

To be Lieutenants.
Ensign Joseph Muzzell, vice Alex. McKenn
left the Province, 21st May
do. William Roach, vice B. M.
Goldsmith, do. 22d do.
do. Robert Haddon, vice Colin
Rankine, promoted, 23d do.
do. John Greig, vice Samuel
Giron, do. 24th do.
do. William FitzGerald, vice W.
Brait, do. 25th do.
do. James A. Clare, to the Rifle
Company, 26th do.
do. William Girvan, vice Hugh
McKay, promoted, 27th do.
David Swayne, Gent. 28th do.
To be Ensigns.
Alex. McMichael, Gent. 21st May
John Millar, do. 22d do.
Andrew Dixon, do. 23d do.
David Wright, do. 24th do.
John Wheten, do. 25th do.
John Clare, (Rifle Company) 26th do.
John Main, Gent. 27th do.
Patrick Donnelly, do. 28th do.
David Gifford, to be Quarter-Master with the
rank of Ensign, vice Stubs left the County.
3rd Batt. King's.
To be Captain.
Lieut. James Fairweather, vice Thomas Fair-
weather, who retires with his rank 21st May
Henry Deforest, Gent. to be Ensign vice Hoyt
deceased, dated 21st May, 1833.
By Command,
GEO. SHORE, Adj. Gen. Militia.

THE JUBILEE.

There had been an universal feeling among our Citizens, that the 18th of May, (Saturday last), the Fiftieth Anniversary of the landing on these shores of a part of that inflexible band of American Loyalists, who, from the most hal- lowed principles, at the acknowledgment by the Mother Country of the Independence of the United States, forsook the land of their Nativity, and sought an asylum in the wilder- ness, under British protection, should be cele- brated in a way becoming the occasion; and the Common Council of the City, having en- tered into the feelings and wishes of the Peo- ple, came forward in the most praiseworthy manner, and determined to give a Public Din- ner to all the Survivors resident within the City and County, who arrived here in 1783.

Cards were accordingly despatched on an early day last week, to all that could be found who landed. His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, and suite, the Chief Justice and As- sociate Judges, the Attorney and Solicitor Generals, the Clergy, the Judge of the Court of Vice-Admiralty, the Members of the Coun- cil and Assembly, the High Sheriff and Cor- ner, Lt. Col. Kelly, 34th Regt., Lt. Col. Turner, Major Greaves, 34th Regt., Lt. Col. Collector of His Majesty's Customs for the Port, Heads of Departments generally, together with the Magistrates of the County resident within the City, were also invited to partici- pate in the festivities of the day. Arrangements were made with Mr. WILLIAM SCAMMELL to provide the Dinner. The splendid Room in the Masonic Hall was engaged, and a Com- mittee having been named for superintending its decoration, the emblems and banners of the different Masonic Lodges were as freely offered for the purpose, as they were cheer- fully accepted. The Flags of the respective Na- tional Societies, the Paintings of St. George, St. Andrew, St. Patrick, Lord Nelson, &c., the City Colours owned by the Patriotic Young Men of the North and South Market wharves, together with many others, where all had on requisition, and suspended with great judg- ment and taste throughout and around the Room, and the Portraits of a few of the Pa- triots of 1783, now no more, finished the scene.

At about half-past 5, the Company had nearly all assembled, when His Excellency and Suite entered the Room, having been first re- ceived at the entrance of the Hall, by his Wor- ship the Mayor and the Recorder, and the City Rifles who formed a Guard of Honor.

Immediately after, the Company, consisting of about 200, sat down to dinner, his Worship the Mayor in the Chair, supported on his right by His Excellency, and on his left by the Fa- ther of the City the oldest Merchant in it, the venerable and worthy John Ward, Esquire. On the right of His Excellency sat his Honor Judge Bliss, and on Mr. Ward's left his Honor Judge Chipman, which number, from the admirable manner in which the Tables were placed, comprised the entire head of the main tables. The Recorder, (supported by James Hendricks, Esq. our second oldest Merchant,) and Alderman Stanton, acted as Vice Presi- dents. Next to the main table, and on a pa- rallel line from head to foot, was placed an- other, at which Alderman Ansley presided, supported on his right by T. Barlow, Esquire, and the Rev. Mr. Dunphy, and assisted as Vice by J. T. Hanford, Esq. Coroner, and ex-Alder- man of Duke's Ward. Alderman Harding and Vanhorne took the centre of the main table, at opposite sides, and the Assistant Aldermen were interspersed among the Guests.

