the claim is made must be set out in the Declaration or in a schedule attached thereto.

5. The Declaration must state the value of the property and the amount of the claim.

Where the value of the property can be proved the documentary evidence, copies of those documents should be attached to the declaration.

Where documentary evidence of the value of the property cannot be adduced, the evidence of the claimant should, so far as it is possible to do so, be corroborated by that of other persons.

6. The Declaration must state the facts with regard to the requisitioning, sequestration, or destruction of the property so far as they are known to the claimant.

If the claimant holds any receipts or other documentary evidence of the seizure of his property, copies of such documents should be attached to the Declaration.

7. The Declaration must also state that, at the date when the property was requisitioned, sequestrated or destroyed, the claimant was the absolute owner thereof

8. If the claimant, or any person on his behalf, has received any payment in respect of the property, particulars thereof must be set out in the Declaration.

9. The fact that a claim is registered in the Foreign Claims Office does not imply an undertaking on the part of His Majesty's Government to put forward such claim on the termination of hostilites or any assurance that the claim, if put forward, will be paid.

Foreign Office, S. W.

Here insert I, name, address, of and description in the of claimant. do solemnly and sincerely declare that:—

See paragraph 2 AI I was born on of accompany- at ing Instructions.

2 I was a passenger on board the steamship at at the time when steamship at at the time when she was attacked and sunk by a submarine.

structions

See paragraph 5 3. The property specified in the Sche-of the accom- dule hereto was on board the said ship when panying In- she was sunk and was lost with her.

structions.

See paragraph 5
4. I was the absolute owner of the said of the accorn-property at the time of its loss.
panying In5. The said property was at the time of 5. The said property was at the time of its loss of the value set out in the Schedule hereto, amounting in all to
have not, nor has anyone on my behalf, re-

ceived any payment in respect thereof.

And I make this solemn Declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of Statutory Declarations Act, 1835." Declared at . 191 the

day of Before me.

# Schedule.

Particulars of Property.

Value of Property at the Time of Loss.

Total .....

## NOTICE

#### CONDENSED RULES RESPECTING NOTICES FOR PRIVATE BILLS.

A LL Applications to Parliament for Private Bills shall be A LL Applications to Parliament for Private Bills shall be advertised by a notice in the Canada Gazette clearly and distinctly stating the nature and objects of the application, and signed by or on behalf of the applicants, with the address of the party signing the same. For an Act of Incorporation, the name of the proposed company shall be stated. If the works of any company are to be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada, the same shall be specifically mentioned in the notice, and a copy of such notice shall be sent by registered letter to the clerk of each county or municipality which may be specially affected by such works, and also to the Secretary of the Province in which such works are or may be retary of the Province in which such works are or may be located; and proof of such service of notice shall be established by statutory declaration.

In addition to the notice in the Canada Gazette aforesaid, similar notice shall be published in some leading newspaper, as follows:

For Acts of Incorporation-

(a) Of a railway or canal company, or of a company for the construction of any special works, or for obtaining any special rights and privileges: In the principal place in each county or district affected.

(b) Of a telegraph or telephone company: In the princi-1

pal place in each province in which the company intends to operate.

(c) Of banks, insurance, trust, loan or industrial companies (without any special powers): Advertise in the Canada Gazette only.

2. For Amendments to Acts of Incorporation—
(a) For the extension of a line of railway or canal, or branches thereto: In the principal place in each county af-

(b) For the revival or continuation of a charter, or for extension of time for the construction of works of any kind, or for the enlargement of any of the powers of a company (not involving additional special powers): At the head office of the

company.

(c) For the granting of any special powers or privileges:
In the localities actually affected.

All such notices shall be published at least once a week for five consecutive weeks; and in Quebec and Manitoba shall be published in both English and French; and if there be no newspaper published in the locality affected, such notices shall be given in the next nearest locality wherein a newspaper is published. Proof of publication shall be established in each case by statutory declaration to be sent to the Clerk of the House. House.

