

to do except eat, and drink, and sleep. If the big subscribers would pay up, there would be little danger of the small ones. A cheque would be more satisfactory than a long speech, but speeches seemed more plentiful at present than cheques. Mr. M'Pherson handed in a cheque for £20 by way of amendment.

The Lord Bishop said he would rejoice if many more amendments of the same sort were offered, he would be sure to take the question on them first. His Lordship stated it was very desirable to know how many of the original subscribers would pay, this had never been ascertained, and was now the desideratum. £900 was due for the first instalment of the first subscription, but only between £700 and £800 had been paid. To prosecute the work advantageously the Contract must be taken in the Fall, to bargain in the Spring or Summer would be more expensive. It is very important therefore that some arrangement be made this Autumn, otherwise another year must be lost.

Mr. F. W. Hatheway took it for granted that all present were friends to the Cathedral, and anxious to see it erected. If all the subscriptions should be paid there would still be a deficiency of nearly £1000. Let each one say now what more he would give, then if the requisite sum could be procured the Committee would become bound for the amount, and the work might be undertaken immediately. The decision might just as easily be arrived at now as at a future time, and it was clear the Cathedral was not to be had without further exertion.

After some further observations from Mr. Hatheway, Judge Street, Messrs. Kerr, Gregory, P. Fisher, and C. M'Pherson,

A Subscription List was handed round on the suggestion of Mr. F. W. Hatheway, and £260 subscribed in addition to former contributions.

C. Fisher, Esquire, had fully considered the subject, and had made up his mind that there would be a deficiency of not less than £1500, and he was willing to be one of ten who would make up that deficiency, in addition to what he had already given.

His Honor Judge Street then proposed the two following Resolutions, which being seconded by D. S. Kerr, Esquire, were severally passed unanimously:—

*Resolved*, That in the opinion of this Meeting, the most probable way of meeting the views of his Lordship in respect to securing the amount of £5000 required by him, to be raised in the Parish of Fredericton and its vicinity, for building the Cathedral, is to call upon all the subscribers who have already signed the subscription list, either to pay over to his Lordship the amount of their respective subscriptions, or to give his Lordship good endorsed promissory notes for such parts of their subscriptions as they may not be prepared to pay at once, such notes to be payable to his Lordship or his successor in two equal instalments not exceeding eight and sixteen months.

*Resolved*, That a Committee be appointed to collect without delay the subscriptions or notes according to the above resolution, and also to solicit further subscriptions for the object in view, and that George J. Dibblee, Charles M'Pherson, E. W. Miller, D. S. Kerr, J. C. Allen, J. Myhrall Junior, and J. A. Beckwith, Esquires, be a Committee for that purpose, and that they report their proceedings to the General Committee on or before the first day of September next.

His Lordship the Bishop then left the Chair, and the Hon. Mr. Saunders was called thereto, when on motion of the Hon. Judge Street, seconded by G. J. Dibblee, Esquire, it was unanimously Resolved,

That the grateful thanks of this meeting be given to the Lord Bishop of Fredericton for the zeal he has manifested, and the great trouble and pains he has taken in exerting himself to carry into effect the proposed erection of a Cathedral in the Province, an object which the members of this meeting conceive every good Churchman in the Diocese should use his best exertions to support.

Thanks were then voted to the Chairman and Secretary and the meeting adjourned.

W. WATTS, JUN., Secretary.

[From the Morning Post Extra.]

Saint John's, Newfoundland, July 11, 1846.

In placing before the public the Documents which form the present Number, we come to the performance of our duty with sentiments of pleasure, gratitude and esteem; yet are these not altogether unalloyed by regret, for—from the universal tendency towards self, of even the best feelings of fallen man—there ever mingles with his gladness at the advancement of the welfare of those who have won his respect, esteem or love, in at least some degree, sorrow for the loss which thereby he may himself sustain.

Nor to ourself alone are these sentiments confined,—the Representatives of the people of this Colony have expressed them, and in their expression of them the inhabitants at large participate.

While our gratification at the promotion of Sir John Harvey is heightened by the prospect which that promotion opens of a still further advancement in Colonial Government; our regret at the loss we are about to sustain, is also deepened by the additional proof of the great and disinterested regard for the welfare of the people of this Colony, which the last of the documents we publish to day, so clearly and fully manifests.

