

ument therein. It is almost impossible to imagine the anxiety that was manifested to get a view of the remains of their Liberator, the stair case being often impassable, from the numbers ascending and descending. His funeral took place on the 20th, and so splendidly, that the inhabitants of Santa Martha, in the midst of the grief that overwhelmed them for their irreparable loss, were pleased to see so much love and gratitude manifested to so worthy a personage. The ceremony lasted four hours, and in the Holy Cathedral Church a magnificent and tasteful funeral decoration was prepared, which added greatly to solemnize the scene. The populace flocked there in crowds, to see the last of their lamented leader. The Militia behaved with so much discipline, that no regiment of the line could exceed it. The Band played two funeral marches, and the Moro fortress fired a cannon every half-hour, the bells responding with double force. Such is a faint description of what Santa Martha has done on the occasion of the irreplaceable loss of the "Immortal Founder of Columbia."

The following Proclamation was issued by the Prefect of the department, announcing his death to the inhabitants:

Citizens of Magdalena.—Penetrated with the greatest grief, I am overwhelmed with sorrow. The Father of our Country is no more! The public calamities and the ingratitude of his enemies, have brought him to an untimely grave on the 17th inst. at 1 P. M. His end has been hastened by his heroic sacrifices for his country, and the tears of his friends attest the sanctity of his grief for the loss of a hero, whose name must be forever embalmed in the hearts of his countrymen.

Citizens.—The Liberator has left us forever. We must be unanimous and go hand in hand for the good of the Union, and secure what he has already achieved for us—obeying the actual Government, in order to liberate us from anarchy, and our conduct will correspond with the Liberator's desires. Remain firmly united together, and swear on his grave to follow up the dictates which his inspired mind laid down for the good of his country, and by this means will we honour his memory, and discharge a heavy debt of gratitude.

Carthagen, Dec. 21, 1830. Juan de Francisco de Martin.

The following General order was issued at Carthagen, on the same day, by the Military Commandant:

Soldiers.—The sun of Columbia set. His bright rays have ceased to shine on this part of the globe. The father of his country—the illustrious Bolivar, is no more, and a century of mourning will not be sufficient to shew our love, our gratitude, and our attachment!

Soldiers.—You well know what Columbia has lost in her Liberator—a loving father—a faithful soldier—a wise magistrate, and the best protector of humanity.

Soldiers.—Our Liberator trusted always in your virtues, as well as the affection you voluntarily evinced towards his person.

Soldiers.—It is not possible to misunderstand the cause of his death, and the country will appreciate your submission to the existing government, as a proof of your attachment to your late Chief. I shall attend to his last desires, and shall be the first to show my submission to the last mandate of the benefactor of Columbia.

IGNACIA DE LUQUE.
Carthagen, 21st Dec. 1830.

FREDERICTON, MARCH 9, 1831.

ALMS HOUSE AND WORK HOUSE.

Commissioners for next week,
H. G. CLOPPER, ESQUIRE.

Saving's Bank.

TRUSTEES NEXT WEEK.

HENRY G. CLOPPER, ESQ.

JAMES TAYLOR, ESQ.

JEREDIAN SLASON, ESQ.

LEGISLATURE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.

(EXTRACTS FROM THE JOURNAL.)

Monday, 28th February.

The House went into Committee of the whole, on a Bill to repeal an Act, made and passed in the tenth and eleventh years of the reign of His late Majesty, intituled, "An Act to repeal an Act to define and describe the crime of Petit Larceny," and to make provision for the punishment of the same, and to make further and more effectual provision for the speedy trial, punishment and discharge of persons committing criminal offences under the degree of Grand Larceny."

Mr. J. Humbert in the Chair of the Committee.

The Chairman reported, that having the Bill under consideration, they had passed the following, as the second section thereof, viz:

"II. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall hereafter be charged with any branch of the Peace, or other criminal offence, under the degree of Grand Larceny, and being committed to Gaol; shall not within forty eight hours after such commitment, give sufficient bail for his, her or their appearance at the next General Sessions of the Peace, in the County or Place where such offence shall be committed, then and there, to answer for the same, it shall and may be lawful for any two Justices of such County or Place, (or if in the City of Saint John, one of such Justices shall be the Mayor or Recorder of the said City,) forthwith to hear and determine the offence committed by such offender or offenders, as aforesaid, and on conviction by confession or the oath of one or more credible witnesses, the said Justices are hereby authorized and required to give judgment against such offender or offenders so committed, to have and receive such punishment, by fine or imprisonment, or by labour on the streets or highways, or upon other public works, or by such corporal punishment (not extending to life or limb), as they in their discretion shall think fit, after which punishment said criminal or criminals, if an inhabitant or inhabitants of the City, County or Place, where such offence is herein before stated, shall be committed, shall immediately be discharged

