

in any quantity less than one pint, nor shall such wholesale dealer permit any such liquor to be drunk on his premises.

6. The said Courts shall from time to time make and ordain such rules and regulations as they may deem necessary to be observed by wholesale dealers and tavern keepers in their respective Counties, under such penalties as the said Courts respectively may consider right, but in no case to be less than four dollars nor more than twenty dollars, for every breach of such rules and regulations, to be recovered before the Court of Sessions, or any two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County where the offence may be committed.

7. No wholesale or tavern licence shall be granted in any County in this Province unless at the General Sessions, and every person on obtaining a licence shall enter into recognizance to Her Majesty in the sum of one hundred and sixty dollars, with two good sureties conditioned to obey such rules and regulations.

8. It shall be the duty of all constables, special constables, and policemen, to search out and prosecute all offenders against the laws in force with reference to the sale of spirituous liquors, by making complaint and prosecuting the same to conviction before some Court of competent jurisdiction; and if any such constable, special constable, or policeman, wilfully fail or neglect to perform such duty, he shall for every such offence or neglect of duty be liable to the penalty of eight dollars, to be collected on the complaint of any resident of the County in which such neglect takes place, and under the provisions of any Act or Acts now or hereafter in force relating to Summary Convictions before Justices of the Peace; and any such constable, special constable, or policeman, neglecting his duty as aforesaid, shall upon conviction for neglect of duty as aforesaid, be dismissed from office by any two Justices of the Peace in and for the County in which such constables, special constables, or policemen are acting, and for which or any Parish or Town in which they have been appointed.

9. When it shall come to the knowledge of any such Courts respectively, or of any two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in any County, by complaint or otherwise, that any wholesale dealer, tavern or inn keeper, within the jurisdiction of the said Court or of the said Justices, has been guilty of a breach of any rule or regulation made as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Court or the said two Justices, to cause the offending party to be brought before them at such time as they in their discretion shall appoint; and the said Court or the said two Justices may compel the attendance of any witnesses to give evidence on any proceedings to be had before them respectively, against any person for the breach of any such rules or regulations, or for the recovery of any penalty imposed under the authority of this Act.

10. When any person having been legally served with a subpœna, shall neglect or refuse to attend, according to the exigency of the same, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding eight dollars for every default, to be imposed by the said Court or the two Justices, unless it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the said Court or Justices that the party subpœnaed had good excuse for non-attendance.

11. If any person shall directly or indirectly sell or barter any liquors without licence, or if a licenced wholesale dealer shall sell any liquor in any quantity less than one pint, or shall allow any liquor to be drunk on his or their premises,

every person so offending shall, for the first offence, forfeit a sum not exceeding forty dollars nor less than ten dollars, to be recovered, with costs of prosecution, before the said Court of General Sessions, or before any two Justices of the Peace resident in the County in which the offence shall be committed, and in default of payment the offender shall be committed to the common gaol for a term not exceeding fifty days nor less than thirty days; for the second offence he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty dollars nor less than twenty dollars; to be recovered, with costs of prosecution, before such Court or Justices as aforesaid, and on default of payment shall be committed as aforesaid for a term not exceeding eighty days nor less than forty days; and for every subsequent offence he shall forfeit the sum of sixty dollars, to be recovered, with costs of suit, before such Court or Justices as aforesaid, and on default of payment, shall be committed as aforesaid for the term of three months.

12. Any person who shall bribe or attempt to bribe, intimidate or attempt to intimidate, any person with a view to hinder or prevent him from giving testimony as to any violation of this Act, shall be liable to a penalty of not less than twenty dollars.

13. In any prosecution under and by virtue of the provisions of this Act, proof of keeping a shop with liquors therein, or of keeping such liquors in any part of any house or building apparently for sale, or of any person being found drinking in any such shop, house or building, or coming out therefrom intoxicated, shall be sufficient evidence against the occupier of such shop, house or building, of the selling or retailing liquors without licence, or the allowing them to be drunk upon the premises, as the case may be, unless the person complained of shall prove to the satisfaction of the Court trying the complaint, either that he or she has a licence, or that there was no sale or barter of liquors as complained of; and in such case, and where the conviction is sought to be obtained simply upon proof of keeping a shop with liquors therein, or of keeping such liquors in any part of any house or building apparently for sale, or of any person being found drinking in any such shop, house or building, or coming out therefrom intoxicated, it shall be competent, but not compellable, for the person charged, and his wife, to give testimony in defence upon such complaint and prosecution.

14. That the penalties imposed by this Act, and the costs of conviction, may be levied as well by Warrant of distress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, as by Warrant of commitment against the person of such offender, or both, at the discretion of the Court or Justice imposing such penalty; and in case of commitment, the said Court or Justices shall define the number of days in the Warrant.

15. No licence granted under this Act shall entitle any person to keep a tavern or inn, or to sell liquor by wholesale in any house or place, other than that for which his licence may have been granted; but in case of the death or removal of any person licenced as aforesaid, before the expiration of the same, it shall be lawful for the said Court of General Sessions, or any Special Sessions (if they see fit), to grant to the person succeeding to such tavern, or wholesale premises, a licence to continue and keep on the same during the residue of the time of the said licence; but the person so succeeding, shall enter into the like recognizance as if he had originally obtained such licence under the authority of this Act.

16. No inn keeper or tavern keeper who shall sell upon