

Rules and Practice of the House of Assembly.**PRIVATE BILLS.**

185. No Bill of a private nature shall be received by this House after the twentieth day from the opening of the Session, both inclusive, and that the Clerk of this House do cause this Rule to be published in the Royal Gazette weekly during each recess of the Legislature; and this Rule shall not be suspended except in the same manner as a Joint Rule of this House and the Legislative Council is suspended.

186. (*Joint Rule*)—No Bill of a private nature, or Bill for making any amendments of a like nature to any former Act, shall be received by the House, unless a notice specifying the several objects desired to be attained, has been published four successive weeks previous to the meeting of the Legislature or to the introduction of the Bill, in some one of the Newspapers published in the City or County interested in or to be affected by the measure, or in the locality where the parties affected or the majority of them reside.

187. When no Newspaper is published in either of such localities, then in some Newspaper published in the nearest adjoining County; and when no Newspaper is published therein, then in the Royal Gazette.

188. When the City or County interested in the measure, or the locality in which the parties affected reside, is largely composed of a French population, then such notice shall also be published in a French Newspaper, if any be published in the Province.

189. In any County where no Newspaper may be published, the Bill, in lieu of other local notice or publication, may be read at the Assizes, in the presence of the Grand Jury, or before the Council of an Incorporated Town, or before the Municipal Council of the County, interested in or affected by the Bill; and a certificate of such reading shall be endorsed upon or attach to the said Bill, by the Clerk of the Court, or the Town Clerk, or the Secretary-Treasurer, as the case may be, verified by the Seal, if any, of and in case of the Town Council or Municipal Council, as the case may be; and (*Joint Rule*) separate Petitions must be presented to each Branch of the Legislature, setting forth in detail the object of the measure and the reasons that may be urged for its adoption.

190. (*Joint Rule*)—It shall be the duty of all parties seeking the interference of the Legislature in any Private Bill, to file with the Clerk of each House the evidence of their having complied with the Rules and Standing Orders thereof.

191. In default of such proof, or evidence, being so furnished, it shall be the duty of the Clerk to report to Mr. Speaker or the House, that the Rules and Standing Orders have not been complied with, and to endorse the same upon the Bill.

No Private or Local Bill shall be considered in Committee of the whole House, unless the same shall be printed, and a sufficient number of copies thereof provided for the use of the Members; this Rule only to apply to Bills which exceed five hundred words in length.—*Journal 1883, page 143.*

HENRY B. RAINSFORD, *Clerk Assembly.*

Joint Rules of Council and Assembly.

1. That no Bill of a private or local nature, or Bill for making any amendments of a like nature to any former Act, shall be received by the House, unless a notice specifying the several objects desired to be attained, has been published four successive weeks, previous to the meeting of the Legislature or to the introduction of the Bill, in some one of the Newspapers published in the City or County interested in the measure, or in the locality where the parties affected reside; and when no Newspaper is published in either of such localities, then in some Newspaper published in the nearest adjoining County, or in the Royal Gazette; provided that when the City or County interested in the measure, or where the locality in which the parties affected reside, is largely composed of a French population, then such notice shall also be published in a French Newspaper, if any be published in the Province; and provided also, that in any County where no Newspaper may be published, that such Bill, in lieu of other local notice or publication, may be read at the Assizes, or at some General Sessions of the County, or City and County interested in such Bill, in the presence of the Grand Jury, or in Incorporated Counties before the County Council, and a certificate be endorsed thereon by the Clerk of the Court or the Secretary-Treasurer, as the case may be, that the same has been so read.

2. That separate Petitions be presented to each Branch of the Legislature, setting forth in detail the object of the measure, and the reasons that may be urged for its adoption.

3. No Bill of a private nature shall be received unless it shall be certified by the Receiver General that there has been paid into his hands, towards the printing and other contingent expenses of the House, the sum of *Thirty Dollars*, except in case of a Bill in amendment of or in addition to an Act, when there shall be paid the sum of *Twenty Dollars*, provided that where a Bill, in respect of which such payment may be made, does not pass the Legislature, it may be introduced without further payment at the next Session; and provided that this Rule shall not extend to "Local Acts."

4. It shall be the duty of all parties seeking the interference of the Legislature in any Private or Local Bill, to file with the Clerk of each House the evidence of their having complied with the Rules and Standing Orders thereof; and in default of such proof being so furnished, it shall be the duty of the Clerk to report that the Rules and Standing Orders have not been complied with, and to endorse the same upon the Bill.