The Dinner was beyond praise, and served up in excellent style, much to the honor of the furnisher, and great credit is also due to Messrs. George and Joseph Scammell, the brothers, for their unwearied attention.

The Wines were excellent, and in great profu- sion. The Champagne, Port, Madeira, and Claret, were superior to any we ever before saw or tasted at a Public Dinner; and the fine Band of the 34th Regt. being in attendance for which we were indebted to the politeness of Col- onel Kelly, added much to the gaiety of the evening.

On the first Toast being given, after a few preliminary observations from his Worship, when he remarked, that this happy epoch ought to impress upon our minds that all differences and animosities ought to be buried, and at the present time ought to excite a feeling of forgiveness in every heart, a Salute of 50 guns was fired by the City Artillery on King's-square, and it was received throughout the room in a manner not to be de- scribed. His Worship the Mayor, Judges Bliss and Chipman, the Attorney General, Hon. J. S. Saunders, the Solicitor General, Major Greaves, Col. Turner and Stephen Humbert and Thomas Harding, Esquires, severally addressed the Chair, We have obtained several of the Speeches, and only regret that we are unable to give the excel- lent sentiments expressed by their Honors Judge Bliss and J. S. Saunders, but they shall appear in our next.

On the Health of His Excellency being drank he thanked the Company, and gave "The Health of the Mayor and Corporation." His Worship returned thanks.

Col. Turner made a very appropriate address on his health and that of the Militia having been drank, and gave in return—"The decen- dants of the American Loyalists, whose land- ing here in 1783, we have this day assembled to commemorate—May they be animated on all occasions by the principles of their Forefathers."

His Honor Judge Chipman addressed the company as follows—

"That, as the Son of an American Loyalist he could not refrain from thanking the gallant

Officer, (Col. Turner,) for the tribute he had paid to the character of those men, who had in the great contest, which the proceedings of this day brought to memory, fought side by side with the British army. In that contest, indeed they had failed, and had not been destined to occupy so splendid a niche in the Temple of Fame, as their adversaries. They, neverthe- less, though in the minority formed a band of real worth. They acted upon principles which do honor to every man, who is governed by them; those of steady loyalty to their Sovereign, and of attachment to their Mother Coun- try. We were quite willing that the prevailing party in that contest, who threw off their al- legiance, should enjoy the advantages of their experiments in Government. We, for our parts, were satisfied with the Institutions of the Province as a part of the Great British Em- pire. They were founded upon the principles of the British Constitution. That constitution had our affections, and to that constitution we would adhere. The Loyalists had undergone great losses and sufferings. But the Mother Country had shown unexampled lib- erality towards them. Among other things a Parliamentary Commission was established to inquire into their losses and services, and compensation was made for what they suffered in their rights, properties, and professions. In these reports they were described as a favoured people. Their loyalty and affection deserved these marks of favor. There was reciprocity in this matter. The Mother Country extended kindness and protection. The Loyalists returned gratitude and respect. He trusted that these feelings were destined to continue. That the Colonies were still to receive from the Mother Country support and protection, and that we on our side should maintain our connexion with her inviolable. That having been borne in the Province, and sprung from an American Loy- alist, the commemoration of this day was an event of great interest to himself, and to all, who like himself, felt that this was their "Country." He at the same time rejected any principle of exclusion. He would maintain a perfect fellowship with all subjects from any part of the Empire, who come among us and participate in the common interests of the Province. He concluded by expressing his fervent hope, that the descendants of American Loy- alists would always feel, that their best inheri- tance was—"The principles of their Fathers."

