

Workmen's Compensation Act be approved, the same to come into effect January 1st, 1933; thereby repealing all previous regulations:

REGULATIONS Regulation 1.

For the purpose mentioned in Sub-sec. (1) and (2) of Section 46 of the Act, the classes mentioned in that section are hereby arranged and all industries within the scope of the Act shall be divided into the following classes:

CLASS 1.—Mining coal, including stripping operation; glass products or glass-ware and potteries; quarrying lime stone; crushing; burning; plaster manufacturing; mining other than coal; manufacture of brick; tile, sewerpipe, cement, concrete blocks; quarrying stone, sand, shale, clay or gravel pits; stone dressing; marble works or monument business; boring and drilling oil or gas wells including sinking of artesian wells as a business; diamond drilling as a business; manufacture of oil from shale.

CLASS 2.—Logging, cutting of timber, pulpwood, firewood, railway ties or sleepers, river driving, rafting, booming or the transportation of logs, timber, pulpwood, firewood, railroad ties or sleepers; saw mills, shingle mills, lath mills; box, barrel and shook mills; rousing mills; excelsior manufacture; lumber yard, including delivery of lumber carried on in connection with saw mills; woodcutters; pulp mills, or pulp and paper mills.

CLASS 3.—Artificial limbs; wicker and rattan work; wooden articles; bed springs; boat building not over 25 feet; manufacture of canoes; coffins; cooperage, hand work, joiner or cabinet work (shop only); furniture manufacture, including assembling; installation of pipe organs; mattress making; upholstering; organs and pianos; picture framing; planing and moulding mills; sash and door factories; including lumber yards and delivery in connection with same; commercial lumber yards; creosoting of railway ties and timber; brush and broom making; saw works, skate manufacturing; axe, spring and axle manufacturing; manufacture of stoves, furnaces, hot water boilers, radiators; pump manufacturing; shovel manufacturing; shot works; wire fencing and ornamental iron works; implements, agricultural machinery; tool makers not otherwise specified; lead pipe; car building; engine manufacturing; iron and steel foundries; machine shops; electric welding; boiler making; boiler and general metal repairs; machinery; repairs, including work outside of shop, erection of steel tanks for storage purposes; repair shops, including repair of storage batteries; vulcanizing; automobile assembling plant, service stations; making, repairing and painting automobiles, waggon, carriages, sleighs or vehicles; blacksmith shops connected therewith; blacksmith shops when separate industry; installation and handling of machinery, including boilers, engines, elevators, digesters, iron stairs or ornamental iron work on buildings; refrigerating machinery and repairs; manufacture of bolts, nuts, nails, or screws, and wire; steel shipbuilding and repairing; manufacture of tin ware, including cutting, shaping, pressing, or stamping; manufacture of sheet metal; metal roofing; corrugated metal for building purposes; manufacture of oxygen and dissolved acetylene gas; bakeries; manufacture of biscuits, confectionery; chocolates and cocoas, including delivery; cutting and storing of natural ice, including handling and delivery; coal and wood yards, including delivery and teaming of all kinds, including livery and transportation by automobile; canning and preparation of fruit, vegetables, fish and food stuffs, including can manufacture connected therewith; packing and preparing fish for market; manufacture of oil from fish; recovery of waste oil; packing houses including abattoir; manufacture of paint, color, varnish, oils; japans; turpentine, manufacture of non-hazardous chemicals, dyes, medicines, drugs, extracts; pharmaceutical toilet preparations; candles; perfumes and other toilet preparations; baking powder and yeast; manufacture of chemicals not otherwise specified; manufacture of soap and glue; manufacture of tar; tarred, pitched, or asphalted papers; distilling coal tar and refining products obtained therefrom; manufacture of beverages of all kinds, also vinegar and the like; flour mills; manufacture of cereals or cattle feed; starch manufacturing;

manufacture, storage, and sale of fertilizers; manufacture of dairy products, cheese, condensed milk or cream; pasteurization, including delivery; manufacture of tobacco, cigars, cigarettes or tobacco products; spices or condiments; tea or coffee blending; sugar refineries; manufacture of asphalt material or paving material not otherwise classified; manufacture of boots and shoes; leather goods or products; belting; saddlery; harness; trunks; valises; rubber goods and repairs; manufacture of cotton, cotton waste, rugs, mat patterns, textiles or fabrics; spinning; knitting; weaving, flax mills; manufacture of yarn, thread, hosiery, cloth blankets, underwear, carpets, bags, felt hats; manufacture of clothing, whitewear, shirts, collars, corsets, hats other than felt, furs, fur robes, neckties or other special articles not otherwise specified; oil clothing; sail making; awnings, tents; power laundries, dyeng, cleaning or bleaching; tanneries, wool pulling; preparation of hides; manufacture of extracts from bark; printing, engraving, lithographing, embossing; book-binding; newspaper publishing; manufacture of or plating gold or silverware, including watch making and repairs; lens manufacturing; manufacture of boxes, cardboard and paper; hospitals, hotels, theatres, moving picture houses, film exchanges; golflinks, janitors, caretakers; wholesale and retail stores, general warehouses; cold storage warehouses; junk business;

