

similarity is there in the character of the parties—in the objects of the alliance—in the means to be employed—or in the contemplated result of the war? Our joint object now is to support Holland against the obstinacy of her own Monarch—to prevent a general contest, in which Holland could possibly gain nothing and might lose every thing, and to enforce the execution of a treaty which all the allies of Holland have advised her to accept, without delay and without compulsion. Is there any body so blind as not to perceive, or so uncandid as not to acknowledge, that but for the labours of the much-ridiculed and much-calumniated conference of London, which authorized this expedition, we must have been involved in a general war eighteen months ago? Can any body seriously deny, that were the King of Holland again to invade Belgium, and the Belgians to appeal for assistance to France, while we stood aloof from any attempt at mediation, the French would not occupy the Belgic provinces, for the purpose of a permanent settlement, in the course of six months? In what situation would the King of Holland then find himself, with so powerful a revolutionary neighbour at his door, and without the interposition, as at all former times, of provinces independent of both? If his Dutch Majesty is allowed to try the chances of such a contest, and to throw his crown into the melee, he is more likely to come out of it a Stadtholder than a King of the Belgic and Dutch Netherlands.

It is affirmed (says the Courier Belge) that Lord Palmerston has sent to our Cabinet, and to that of Paris, a note, in which he declares that the British government will not consent to a renewal of hostilities between Belgium and Holland, and will not permit a French army to enter Belgium, because the English ministry could not justify itself to Parliament if it consented to an occupation of Belgium by a French force, unless it was occupied by an English army at the same time; and lastly, that it is impossible, under present circumstances, and especially considering the state of Ireland, for England to spare any part of her army for a continental expedition. It is also affirmed that Baron Bulow and Prince Lieven have presented energetic notes to the conference, protesting against any armed intervention by France into the affairs of Belgium.

On the 27th ult. was celebrated the anniversary of the revolution. The deputations of the communes assembled to receive standards from the King, and the wounded to receive medals and gratifications. The Queen was loudly applauded and the King hailed with unanimous greetings. The chief deputations of the communes said "the nation has placed confidence in you, Sir; it is worthy of yours. Strong in the reciprocal confidence, do not hesitate to give the signal for combat; and I venture to guarantee to your Majesty a more glorious anniversary than that which caused us so much emotion this day." Presented to the king a proclamation circulated and posted yesterday, inviting the Belgians to war with Holland. His Majesty said that in a few days we shall obtain a conclusion of our affairs one way or another.

The whole ceremony was over at two o'clock, when their Majesties and the Duke of Orleans retired, amidst the loudest acclamations.

INSURRECTION IN THE MAURITIUS.—The Government Orders in Council for ameliorating the condition of the slaves were lately transmitted to the Mauritius, and Mr. Jeremie (author of rather a violent pamphlet, which contained a plan for the ultimate extinction of slavery) was sent out as Attorney-General, with directions to enforce the orders. The planters, whose slave trade was not effectually abolished for some time, either unwilling to see their gains curtailed by the Orders, or unable to carry them into effect, were alarmed at these determined measures of government. When Mr. Jeremie arrived in the harbour on the first of June, the planters addressed the Governor, Sir C. Coillie. The memorial contained the following passages:—

"Since this morning the inhabitants, filled with the most lively alarm, have assembled on the quay. The knowledge of the pamphlet published in London by Mr. Jeremie, and letters received this day from the Cape of Good Hope, have made them fully aware how much his designs and principles are hostile to the colony. Your Excellency knows that his arrival is expected by the slaves as a signal of liberty, and that the greatest excesses will be produced by his presence. Blood will flow, without doubt, if your Excellency does not resolve to employ the only remedy which yet remains, but which is still in your power—that of preventing the landing of Mr. Jeremie at the Isle of France."

Sir Charles said he was persuaded that the colonists would, if left to themselves, take due measures for extinguishing slavery, but he begged them not to put themselves in open rebellion to the English Government; if they did, steps would no doubt be taken which would render their situation worse.

