POWER TO MAKE BYE LAWS.

96. The Council may make regulations for the management and good order of their proceedings, and may make bye laws to regulate the following objects :---

1st—For the management of such real estate as may be required for County use, the management of all County property, and the support of the Poor;

2nd—For providing means to pay the expenses of the administration of Justice chargeable on County funds, and for the preventing and extinguishing of fires;

3rd—For assessing and appropriating all moneys authorized by law to be raised; but no greater assessment solely for Parish purposes shall be raised than recommended by the Councillors for that Parish, and the assessment shall be confined to that Parish;

4th—For the collection and accounting of all tolls, rates, and County revenues, for imposing penalties, determining the amount and manner of paying salaries, fees and remuneration to County officers, making contracts, and for determining what officers shall be paid, and the amount and mode of paying them;

5th—For making regulations for trying contested elections of Councillors;

6th—For regulating the election of Councillors;

7th—For the good rule and government of the Municipality, and for the regulation and management of the local, municipal, fiscal, prudential, and sanitary affairs thereof;

8th—For regulating the mode, manner, and form of making out Accounts and claims against the Municipality, for any matter or thing upon which the Municipality may be liable to pay any sum of money for any purpose provided for by the laws relating to Municipalities, and to declare the time at which the said Accounts shall be filed with the Auditor, and to direct that the said Accounts or claims shall not be received for audit unless such form is complied with;

9th—For compelling the taking down of fences along the highways in places subject to drifts of snow, and providing for the expense thereof, and authorizing persons to cross the lands of others during Winter to avoid snow drifts;

10th—For the establishment and regulation of markets, market houses and fairs, and for the slaughtering of animals, and the sale of dead meats;

11th—For the establishment, licensing and regulation of ferries, and fixing the rates and fares thereof, and for the conveying passengers to and from steam boats on their passage along the rivers;

12th—For the protection of streets, squares, sidewalks and pavements, and of the posts, railways, trees, and other defences and ornaments thereof;

13th—For the use and management of docks, wharves, landings and cranes, and except in case of a public harbour, fixing the rates of dockage, whar'age, and cranage; 14th—For the regulation of carriages for hire, cartage and truckage, and the lading and unlading of vessels;

18th—For the occupation and grazing of marshes, sandbars, beaches, and other low lands and islands, and the erection of water and other fences and gates thereon, and for determining what creeks, lakes, swamps, rivers, arms of the sea, and fences, shall be deemed lawful enclosures for the same;

19th—For the regulation of pounds, and fixing the fees and rates to be taken and received by pound-keepers and persons lawfully driving any thing to pound;

20th—For preventing the firing of guns or other firearms, or the setting off squibs or other fireworks, or burning of combustible materials, the carrying of fire, lighted candles, or lamps, without being covered or secured;

21st—For the regulation of School reserves, Town Commons, and other lands for public uses;

22nd—For imposing and collecting a tax on dogs;

23rd—For preventing the ringing of bells, shouting, or other unusual noises in the streets, knocking at the doors, or ringing door-bells;

24th—For the regulation and management of booms for holding timber, logs, and other lumber, and for the driving of timber and logs; for fixing the table of tolls for boomage, with the lien of the boom master therefor, and prescribing the mode of recovering and right of disposing of the lumber of any person for which such boomage may be charged, in default of payment, not interfering with any Corporation or person empowered by law to establish a boom;

25th—For establishing and regulating a Police in any Town or Village;

26th—For defining the gaol limits, not exceeding three miles nor less than half a mile from the gaol;

27th—For the regulation and management of workhouses and gaols;

28th-For the marking of neat cattle and sheep;

29th—For preventing disorderly riding and driving on the public roads and bridges, and preventing coasting thereon;

30th—For preventing the growth of thistles and other noxious weeds;

31st—For regulating the manner and times of burning brush and other materials in clearing lands;

32nd—For regulating the assizes of bread;

33rd—For preserving the banks of rivers;

34th—For establishing lock-up houses in such parts of the County as may be necessary, and making regulations for the government thereof; and any prisoner in the custody cf any officer may be imprisoned in such lock-up house until he can be removed to the common gaol; but no person under arrest in civil causes shall be detained therein more than forty eight hours;

35th—For preventing vice, immorality and indecency in the streets, highways, and other public places, and for preventing the profanation of the Sabbath; and for preventing cruelty to animals;

15th—For the measurement of salt, coals, and wood, and fixing the rates therefor;

16th—For the weighing of hay and straw, and fixing the rates therefor;

17th—For the erection of fences and gates across highways for the protection of intervale lands, and the keeping them in repair; provided that no such fence or gate shall be erected which has not been authorized by law;

36th—For restraining and licensing all exhibitions, circuses, and other shows for hire or profit, and for preserving order thereat; but no license fee shall exceed forty dollars for a day;

37th—For abating and removing all public nuisances; 38th—For preventing and regulating the straying or running at large of horses, cattle, sheep, swine, goats, dogs, geese, turkeys, hens, and other domestic fowls; for the care and keeping of stray horses, cattle, and sheep; and for pro-