

Act to afford relief to persons unfortunate in business in certain cases," a composition was offered and accepted, and the agreement for the same being reduced into writing, was duly signed pursuant to the said Act, as by the said agreement and the Minutes and Record of the proceedings duly certified and sworn to by the said Clerk of the Peace, and duly transmitted, appears: His Honor the Master of the Rolls doth hereby Order, that unless good cause be shewn to the contrary on the first Tuesday in September next, an Order will be made by him releasing and discharging the said Hiram Drake from his existing debts and other liabilities, upon and agreeably to the terms and conditions of the said agreement, save and except the composition agreed upon at the said Meeting; and further ordered, that affidavits in opposition to such release and discharge (if any) be filed with the Register on or before the twenty sixth day of August instant.

By Order of His Honor the Master of the Rolls.

D. LUDLOW ROBINSON, REGR.

NEW BRUNSWICK, } *Wednesday, August 5th, 1846.*
IN CHANCERY.

AT THE ROLLS.

Ex parte John J. Hogan, a Bankrupt.

ON motion of Mr. Berton, and on reading the Certificate of Robert F. Hazen, Esquire, the Commissioner in and for the City and County of Saint John of the Estates and Effects of Bankrupts, of the due conformity of the said Bankrupt, dated the twenty fifth day of November last, and the several affidavits of Charles Johnston and of the said Bankrupt: It is Ordered, that the said Certificate be confirmed unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the first Tuesday in September next; and further ordered, that this Order be published in the Royal Gazette on Wednesday the twelfth day of August instant, and on each succeeding Wednesday until the said first Tuesday in September next.

By the Court.

D. LUDLOW ROBINSON, REGR.

In the matter of Moses Y. Lenentine, of Southampton, in the County of York, a Bankrupt.

PURSUANT to Notice, Meetings of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt will be held at the Office of Asa Coy, Esquire, on Thursday the twentieth day of August next, and on Thursday the seventeenth day of September next, at noon of each day, for proof of debts and examination; and all parties indebted to the said Bankrupt's Estate, or having any property of the said Bankrupt in their possession, are required to pay or deliver the same to the said Asa Coy, on or before the tenth day of September next, and all Creditors are required to prove their respective claims before that day.—Dated 25th July, 1846.

D. LUDLOW ROBINSON, Commissioner.

SHERIFFS' SALES.

County of York.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Monday the sixteenth day of November next, at the Market House in Fredericton, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock, P. M.:

ALL the right, title and interest, property, claim and demand, which Aaron Estey had on the day on which a Memorial of Judgment was filed against him, and one Samuel Estey, in the Office of the Register of Deeds and Wills for the County of York, in favor of the Administrators of the late Ezekiel Sloat, to-wit, on the 23d day of December, 1841, or at any time since that period, to the undermentioned Lots of Land in the Parish of Douglas, known as the Lots numbered 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, in the Nashwasis Grant, granted to Leonard Reed, Elias Queveau, and others, together with all other the Real Estate of the said Aaron Estey, in the County of York, with all Mills, Houses, &c., erected thereon: The same having been seized by virtue of several Executions issued out of the Supreme Court, against the said Aaron Estey.

Also, at the same time and place:

Will be sold all the right, title and interest, property, claim and demand, of Richard Powers, to a Lot of Land on which he now resides, in the Parish of Kingsclear, known as the southwestern half of the Lot No. 29, on the southeast side of the Hanwell Road, containing 90 acres, more or less: The same having been seized by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, in favor of William A. McLean.

Also, at the same time and place:

Will be sold all the right, title and interest, property, claim and demand, of Isaiah Parent and John Lint, to the Lot of Land on which they now reside, in the Parish of Queensbury, fronting on the River Saint John, known as Lot No. 136, or "the Glebe Lot." The same having been seized by virtue of two Executions issued out of the Supreme Court, one against Isaiah Parent, in favor of George W. Turner, the other against John Lint, in favor of Peter Fisher.

Fredericton, May 12, 1846.

E. W. MILLER, SHERIFF.

County of Albert.

To be sold at Public Auction on the second Tuesday in January next, at the Sheriff's Office in Hopewell, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon:

ALL the right, title, interest and estate of James Gildart, of, in and to all that certain Farm, or tract of Land, situate on the Pollet River, so called, in the Parish of Harvey, in the County of Albert, and now in the occupation of the said James Gildart; bounded Southerly by Land in the occupation of Richard Golding, Easterly by Land granted to William Colepitt, Northerly by Land in the occupation of John Constantine, and Westerly by vacant Crown Land; containing by estimation one hundred acres, more or less: The same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Robert Stiles, against the said James Gildart.

Hopewell, June 30th, 1846.

