

Rules and Practice of the House of Assembly**PRIVATE BILLS.**

185. No Bill of a private nature shall be received by this House after the twentieth day from the opening of the Session, both inclusive, and that the Clerk of this House do cause this Rule to be published in the Royal Gazette weekly during each recess of the Legislature; and this Rule shall not be suspended except in the same manner as a Joint Rule of this House and the Legislative Council is suspended.

186. (*Joint Rule.*)—No Bill of a private nature, or Bill for making any amendments of a like nature to any former Act, shall be received by the House, unless a notice specifying the several objects desired to be attained, has been published four successive weeks previous to the meeting of the Legislature or to the introduction of the Bill, in some one of the Newspapers published in the City or County interested in or to be affected by the measure, or in the locality where the parties affected or the majority of them reside.

187. When no Newspaper is published in either of such localities, then in some Newspaper published in the nearest adjoining County; and when no Newspaper is published therein, then in the Royal Gazette.

188. When the City or County interested in the measure, or the locality in which the parties affected reside, is largely composed of a French population, then such notice shall also be published in a French Newspaper, if any be published in the Province.

189. In any County where no Newspaper may be published, the Bill, in lieu of other local notice or publication, may be read at the Assizes, in the presence of the Grand Jury, or before the Council of an Incorporated Town, or before the Municipal Council of the County, interested in or affected by the Bill; and a certificate of such reading shall be endorsed upon or attached to the said Bill, by the Clerk of the Court, or the Town Clerk, or the Secretary-Treasurer, as the case may be, verified by the Seal, if any, of and in case of the Town Council or Municipal Council, as the case may be; and (*Joint Rule*) separate Petitions must be presented to each Branch of the Legislature, setting forth in detail the object of the measure and the reasons that may be urged for its adoption.

190. (*Joint Rule.*)—It shall be the duty of all parties seeking the interference of the Legislature in any Private Bill, to file with the Clerk of each House the evidence of their having complied with the Rules and Standing Orders thereof.

191. In default of such proof, or evidence, being so furnished, it shall be the duty of the Clerk to report to Mr. Speaker or the House that the Rules and Standing Orders have not been complied with, and to endorse the same upon the Bill.

GEO. J. BLISS, *Clerk Assembly.*

Joint Rules of Council and Assembly.

1. That no Bill of a private or local nature, or Bill for making any amendments of a like nature to any former Act, shall be received by the House, unless a notice specifying the several objects desired to be attained, has been published four successive weeks, previous to the meeting of the Legislature or to the introduction of the Bill, in some one of the Newspapers published in the City or County interested in the measure, or in the locality where the parties affected reside; and when no Newspaper is published in either of such localities, then in some Newspaper published in the nearest adjoining County, or in the Royal Gazette; provided that when the City or County interested in the measure, or where the locality in which the parties affected reside, is largely composed of a French population, then such notice shall also be published in a French Newspaper, if any be published in the Province; and provided also, that in any County where no Newspaper may be published, that such Bill, in lieu of other local notice or publication, may be read at the Assizes, or at some General Sessions of the County, or City and County interested in such Bill, in the presence of the Grand Jury, or in Incorporated Counties before the County Council, and a certificate be endorsed thereon by the Clerk of the Court or the Secretary-Treasurer, as the case may be, that the same has been so read.

2. That separate Petitions be presented to each Branch of the Legislature, setting forth in detail the object of the measure, and the reasons that may be urged for its adoption.

3. No Bill of a private nature shall be received unless it shall be certified by the Receiver General that there has been paid into his hands, towards the printing and other contingent expenses of the House, the sum of *Thirty Dollars*, except in case of a Bill in amendment of or in addition to an Act, when there shall be paid the sum of *Twenty Dollars*; provided that where a Bill, in respect of which such payment may be made, does not pass the Legislature, it may be introduced without further payment at the next Session; and provided that this Rule shall not extend to "Local Acts."

4. It shall be the duty of all parties seeking the interference of the Legislature in any Private or Local Bill, to file with the Clerk of each House the evidence of their having complied with the Rules and Standing Orders thereof; and in default of such proof being so furnished, it shall be the duty of the Clerk to report that the Rules and Standing Orders have not been complied with, and to endorse the same upon the Bill.

