

## Rules and Practice of the House of Assembly

### Bills—Private.

185. No Bill of a private nature shall be received by this House after the twentieth day from the opening of the Session, both inclusive, and that the Clerk of this House do cause this Rule to be published in the Royal Gazette weekly during each recess of the Legislature; and this Rule shall not be suspended except in the same manner as a Joint Rule of this House and the Legislative Council is suspended.

186. (*Joint Rule.*)—No Bill of a private nature, or Bill for making any amendments of a like nature to any former Act, shall be received by the House, unless a notice specifying the several objects desired to be attained, has been published four successive weeks previous to the meeting of the Legislature or to the introduction of the Bill, in some one of the Newspapers published in the City or County interested in or to be affected by the measure, or in the locality where the parties affected or the majority of them reside.

187. When no Newspaper is published in either of such localities, then in some Newspaper published in the nearest adjoining County; and when no Newspaper is published therein, then in the Royal Gazette.

188. When the City or County interested in the measure, or the locality in which the parties affected reside, is largely composed of a French population, then such notice shall also be published in a French Newspaper, if any be published in the Province.

189. In any County where no Newspaper may be published, the Bill, in lieu of other local notice or publication, may be read at the Assizes, in the presence of the Grand Jury, or before the Council of an Incorporated Town, or before the Municipal Council of the County, interested in or affected by the Bill; and a certificate of such reading shall be endorsed upon or attached to the said Bill, by the Clerk of the Court, or the Town Clerk, or the Secretary-Treasurer, as the case may be, verified by the Seal, if any, of and in case of the Town Council or Municipal Council, as the case may be; and (*Joint Rule*) separate Petitions must be presented to each Branch of the Legislature, setting forth in detail the object of the measure and the reasons that may be urged for its adoption.

190. (*Joint Rule.*)—It shall be the duty of all parties seeking the interference of the Legislature in any Private Bill, to file with the Clerk of each House the evidence of their having complied with the Rules and Standing Orders thereof.

191. In default of such proof, or evidence, being so furnished, it shall be the duty of the Clerk to report to Mr. Speaker or the House that the Rules and Standing Orders have not been complied with, and to endorse the same upon the Bill.

GEO. J. BLISS, *Clerk Assembly.*

### Joint Rules of Council and Assembly.

1. That no Bill of a private or local nature, or Bill for making any amendments of a like nature to any former Act, shall be received by the House, unless a notice specifying the several objects desired to be attained, has been published four successive weeks, previous to the meeting of the Legislature or to the introduction of the Bill, in some one of the Newspapers published in the City or County interested in the measure, or in the locality where the parties affected reside; and when no Newspaper is published in either of such localities, then in some Newspaper published in the nearest adjoining County, or in the Royal Gazette; provided that when the City or County interested in the measure, or where the locality in which the parties affected reside, is largely composed of a French population, then such notice shall also be published in a French Newspaper, if any be published in the Province; and provided also, that in any County where no Newspaper may be published, that such Bill, in lieu of other local notice or publication, may be read at the Assizes, or at some General Sessions of the County, or City and County interested in such Bill, in the presence of the Grand Jury, or in Incorporated Counties before the County Council, and a certificate be endorsed thereon by the Clerk of the Court or the Secretary-Treasurer, as the case may be, that the same has been so read.

2. That separate Petitions be presented to each Branch of the Legislature, setting forth in detail the object of the measure, and the reasons that may be urged for its adoption.

3. No Bill of a private nature shall be received unless it shall be certified by the Receiver General that there has been paid into his hands, towards the printing and other contingent expenses of the House, the sum of *Thirty Dollars*, except in case of a Bill in amendment of or in addition to an Act, when there shall be paid the sum of *Twenty Dollars*; provided that where a Bill, in respect of which such payment may be made, does not pass the Legislature, it may be introduced without further payment at the next Session; and provided that this Rule shall not extend to "Local Acts."

4. It shall be the duty of all parties seeking the interference of the Legislature in any Private or Local Bill, to file with the Clerk of each House the evidence of their having complied with the Rules and Standing Orders thereof; and in default of such proof being so furnished, it shall be the duty of the Clerk to report that the Rules and Standing Orders have not been complied with, and to endorse the same upon the Bill.

