

EUROPE.

GREECE.

The Messenger des Chambers of Dec. 5, contains the following extract from a report to the Minister of Marine, by rear-admiral Rossmell, commanding a division in the squadron of the Levant.

"On board the Trident, Navarin Road, November 19, 1829.

"Sir—I hasten to acquaint your Excellency with a horrible event, which has plunged into mourning our army in the Morea. A dreadful storm broke last night at half past eleven over Navarin. The lightning fell upon the citadel, and setting fire to the powder magazine, blew it up with all the walls and buildings in the enclosure. The injury extended to a great distance beyond, principally in the town, where not one of the wretched huts which compose it remains habitable. About 100 artillery men who were lodged in the citadel, have been victims of the disaster. As far as we have hitherto discovered, 17 are killed, and 78 wounded, among whom is an Officer of artillery and nine men missing, who are supposed to be still buried in the ruins."

ASIA.

TURKEY.

Smyrna has sustained a severe loss by the death of Hassan Pacha, who had an apoplectic fit on his return from the Dardanelles. This Governor was generally esteemed. All nations agreed in praising him; by his prudence and firmness, he was able in the most critical circumstances, to preserve Smyrna from internal trouble.

INDIA.

DANISH POSSESSIONS.—We learn from Calcutta that M. Christensen has been appointed Governor of the Danish possessions in India, and that he has recently arrived at Tranquebar, and assumed the Government. His Danish Majesty, it is understood, has expressed his anxiety to see the Danish trade in India revived, and the new Governor has received instructions to promote that object by every means in his power.

AMERICA.

WEST INDIES.

The Legislature of Jamaica has adopted measures for the naturalization of Jews, and the extension of Civil privileges to Roman Catholics.

The Report of the Committee of the House of Assembly on the Revenue question has been stated in most of the papers to be "decidedly opposed to the views of Government." It certainly is contentious enough in its arguments and declamation;—but it conveniently concludes with recommending the adoption of Sir G. Murray's proposal with a single exception—with which Sir George will know how to deal.

The Legislature of Bermuda met on the 18th of January. In his speech the Governor, Sir H. Turner, remarks:—

"I have still sanguine hopes that in the arrangement of Commercial concerns, between Great Britain and the United States, the Bermudas will derive benefit, and I am certain that the exemplary good conduct, so manifest in all classes of the community under severe privations, will be favourably considered by the Mother Country."

In their reply the House of Assembly say, with much good feeling:—

"We shall hope that this Colony will derive a due proportion of benefits from whatever arrangements the Parent State may deem it expedient to make with the United States of America, in the difficult task of adjusting her commercial relations with a proper regard to her own interest and that of her numerous Colonial possessions,—submitting at all times to those temporary inconveniences which are always attendant in a greater or less degree upon any variation in the course of trade."

The following order has been issued by Vice Admiral Fleming, to the Commanders of British Cruisers in the West Indies:—

H. M. Ship Barham, New Anchorage, Nassau, Jan. 6, 1830.

Having received authentic information that a person of the name of Bassadore has in his possession several documents, pretending to be commissions from the Government of Mexico, authorizing hostility to be carried on against Spain, and as the said documents are forgeries, intended only as a cloak for piracy:—

"You are hereby required and directed, on falling in with the vessels acting under such commissions, or who have not fitted out within the territory of the Mexican Republic, or who have not the majority of the crew Mexican subjects, or a certificate that she is owned by Mexican citizens to bring them into Port Royal, Jamaica, Nassau, (N.P.) St. Christophers, or any of His Majesty's territories where there are competent tribunals to try them, and should they have made any captures under the said commissions, you will cause them to be proceeded against for piracy; but in the event of no vessel being captured by them, you are to cause the crew to be secured, the papers sent to the Admiralty Court, and acquaint me of the circumstances immediately. (Signed) C. E. FLEMING, Vice Admiral, Commander-in-Chief."

COLOMBIA.