Measures were then taken to protect Mr. Jeremie in landing, which took place on the 3d of June. The troops were drawn up to receive him, and he proceeded to the Government-House, amidst the groans and hisses of the inhabitants. The excitement of the inhabitants continued from day to day, and the only cry heard was, "Down with Jeremie—no Jeremie." The Governor and Council were hourly called on to suspend the Orders, and dismiss Mr. Jeremie, to which at last they consented and on the 14th July it was intimated that Mr. Jeremie had taken his departure. It is stated that the planters, not content with this act of hostility to the English Government, have now declared themselves independent. Further accounts must however be received before we can place reliance on this report. The new Orders in Council have been unfavourably received in every colony. The office of Secretary to the Colonial Department must be far from being a bed of roses. Accounts from the Mauritius on the 7th June, state that the Achilles had arrived, with Mr. Jeremie from London. This was the individual who was to bear to the Mauritius the celebrated orders in council, which have thrown all our West India colonies into such a state of excitement. The instant it was known he had arrived, the French planters of the Island assembled,

with all their dependents, and opposed his landing; the Island was in such a state of excitement that Mr. Jeremie could not land for two days, and then only with the guards drawn out in the night, and smuggled on shore, where his situation was unpleasant in the extreme. The governor had found it necessary to declare that Mr. Jeremie was not the bearer of the orders in council, and that, in fact, they had not been received, nor had he any intelligence when they might be expected.

ROYAL GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, NOVEMBER 14, 1832.

ALMS HOUSE AND WORK HOUSE.
Commissioner for } Geo MINCHIN, Esq.
next week.

SAVING'S BANK.
Trustees for } HENRY G. CLOPPER, Esq.
} JAMES TAYLOR, Esq.
next week. } MARK NEEDHAM, Esq.

The arrival of the October Packet at Halifax with the English mail, in 24 days from Falmouth, has furnished us with London dates to the 7th, and Scotch, to the 3d of that month, and we have made such extracts for this day's Gazette as have the semblance of important information.

Rumours of war have been very fertile of late, which are attributed to the indecision and procrastination of the Conference on the affairs of Holland and Belgium:—the English and French fleets are said to be in readiness to proceed to blockade the Scheldt, and both parties stand with their hands upon their sword hilts; but there has yet been no battle and the probability is, there will be none. The Portuguese combatants have had another engagement at Oporto—the result of which has been rather unfavorable to the invading army; but it appears likely that the success of the expedition will in a great measure depend on a victory at sea.

We beg to call the attention of the inhabitants of Fredericton to Miss Clark's concert advertised for this evening. Her natural and acquired talents, when known, have invariably insured her a liberal share of public patronage at the several places which she has visited, and it is to be hoped that it will not fail her here. Her Lilliputian size and perfect symmetry, although of themselves objects of curiosity, are as nothing when compared to the talent, vivacity and wit, which she displays in her public exhibitions. The public journals speak very highly of her, and from what we have seen we think not too flatteringly.

FEMALE INTERPRET.—We were yesterday shown the foot of a large black and white Eagle which was killed last week in the lower part of Woodstock in the most singular and daring manner. This noble bird entered the house of Mr. William Anderson in pursuit of a duck, while his wife was alone, and which she no sooner perceived, than she instantly seized the bird by the wing and dispatched it in the true Rob Roy style, and perhaps with something of the same characteristic feeling which the following lines express as when applied to that bold chieftain:—

"The Eagle he was bold above
And Rob was bold below."

The wings measured 6 feet across—3 feet from the tip of the beak to the extremity of the tail, and each foot when extended covered a space of 7 inches.

The following characteristic declaration, inserted by Dr. Clarke during the late conference in Liverpool, in an album which was presented to him by the Rev. Robert Newstead, will show his strong and unabated attachment to the connexion of which for so many years he was an ornament, and in which he lived and died. The document was written about a month before the Doctor's lamented death; and appears, in fact, and especially from the Latin motto prefixed to it, to have been composed with an ultimate reference to publication.

