HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

RULES AND PRACTICE OF THE LEG-ISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE attention of parties intending to seek legislation at the next session of the Legislative Assembly is directed to the following Rules:

Private and Local Bills

Private and Local Bills

77. A typewritten copy or printed copy of every Private Bill or Local Bill introduced into this House shall be filed with the Clerk of the House within ten days after the opening of the Session, and in case of failure to comply with this provision, the fee on the introduction of any such Private Bill shall be double the fee provided for in Rule \$4, applicable to such Bill, and Local Bills introduced after ten days of the opening of the Session shall pay the same fee as a Private Bill.

78. No Private Bill, or Bill making an amendment of a like nature to a former Act, shall be received by the House unless a notice specifying clearly and distinctly the nature and objects thereof, has been published four successive weeks previous to the meeting of the Legislature, or to the introduction of the Bill in some one of the newspapers published in the County, interested in or to be affected by the measure, or in the locality there the parties affected, or the majorin the County, interested in or to be affected by the measure, or in the locality where the parties affected, or the majority of them reside; and when no newspaper is published in such county or locality, then in some newspaper having general circulation in such County or locality, and also in the Royal Gasette. When the City or County interested in the measure, or the locality in which the parties affected reside, is largely composed of a French population, then such notice shall also be published in a French newspaper, if any be published in the Province.

79. In any County where no newspaper is any county where no newspaper.

Province.

79. In any County where no newspaper may be published, the Bill, in lieu of other local publications, may be read at any Circuit or County Court in the presence of the Grand Jury, or before the Municipal Council of the County interested in or affected by the Bill, and a certificate of such reading shall be indoused thereon, or attached to the said Bill, by the Clerk of the Court, or the Town Clerk or the Secretary-Treasurer, as the case may be, verified by the Seal (if any) of the Court, Town Council or Municipal Council, as the case may be; and a petition must be presented to the House setting forth in detail the object of the measure, and the reasons that may be urged for its adoption. urged for its adoption.

when any Bill affects Civil or Municipal interests, a notice distinctly specifying the purposes and objects of the Bill shall, at least one week before the introduction of such Bill into the Heuse be delivered to the Secretary-Treasurer of the County or to the Clerk of the City or Town which may be affected, and due proof of such notice shall be made by affidavit.

It shall be the duty of all par-

21. It shall be the duty of all parties seeking the interference of the legislature in any Private Bill, to file with the Clerk of this House the evidence of their having complied with the Rules and standing Orders thereof.

22. In default of such proof or evidence being so furnished, it shall be the nuty of the Clerk to report to Mr. Speaker, or the House, and to indorse upon the Bill that the Rules and Standing Orders have not been complied with.

34. No Private or Local Bill shall be

54. No Private or Local Bill shall be received unless it shall be certified by the Deputy Provincial Treasurer upon the Bill, or by certificate annexed thereto, that there has been received into the Provincial Treasury towards the

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on all amending bills not exceeding . 10.00

upon the payment of an additional sum

of \$10.00, and Provided, also, that the Rule shall not extend to Acts for the incorporation or relating to the property or objects of churches, hospitals, public halls or so-cieties for charitable, literary or recreational purposes, whose object is not pri-

vate gain.

155. Proof of publication of Bills advertised under Rule 78 of the Rules and Practice of this House must be by affidavit or solemn declaration.

Any further information can be ob-tained on application to the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly at his office in Fredericton

Dated this thirtieth day of November, A. D. 1921.

JOHN M. KEEFE. Clerk, Legislative Assembly, New Brunswick.

THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BOARD.

Notice of Assessment.

NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the powers conferred on this Board by the Workmen's Compensation Act. 1918, every employer who shall engage in any of the industries named below is and shall be assessed at the rate mentioned opposite the names of such industry, upon the amount of the Payroll of such employer for otherwise. Payroll of such employer (or otherwise) a the case may be) to be ascertained as provided in the said Act.

Class 1 Coal and other mining; reduction of ores and smelting; quarrying; manufacture of brick, glass, lime and cement; cutting and dressing of stone or marble; drilling and sinking of wells for gas or

water.	
ame of Industry	Rate
I. Boring and drilling, including sinking of artesian wells as a business; diamond drilling as a	
business 9	1.00
2. Glass products or glassware	1.00
3. Lime and plaster manufacturing quarrying; crushing; lime burn- ing; grinding and all other op- erations incidental to the busi-	
ness	2.00
4. Mining coal	2.50
5, Mining other than coal	2.00
6. Mining coal, stripping operations	
only	1.50
erpipe, coment, concrete blocks	
and potterles	.80
8. Manufacture of cement from ba-	
sic slag, and shale, clay or	
gravel pits, stone quarrying	
and dressing when connected	
with quarry	1.50
of theorem aremental or cutting	
marble works or stone monu-	
ment business	.70
to. Boring and drilling oil or gas-	
wells	3.00
11. Manufacture of oil from shale .:	2.59
12. Plaster mills	1.00
Class 2	