All accounts concur in representing this fine country to be in a distracted state. No certain statement is made that Bolivar has himself consented to be crowned; but his friends were active in disseminating the doctrine that a strong government is necessary for the Colombians, and that Simon the 1st had been given. Guayaquil and Quilo have declared in favor of his being proclaimed monarch of Peru. The separation of Venezuela will probably induce Bolivar to pause if he has entertained any idea of being crowned.

Troops had already marched for Venezuela, and the army from Peru, which was at Panama, was ordered for the same destination.

MEXICO.

A movement of General Bustamante has produced a new revolution in this country. The government is completely overturned. A commission consisting of three persons is named to exercise the executive power until the arrival of Bustamante from Puebla. The revolution was effected without any of the violent excesses of last year. The Capital is in perfect tranquility and good order. The President Guerrero is with a body of troops (2000 men) at some distance, and will we suppose be compelled to retire towards the coast, as no hopes now remain for his party. Santa Anna has gone to Vera Cruz, and assumed the command of the troops there. The views and intentions of this chief do not appear to be well understood.

BRAZIL.

RIO JANEIRO, 19th Dec.—Two days since a very serious occurrence to the country was near taking place, in the death of the Emperor. He was driving the Empress, the Prince of Leuchtenburg, and the Queen of Portugal, in his carriage, when from some cause or other he upset them. The Emperor was severely bruised in different parts of his body and head, and had two ribs broken. The Queen of Portugal had her jaw bone broken and was otherwise much injured. The Prince of Leuchtenburg had several ribs broken and his shoulder dislocated, and the Empress was bruised, though she came off without broken bones. The Emperor was senseless for some time, and when he came to himself received the sacrament. It is said, however, that to-day he is

better. By decrees of the 4th Dec. the Emperor appointed to the Department of Domestic Affairs, His Ex. the Marquis de Caravelas; to the Department of the Treasury, H. E. the Marquis de Barbacena; to the Department of War, H. E. Count Rio Pardo; and to the Department of Foreign Affairs, H. E. Miguel Calmon da Pin e Almeida.

BRITISH AMERICA.

UPPER CANADA.

The election for the town of York closed on the afternoon of the 2d day, the 28th ult. by the return of Dr. Baldwin—State of the poll, Dr. Baldwin 109—Mr. Jarvis 100.

A motion in the Upper Canada Assembly by Mr. Beathune, to bring Mr. Carey, editor of the York Observer, for a libel before the house, was lost on the 26th by a majority of two votes.

The Assembly have refused to grant £25,000 to the Welland Canal Company, but introduced a bill allowing it to increase its stock to £300,000.

Notice of a motion to appoint Commissioners to proceed to London on the state of the Province was given in the Assembly on the 26th.

A bill extending the Jail Limits to 16 acres in all places in the Province, except Niagara, where it is to be 26, was sanctioned on the 30th.

We observe by the Kingston papers that a meeting has been held there for the purpose of establishing a Bank in the Midland District.

We have received, says the Herald, a letter from London, dated the 22d December, from which we learn, with much pleasure, that our worthy friend Dr. Dunlop has been restored by the Canada Company to his office of Warden of the Woods and Forests.

LOWER CANADA.

Mr. Christie has been re-elected from his seat. The conduct of the House of Assembly, by which the county of Caspe is again deprived of a representative, excites much remark and animadversion amongst the most intelligent and reflecting part of the community.

From the proceedings of the Legislature it will be perceived that several measures of very great interest are now under consideration.

The House of Assembly has received a Message from His Excellency, in relation to the long agitated Financial Question. His Majesty deems it impossible to give up that controul over the Revenues, levied under the 14 Geo. III. cap. 85, which is vested in the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, and what he considers a positive right belonging to them, as long as the Imperial Act remains on the statute Book unrevoked or unaltered. The Message hints that the consideration of this question will be brought forward by the Ministry, before the Imperial Parliament, with a view to its final adjustment.

In another Message, in reference to the representation Bill of last Session, Sir GEORGE MURRAY regrets, that the Bill should not have been framed upon a principle which granted representation according to the extent of territory as well as amount of population.