"IN PERPETUUM REI MEMORIAM."
"I have lived more than threescore years and ten; I have traveled a good deal both by sea and land; I have conversed with and seen many people, in and from different countries; I have studied the principal religious systems in the world; I have read much, thought much and reasoned much, and the result is, I am persuaded of the simple unadorned truth of no book but the Bible; and of the true excellence of no system of religion but that contained in the holy Scriptures; and especially that CHRISTIANITY, which is referred to in the Old Testament, and fully revealed in the New. And while I think well of, and wish well to, all religious sects and parties, and especially to all who love our Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity; yet, from a long and thorough knowledge of the subject, I am led most conscientiously to conclude, that christianity itself as existing among those called Methodists, is the purest, the safest, that which is most to God's Glory, and the benefit of mankind; and that, both as to the creed there professed, form of discipline there established, and the consequent moral practice there inculcated. And I believe, that among them it is to be found the best form and body of Divinity that has ever existed in the Church of Christ, from the promulgation of Christianity to the present day. To him who would say, Doctor Clarke, are you not a bigot? without hesitation I would answer, No, I am not; for, by the grace of God, I am a Methodist; Amen."

"LIVERPOOL, July 26th 1832."
The substance of a discourse occasioned by the death of the above venerable and eminent individual, delivered at the City Road Chapel, London, by the Rev. Henry Moore, will be read in the Methodist Chapel on Sunday evening next.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
We have received a communication respecting the "purling of Newspapers" from the Steam Boats;—we, also, have had frequent reason to complain of our papers having disappeared, thereby put-

ting us to very great inconvenience. As the season, however, for Steam Boat travelling on our river is drawing to a close, we would suggest to our correspondent the propriety of exercising a little further patience, and this notorious practice may perhaps in due course of things reform itself.

CHOLERA IN LONDON AND THE VICINITY.
—It is extremely gratifying to us to be able to say that the epidemic influence which had existed for several months past in this Metropolis and neighbourhood, and in the course of which some very remarkable oscillations took place, may now be considered as having worn itself out. By inquiries made on Thursday and Friday last, on one side of the river from Kensington to Bethnel Green, Saint George's in the East, and Shadwell, and on the other from Lambeth to Bermondsey, it appears that scarcely any recent cases existed in the different hospitals, the greater part of the cases remaining under treatment being convalescent. Some practitioners have not indeed had a case of cholera in or out of hospital for three or four weeks past.—*London Medical and Surgical Journal.*

Married.
On Wednesday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Somerville, Mr. James P. A. Phillips, Printer, to Miss Margaret Olive Gabel, both of this place. At Prince William, on the 5th instant, by the same, Mr. Abraham C. Hammond to Miss Mary E. Hammond, both of that place. At same time and place, by the same, Mr. Charles A. Hammond to Miss Priscilla T. Hammond of the same Parish.

DECEASED.
At St. John, on Wednesday last, Mrs. Ann Taylor, late of Hamilton, Scotland, and relict of William Taylor, Adjutant of the 27th Regt. aged 59 years. At Long Reach, on the 17th ult. in the 72nd year of his age, after a long illness, which he bore with resignation to the divine will, Mr. James D. Williams, an old and respectable inhabitant of this Province.

STRAYED.
A RED COW, with one horn; any person or persons, having her in possession will be pleased to notify the same to Captain Hooker, of the 34th Regiment, when they shall be rewarded for their trouble; any person detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted as the law directs. Fredericton, 13th November, 1832.

POST OFFICE, FREDERICTON.
November 12th 1832.
The Postmaster of Fredericton has received directions from the Deputy Postmaster General to cause the following section of an Act of Parliament, passed in the ninth year of the reign of Queen Anne, to be published—and to give Public Notice that all violations of it will be rigidly prosecuted.