General as is the acknowledgement of the benefits resulting from the administration of Sir John Harvey, and long as they will be felt, this generous act of self-denial will outlast these considerations, for it will sink deep in the hearts of a people who well know how to appreciate it, and will associate with his name, in years to come, a remembrance which will endear it to all, but especially to those on whom its benefits will more immediately rest.

ADDRESS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, PRESENTED ON THE 9TH JULY, 1846.

To His Excellency Major-General Sir JOHN HARVEY, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Newfoundland and its Dependencies, &c. &c.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

The House of Assembly beg leave to tender to Your Excellency their heartfelt congratulations that Her Most Gracious Majesty has been pleased to confer upon Your Excellency so marked an approval of your eminent services, as is expressed in Her Majesty's Commission conferring upon Your Excellency the Government of the Province of Nova Scotia.

But while they feel gratified at these renewed testimonies to Your Excellency's distinguished merits, they cannot refrain from expressing to Your Excellency how deeply they regret that this Colony is destined, and at a juncture so distressing, to be deprived of the services of one, who, during the brief period of his government, has proved that every energy of his enlightened mind, all the attributes of his great intelligence, and every feeling of his benevolent heart, were unceasingly employed to promote the welfare and happiness of all classes of the people without distinction.

At no period were these dispositions so strongly manifested as when, on the occasion of the late afflicting calamity that has desolated the capital of this Colony by fire, Your Excellency's paternal solicitude prompted the adoption of measures the most calculated to relieve the Colony, by awaking the sympathy of the Imperial Government and the Governments of the several North American Colonies, as well as of the inhabitants of these Countries and of the United States of America, for the distress and desolation with which we had been visited.

The House of Assembly therefore humbly request that Your Excellency will be pleased to permit them to appropriate the sum of £500, to enable them to bestow upon Your Excellency a testimony of their sincere gratitude for the great services you have conferred upon this country, that may often awaken, not only in your own mind, but in the minds of your beloved family and friends, the memory of Your Excellency's connexion with Newfoundland, a connexion, the severance of which, while it brings to Your Excellency increased and well merited honours, leaves to her people unfeigned and universal regret.

JOHN KENT, Speaker.

House of Assembly, July 9, 1846.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S REPLY.

Mr. Speaker, Honorable Gentlemen, and Gentlemen,

It has been my good fortune so frequently to interchange with you assurances of the kindly feelings and good will mutually entertained towards each other, that a far more copious vocabulary than I have ever possessed must have been long since exhausted, if an unchangeable sentiment required to be expressed by varied words—and although such is happily not the case, yet does your high appreciation of my endeavour to advance the interests of the people of the Colony, and thereby to fulfil the benevolent wishes and instructions of my Sovereign, so forcibly conveyed in this Address, so far transcend any merits which I can claim, as to leave me wholly without the power of expressing the strength of the sentiments by which I am oppressed.

The testimonial of my connexion with this ancient, loyal, and most interesting population of the British Crown, I should unhesitatingly but most gratefully have declined under the present circumstances of the Colony, had the tender of it not been pressed upon me in language so earnest and so affectionate as to render the performance of what I feel would have been an ungracious task, utterly impossible.—Your wishes on this subject shall therefore be made known to my Sovereign, by whom I cannot doubt that this affectionate Address will be received as an affecting proof that the kind and warm hearts of Her Majesty's Newfoundland subjects feel grateful even for the desire, when earnestly and unequivocally manifested, to promote their happiness and interests; and beyond this I feel that I possess few claims upon them—but to that I do lay claim.

Gentlemen,—You have been pleased to allude to my family—for them, one and all, I also claim full participation in those sentiments by which they know me to be animated; and in their name, therefore, I most warmly thank you for your kind notice of them on this most interesting occasion.

Having thus endeavoured to express my sense of all the kindness which I have experienced since I have been among you, it is a relief to my heart to add that the moment for saying adieu has not yet arrived, as I hope to be among you for yet some weeks.

I pray God to bless you, and to prosper this afflicted, but scarcely depressed Colony.

Government House, July 9, 1846.

J. HARVEY.