

and party, be subject to taxation by the Registrar of the Court, and the mode in which any such bill shall be referred for taxation, and by whom the costs of taxation shall be paid may be regulated by Rule of Court to be made, or by special order in the particular case; all such taxations of costs shall be subject to appeal to the Judge of the Court and reviewed by him.

18. The Judge of the said Court shall have power to make all such rules and regulations as he may deem requisite, and prescribe all forms necessary and convenient, for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act; and by Rule of Court to regulate the practice and procedure in the said Court in conformity with the said Chapter 50 of the Consolidated Statutes and this Act, and to alter and revoke the same, or any of them, as may from time to time be considered necessary.

19. From and after the first day of November next, every person filing a libel or petition seeking a decree of nullity of marriage, or a dissolution of marriage, or decree of divorce *a mensa et thoro* or judicial separation, shall, together with the libel or petition or other application for the same, file an affidavit verifying the same, so far as he or she is able to do so, and stating that there is not collusion or connivance between the deponent and the other party to the marriage.

20. In any suit instituted for dissolution of marriage, if the respondent shall oppose the relief sought, on the ground, in case of such a suit instituted by a husband, of his adultery, cruelty or desertion; or in case of such a suit instituted by a wife on the ground of her adultery or cruelty, the Court may in such suit give to the respondent, on his or her application, the same relief to which he or she would have been entitled in case he or she filed a petition asking such relief.

21. Whereas at the time of the resignation of the last Judge of the said Court, there were pending in the said Court causes in which the evidence had been taken, but no decision or judgment had been given, it shall be lawful for the Judge of the said Court to re-hear the said causes and proceed thereon to judgment; provided always, that in any cause in which the present Judge of the Court was concerned as Counsel, or otherwise, for either of the parties, all questions of fact shall be tried and determined by a jury.

CAP. XXI.

An Act further relating to the admission of Attorneys.

Passed 10th April, 1902.

WHEREAS the Council of the Barristers' Society have represented that because of the insufficiency of the fees provided therefor, no regulations have yet been made for intermediate examinations of Students-at-law under the provisions of the Act 56 Victoria, Chapter 37, and that it would be in the interest of those engaged in the study of the law, who shall not, previous to their application for admission as attorneys of the Supreme Court of this Province, have taken the degree of Bachelor of Law, or Bachelor of Civil Law, from some lawfully authorized College or University in Great Britain or Ireland, Canada, the United States, or any British Colony, that such intermediate examination should be held,

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF KING'S COUNTY.

To the Sheriff of the County of King's, or any Constable within the said County, GREETING:

[L.S.] WHEREAS Daniel A. Richards, Administrator of the estate and effects of James N. Richards, late of the Parish of Greenwich, in the County of King's, Farmer, deceased, has applied to me by petition according to law, showing therein that the personal estate and effects of the said deceased are insufficient to pay the debts of the said deceased, and praying that a license may be granted to him to sell the real estate as mentioned in the said petition for the payment of his debts.

You are therefore required to cite William D. Richards, of Round Hill, in the County of King's, farmer, Charlotte Appleby, of Round Hill, in the County of King's, widow, Daniel A. Richards, of the Parish of Greenwich, in the County of King's, farmer, Joseph A. Richards, of the said Parish of Greenwich, Julia McLeod, wife of William McLeod, of the said Parish of Greenwich, farmer, Charles C. Richards, of Edmonston, in the County of Madawaska, farmer, T. Medley Richards, of Edmonston aforesaid, merchant, Zebulon Richards, of Oak Point, in the said County of King's, farmer, Margaret Picket, widow of Lewis Picket, of Grand Falls, in the County of Victoria, farmer, Charles L. Richards, of Denver, Colorado, in the United States of America, councillor-at-law, Amy McLeod, widow of Allen McLeod, residence unknown, Lewis Belyea, of Marysville, in the County of York, carpenter, Sancton Belyea, of Round Hill, in the said County of King's, farmer, Allen Bostwick, of Kingston, in the said County of King's, farmer, Joseph Bostwick, of Kingston aforesaid, in the said County of King's, farmer, Harriet Evans, wife of George E. Evans, of the City of Saint John, sea captain, Charles Brundage, of said Kingston, in the said County of King's, farmer, Edward Brundage, of Millstream, in the said County of King's, Doctor of Medicine, Henry Brundage, of Upper Greenwich, in the said County of King's, farmer, Lloyd Richards, residence unknown, Frederick Richards, residence unknown, Jessie Belyea, of Woodstock, in the County of Carleton, spinster, Ernest Prince, of Fredericton, in the County of York, teacher, Norman Prince, of Reno, Nevada, in the United States of America, Florrie Allen, wife of Robert Allen, of the said City of Saint John, Railway Employee, Bert Prince, of the City of Saint John, N. B., Engineer, and Fred Prince, of Seattle, in the United States of America, infant, Annie Botswick, of Atlanta, Georgia, in the said United States of America, infant, Lula Atlanta, Georgia, in the said United States of America, infant, E. Bostwick, of Atlanta, Georgia, in the United States of America, Eugene Bostwick, of said Atlanta, infant, Charles Greenslade, of the said City of St. John, seaman, Lawton Greenslade, of the Parish of Simonds, City and County of St. John, laborer, Richey