"And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, That no person or persons whatsoever, or body politic or corporate, in any part of these Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, or other His Majesty's Plantations or Colonies in the West Indies and America, other than such Postmaster General as shall, from time to time, be nominated and appointed by Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, and constituted by letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain as aforesaid, and her Deputy and Deputies, or Assigns, shall presume to receive, take up, order, dispatch, convey, carry, recarry, or deliver any letter or letters, packet or packets of letters, or make any collection of letters, or set up or employ any foot Post, horse Post, or packet Boat, or other vessel or boat, or other person or persons, conveyance or conveyances whatsoever, for the receiving, taking up, ordering, dispatching, conveying, carrying, recarrying, or delivering any letter or letters, packet or packets of letters, by sea or land, or on any river within Her Majesty's Commons, or by means whereof any letter or letters, packet or packets of letters, shall be collected, received, taken up, ordered, dispatched, conveyed, carried, recarried, or delivered, by sea or land, or on any river within Her Majesty's dominions, or shall presume to keep, provide and maintain, horses or furniture, for the carrying of any person or persons riding Post; that is to say, riding several stages upon a Post road, and changing horses; or shall let to hire, or furnish any person or persons whatsoever with horses or furniture for riding Post, as aforesaid, on any of the Post roads or stages now or hereafter to be appointed, with or without a guide or horse, for hire or reward, or on any agreement or promise of reward, or whereby he or they may have any profit or advantage, on pain of forfeiting the sum of five pounds of British money for every several offence against the tenor of the present act; and also, of the sum of one hundred pounds of like British money for every week that any offender against this act shall collect, receive, take up, order, dispatch, convey, carry, recarry, or deliver, any letter or letters, packet or packets of letters, by sea or land, or on any river within Her Majesty's dominions, or that shall presume to set up, continue, or employ any foot Post, horse Post, or packet boat, or other vessel or boat, or any other person or persons conveyance, or conveyances whatsoever, for the receiving, taking up, ordering, dispatching, conveying, carrying, recarrying, or delivering, of any letter or letters, packet or packets of letters, by sea or land, or on any river within Her Majesty's dominions as aforesaid."

The Way Courier between Fredericton and Miramichi, via the Nashwaak, has been discontinued by order of the Deputy Postmaster General.

AUCTION.

THE Subscriber will sell by Public Auction, at the Market House in Fredericton, at 12 o'clock, (noon) on Saturday the 8th December, **A VALUABLE FARM,** on the Pennyack containing 400 Acres more or less, with Buildings and Improvements, well known as the CLEARWATER property, and lately owned by STEPHEN CAMERON, deceased. Wm. TAYLOR, Auctioneer. Fredericton, 6th November, 1832.

LOST.

ON Sunday last in Christ Church, Fredericton, or in King's Street, a **READING GLASS,** set in a Gold case. Whoever may find the same and leave it at this Office will be handsomely rewarded. Fredericton, 7th Nov. 1832.

NEW AND CHEAP STORE.

JUST opened by the Subscriber in Queen's Street opposite the old Hospital Ground, a variety of **DRY AND FANCY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c.** which will be sold at the lowest rates for Cash or country produce. JAMES HALE. Fredericton, Oct. 17, 1832.

COAL COMPANY.

HIS Majesty's Government having upon the application of the association formed at Fredericton, July 1831, proposed to grant Leases on very advantageous terms, of any District or Districts in which Coal may be found, and to extend every reasonable encouragement to a Company formed for mining purposes, with a sufficient Capital, the Members of the association are desirous of forming a company under the sanction of the Legislature with a capital of

Ten thousand Pounds.

to be divided into One Thousand Shares, of Ten Pounds each; and are willing to surrender to such Company, any particular privilege to which they might entitle themselves, on the following conditions:—

First—That the present proprietors be allowed Credit in the New Stock, for the amount they have already paid, with interest—and that any who desire to relinquish their stock shall receive back the amount so paid with interest.

Second—That the New Company shall become possessed of all the rights and property of the association, and entitled to all the profits or proceeds of coal, subject to all the charges and expenses paid or incurred.

Third—That no individual shall be allowed in the first instance to subscribe for more than Ten Shares of the new stock.

As it will be necessary that a Petition to the Legislature for an Act of incorporation should be prepared, and the provisions of the Act determined as soon as possible, it is deemed advisable that a Public Meeting should be held, and a Subscription List for the New Stock opened, without delay: I do therefore pursuant to a Resolution of the association passed on the 15th inst. hereby request a meeting of such persons as are disposed to unite in the adventure, at the Masonic Hall in the City of Saint John, on Thursday the 20th day of December next at noon, for carrying the foregoing measure into effect. A subscription paper will be prepared and submitted to the meeting; and in order to afford every facility to persons at a distance, it is proposed that the subscriptions may be made, and subscribers allowed to vote, by Proxy, at that or any subsequent meeting. Wm. F. ODELL, President of the present Association.