It has been resolved in a Committee of the whole House, that it is expedient that, after the next General Election, there be allowed an indemnity to the members of this House for the expenses which may have been incurred by them severally, for attending at the sittings of this House.

A Bill has passed the House, which appoints as Agents for the Province, Sir James McIntosh, Mr. Labouchere, M. P. and Mr. Neilson, member of the Assembly of Lower Canada for the county of Quebec.

Two Bills have also passed the same Assembly, of great importance to the future welfare of the Province. The one establishes, if it become a law, the independence of the judges; the other disqualifies them for seats in the Council.

From the Returns laid before the Provincial Parliament, it appears, that the population of the province has increased by births alone, independent of emigration, during the year 1829, by upwards of eleven thousand.

A Court Martial, which has been long occupied in investigating certain charges against Mr. Commissary Forbes, has closed its sittings, and sent in its proceedings to Sir James Kempt. The result will not be made known, as the minutes of the court have to be transmitted to England to be laid before the General commanding in chief. Mr. Forbes has been ordered to resume his duties at this station by the commander of the forces.

FRIDAY, 26th JANUARY.—The House went up with the Address in answer to His Excellency's Speech from the Throne, of which the following are extracts. To His Excellency Sir James Kempt, &c. &c. We, His Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects the Commons of the Province of Lower Canada, in Provincial Parliament assembled, most humbly thank your Excellency for your Speech delivered from the Throne, at the opening of the present Session. We are fully sensible of the benefit which must result from your Excellency's superintendence for effecting the various objects of public improvement, for which appropriations were made at the last Session of the Legislature. We are particularly grateful for the assurance that it has been your Excellency's earnest endeavour that the Bounty of the Provincial Parliament should not be misapplied, and we confidently hope that the result will have ensured the faithful and judicious expenditure of the Public Money.

The communication on the subject of the Financial Question, which your Excellency is pleased to inform us you have received His Majesty's command to convey to this House, will not fail to receive that respectful consideration which it has been our earnest desire to bestow on every communication from our Gracious Sovereign.

We acknowledge with respect and gratitude your Excellency's recommendations of those matters of public interest which your Excellency conceives will be conducive to the general welfare of the people of this Loyal Colony.

The state of the currency will not fail to have our serious consideration, and it will afford us sincere satisfaction to find that we have it in our power effectually to co-operate with the views of His Majesty's Government for ultimately establishing a sound circulating medium in the Colony.

We are particularly thankful to your Excellency for the recommendation of an object so much desired by this House as the qualification of Justices of the Peace. This subject will not fail again to have our earliest attention, as well as your Excellency's recommendation of the erection of Court Houses and Gaols, in the most populous Counties of the Province, when desired by the Inhabitants; we will also bestow the most respectful consideration on the further information on this subject, which your Excellency is pleased to inform us will be communicated by message.

We beg leave to assure your Excellency that we shall not fail to give our early attention to such matters of public importance as were under deliberation at the last session, and which the pressure of business may have prevented from being brought to a close. Under the gracious assurance of your Excellency's cordial concurrence, our arduous and onerous labours in the service of our constituents, will be supported by the cheering prospect that they may contribute to the general welfare of the Province, and the happiness of His Majesty's Canadian subjects.—Quebec Gazette.

Private letters from London, by the late arrivals at New York, mention that one of the Commissioners of the Scotch Customs, (lately reduced) has been appointed Collector of the Customs at Quebec, in the room of the late Mr. Percival. Mr. Cornwall, Surveyor at this port, it is understood, succeeds Mr. Smyth as Comptroller at St. John, N. B.; Mr. Smyth becoming Collector in the room of Mr. Wright who died last summer.—Jb.

NOVA-SCOTIA.

On Thursday so night Mr. PRESIDENT WALLACE, opened the Session with the following SPEECH.

Mr. President and Gentlemen of His Majesty's Council.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Assembly, His Excellency Sir Peregrine Maitland's state of health requiring a change of climate during our winter months, and the administration of the Government having, in consequence, devolved on me during his absence, in conformity to His Majesty's Instructions, I have convened you, as early as the increase of public business would admit of.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Assembly, I have directed the Public Accounts to be prepared, and they will be laid before you for inspection without delay.