His Worship, previous to reading a letter from the Chief Justice, said—

Gentlemen.—I have to beg a few moments' indulgence, previous to my reading a commu- nication from our worthy friend, the Chief Justice, to our Committee. I have to regret that we have not the honor of that Gentle- man's company with us to-day, and at the same time, I feel happy to say that his heart is with us, as it will appear by his note in my hand. Previ- ous to my moving a Volunteer Toast, I beg to remark that I have known this Hon. Gentle- man from his arrival in this Province. I knew him as a Candidate for the County of York, where he was most honorably and handsomely supported, and obtained his seat in the Gen- eral Assembly of this Province, and he was on the occasion borne on the shoulders of the blood and bone of Loyalty—I have known him as one of our Supreme Judges, and likewise as Chief Justice—I have known him as a friend, I know him as an honest man, and may we ever regard the motto given by him,—to fear God and honor the King. I am one of those who do not consider Loyalty as being only skin deep, neither is it merely in the blood, but true Loyalty is seated in the heart; it is moreover in the principle of a man. If he be loyal he may be oppressed, yet he feels it his duty to bear with it; he may be grieved, and if so it is his duty to petition his Sovereign—but not to rebel.

Fredericton, May 15th, 1833.

With sentiments of respect for the Worshipful the Mayor, Aldermen, and the Commonalty of the City of St. John, and with the warmest thanks for their very friendly invitation to com- memorate the JUBILEE of the 50th Anniversa- ry of the landing of the Loyalists in this Pro- vince, in 1783, the Chief Justice begs to as- sure them that it is with the greatest regret that he feels himself obliged to decline the honor, and the very great pleasure he would re- ceive from their invitation; but at the same time he can assure them, that no person can more emphatically feel those emotions and feel- ings which this happy epoch will call forth, and warm the hearts of the Loyalists of 1783, than he does. He was taught from his earliest infancy to fear God and honour the King, which he has made the two great objects of his life hitherto—

And which, with the blessing of God, he will persevere in, till he shall be called to sleep with those, whose inflexible fidelity made them, at every hazard and sacrifice, to stand firm in their allegiance to their King, and in support of the glorious constitution under which they were born.

The Mayor then said, I will now give a Vol- unteer Toast:

"To His Honor the Chief Justice, their Hon- ors the Judges of our Supreme Court, and all the professional Gentlemen of the Bar,—May they ever maintain and support the principles of justice and honor,—God save the King."

The Solicitor General spoke as follows:

Mr. Mayor:
As a descendant of American Loyalists, and a member of the legal profession, I trust I may be excused in making a few remarks, while re- turning thanks for the honor done by your toast to the Bar of this Province.

Never, on any occasion, have I felt more proud of my connection with this City, than the present; and much did I rejoice when I heard, at a distance, the determination of the Corporation that the fiftieth anniversary of the first landing of the Loyalists on these shores, was to be celebrated in a manner becoming an event so highly interesting to the survivors and descendants of that faithful band.

Sir,—when we remember with what cere- monials and solemnities the citizens of the United States hailed the jubilee day of their Inde- pendence, we should have been deficient in proper feeling, had we suffered this day to pass unno- ticed here; unless, indeed, after half a cen- tury's reflection, we are ashamed of the conduct of our fathers in that memorable period; but, Sir, that is not the case: we still glory in their loyalty on that occasion—in despite of the scorn- ful jests of radicals and democrats, and the cold- blooded speculations of discontented theorists; we stand forth to avow that we do not hold our allegiance so light a thing that it may be thrown aside or changed as a cloak, when we are tired of the cut or the colour of it.

Sir,—we have no cause to regret this senti- ment. Fifty Years have passed, and the place where we now assemble has been changed from a desolate wilderness to a flourishing City; we live in a country where, under the dominion of the British Crown, equal Laws are regular- ly and impartially administered to the poor and the rich—where the spirit of the British Con- stitution, pervading our Government and In- stitutions, ensures protection to every man's per- son and property.

The celebration of this day, will stand as a memorial that we take the same side, our fa- thers have taken; that we adopt their opin- ions; we approve their principles; and, Sir, it is a pledge, that, if need be, we are ready to imitate their example.

The Solicitor General gave the health of the Stewards of the Dinner.—Alderman Vanhorne returned thanks in a neat and appropriate speech.