Fredericton, October, 1832.

ARMY FORAGE CONTRACT.
Commissioner's Office, St. John, 1st October, 1832.

PERSONS desirous of Contracting to supply His Majesty's Troops with Forage, at the undermentioned places, for One Year, commencing on the first day of January next, are hereby notified, that sealed Tenders for the same, will be received at this Office, for the supply of Saint John and Fredericton, on or before Tuesday the 20th of November next, at twelve o'clock.

The number of Rations required daily, will be as follows: Saint John, about NINE, } more or less. Fredericton, about TWELVE, }

The Ration of Forage, per diem, to consist as follows: HAY, 14lbs. (Fourteen Pounds.) OATS, 10lbs. (Ten Pounds.) STRAW, 6lbs. (Six Pounds.)

The following substitutions will be allowed in case of sick Horses:—viz: One Pound of BARLEY, or 4lbs of a Pound of MALP, or 4lbs of a Pound of OATMEAL, or 4lbs of a Pound of BRAN, } in lieu of 1lb of OATS. It being expressly understood that such substitution shall be limited to One and a half Pounds of Oats daily for each sick Horse.

The Hay to be upland, intervalle, or dyked Marsh, sweet and good, either Timothy or Clover, or a mixture of both, and to have been cut at least three months previously to delivery to the Troops.

The Oats to be sweet, clean, and wholesome quality, and not to weigh less than Thirty-four pounds per Bushel, and to have been reaped at least three months previous to delivery.

The Straw to be either Oaten or Barley, and of dry, unbroken, proper quality, and to be delivered in bundles.

The Contractor will deliver the Forage to the Troops from his Depot, (which is to be near the Barracks), on orders received from the Commissariat, to the Staff, Departments, and all Regiments, three days in the Week, to such Officers as may require it to be issued at those periods.

It will be required from the Contractor to have in his Depot, at all times, at least two months' supply of Forage of each description, and that his Depot shall be open to the inspection of the Commissariat, whenever it may be thought proper to visit it.

The Tenders to express the rate in Sterling Money per Ration, and to be made separately for each place stated above, accompanied by a Letter from two persons of known property, engaging to become bound with the party tendering, in the sum which will be made known on application at this Office, as well as other particulars which may be considered necessary to the persons tendering for this supply.

Payment will be made every two months, on regular vouchers—forms of which can be obtained at this Office—in Bills of Exchange on the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, at the rate of £100 for every £101: 10s, due upon the Contract, or in British Silver Money—at the option of the Commissariat.

N. B.—The Contractor will be required to have Weights and Scales in his Depot, of sufficient size to weigh at least four hundred pounds weight.

ALL persons indebted to the Steam Boat Saint George, in account or by note up to the first day of January last, are hereby required to take notice that unless they settle the same with the subscriber within one month from the date, they will be sued for the same without discrimination. J. JOHNSTON, Att'y. at Law. St. John, July 24th, 1832.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber being authorized to dispose of the following lots of Land, he offers them for sale on moderate terms.

Lots no. 15 and 25 and a lot adjoining no. 25, situate in the Parish of Kent containing 100 acres each.

Lots no. 14 and no. 15 on the Pennyack, Parish of Douglas, containing 400 acres.

Eight Glebe lots in the Parish of Fredericton, held by lease from the Rector, Church Warden and Vestry of the Parish, being the number 259 to 296 inclusive. For particulars enquire of Wm. TAYLOR. Fredericton, 23d April, 1832.

TO BE SOLD OR LET.

In Gage Town, a new and commodious Dwelling House, &c. with an excellent Kitchen Garden, and a few acres of land, well fenced, and in good farming condition. The proprietor flatters himself that on inspection the premises will be found suited to the accommodation of a respectable family. For further particulars please to apply at the Royal Gazette Office, Fredericton, to Mr. L. H. De Veber, Saint John, or to Wm. Jenkins, Gage Town. Sept. 28th, 1832. Sw.