For further particulars as to notices, petitions, fees, form and deposit of bills, etc., address the Clerk of the House of Commons, Ottawa, or see the Rules of the Commons relating to Private Bills, as published in the Canada Gazette.

THOMAS B. FLINT. Clerk of the House of Commons.

### RULES AND PRACTICE OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

## Private and Local Bills.

77. A typewritten copy or printed copy of every Private Bill or Local Bill introduced into this House shall be filed with the Clerk of the House within ten days after the opening of the Session, and in case of failure to comply with this provision the fee on the introduction of any such Private Bill shall be double the fee provided for in Rule 84 applicable to such Bill, and Local Bills introduced after ten days of the opening of the Session shall pay the same fee as a Private Bill.

Bill.

78. No Private Bill, or Bill making any amendment of a like nature to a former Act, shall be received by the House, unless a notice, specifying clearly and distinctly the nature and objects thereof, has been published four successive weeks previous to the meeting of the Legislature, or to the introduction of the Bill, in some one of the newspapers published in the County interested in or to be affected by the measure, or in the locality where the parties affected, or the majority of them reside; and when no newspaper is published in such County or locality, then in some newspaper having general circulation in such County or locality, and also in the Royal Gazette. When the City or County interested in the measure, of the locality in which the parties affected reside, is largely composed of a French population, then such notice shall also be published in a French newspaper, if any be published in the Province.

79. In any County where no newspaper may be published,

the Province.

79. In any County where no newspaper may be published, the Bill, in lieu of other local publication, may be read at any Circuit or County Court in the presence of the Grand Jury, or before the Municipal Council of the County interested in or affected by the Bill; and a certificate of such reading shall be indorsed thereon, or attached to the said Bill, by the Clerk of the Court, or the Town Clerk, or the Secretary-Treasurer, as the case may be, verified by the Seal (if any) of the Court. Town Council or Municipal Council, as the case may be; and separate Petitions must be presented to the House, setting forth in detail the object of the measure, and the reasons that may be urged for its adoption.

80. When any Bill affects Civil or Municipal interests, a notice distinctly specifying the purposes and objects of the Bill shall, at least one week before the introduction of such Bill into the House, be delivered to the Secretary-Treasurer of the County or to the Clerk of the City or Town which may be affected, and due proof of such notice shall be made by affidavit.

affidavit.

affidavit.

81. It shall be the duty of all parties seeking the interference of the Legislature in any Private Bill, to file with the Clerk of this-House the evidence of their having complied with the Rules and Standing Orders thereof.

82. In default of such proof or evidence being so furnished, it shall be the duty of the Clerk to report to Mr. Speaker, or the House, and to indorse upon the Bill that the Rules and Standing Orders have not been complied with.

84. No Private or Local Bill shall be received unless it shall be certified by the Deputy Provincial Treasurer upon the Bill, or by certificate annexed thereto, that there has been paid into his hands towards the printing and other contingent expenses of the House the fees following, namely:

On Bills other than for the Incorporation of Companies, if not exceeding five pages

.. .. .. .. 30.

For each additional page or part of a page ..... 10.00
On Bills for the Incorporation of Companies or Associations, not having a stated capital or in amendment thereof, the

tions, not having a stated capital or in amendment thereof, the like fees to be paid as above.

On Bills for the Incorporation of Companies having a stated capital, the same fees to be paid according to the amount of capital authorized as are imposed under the N. B. Joint Stock Companies Act, together with a fee for each page of the Bill exceeding five, of \$10.00.

On Bills in amendment of such Acts, one-third of the original fee, except when the capital is not increased nor powers extended, in which cases the same fee shall be paid as on Bills amending Acts for Incorporating Companies not having a stated capital.

A page, for the purposes of this Rule, shall mean, not exceeding 500 words.

Provided, that where a Bill in respect of which such pay-

Provided, that where a Bill in respect of which such pay-