
26 Horns, Unicorns' or Rhinoceros', per 100 catties, . . . . .	3	0	0	0
27 Linen, fine, as Irish or Scotch, — yards long, — inches wide, per piece, . . . . .	0	5	0	0
Coarse Linen, as Linen and Cotton Mixtures, Silk and Linen Mixtures, &c. &c. 5 per cent. ad valorem.				
28 Mace, or Flower of Nutmeg, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
29 Mother of Pearl Shells, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	2	0	0
30 Metals, viz.—				
Copper, unmanufactured, as in pigs, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
Ditto, manufactured, as in sheets, rods, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	5	0	0
Iron, unmanufactured, as in Pigs, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	1	0	0
Ditto, manufactured, as in bars, rods, &c. per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	1	5	0
Lead, in pigs, or manufactured, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	4	0	0
Quicksilver, per 100 catties, . . . . .	3	0	0	0
Steel, unmanufactured, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	4	0	0
Tin, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
Tin Plates, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	4	0	0
Unenumerated Metals, 10 per cent. ad valorem.				
31 Nutmegs, first quality, or cleaned, per 100 catties, . . . . .	2	0	0	0
Ditto, second quality, or uncleaned, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
32 Pepper, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	4	0	0
33 Patchuck, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	7	5	0
34 Rattans, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	2	0	0
35 Rice, Paddy, and Grain of all kinds, . . . . .	Duty free.			
36 Rose Maloes, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
37 S ltpetr (to be sold to Government Agents only), per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	3	0	0
38 Sharks' Fins, first quality, or white, per 100 catties, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
Ditto, second quality, or black, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	5	0	0
39 Skins and Furs, viz:—				
Cow and Ox Hides, tanned and untanned, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	5	0	0
Sea Otter Skins, each . . . . .	0	1	5	0
Fox Skins, large, each . . . . .	0	1	5	0
Ditto, small, each, . . . . .	0	0	7	5
Tiger, Leopard, and Martin Skins, each . . . . .	0	1	5	0
Land Otter, Raccoon, and Sharks' Skins, per hundred . . . . .	2	0	0	0
Beaver Skins, per hundred . . . . .	5	0	0	0
Hare, Rabbit, and Ermine Skins, per hundred . . . . .	0	5	0	0
40 Smalts, per 100 catties, . . . . .	4	0	0	0
41 Soap, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	5	0	0
42 Stock Fish, &c., per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	4	0	0
43 Sea Horse Teeth, per 100 catties, . . . . .	2	0	0	0
44 Treasure, and Money of all kinds, . . . . .	Free.			
45 Wine, Beer, Spirits, &c.				
In Quart Bottles, per 100 bottles, . . . . .	1	0	0	0
In Pint do. per 100 bottles, . . . . .	0	5	0	0
In Cask, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	5	0	0
46 Woods—namely,				
Ebony, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	1	5	0
Sandal Wood, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	5	0	0
Sapan Wood, per 100 catties, . . . . .	0	1	0	0
Unenumerated Woods, 10 per cent. ad valorem.				

	T.	M.	C.	C.
47 Woollen Manufactures, viz:—				
Broad Cloths, Spanish Stripes, Habit Cloth, &c. 51 a 64 inches wide, per Chang of 141 inches, . . . . .	0	1	5	0
Long Ells, Cassimeres, Flannel, and Narrow Cloths of this description, per Chang of 141 inches, . . . . .	0	0	7	0
Blankets of all kinds, each, . . . . .	0	1	0	0
Dutch Camblets, per Chang of 141 inches, . . . . .	0	1	5	0
Camlets, per Chang of 141 inches, . . . . .	0	0	7	0
Imitation do. Bombazettes, &c. per Chang of 141 inches, . . . . .	0	0	3	5
Bunting, narrow, per Chang of 141 inches, . . . . .	0	0	1	5
Unenumerated Woollen Goods, or Silk and Woollen, and Cotton and Woollen Mixtures, &c. 5 per cent. ad valorem.				
48 Woollen Yarn, per 100 catties, . . . . .	3	0	0	0
[All Articles unenumerated in this Tariff, 5 per cent. ad valorem.]				

## GENERAL REGULATIONS.

*Under which the British Trade is to be conducted at the five ports of Canton, Amoy, Foochowfoo, Ningpo, and Shanghai.*

## I. Pilots.

Whenever a British merchantman shall arrive off any of the five ports opened to trade, viz: Canton, Foochowfoo, Amoy, Ningpo, or Shanghai, pilots shall be allowed to take her immediately into port; and, in like manner, when such British ship shall have settled all legal duties and charges, and is about to return home, pilots shall be immediately granted to take her out to sea, without any stoppage or delay.

Regarding the remuneration to be given these pilots, that will be equitably settled by the British Consul appointed to each particular port, who will determine it with due reference to the distance gone over, the risk run, &c.

## II. Custom House Guards.

The Chinese Superintendent of Customs at each port will adopt the means that he may judge the most proper to prevent the revenue suffering by fraud or smuggling. Whenever the pilot shall have brought any British merchantman into port, the Superintendent of Customs will depute one or two trusty Custom-house officers, whose duty it will be to watch against frauds on the revenue. These will either live in a boat of their own, or stay on board the English ship, as may best suit their convenience. Their food and expenses will be supplied them from day to day from the Custom-house, and they may not exact any fees whatever from either the Commander or Consignee. Should they violate this regulation, they shall be punished proportionately to the amount so exacted.

## III. Masters of Ships reporting themselves on arrival.

Whenever a British vessel shall have cast anchor at any one of the above mentioned ports, the captain will within four and twenty hours after arrival, proceed to the British Consulate, and deposit his ships papers, bill of lading, manifest, &c. in the hands of the Consul; failing to do which, he will subject himself to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

For presenting a false manifest, the penalty will be five hundred dollars.

For breaking bulk and commencing to discharge, before due permission shall be obtained, the penalty will be five hundred dollars, and confiscation of the goods so discharged.

The Consul, having taken possession of the ship's papers, will immediately send a written communication to the Superintendent of Customs, specifying the register tonnage of the ship and the particulars of the cargo she has on board; all of which being done in due form, permission will then be given to discharge, and the duties levied as provided for in the tariff.

## IV. Commercial Dealings between English and Chinese Merchants.

It having been stipulated that English merchants may trade with whatever native merchants they please,—should any Chinese merchant fraudulently abscond or incur debts which he is unable to discharge, the Chinese authorities, upon complaint being made thereof, will of course do their utmost to bring the offender to justice; it must, however, be distinctly understood, that if the defaulter really cannot be found, or be dead, or bankrupt, and there be not wherewithal to pay, the English merchants may not appeal to the former custom of the Hong merchants paying for one another, and can no longer expect to have their losses made good to them.

## V. Tonnage Dues.

Every English merchantman, on entering any one of the above mentioned five ports, shall pay tonnage-dues at the rate of five mace per register ton, in full of all charges. The fees formerly levied on entry and departure, of every description, are henceforth abolished.

## VI. Import and Export Duties.

Goods, whether imported into, or exported from, any one of the above-mentioned five ports, are henceforward to be taxed