without paying any costs or fees; but if not an inhabitant as aforesaid, he, she, or they, shall or may immediately be ordered by such Justices, before whom such conviction shall be had, out of the said City, County or Place, to his, her or their former abode or place of residence, or out of this Province; and if any person or persons having been so ordered out of such City, County or Place as aforesaid, shall remain therein for the space of five days or return thereto within twelve months after such order, the person or persons so remaining or returning, shall be forthwith apprehended and again receive such sentence of fine, imprisonment, public labour or corporal punishment, as a like Court of Magistrates shall in its discretion, order and direct (not extending to life or limb) as aforesaid."

On motion that the said section be reconsidered, the committee divided as follows:—

Yeas 9. Nays 12.

On motion of Mr. Partelow,

Resolved, That the Documents laid before the House, by command of His Honor the President the 21st instant, on the subject of the contemplated Light Houses on Saint Paul's Island and Cannel Rock, be referred to a select Committee, to report thereon.

Resolved, That the documents laid before the House, by command of His Honor the President, the 21st instant, on the subject of the Great Marsh Road in Saint John; and also the report of the Commissioners of Campo Belle Light House, accompanying it, be referred to the Committee of Public and Private Accounts.

Resolved, That the returns of the Collector and Controller at Saint John, laid before the House, on the 24th instant, by command of His Honor the President, be referred to the Committee on the Treasurer's Accounts, and that the accounts of J. A. M'Lauchlan, Esquire, the report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and the report of the Commissioners for providing a residence for His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, at Saint John, laid before the House at the same time, be referred to the Committee of Public and Private Accounts.

Resolved, That His Honor the President's Message of the 25th instant, be referred to the Committee of Public and Private Accounts.

Thursday, 3d March.

On motion of Mr. Partelow,

Whereas, appropriations have annually been made by the Imperial Parliament towards the support of the Civil Government of this Country, and large sums have also been paid towards the same object from the King's Casual Revenue, received or collected in the Province; and whereas, it is deemed advisable by this House; in consequence of the munificent surrender by His Most Gracious Majesty, as communicated in his Speech to the Imperial Parliament, of all His Revenues in His foreign possessions; to provide for the whole civil list, and the Custom House establishment, and in the event of all the revenues of whatever description raised in the country, being placed under the control of the provincial Legislature; and whereas, it is considered necessary that some information should be obtained by this House, as to the amount of the Casual Revenue raised in this Province for some years back, and its application; and also, the rates of salaries paid to the various officers in the government of the country, and their fees of office, together with the amount of salaries retained by the Officers of the Customs, as a compensation for their services; in order that the necessary means may be taken by the House, to carry their objects into execution.

Therefore Resolved, That an humble Address be presented to His Honor the President, praying that he will cause to be laid before this House, at as early a date as possible, a detailed Account, shewing the amounts paid into the Casual Revenue from the 1st January, 1824, to the 1st January, 1831, particularising the sums in each year respectively, and from what source or sources the same were derived; the said account also to contain a statement of the number of Timber Petitions presented, and licences granted, in the same time in each year; the number of tons granted in each licence, the amount of duty imposed, and the fees received on each. Also, a statement of the expenditure from the Casual Revenue for the same period, and for what purposes and under whose authority the respective payments have been made. Also, a statement of the salaries of all Public Officers connected with the Civil List of this Province; particularising the amounts enjoyed respectively by all Heads of Departments, whether arising from the Government of the Country, the Administration of Justice, the Crown Land Office, the collection or protection of the Casual Revenue or any other office, place or employment within the Province; from what fund or funds, either from grants of the Imperial Parliament, or Crown Revenues, the several services have been provided for from 1824 to 1830, inclusive, together with a statement of fees, independently of such salaries, which have accrued to the said Officers respectively, from their several situations. And further, an account, shewing the salaries which have been annually received by the several Custom House establishments in the Province, for the payment of the various Officers and their Clerks, connected therewith, since the Imperial Act of Parliament for the abolition of fees, went into operation.

Ordered, That Mr. Partelow, Mr. Simonds, and Mr. Clinch, be a Committee to wait upon His Honor the President, with the Address.