General assortment of Boots and Shoes and SOLE LEATHER, offered for Sale by the Subscribers, who have formed a connexion in business and have taken the store in Queen-street, opposite the old Barracks, and recently occupied by Robert Harley. ROSEALD, ELISHA A. DREW. Fredericton, August 29, 1832.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE subscriber having received an appointment as agent for the Hartford Connecticut Insurance Company, will insure Stores, Houses, Mills, Factories, Barns, and every sort of Goods and Wares, against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, at the most reasonable rate of Premium. The subscriber will also attend to the renewal of any Policies issued by the former Agent in this place. L. A. WILMOT, Agent. Fredericton, 4th August, 1832.

LANDS FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale on reasonable terms, Lot No. 67, in the Parish of Kent, on the Eastern side of the river, containing 100 acres, of which there are about 12 acres cleared. For particulars enquire of Wm. TAYLOR. Fredericton, Oct. 16, 1832. Sw.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

R. RANKIN & Co. offer for sale on very moderate terms, several FARMS AND LOTS OF LAND, in the County of York; persons wishing to purchase will receive the necessary information by applying to WILLIAM L. BEDELL, Fredericton.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale a valuable tract of Land situate in Sussex, King's County, containing 500 acres, adjoining a tract belonging to Thomas Beer Esq. Payments will be made easy, apply to WILLIAM TAYLOR. Fredericton, 11th June 1832.

BLACKING.

THOMAS SIME has commenced Manu-

facturing, and offers for Sale, a superior quality of

LIQUID BLACKING.

which upon trial, will be found equal to any imported from the Mother Country. From the nature of the ingredients of which it is composed, it possesses an inherent quality of PRESERVING and SOFTENING the LEATHER, and from the fine SHINING LUSTRE it will produce, must be considered as a great desideratum to all who admire a highly POLISHED BOOT or SHOE.

As this article is one of Domestic Manufacture, and will be sold at a reduced price to that imported, although of equal quality, as certificates in his possession will satisfactorily prove. T. S. flatters himself that he will receive a liberal share of public support. The Blacking is contained in stone jars, similar to that of "Day & Martin," with printed Labels, and will be sold at 1s. 3d., 10d. & 6d., with a liberal reduction to Retailers. * * * Made and Sold Wholesale and Retail by Thomas Simes, Water-street, south side of the Market Wharf, Saint Andrews, N. B. and of Mr. William Simpson, Agent, Fredericton.

THOMAS SIME. St. Andrews, 30th January, 1832.

Administration Notice.

ALL persons having any demands against the late John Dow, Esquire, late of Woodstock, in the County of York, deceased, will please render them duly attested within three months from the date hereof for payment; and all those indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to ASA DOW, Executor. Woodstock, 2d Nov. 1832.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of Robert Hazen, late of the Parish of Burton, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within three months; and all those indebted are desired to make immediate payment to SARAH HAZEN, Administratrix. Burton, 11th October, 1832.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of Adolphus Humphries, late of Wickham in Queen's County, are requested to render their accounts duly attested within three months from the date hereof; and those indebted to the said Estate will please make inmediate payment to EPHRAIM BRIGGS, Executor. Wickham, Queen's County, 12th October 1832.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late Michael Costello, of Fredericton, deceased, are requested to present the same within six months from this date: And all those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to GEORGE MINCHIN, } Executor. T. L. LANGAN, } Fredericton, Oct. 16, 1832.

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of the late Patrick Murphy, of Fredericton, deceased, are requested to present the same within three months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to MARY MURPHY, Adm'x. Fredericton, 16th July, 1832. 2m.

Co-partnership Notice.

THE Co-partnership heretofore subsisting between Wm. S. J. Dibblee and Richard Dibblee is this day dissolved by mutual consent: All persons having accounts against the said firm are hereby requested to present the same for settlement, and those indebted thereto by note or otherwise will please call and settle the same without delay: All accounts remaining unsettled after the 1st October next, will be put in suit for collection. W. S. J. DIBBLEE, RICHARD DIBBLEE, Fredericton, 7th August, 1832.