You will perceive in them, that the extensive appropriations of the last Session have been applied to the purposes for which they were granted.

The Revenues derived from the Customs, under the Imperial Acts, have been more productive in the past year than the preceding one, and regularly paid over to the Treasury. There has been little variation in the receipts of the Excise.

The usual estimates will be presented to you, and I rely on your continued attention and liberality in making suitable provision for the support of His Majesty's Government.

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Council, Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Assembly,

I have nothing at present to lay before you from His Majesty's Colonial Secretary, but if any despatches should arrive, or other circumstances which may require it, I shall communicate with you by message, in the course of the Session.

I regret to observe, that notwithstanding the encouragement afforded by the Legislature to our Fisheries, it has not produced the general benefit that was anticipated; those concerned in that branch of our Commerce have not met with that return, which their enterprise, and exertions, reasonably entitled them to expect: from which it may be presumed, that the supply is too abundant for the consumption of the markets to which our fish are sent.

I am not sufficiently informed, to state to you the improvement that has taken place, under the late act for establishing and regulating English Schools, but from the calls that have been made for the Provincial aid, they must have increased, and it is to be hoped with beneficial effects.

I have much satisfaction in acquainting you that the liberal grants of the Legislature, towards carrying on the works of the Shubenacadie Canal, have enabled that Company to increase their exertions during the last season, and have likewise been a means to induce His Majesty's Government to recommend a Loan from His Treasury of £20,000 in aid of the exertions made here to accomplish this important work; and the Company's Agents in London are actively engaged, in procuring private subscriptions for the same purpose, in which they have sanguine expectations of succeeding.

With undiminished inclination to promote the prosperity of the Province, in all its interests, I shall cordially afford my aid in such measures as have those objects in view; to attain which I recommend harmony in your proceedings, and as much expedition as the nature of the business that will come under your consideration will admit of.

In their ADDRESS to His Honor, the House of Assembly say:—

We receive from your Honor the assurance of an undiminished inclination to promote the prosperity of Nova-Scotia with thanks, and we trust that our exertions will be directed to all such measures as may be useful and lead to a continuance of that peace and prosperity which now prevail.

Should your Honor, during the Session, make to us any Communications by message, they will receive our most respectful consideration; and we assure you that in all our measures it will be our earnest endeavour to preserve harmony and use dispatch, as tending most effectually to the accomplishment of those important objects upon which we are now assembled to deliberate.

To which His Honor was pleased to return the following ANSWER.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen, The liberal sentiments in the Address you have presented to me are worthy of the representatives of the people of Nova Scotia, and call from me my sincere and warmest acknowledgments.

Sentiments emanating from such principles, are consistent with the uniform loyalty and undeviating fidelity and attachment of His Majesty's subjects, to the Constitution and Government under which we have the happiness to live, in the enjoyment of peace and security.

Messrs. BARRY and JOHNSTON have been admitted and taken their Seats unopposed—and we are inclined to think that the business of the Session will proceed with little interruption of the general harmony.

The Proprietors of the SIR CHARLES OGLE, STEAMER, invited the Council and Assembly, to an excursion in her on Monday week; also the Naval Commander-in-Chief, Col. Norcott, the Officers of the Garrison, and the Gentlemen in charge of the Public Departments.

ORDINATION.—In St. Paul's Church, on Sunday morning last, Mr. SAMUEL DENNY LEE STREET, Bachelor of Arts of King's College, Fredericton, was ordained Deacon. This Gentleman is destined for the Mission of Woodstock, in New-Branswick.—Royal Gaz.

ROYAL GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, FEBRUARY 24, 1830.

ALMS HOUSE AND WORK HOUSE.

Commissioner for next week, HENRY SMITH, Esq.

Saving's Bank.

TRUSTEES NEXT WEEK.

HENRY G. CLOPPER, ESQ.

