trust or credit any liquors, mixed or unmixed, to any person, shall have any remedy against the said person, his executors or administrators, either in law or in equity, for the recovery thereof; and if any bill, bond, note, mortgage, or other security or conveyance shall be made and delivered, the consideration or any part of the consideration of which shall be proved to be for liquors sold, the same shall be deemed and taken to be fraudulent and void in all Courts of Justice; and if any pawn or pledge shall be left by any person with any tavern or inn keeper, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the County in which such pawn or pledge may have been given or left, on complaint and proof of the same, to order the said pawn or pledge to be restored, and shall further convict the inn or tavern keeper who may have received the same, in a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars for each offence.

17. No tavern or inn keeper shall permit any apprentice to any profession or trade, or any servant, or any person under the age of sixteen years, to sit or remain drinking in his house or premises; nor shall any tavern or inn keeper sell or give, or suffer to be given or sold to any servant, or to any person under the age of sixteen years, any liquors without the order or consent of the master, mistress, parent or guardian of such apprentice, servant, or person under the age aforesaid, under a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars, to be recovered with costs, on the oath of one credible witness, before any Justice of the Peace of the County where the offence may have been committed.

18. No tavern or inn keeper, or wholesale dealer, shall sell any liquors mixed or unmixed, on the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, under a penalty not exceeding twenty dollars nor less than eight dollars, for each offence, to be recovered upon complaint before any Justice of the Peace of the County where the offence shall be committed; and if any person shall be seen on the Lord's Day, leaving the premises of any tavern or inn keeper in a state of intoxication, such tavern or inn keeper shall be deemed and taken to be prima facie liable to the penalty in this section mentioned, and shall be convicted in the same, unless he shall make it appear to the satisfaction of such Justice, that no liquors were on that day sold or given, directly or indirectly, to such intoxicated person by such tavern keeper or inn keeper, or by any person or persons in his employ.

19. If any tavern or inn keeper, or wholesale dealer, shall directly or indirectly persuade or seduce, or attempt to persuade or seduce, any soldier to desert from Her Majesty's service, or shall assist any such soldier in deserting, or in concealing himself from such service, or shall buy, exchange, detain or otherwise receive any arms, clothing, caps, or other furniture or accoutrements belonging to the Queen, or to any such soldier or deserter which are generally deemed regimental necessaries, according to the custom of the army, or shall exchange, buy or receive from any soldier any provisions, unless by the consent of the officer commanding the regiment or detachment to which such soldier may belong, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to annul the licence of such tavern or inn keeper or wholesale dealer, and immediately on receiving notice of such annulment he shall thenceforth be deemed to be an unlicenced person, and shall be disqualfied from holding or obtaining any license whatever for the space of two years from the time of such annulment.

20. Any tavern or inn keeper convicted of enticing, seducing, harbouring or concealing any articled seaman or apprentice, shall not only forfeit his licence, but also be disqualified from holding a tavern licence for the space of one year from the time of such conviction.

21. The several Clerks of the Peace in the respective Counties, as soon as may be after every General Sessions at which licences may have been granted, shall transmit to the Town Clerks of the several Parishes a list of the persons licenced to keep an inn or tavern, or to sell liquors by wholesale in their respective Parishes, and such Town Clerk shall make diligent enquiry, and make known to the Clerk of the Peace, or to the nearest Justice, if any person be guilty, or suspected to be guilty, of any breach of the provisions of this Act, or of any regulations made by virtue thereof, in order that the offender may be prosecuted; and the Justices of the several Counties in this Province, at their respective General Sessions of the Peace, may order such sum of money to be paid to each of the said Town Clerks from the funds of the County, to remunerate them for the duty hereby imposed, as such Justices in their discretion may think fit.

22. Whenever the Grand Jury at any Court of General Sessions of the Peace in any of the Counties of this Province shall deem it to be necessary that any person should be brought before them as a witness to make known any offender against the provisions aforesaid, and shall present to the said Court the name of such witness, such Court may forthwith issue a Subpæna to compel his attendance, and appearing, he shall be sworn in open Court to make true answers to such questions as shall be asked by any of the said Grand Jury touching any offence against the provisions aforesaid, and shall immediately attend the Grand Jury for that purpose; but no witness shall be compelled to criminate himself.

23. This Act shall be publicly read by the Clerk of the Peace at the opening of every Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the several Counties in this Province; and the Justices of such Courts shall at the same time cause a list of all the holders of licences in the respective Counties to be delivered to the Grand Jury at such Courts respectively; and it shall be given in charge to such Grand Jury to make diligent enquiry and presentment of all persons found or suspected to be guilty of any offence against this Act; and upon such presentment the Justices of any such Court may proceed against the offenders in the manner hereinbefore directed; and all penalties shall, upon the recovery thereof, be paid to the respective County Treasurers, to be applied to the same purposes and under the same directions as the sums of money paid for licences are hereinbefore directed to be applied.

24. All penalties recovered under this Act shall be paid to the County Treasurer of the County where prosecuted, and one-half of every penalty shall be ordered to be paid to the person by whose means the conviction was obtained, and no testimony shall be excepted to on that account.

25. In this Act, unless there be something in the context to the contrary, the word "Liquors" shall mean wine, brandy, gin, rum, whiskey, ale, porter, or any other distilled, alcoholic, or intoxicating liquors.

26. No liquors shall be sold in any booth or shed, or in any place whatever of a like character, where any public meeting or gathering of people may take place, or within one mile of the same, unless the meeting or gathering be in