CLASS 4.—Erection steel buildings; window cleaning as a business; brick-laying; mason work or stone cutting not otherwise specified; building; general construction; concrete or cement work in or connected with buildings; excavating for or connected with buildings; plastering; structural carpentry not otherwise specified; roofing; sheet metal work; metal roofing; siding, ceiling or the like; building construction (concrete); house wrecking or house moving; bill posting and erection of bill boards; laying hardwood floors when separate work; lathing; tile and marble setting; glazing or installation of plate or leaded glass; decorating or renovating; painting; electric wiring of buildings; installation of lighting fixtures; gas or steam fitting and plumbing; shipbuilding (wood); rigging; installation, erection or repairs of blast furnaces; fire escapes, windmills; lightning rods, high chimneys, stacks, elevated water tanks; stand pipes or water towers; painting high structures, elevated tanks, flag staffs, steeples, towers, bridge construction concrete arch, or culvert, including approach, fills and all work incidental thereto; bridge construction not otherwise classified; construction, installation, maintenance or operation of electric power lines or appliances; electric light systems; power plants; electric railways; gas works, including natural gas; provincial, municipal or civic roads and streets, making and repairing exclusive of bridge construction; scavenging; street cleaning; snow or ice removal; culverts; construction not otherwise classified; concrete work or cement work not otherwise classified; sewer and water works construction; tunnelling; shaft sinking or well digging; laying of mains and house connections; trenching less than six feet for gas pipes, water pipes or wire conduits; wood stave pipe insulation; maintenance and operation of water works; telegraph and telephone companies, operation, maintenance, extension of lines and making service connections; office and exchange; construction of dry docks, piers, wharves, breakwaters or other harbor improvements, including dredging, subaqueous construction or pile driving; tunnelling, rock work or blasting; railway construction; bridge construction (steel); operation of dry docks, including repair work on vessels; machine shops fabrication of steel marine railways; dam construction (concrete, wood or earth) and all work connected with same, including excavating and blasting and preliminary surveys; painting steel or wooden bridges and high steel structures.

CLASS 5.—Warehousing and handling of grain; operation of grain elevators; distribution and handling of fuel oil for steamers; including storage; stevedoring (including loading of scows, barges, railway cars); freight handlers, checkers, sugar samplers; express companies, including hazard of railway transportation; fishing of all kinds; ferries, steamers (including river and harbor sailing vessels,

steam boats, tug boats, steam lighters, water boats, harbor work only; marine wreckage and salvage; operation of railways, including ordinary maintenance, roadbed and all work connected with railway operation and maintenance.

Regulation 2.

Where not more workmen than the number set opposite to the names of an industry mentioned in the schedules below are usually employed therein, such industry is hereby excluded from the scope of Part I of the Act, and is withdrawn from the class in Regulation 1 in which it would otherwise be included; subject, however, to any conditions attached to such industry or to any conditions contained in the schedules, and subject to the other regulations of the Board, so far as applicable.

Fishing 50
Mining (including prospecting or developing work) 5
"Any ship, tug, dredge, boat or any other vessel, owned, managed or controlled in the Province of New Brunswick that is engaged in any business that takes it without the boundaries of the Province 500 men

Provided, however, that this regulation does not apply to any ship, tug, dredge, boat or any other vessel that may be owned, managed or controlled by His Majesty the King as represented by the Government of the Dominion of Canada in the person of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries and under the control or management of the agent of the Department of Marine and Fisheries having jurisdiction over the Province of New Brunswick.

Hand laundries 25
Any boat or vessel, owned, managed or controlled in the Province of New Brunswick engaged in carrying freight, cargo or passengers from one part of the Province to another part of the Province ... 5

The business of window cleaning ... 10
Aerial flying, testing, demonstrating; carrying of passengers or freight, either by aeroplane or other means of aerial transportation, including the carrying on of work in connection with an aerodrome and all work incidental thereto 200

Regulation 3.

The interpretation of words and phrases provided for in Section 2 of the Act shall apply to these and all other regulations of the Workmen's Compensation Board.

Regulation 4.

Whenever the word "Act" appears in any of these regulations or in any regulations that may be passed by the Board, it shall refer to The Workmen's Compensation Act, and amendments thereto or that may be hereafter made.

Regulation 5.

Every employer within the scope of Part I of the Act, shall as directed by the Board, post up and keep posted up in conspicuous places within easy access of his workmen, such card or pamphlet of information concerning the Act, or regulations of the Board, as may be supplied to him by the Board, and a copy of the Act if so desired.

Regulation 6.

Any person who contravenes any regulation of the Workmen's Compensation Board after it has become effective, where no other penalty is provided therefor, shall, for the contravention thereof incur a penalty not exceeding \$500.00.

Regulation 7.

Every person who contravenes any of the provisions of Section 14 of the Act, shall for every contravention, incur a penalty not exceeding \$50.00; and shall also be liable to pay to the workman, any sum which has been so deducted from his wages, or which he has been required or permitted to pay in contravention of Section 14.

Regulation 8.

For every contravention of sub-sections 4 or 5 of Section 41 of the Act the employer shall incur a penalty not exceeding \$50.00.

Regulation 9.

Any employer and every person who obstructs or hinders the making of the examinations and inquiry mentioned in Section 71, sub-section 1 and 2 of the Act, or refuses to permit it to be made shall incur a penalty not exceeding \$500.

Regulation 10.

Any employer and every such person who obstructs or hinders the making of any inspection made under the authority