JAMES TAYLOR, ESQ.

MR. PETER FISHER.



HEAD-QUARTERS, Fredericton, } 22d February, 1830. }

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

His Honor the President in consideration of the long services of Lieutenant Ezekiel Sloat, of the 1st Battalion York County Militia, has been pleased to allow that Officer to retire with the rank of Captain to bear date 24th September, 1829.

Ensign George Minchin, to be Lieutenant dated 24th September, 1829.

William Grosvenor, Gent., to be Ensign, do. do.

31 BATT. KING'S COUNTY.

Alexander Dickie, Gent. to be Lieutenant in the Rifle Company, vice De Mill removed from the County.

Benjamin Cromwell, do. to be Lieutenant, dated 23d February, 1830.

1st BATT. GLOUCESTER.

Nicholas Busted, Gent. to be Ensign vice Perry Dumaresq, Junr. who has left the Province.

2d BATT. NORTHUMBERLAND.

Douglas Clarke, Gent. to be Ensign.

1st BATT. CHARLOTTE.

John Campbell, Gent. to be Ensign, dated 15th February, 1830.

By Command, GEORGE SHORE,

Adjutant General.

LEGISLATURE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Extracts from the Journals of the House of Assembly.

Resolutions of the Committee of Supply.

From the 16th to the 20th February.—Resolved, that there be granted, to His Majesty's Solicitor General the sum of 50l. for his services from the 31st December, 1828 to the 31st December, 1829.

To the Clerk of the Crown in the Supreme Court, the sum of 75l. for his services for the year 1830.

To the Adjutant General of the Militia Forces the sum of 75l. for the year 1830.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 400l., as a provision for two staff officers, to inspect and instruct the militia for the year 1830.

To the Clerk of the Council the sum of 50l., and 20s per diem during the present Session, and the further sum of 25l. for defraying the expenses of an assistant during the present Session.

To Doctor John Boyd, Inoculating Surgeon for the Vaccine Institution, 40l., for the year 1829.

To the Messengers attending the Council and Assembly, the sum of 10s. per diem each, during the present Session.

To the Door-keepers of the Council and House of Assembly, the sum 12s. 6d. per diem each, for the present Session.

To the Sergeant at Arms attending the House of Assembly, the sum of 15s. per diem, during the present Session.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 750l., to be applied to the improvement of the Great Road of communication between Fredericton and St. John, by the Nerepis.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 700l., for the improvement of the Great Road from Fredericton to New-Castle.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 700l., for the improvement of the Great Road from New-Castle to Restigouche; 200l. of the above sum to be expended in the County of Northumberland.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 750l. for the improvement of the Great Road from St. John to St. Andrews; one third of this sum to be expended on the Road between Magaguadavic and St. Andrews.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 800l., to be applied for the improvement of the Great Road from Saint John to the Nova-Scotia line.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of Saint John, the sum of 300l., for the opening a new Road through the Great Marsh in Saint John, and improving the same.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 200l., for the improvement of the Great Marsh in Sackville.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 150l., to be applied for the improvement of the Great Road from Dorchester to Chediac.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 700l., for the improvement of the Great Road from Chediac to Richibucto.

To His Honor the President or Commander-in-Chief, the sum of 700l., for the improvement of the Great Road from Richibucto to Chatham—300l. of this sum to be expended on that part of the Road that lies between the River Kouchibouguac and the River Richibucto.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 300l., to be applied for the improvement of the Great Road between Fredericton and the Canada line.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 250l., on the Great Road from Fredericton to Saint Andrews.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 50l., to be applied for the improvement of the Great Road from the Bend to Chediac.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 50l., on the Great Road from Belisle to St. John.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 50l. for the Great Road from Fredericton to the Finger Board.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 91l. 5s. to enable the Treasurer to pay John Abrams, for his services as Tide Waiter at the Port of Saint John, for the past year, and the like sum of 91l. 5s. for the year 1830.