GEO. BOTSFORD, *Clerk Leg. Council.*
GEO. J. BLISS, *Clerk Assembly.*

Dominion Parliament.

(*Substance of Rules relating to Notices for Private Bills.*)

PARTIES intending to apply to Parliament for Private Bills giving any exclusive privilege or profit, or private or corporate advantage, or for the amendment of any former Act of a like nature, are notified that by the Rules of the two Houses of Parliament, published at length in the Canada Gazette, they are required to give two month's notice of their intended application in the Canada Gazette, and in a Newspaper of the County or District affected, and to transmit to the Clerk of each House copies of the Newspapers containing the first and last insertions of such notice.

In Quebec and Manitoba the Notice is to be published in the English and French Languages.

Every applicant for a Private Bill is required eight days before the opening of Parliament to deposit with the Clerk of the House in which the Bill is to originate, a copy of such Bill, with a sum sufficient to pay for the translation and printing of the same. Between the second reading of the Bill and its consideration by the Committee to whom it is referred, the applicant is to pay a fee of two hundred dollars, besides the cost of printing the Act in the Statutes.

No Petition for a Private Bill is received by either House after the expiration of the first ten days of the Session.

EDOUARD J. LANGEVIN,
Clerk of the Senate.

JOHN GEORGE BOURINOT,
Clerk of the House of Commons.

And further, with respect to the House of Commons, it is ordered under Resolution of 20th April, 1883, that—

"All Private Bills for Acts of Incorporation shall be so framed as to incorporate by reference the *clauses* of the *General Acts* relating to the details to be provided for by such Bills;—special grounds shall be established for any proposed departure from this principle, or for the introduction of other provisions as to such details, and a note shall be appended to the Bill indicating the provisions thereof, in which the *General Act* is proposed to be departed from;—Bills which are not framed in accordance with this *Rule*, shall be re-cast by the promoters, and reprinted at their expense, before any Committee passes upon the *Clauses*."

J. G. BOURINOT, *Clerk of Commons.*

In the County Court of King's County,

In the matter of Jeremiah Murphy, an absconding Debtor.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned Trustees for all the creditors of the estate and effects of Jeremiah Murphy, an absconding debtor, do hereby call a general meeting of said creditors, to examine and pass the accounts of said estate, and do appoint the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of Saturday the fourteenth day of February, A. D. 1885, at the Office of Messrs. White and Allison, Solicitors, in Sussex, in the said County of King's, as the time and place of such meeting.

Dated November 3rd, A. D. 1884.

FREDERICK V. WEDDERBURN, }
FRANK A. M'CULLY, } Trustees.
WM. C. BURNHAM, }

In the County Court of Albert.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of John F. Milton, of Hopewell, in the County of Albert, Farmer, I have directed all the Estate, as well real as personal, of James A. Marks, of Hopewell, in the County of Albert, Trader, an absconding or concealed debtor, to be seized; and unless he return and discharge his debts within three months after publication hereof, such estate will be sold for the payment thereof.

Dated at Hampton, in the County of King's, this fourteenth day of August, A. D. 1884.

WM. WEDDERBURN,
Judge of the County Court of Albert County.
C. A. PECK, Sol. for Pet. Creditor.

In the County Court of King's County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of John J. M'Elmon, I have directed all the Estate, as well real as personal, of W. H. Smith Sharp, in the County of King's, an absent debtor, to be seized; and unless he return and discharge his debts within three months after publication hereof, such estate will be sold for the payment thereof.

Dated at Hampton, the tenth day of October, A. D. 1884.

WILLIAM WEDDERBURN,
Judge of the County Court of King's County.
R. LEB. TWEEDIE, Solicitor for Petitioning Creditor.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between G. L. Brown and John T. Steeves, doing business under the name of "G. L. BROWN & Co.," has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

G. L. BROWN,
JOHN T. STEEVES.

Petitcodiac, N. B., July 4, 1884.