GEO. BOTSFORD, *Clerk Leg. Council.*

GEO. J. BLISS, *Clerk Assembly.*

### EQUITY SALE.

THERE will be sold at Public Auction, at the Weigh Scales in front of the York County Court House, in the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, on Thursday the twenty second day of June next, at twelve o'clock, noon, pursuant to the provisions of a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court in Equity, made on the first day of November, A. D. 1881, in a certain suit in the said Court, wherein Andrew M'Lean is Plaintiff, and Rachael Bailey, George A. Bailey, Michael D. Butler, and Mary E. Butler his wife, Martha E. M'Mann, J. S. Boies DeVeber, and W. Henry Thorne are Defendants, with the approbation of the undersigned Barrister, the Mortgaged Lands and Premises described in the said Order as follows:—"All the right, title, interest, property, claim or demand, either at Law or in Equity, which Gideon D. Bailey hath (had on 9th June, A. D. 1874), of, in, to, or out of, three undivided fourth parts of the following piece, lot or parcel of land and premises, and every part and parcel thereof, namely: the three undivided fourth parts of all that certain piece or parcel of land, being a part of lot number one, situate, lying and being on the northwest side of the Grand Lake, in the County of Queen's aforesaid, and on the west side of the Newcastle River, the same having been drawn by Henry Pick, in a grant made to Cornelius Dailey and others, known and distinguished as the three undivided fourth parts of that part of lot number one lying on the west side of the Newcastle River, containing by estimation forty acres more or less."

Dated this 24th day of February, A. D. 1882.

T. M. WETMORE, Barrister.

For terms and particulars apply to

GREGORY & BLAIR, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

### PUBLIC SALE.

THERE will be sold at Public Auction on Tuesday the eleventh day of April next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House in the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, in the Province of New Brunswick, pursuant to a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court of the said Province, on the Equity side thereof, made on the twenty third day of December instant, in a certain cause wherein Timothy M'Carty is Plaintiff, and Catherine Louisa Covert, William George Covert, Walter Scott Covert, Isabella Bowden, Lucy Ann Covert, Anna Sara Covert, Kate Louisa Covert, Ernest Covert, and Frederick W. Bailey, surviving Executor of the last Will and Testament of Thomas Bridges, Senior, deceased, are Defendants, and by and with the approbation of the undersigned Barrister:—All that Farm or tract of Land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Manguerville, in the County of Sunbury, and in the year A. D. 1868 bounded and described as follows, that is to say—Fronting on the River Saint John forty rods more or less, and bounded on the one side by land owned and occupied by Theodore V. W. Clowes, Esquire, and on the other by land owned by Francis Peabody, Esquire, and known and distinguished by Lot number eighty three in the Manguerville Grant, containing five hundred acres more or less.

Dated this thirty first day of December, A. D. 1881.

C. A. PALMER, Barrister.

P. A. LANDRY, Plaintiff's Solicitor.

### Fredericton Historical Society.

THE FREDERICTON HISTORICAL SOCIETY (instituted December 22nd, 1881) has been formed with the object of gathering together any and all Documents, Papers and Manuscripts which bear or throw light on the history of the Province, with a view to their preservation and chronological arrangement; and, also, of collecting materials, of the present and passing day, for the writing of its history in the future—such as Pamphlets, Reports of all kinds, Books, Legislative Documents, and all Newspapers, published in New Brunswick.

The Society desire to repair, to as great an extent as possible, the neglect of such collections in the past, and to ensure the Province against the chance of a similar charge of neglect being brought in the future against the present time. In connection with the Library which the Society hope to be able to form, there will be a Museum, where will be preserved memorials of the era when the Indian tribes and the Acadian habitants were scattered throughout the Province, and of the time before and after the American Revolutionary War, when the British settlers and the U. E. Loyalists came in to possess it.

The President and Council are convinced that there is much matter lying away hidden, or all but forgotten, in waste places and lumber rooms throughout the Province, which would be invaluable for the objects of the Society. In order to further these objects, they take this method of soliciting the people of Fredericton and of the Province generally, to give them aid, by entrusting to the Society's care any and all such documents, papers, manuscripts and memorials as before mentioned, as any of them may possess, and which they may feel free to part with for a public purpose. Due acknowledgment of all gifts of that nature, with the names of the donors, will be made through the medium of the Press.

ANDREW ARCHER,

Secretary.

G. E. FENETY, President.

Fredericton, 13th Jan. 1882.