Mr. End. Chairman of the Select Committee, appointed, pursuant to the direction of the Act of the General Assembly of this Province, made and passed in the ninth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled, "An Act to regulate the trials of controverted Elections, or returns of Members to serve in General Assembly," to try and determine the merits of the Petition of George J. Dibblee, and others, freeholders of the County of York, praying an inquiry into the qualification of John Allen, Esquire, a Member for the said County, to hold his seat; and also praying that the same might be vacated; and also that the Sheriff's return might be altered, by inserting the name of George F. Street, Esquire, as the next Candidate, at the late Election for the said County, duly qualified, and that the said George F. Street, Esquire, might be allowed to take his seat or that a new writ might issue for the election of a member in the room of the said John Allen, Esquire, and that the Petitioners might be heard by Counsel and produce evidence, if necessary. Also, a Petition, thereunto annexed, from the said George F. Street, Esquire, praying that the said return might be amended and the name of the said George F. Street Esquire, be inserted:—

Reports that having heard the Petitioners and the sitting Member, by their respective Counsel, and the evidence by them produced, and having fully considered the premises; the Committee determined as follows:—

"That the said John Allen, Esquire, elected to serve in General Assembly as a Member for the said County of York, was duly qualified so to be elected. And further, that the said Petition do not appear to the Committee to be frivolous or vexatious. WILLIAM END, Chairman."

Saturday, March 5th, 1831.

KING'S COLLEGE, FREDERICTON.

The following Address has been approved by the College Council, and the Chancellor requested to transmit it to the Secretary of State for presentation to His Majesty:—

To His Majesty's Most Excellent Majesty.

The dutiful Address of the University of King's College, Fredericton.

WE Your Majesty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Chancellor, President and Scholars, of King's College, Fredericton, in your Majesty's Province of New-Brunswick, humbly approach your Majesty with deep condolence on the decease of our Founder and Patron, King George the Fourth, of ever illustrious memory, and with devout gratitude for your Majesty's auspicious accession to the Throne.

Endowed by His late Majesty's Charter, with the high style and privileges of a British University, and nourished by Royal Munificence in conjunction with the enlightened Liberality of the Provincial Legislature, we feel ourselves especially consecrated to the maintenance of those principles of unshaken loyalty to a paternal sceptre, enjoined by our religion, commanded by philosophy, and approved by historical experience, for which New-Brunswick has been uniformly distinguished.

We fervently implore the King of Kings to pour down his best blessings on your Majesty's Reign: that, by a consolidated union among the several members of the British Empire, peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety, may be promoted and established; and that at length, full of honors as of days, in exchanging a temporal for an eternal Crown, your Majesty may rejoice in the well-founded hope that these blessings will descend to all generations.

The arrest of Mr. O'CONNELL, and his associates is, we trust, the preservation of Ireland to the British Crown. Nothing could be more evident than the treasonable intentions of that turbulent and unprincipled demagogue. We shall be truly gratified to find that the Jury before whom he will be arraigned, has honesty enough to pronounce a sentence of "Guilty," and the Court sufficient firmness to decree his irrevocable removal from a country, which he would readily involve in misery and blood to glut his vain ambition.

The death of BOWEN is unhappily placed beyond a doubt. We lament it, because we fear he was the only individual capable of preserving the fine states of Spanish America from the horrors of anarchy and civil war. His farewell Address to his countrymen, now that it is ascertained to have been that of a dying man; is unspeakably affecting. The last words of that Address ought to sink into the depth of every heart, which feels a love for its native land or for the asserter of its independence—"If my death can but allay your animosities and consolidate your union, I descend in peace to the grave."

THE BOUNDARY LINE.

An arrival at Halifax, bringing English papers to the 26th of January, has furnished us with intelligence of peculiar interest to this Province. On the 10th of that month it is stated that His Majesty the King of the Netherlands delivered to the Envoys of the respective Governments his decision on the questions submitted to his arbitration; and on the 16th His Excellency Sir Howard Douglas arrived at the Foreign Office in London, as the bearer of that important decision. The particulars will probably not be fully known until the arrival of the 21st; but we have been obligingly informed that the following extract from a despatch sent from London:

Bliss, Esquire, the Agent of the Province, dated 20th January, accompanied with a sketch of the line marked out by the decision of the Umpire. "It appears to follow the course of the Saint John, after the intersection of that river, until it meets the Saint Francis, then to ascend the northeastern branch of that stream to the Highland, and thence follow the line claimed by the Americans." This we conceive to be of sufficient authority to excite our apprehensions, that the decision of the question is not in every point so favorable to New-Brunswick as we could have wished. We are satisfied however, let the decision be what it may, that every possible exertion has been made, by the highly respectable and talented individuals to whom the interests of Great Britain were entrusted in this important question, in maintaining our just claims; but we forbear offering any further remarks at present, lest they might be considered premature; leaving the matter with our readers as we received it.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—While the diplomacy of all Europe has been immersed in questions purely European, and while the King of the Netherlands may have been supposed the most occupied of all the individuals whose interest they affect, a matter has been for some months past debating at the Hague, under the Monarch's auspices, of a nature very remote from all those to which his attention might be thought exclusively devoted. We allude to the American-Boundary question, left, as will be recollected, some two years since to the arbitration of King William. The 20th of this present month was the day to which His Majesty was limited by the terms of the arbitration; and while the ambassadors of England and the United States, at the Hague, fully expected the Royal Umpire would, from late circumstances, have demanded an extension of time; they were agreeably surprised, a few days ago, by a notification, that the decision was already formed, and that it would be delivered to them for the information of their respective governments on Monday last the 10th inst. On that day the King accordingly handed to Sir Charles Bagot and Mr. Preble duplicates of his award. On a point of such consequence we feel it necessary to speak with caution, as the question may eventually become of national importance far greater than that which seems implicated in it now. But if our information be correct, and we may almost vouch that it is so, the King of the Netherlands has decided the points submitted to him in a way that must give ample satisfaction to British interests, as far as they may be considered involved in the matter at issue.

It would be, perhaps, premature to state precisely the terms of the decision. That the principal point at issue, the northeastern boundary of the United States, it is decided in favor of English claims, and contrary to American pretensions may be enough to satisfy the public. That much may be relied on as the result. To the Provinces of New-Brunswick and Canada the decision will be deemed of vital importance. How it may be received by the Government of the United States we do not undertake to prophesy.

In addition to the above, we find the following paragraph in the London Morning Herald of the 17th:

Sir Howard Douglas, the Governor of New-Brunswick, arrived at the Foreign Office about one o'clock yesterday afternoon in a carriage and four, with despatches from the Hague. Sir Howard, it is understood, is the bearer of the decision of the King of the Netherlands (as Umpire) respecting the disputed territory between the United States and the Colony of New-Brunswick. Copies of the despatches were forwarded to the Cabinet Ministers in the town in the course of the afternoon.

At Woodstock, on Sunday 22d ult., by the Rev. S. D. L. Street, Amos M'edlocks, to Emeline Savage, both of the Parish of Kent. At Northampton, on Saturday 15th February, by the Rev. S. D. L. Street, George Briggs to Miss Susanna Sharp, both of that place.

At Saint George on the 6th ultimo, by the Rev. Mr. Thompson, Mr. Joseph Wetmore, of Hampton, to Amy E. youngest daughter of the late Peter Clinch, Esquire of the former place. On the 6th December last, by the Rev. Dr. McGill, of Glasgow, William Boyd Kinneir, Esquire, Recorder of St. John, to Janet, daughter of Jas. Muir, Esquire, of Rose Bank, near Greenock.

On the 2d Nov. last, at Paterson, (New-Jersey, U. S.) the Rev. G. M. West, A. M. to Miss Amelia Garner, both late of England.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold by Public Auction on Wednesday the 21st day of September next, between the Hours of 12 and 5 o'clock of the same day, at the Court House in Bathurst, in the County of Gloucester.

All the real estate of William Miller situate in the said County, the same having been seized by me under an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province, at the suit of Alexander Morrison.

W. CARMAN Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bathurst, 23rd February, 1831.

Festival of St. Patrick.

THE Saint Patrick's Society intend to celebrate the Anniversary of the Tutelar Saint of Ireland at Mr. Peters' Long Room, on Thursday the 17th instant.

Gentlemen natives of Ireland, or of Irish descent wishing to join the Society on this occasion, are informed that Tickets of admission can be had on or before Monday the 14th inst., by applying at the Store of Messrs. Gault and Woods.

By Command,

M. BRANNEN Secretary.

Fredricton, 8th March, 1831.

ON CONSIGNMENT & FOR SALE.

14 B GAR.—Such part as shall remain on hand, will be sold at Public Auction at the subargers Store on Thursday the 19th day of March next, at 12 o'clock.

THOMAS C. EVERITT.

Fredricton, 22d Feb. 1831.

SEPARATE TENDERS will be received by the Respective Officers of the Ordnance, on or before the 1st April next, from such Persons as may be disposed to rent the following pieces of Government Land at Fredericton, viz:—

The Six Lots numbered 41 to 46 opposite the Stone Barrack, and the old Building standing thereon.

The Plot around the old Hospital, with that building and the old Guard House.

Conditions.—To be fenced, pair and left by Law, and the fences kept in repair, and to be surrendered on three months notice being given, if required for Government purposes.

OFFICE OF ORDNA. NCE.

St. John N. B. 3d March, 1831.