GEO. BOTSFORD, *Clerk Leg. Council.*

HENRY B. RAINSFORD, *Clerk Assembly.*

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned non-resident ratepayers in School District No. 6, in the Parish of Pennfield, in the County of Charlotte, are hereby notified to pay their School Tax, as set opposite their respective names, together with the cost of advertising, (\$0.75 each), to the undersigned at Pennfield, within two months from this date, otherwise legal proceedings will be taken to recover the same.

	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	Total.
John Foley (Est.)	\$21.00	\$1.20	\$22.20
Michael Foley,	..	\$4 24	3 04	1 20	8.48
Gideon Knight (Est.)	..	1.08	0.68	0.40	2.16
James Boyd, ..	\$0.44	..	0.68	0 40	1.52

JAMES M'ADAM,

Secretary of School Trustees.

Pennfield, Charlotte County, Nov. 20, 1889.

In the County Court of Westmorland County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of Edward C. Cole, I have directed all the Estate, as well real as personal, of Elias Dunham, of the Town of Moncton, in the County of Westmorland, an absconding, concealed or absent debtor, to be seized, and unless he return and discharge his debts within three months after publication hereof, such estate will be sold for the payment thereof.

Dated this 14th day of October, A. D. 1889.

B. BOTSFORD, J. C. C.

Westmorland County.

WELLS & WELCH, Sol. for Applicant.

THE SUPREME COURT IN EQUITY.

Between Edward J. Smith, Plaintiff; and

Raphael Casey, Richard Casey, Philias Casey, Adele Casey, Alvina Casey, Marie Rose Casey, Marguerite Casey, Cajetan Casey, Maximilien, also called Myain Casey, Maximie Maillet and Euphemie his wife, Georges Leger and Ephigenie his wife, Phillipe LeBlanc and Esther his wife, Jacques Poirier, Bazeline Poirier, and Adeline Casey, Defendants.

WHEREAS it has been made to appear by Affidavit to the satisfaction of me, the undersigned, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, that Raphael Casey, Richard Casey, Philias Casey, Adele Casey, Alvina Casey, Marie Rose Casey, Marguerite Casey, Cajetan Casey, Georges Leger and Ephigenie his wife, Phillipe LeBlanc and Esther his wife, Bazeline Poirier and Adeline Casey, fourteen of the above named defendants, do not reside within the Province of New Brunswick, so that they cannot be served with a Summons, and that their respective places of residence are unknown to the plaintiff, and that the above plaintiff has good *prima facie* grounds for filing a Bill against the above defendants: I do therefore hereby order that the said defendants, Raphael Casey, Richard Casey, Philias Casey, Adele Casey, Alvina Casey, Marie Rose Casey, Marguerite Casey, Cajetan Casey, Georges Leger, Ephigenie his wife, Phillipe LeBlanc and Esther his wife, Bazeline Poirier, and Adeline Casey, on or before the twentieth day of February next, do enter an appearance in this suit, (if they intend to defend the same), wherein a Bill will be filed against the above defendants by the above named plaintiff, for the foreclosure of a certain Mortgage, dated the twenty fourth day of July, A. D. 1863, and made by Francis Casey, of Dundas, in the County of Kent, and Province of New Brunswick, now deceased, to Thomas E. Smith and Edward J. Smith, as tenants in common, and not as joint tenants, and recorded in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the County of Kent, as number 7263, pages 611 and 612, in Book P, on the fourteenth day of September, A. D. 1863, and for the foreclosure and sale of the Land described in the said Mortgage; and unless such an appearance is so entered, the Bill may be taken *pro confesso*, and a Decree made.

Dated this 21st day of October, A. D. 1889.

GEORGE E. KING,

Judge of the Supreme Court.

POIRIER & M'CULLY, Plaintiff's Solicitor.

In the Madawaska County Court.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of T. Medley Richards, I have directed all the Estate, as well real as personal, of William Lynch, of the Parish of Saint Jacques, in the County of Madawaska, Farmer, an absconding, concealed or absent debtor, to be seized; and unless he return and discharge his debts within three months after publication hereof, such estate will be sold for the payment thereof.

October 15th, 1889.

JAS. G. STEVENS, J. C. C.