and that with a view to the making of such arrangements a greater discretion should be vested in the Barristers' Society in reference to the fees to be charged for such intermediate examinations, and on the examinations for the admission of Students-at-law and Attorneys respectively;

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor and Legislative Assembly as follows:—

1. Notwithstanding anything contained in Chapter 33 of the Consolidated Statutes, "Admission of Attorneys," the Barristers' Society may require from any person applying for admission as a student-at-law, from any person applying for admission as an attorney of the Supreme Court, and from any person applying to be called to the Bar and admitted a Barrister, such sums respectively as may be fixed by bye-law or resolution of the Barristers' Society and approved by the Supreme Court and the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. Such amounts when received shall form part of the funds of the Society, and shall be set apart for the purpose of meeting the expenses connected with examinations by the Society and the Council thereof.

2. The Barristers' Society are hereby authorized to hold intermediate examinations, by and under the directions of the Council, of students-at-law during their term of study, and to pass rules and regulations therefor, subject to the approval of the Judges of the Supreme Court.

3. The said Society is further authorized to require from the persons taking such further examinations, the payment of such fees as the said Society may by bye-law or resolution require therefor, such fees to be subject, however, to the approval of the Supreme Court and the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

4. Students-at-law who shall, previous to their application for admission as attorneys, have taken the degree of Bachelor of Law, or Bachelor of Civil Law, from some lawfully authorized College or University in Great Britain or Ireland, Canada, the United States, or any British Colony, shall not be required to produce any evidence or certificate of their having passed such intermediate examinations in order to their admission as attorneys-at-law.

5. The Act of Assembly 56 Victoria, Chapter 37, and all other Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

CAP. XXII.

An Act to amend Chapter 100 of the Consolidated Statutes, "Rates and Taxes."

Passed 10th April, 1902.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor and Legislative Assembly as follows:—

Section 62 of Chapter 100 of the Consolidated Statutes is hereby amended, by inserting after the word "overrated," in the fifth line thereof, the following:—"or underrated either absolutely or as compared with the value of other property in the Parish."

Greenslade, of the said City of St. John, infant, Lillian Greenslade, of the said City of St. John, infant, Lucy Greenslade, of the said City of St. John, infant, and Jessie Greenslade, of the said City of St. John, infant, and all others interested in the said estate, to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at the Court House at Hampton, within and for the said County of King's, on the third THURSDAY in JUNE next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause why the prayer of the said petition should not be complied with.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court, this twentieth day of February, A. D. 1902.

(Signed) GEORGE G. GILBERT,
Judge of Probate.

(Signed) ROBERT MORISON, 15ins
Registrar of Probate.

Notice of Assignment and Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That John Young, of Tracadie, in the County of Gloucester, in the Province of New Brunswick, and Richard Young, of Shippegan, in said County, doing business under the firm name of J. & R. Young, have by deed of assignment dated the fifth day of April instant, assigned all their estate, property, rights and credits to the undersigned, Francis Meahan, Sheriff of the County of Gloucester, for the general benefit of their creditors, under the provisions of Chapter 6 of Acts of Assembly of New Brunswick, 1895, and amending Acts; and further, that a meeting of the creditors of said J. and R. Young will be held at the Sheriff's office, in the County Building in Bathurst, on

FRIDAY the eighteenth day of APRIL instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of appointing Inspectors and the giving directions with reference to the disposal of the Estate.

And further, Notice is hereby given that all creditors of said John Young and Richard Young, and said J. & R. Young, are required to file their claims, duly proven, with the Assignee, at Bathurst, within three months of the date of this notice, unless further time be allowed by a Judge of the Supreme or County Court; and that all claims not filed within the time limited, or such further time, if any, as may be allowed by any such Judge, shall be wholly barred of any right to share in the proceeds of the Estate, and that the Assignee shall be at liberty to distribute the proceeds of the Estate as if any claim not filed as aforesaid did not exist, but without prejudice to the liability of the debtor therefor.

Dated at Bathurst, this tenth day of April, A. D. 1902.

4ins FRANCIS MEAHAN,
Assignee and Sheriff of Gloucester.