THOS. GILBERT, SHERIFF.

County of Sunbury.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday the twenty sixth day of June next, at the Court House in Burton, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon:

ALL the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand whatsoever, of Joseph F. Estabrooks, of in and to that Farm or tract of Land situate in the Parish of Manguerville, and abutted and bounded as follows, viz:—Southerly by the River Saint John; northwesterly by Land owned by Charles Good and Edward Miles; in the rear by Crown Lands; and south-easterly by Ruben Cowperthwaite's Farm; being Lot No. —, containing

500 acres, more or less, with all buildings and other improvements thereon: The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of Enoch Lunt against the said Joseph F. Estabrooks.

Burton, 16th December, 1844.

J. HAZEN, SHERIFF.

The sale of the above property is postponed until Friday the 24th day of October next.

Burton, 26th June, 1845.

J. HAZEN, SHERIFF.

The Sale of the above Property is further postponed until the twenty fifth day of February next.

Burton, Oct. 22, 1845.

J. HAZEN, SHERIFF.

The sale of the above property is further postponed until the last Monday in June next.

Burton, Feb. 23, 1846.

J. HAZEN, SHERIFF.

The sale of the above property is further postponed until the last Monday in October next.

Burton, 29th June, 1846.

J. HAZEN, SHERIFF.

[From the Saint John Courier, August 15, 1846.]

SIX DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.—The Steamer Great Western arrived at New York, on Monday last, after a passage of fifteen days and a half from Liverpool, having left that port on the 25th July.

We are indebted to Mr. T. M'Henry, who arrived by Williams' coach from Saint Andrews, last evening, for the Boston *Daily Star* of Tuesday morning, which contains a short synopsis of the Great Western's news, and also some important intelligence from Washington, which we have extracted.

The *Star* says—The news by the Great Western, in a business point of view, is important—otherwise, not very stirring.

The money, produce, cotton and other markets, are all spoken of as in a depressed condition.—Wool has fallen.—Flour is abundant and low.—Iron is falling.

Lord John Russell's plan for altering the sugar duties is developed. He goes for a gradual change, until all sugars, of free and slave production, shall pay the same duty.

The English crops were threatened by unfavorable weather.

A total failure of the harvest in Russia is anticipated.

The split among the Irish Repealers is daily widening. Mr. O'Brien leads Young Ireland.

France is busy with her own politics and elections. Spain is under the ban of the old factions. Germany sends no news. Portugal thinks of trying another revolution. From the East, there is nothing worth repeating. Russia is busy with her Caucasian war. A plan to invade Greece has been discovered.

A fearful accident had occurred during a hurricane at Loodianah, on the 20th of May. The barracks there were blown down, and 84 men, women and children, of Her Majesty's 50th Regiment, had perished; 135 have been wounded, and four privates are missing.

There has been a dreadful earthquake at Smyrna. Houses were tumbled in ruins, people killed, and a great amount of property destroyed.

The visit of Mehemet Ali to Constantinople, and the humility and piety of the new Pope, are among the chief items of news.

[From the Boston Star, August 11.]

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.—*Veto of the Spoilation Bill.*—*Message from the President.*—*Granting of \$2,000,000 to settle the War.*—The proceedings in Congress on Saturday were very important and interesting. The President it is stated, has put his veto to the Spoilation Bill.

The President sent the following Message to the Senate and House of Representatives:—"I invite your attention to the propriety of making an appropriation to provide for any expenditure which it may be necessary to make in advance, for the purpose of settling all our difficulties with the Mexican Republic. It is my sincere desire to terminate, as it was originally to avoid, the existing war with Mexico, by a peace just and honorable to both parties. It is probable that the chief obstacles to be surmounted in accomplishing this desirable object, will be the adjustment of a boundary between the two Republics, which shall prove satisfactory and convenient to both; and such as neither will hereafter be inclined to disturb. In the adjustment of this boundary we ought to pay a fair equivalent for any concessions which may be made by Mexico.

"Under the circumstances, and considering the other complicated questions to be settled by negotiation with the Mexican Republic, I deem it important that a sum of money should be placed under the control of the Executive, to be advanced, if need be, to the government of that republic, immediately after their ratification of a treaty. It might be inconvenient for the Mexican government to wait for the whole sum, the payment of which may be stipulated by this treaty, until it can be ratified by our Senate, or an application to carry it into effect made by Congress. Indeed, the necessity for this delay might defeat the object altogether. The disbursement of this money would, of course, be accounted for, not as secret service money, but like other expenditures.

"Two precedents for such a proceeding exists in our past history during the administration of Mr. Jefferson, to which I would call your attention.—On the 26th February, 1803, an Act was passed appropriating two millions of dollars for the purpose of defraying