The health of Sir Howard Douglas, our late much respected Governor, was drank with great enthusiasm.

We deem it unnecessary to make any re- marks on the public feeling which this celebra- tion has called forth. They are sufficiently strongly shown in the sentiments expressed by the Gentlemen who addressed the Company as herein mentioned.

We are satisfied that a such a universal re- joicing, good fellowship, and harmony, this city never saw before, and long may the har- mony continue. His Worship the Mayor pre- sided over the table in a manner that reflected great credit upon him, and by his urbanity, mildness, and good humour, contributed much to keep good order. A quarter before 12, the last person had left the room, and imme- diately after every thing was quiet. A Salute was fired at sunrise by the City Artillery, and at 12 o'clock by the Royal Artillery, in accordance with the command of His Excel- lency,—also by the Militia Sea Fencibles. The Vessels in the harbour, hoisted their colours in honor of the day; among them was one Ameri- can vessel.

It is worthy of remark, that not one of the Loyalists who landed here in 1783, nor of their children who accompanied them, resident with- in the City and County, and entitled thereby to invitation by direction of the Common Council, were precluded from such complimen- tary stay upon their characters.

In addition to the dinner given by the Com- mon Council, as detailed above, we learn that a quantity of Bread, Cheese, and Porter, was placed in different parts of the City, of which all those who thought proper, partook.

The Fishermen, at Navy Island, celebrated the Day in a manner worthy of them.

The donation of our excellent Mayor to the persons in the Poor House, we notice below.

TOASTS.

1. The day we celebrate,—memorable for the 50th Anniversary of the landing on these shores of a portion of the firm and determined men, who, during the American Revolutionary War, preserved their principles of Loyalty un- impaired, and who, at the close thereof, from the most distinguished attachment to their King and Government, abandoned their homes and fortunes, and sought an asylum in this then wilderness, under British protection.

2.—The King—God save the King
The Queen and Royal Family.—A health to the Queen.

3.—The Army and Navy.—Rule Britannia.
4.—Lord Aylmer, Governor General of British North America.—The British Grenadiers.

5.—Our distinguished Guest, Sir Archibald Campbell, Lieutenant Governor of this Pro- vince.—The Conquering Hero.

6.—Our Sister Colonies.—March.

7.—Lady Campbell and the fair Daughters of New-Brunswick.—Here's a health to all good ladies.

8.—The memory of the late Thomas Carleton, Esquire, our first Governor. His name will long be held in grateful remembrance by the descendants of the American Loyalists for the kindness and attention shown by him to their forefathers.—Dead March in Saul.

The Attorney General addressed the Chair, and said, the name of General Carleton was intimately associated with the arrival of the Loyalists in the Province, having been the first person to whom His Majesty had been graciously pleased to commit the Adminis- tration of the Government. That, in the dis- charge of that important duty, he had invari- ably shown himself to be the real friend of the distressed, the suffering Loyalists, and had in- variably used his best endeavours for their comfort, and to enable them to bear up against and overcome the many hardships they were necessarily compelled to encounter; and as one instance of his liberality, referred to the circumstance, that His Excellency had declin- ed the reception of any fees which were legally due him on the grants of their land, amount- ing to several thousand pounds; and closed by recapitulating an observation of an old and respectable Member of the General Assembly, who, on one occasion, when his Excellency's character had been referred to, observed, the name of Carleton implied every thing that was honorable.

10.—The United Kingdom—the Seat of Arts and Sciences—the birth place of Freedom. It is to the determined spirit of her sons in all ages, that the world is indebted for the inesti- mable civil and religious privileges the enlight- ened portion of our countrymen enjoy.—England's Glory.

11.—The Land our Ancestors left, and the land we live in. Both inhabited from one common Parent, and enjoying though under different Governments, the blessings of Free- dom. May all old animosities be forgotten, and the present good understanding be contin- ued.—Here's a health to them that's aye.