To the Master in Chancery, appointed to carry Messages from the Council to the House of Assembly, for the past and present Session, the sum of 75l.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of £158 : 5 : 3, to reimburse the Honorable Thomas Baillie, for assistance afforded to the sufferers at Madawaska.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of £44 15 8, sterling, for Military Stores issued from the Ordnance Office for the use of the Revenue Cutter.

To His Honor the President, the sum of 25l., to compensate Robert Dingee, for building a Bridge over Dingee's Mill Stream in the Parish of Gagetown.

To James Whitney and others, the sum of 150l., to enable them to run a good and sufficient Steam Boat between Annapolis, Digby, and Saint John, for seven months, and a good and sufficient Vessel for the remainder of the year; provided the said Proprietors carry the Mail, if required, without any additional charge. The said sum of money to be drawn when it shall be proved to the satisfaction of His Honor the President or Commander-in-Chief, that the services have been performed.

To the Governor and Trustees of the Madras School in New-Branswick, for the year 1830, the sum of 400l., towards the support of that Institution throughout the Province.

To His Honor the President or Commander-in-Chief, a sum not exceeding 200l., for the purpose of assisting aged and distressed Indians throughout the Province.

To Flora M'Rae, widow of the late Captain Alexander M'Rae, of His Majesty's late North Carolina Highlanders, the sum of £20. to relieve her under her present distressed circumstances.

To William Kennedy, of Saint Stephens, in the county of Charlotte, the sum of £20 to assist him in the support of himself and family, he being very aged and indigent, and having served his country faithfully during the revolutionary war in the United States of America.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 100l. towards defraying the expense of printing the daily Journals of the present Session.

To His Honor the President or Commander in Chief, the sum of 50l., towards defraying the expense of printing the Journals of the House of Assembly for the present Session.

To William Watts, the sum of 15l., for airing and taking care of the Province Hall during the year 1829.

To the Hon. Richard Simonds, Province Treasurer, the sum of 100l., to pay a Clerk to assist him in the duties of his office.

To the Hon. R. Simonds, Supervisor of the Great Road leading from Fredericton to Saint

John, the sum of £60 6 11, the same to be taken out of the Grant for that Road the present Session.

To George Matthew, Junior, the sum of £22 15 5, to be deducted from the Grant for the Bye Road leading from Black River to Little River, in the County of Saint John, the present Session.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Saint John, the sum of £272 3 8, being the amount advanced by them towards the erection of the Beacon Pier and Light House thereon in the Harbor of Saint John, to be taken out of Light House funds.

To the Commissioners for building a Light House on the Island of Campo-bello, the sum of £256 : 2 : 11, being the balance due on the erection of the said Light House, and the further sum of £113 : 4 : 3, to reimburse them for advances made in the purchase of Oil and Cotton Wick, the same to be reimbursed from the Light House fund.

To the Commissioners of the Beacon Light in the Harbor of Saint John, a sum not exceeding 100l., for the support of a Keeper for the Light House for the year 1830.

To Sylvanus Heaviland, the sum of 10l., to remunerate him for damage sustained by an alteration of the Great Road of Communication from Fredericton to Saint John.

To Alexander Key, Surgeon, the sum of £34 7 : 4, as compensation for services performed in discharge of his duty as Health Officer, for the Port of Miramichi, in the year 1827.

Resolved, that the Petition of John Joseph and Michael Samuel, be not complied with.

To Edward Bradley, a Licensed School-master, the sum of 20l., for teaching a School in the Parish of Saimarez (now Bathurst,) from the 5th of October, 1826, to the 5th of October, 1827, it being an interval in which the County of Gloucester was divided from Northumberland, and the party left without the Certificate of the Northumberland Sessions, on account of said division.

To John P. Ford, the sum of 25l., for compensation in having completed an Oat Mill and Kiln in the Parish of Liverpool, in the County of Kent, there being no Agricultural Society in the said County.

To Timothy H. Hartly for Teaching a School at Mohannes District, Parish of Saint Stephens, for the period of seven Months, which School was discontinued at the time by reason of a prevailing Sickness, the sum of £11 13 4.

To Robert Porter,