If Thomas and John S. L. LIFAN, Brothers, who left the County of Antrim, in the North of Ireland, about 23 years since, or either of them, will make known their place of residence, by letter addressed to C. R. H. at the Store of Mr. William Murdoch, in HALIFAX, they will be informed of something to their advantage.

The different Printers—in the neighbouring Provinces—and in the United States will do an act of kindness by giving insertion to the foregoing.—All letters to be post paid.

February 28.

PENMANSHIP.

MR. MASSEY begs leave to inform the Inhabitants of Fredericton, that he will receive Pupils till THURSDAY, the 10th day of March, and after that time he will receive no more, as his engagements in Nova-Scotia, &c. are very pressing.

March 9.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Farm adjoining below the Queen'sbury Church in the County of York, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. Michael McNally, all persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing on the said Farm, as they will be proceeded against to the utmost rigour of the Law.

MOSES McNALLY.

Queensbury, February 2d, 1831.

CARD.

MR. FRASER, Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons, and for several years, principal Assistant to Dr. Thatcher, Physician to the Edinburgh Institution for Diseases of Women and Children, begs leave to intimate, that he intends establishing himself in Fredericton, and respectfully offers his professional services to his Friends and the Public.

Application to be made to Mr. Fraser, at Mr. Cox's Boarding House, corner of King's and St. John's street.

Fredricton, 20th Dec. 1830.

TO LET.

THAT HOUSE situate in Queens Street near the old Military Hospital, owned by Sherlock Parsons, and occupied by C. P. Wetmore. Possession given the first day of May next.—Apply to 2d March, 1831.

MR. WETMORE.

NOTICE.

Rate and Assessment for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty, has been made upon the Real Property within the Parish of Margerville, in the County of Sunbury, belonging to the Persons severally whose names are mentioned against the several accounts of the said rate and assessment undermentioned: And unless the same are paid respectively without delay, the said Real Property of such as make default in payment thereof, will be disposed of as the Law directs, in order to discharge the said Assessment.

PROPRIETORS' NAMES. AMOUNT OF ASSESSMENT.

All the Real Estate of James Tapley, £1: 0: 14

All the Real Estate of George P. Newers, 1: 3: 0

All the Real Estate of Charles Emery, 0: 12: 5 1/2

All the Real Estate of Samuel Nevins, deceased, 5: 19: 9 1/2

All the Real Estate of Anthony Barker, 0: 13: 9

All the Real Estate of David M'ichel, 0: 9: 7

All the Real Estate of John Mitchell, 0: 4: 9 1/2

GEORGE MILES, } Assessors.

JOHN BROWN, Junr. }

GAIN B. TAYLOR, }

February 9

ON CONSIGNMENT.

THE Subscriber has received Six Puncheons of JAMAICA SPIRITS,

and Four Puncheons DEMERARA RUM, which he will sell low for Cash, or on approved Credit. Both are of a superior quality.

OLIVER SMITH.

Fredricton, 17th January 1831.

ON CONSIGNMENT.

50 Barrels Southern Kye Flour,

4 Puncheons Demerara Rum,

4 Boxes Arrow Root,

6 Boxes Sporn Candles.

HE HAS ALSO ON HAND,

20 Drums Turkey Figs,

25 Chests Tea assorted qualities and a general assortment of WINES and LIQUORS, &c. &c.

P. E. BECKWITH.

Fredricton, February 1st, 1831.

FOUND.

ON Wednesday morning last, a PURSE, containing a small sum of Money, the owner may have recovered by proving the property, and paying this advertisement on application at the Gazette Office.

Fredricton, 1st March, 1831.

SUPERIOR CONVEYANCE.

For Passengers from Ireland—Next Spring.

THE very superior sailing copper fast named Ship WILLIAM & GEORGE,

THOMAS BRYSON, Master; Burthen 200 Tons.—Will sail from Londonderry early in the Spring, with Passengers for this Port. Persons wishing to engage a Passage for their Friends, by said Ship, will please apply to JEREDIAN SLASON, Esq. Fredericton; or to WILLIAM P. SCOTT, South Market Wharf, St. John.

16th November, 1830.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY.

PANT HARTFORD.

THE Subscriber continues to insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Barns, Mills, &c. &c. against Loss or Damage by FIRE, for the above Insurance Office, on moderate terms.

JAMES BALLOCH, Agent.

Fredricton, 16th April 1830.

LAST NOTICE!

THOSE Persons who are indebted to the Subscriber are hereby requested to make payment forthwith or call and settle by Note of Hand either with himself or the Agents for the Gazette, otherwise their Accounts will be put in suit.

GEO. K. LUGGIN.

June 21, 1830.