Sawmilis; manufacture of pulp or paper; woodworking; planing mills; fur-niture factories; wicker and rattan work; logging; cutting of timber. pulpwood; logging; cutting of timber. pulpwood; rewood: railroad ties or sleepers; river triving; rafting; booming or the transportation of logs, timber, pulpwood, firewood, railroad ties or sleepers; boat building; coffins; canoes; organs; pianos; artificial limbs. Name of Industry

1. Artificial limbs; wieler and rattan work; wooden articles; bedsprings; boat building; not over 25 feet; manufacture; not over 25 feet; manufacture of canoes; coffins; cooperage, hand work; confins, cooperage, hand work; carpenter; joiner or cabinet work (shop only); furniture manufacture, including assem-bling; installation of pipe or-gans; matress making; upholstering; organs and planos; pic-ture framing Sawmills; shingle mills; lath mills; box, barrel and shook milis; rossing mills; excelsion manufacture; lumber yard, in-cluding the delivery of lumber carried on in connection with

2.50

Planing and moulding mills: sash and door factories, includ-ing lumber yards and delivery in connection with same; com-Planing mercial lumber yards Logging, cutting of timber, pulpwood, firewood, railroad

ties or sleepers; river driving; rafting; booming or the transportation of logs, timber, pulpwood, firewood; bauling lumber Pulp mills or pulp and paper

canning; pork-packing; manufacture

repairs Bakeries, including delivery Brush and broom making

Cutting and storage of natural ice, including handling and delivery, coal and wood merchants, including yard and delivery; teaming of all kinds; including livery ery; teaming cluding livery Compression of hay, unconnectnected with farming operations 1.00 Canning and preparation of fruit, vegetables, fish and food stuffs (no can manufacturing); oil

varnish, oils, japans, turpentine; manufacturers of non-hazard-ous chemicals, dyes, medicines, perfumes or other chemical pre yeast; manufacture of shemi-

11. Manufacture of beverages of all

Class 3 Manufacture of steel and iron and steel and iron products; car shops; manufacture and repair of automobiles; venicles; steel erections; steel shipbuilding and repairing; automobile livery, etc.

Name of Industry

1. Saw works. Saw works; skate manufactur-ing; axe, spring and axie man-ufacturing; manufacture of ufacturing: manufacture of stoves, furnaces, cast iron, hot water boilers, radiators; pump manufacturing; shovel manufacturing: shot works; wire fencing and ornamental iron works; tool makes; implements; agricultural machinery; tool makers, not otherwise specified, lead pipe, adding machines; typewriters and cash registers, repairs repairs Car building; engine manufac-turing; iron and steel foundries; machine shops; electric welding boiler making; boiler and general metal repairs Erection steel buildings Garage, repair shops, including repair of storage batteries, automobile assembling plant Installation of machinery, boilergines, elevators, iron on buildings; refrigerating ma-nails or screws and wire Manufacture of oxygen and dis-including cutting, shaping 9. Tin, including pressing or tamping
10. Waggons, carriages, sleighs or vehicles, making and repairing; blacksmith shops connected therewith; blacksmith shops when separate industry
Battery service and vulcanizing
Distribution and handling fuel oil for steamers and storage 2.00 of same Class 4

Manufacture of compounds; paints; chemicals; liquors and beverages; manufacture of leather, leather goods; rubber and rubber goods; wholesale and retail stores; flour and handling of grain; canning; pork-packing; manufacture of obacco products; manufacture of cloth, clothing and textiles; printing; lithographing; engraving; stationery.

Name of Industry

1. Manufacture of boots and shoes; leather goods or products; belting, saddlery; harness; trunks; valises, etc. rubber goods and repairs

packing and preparing fish for market; manufacture of oil from fish; recovery of waste oil Manufacture of cotton, cotton waste, rugs, mat pat-terns, textiles or fabrics; spinning; knitting; weaving; mills; manufacture of yarn, thread, hosiery, cloth, blankets, underwear, carpents, bags, felt hats itals, hotels. 8. Hospitals,

extracts; pharmaceutical or toilet preparations; candles; parations; baking powder and cals, not otherwise specified;
manufacture of soap and glue.

10. Manufacture of tar or tarrad
pitched or asphalted papers; tar
manufacturing; distilling coal
tar and refining products obtained therefrom