The Attorney General addressed the Chair, and observed.—The toast which had been given, he had drank in common with the company; that, as a toast, he appreciated it, from the sentiments of Christian Charity which it con- tained,—which required us to forgive those who had offended us. That he, as one of the Loy- alists, who had, with his father, been compelled to seek an asylum in this then entire wilder- ness, was willing to comply with the spirit of the toast—"to forget all old animosities, and heartily to wish the present good understand- ing to be continued." But, on an occasion like the present, when we were assembled to com- memorate the day, when himself and many of the present company, and thousands of their Fathers, whose ashes now rested in peace, had first landed in this then inhospitable wilderness, he must be allowed to call to remembrance, and refer to the circumstances which attended that memorable era—when those Loyalists drank deep of the cup of affliction which had been filled for them in consequence of their steady attachment to their King and the Constitution. That it was well known the Treaty of Peace had made no provision for their security or protection, but the slight, very slight one, that a recommendation should be made in their favor to the American Congress—much too slender a protection for lives and property, at a time when the human passions had been raised to so high a pitch as the American Rebellion had produced. That those who compelled the Loyalists to seek this place of refuge, at the time imagined they were sending them to an inhospitable region, where life, if sustained, would hardly be worth preserving; but, thank God, they had been mistaken; they had sent them to a Country which we now had great reason to appreciate, and which we would now so unwillingly quit. That should cir-

cumstances arise, when an attempt should be made to drive us from it, those who would make it, would find hands and hearts, bones and nerves, which would not yield to ten fold in numbers.

12. Lt. Col. Kelly and the gallant 34th Re- giment. The colonels bear testimony to their distinguished services.—34th Regimental march.

13. Lieut. Col. Turner and the Militia of the Province.—Lieut. Col. Turner's march.

The absent surviving Patriots who landed here in 1783.—Scots was hae,

15. The memory of the departed Heroes who emigrated here at the same period.—Lord Cornwallis's March.

Glee sung during the evening by the Band.
1. A celebrated Bacchanalian Glee—"In Autumn we must drink them." 3. "Dame Durden." 4. "Of all the brave birds." 5. "King Arthur."

LATEST NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

From the St. John Courier.
The arrivals, yesterday, furnished us with New York and Boston papers of Saturday last. A vessel had arrived at Philadelphia, with London papers of the 6th, and Liverpool of the 8th of April. We copy the extracts given in the New-York papers.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer had defer- red his motion in the House of Commons on the subject of the general commutation of Tithes in England, until Thursday, April 18th. The London Observer of the 7th, says—"The Revenue of the financial year, which terminates on the 5th of April, would give us little reason to anticipate any extraordinary reduction of tax- ation. The surplus is, on the whole, about £230,389stg; and this, united with the savings in the expenditure, would, if our income could be calculated on with certainty, give about a million to be applied to the disbursement of the public burthens. Unfortunately, however, although the income of the quarter shows a de- crease of £292,420, and it would not, therefore, be very prudent in the Government to assume, under such circumstances, that the improve- ment is permanent. Lord Althorp stated some time ago, when pressed on the subject of the assessed taxes, that he could not pledge him- self to the repeal of any tax until he ascertained the sum he would have to spare; and un- less a great change be effected in the system of taxation, and manner of appropriating the proceeds, it is obvious that none of the specu- lations with respect to public relief can be realis- ed."

The budget, under such an aspect of affairs, is therefore looked on with more than ordinary interest; and we have heard that it is intended to open it somewhat earlier than usual, in order to forestall some of the projects which are threatened by some of the new calculators in the House. Among the arrangements contem- plated, it is said there will be such a change, with reference to the Savings' Banks as must compel the holders of deposits to a certain amount to purchase government Annuities, instead of the ordinary transferable stock. The experience of the past year has proved that the persons who invest in the Savings' Bank are, whether actuated by timidity or a love of mischief, in a condition to work much mischief to public credit in times of political excitement; and the Minister has therefore wisely deter- mined while he continues all the advantages of the institution, to deprive the depositors of a power which may be very injurious to others, and which, if carried to any extent, would be permanently destructive to themselves.

In our last we stated that the plan for Church Reform in Ireland, had been introduced in Par- liament.—Lord Althorp having moved a series of resolutions in a general Committee, for the purpose of carrying the plan into effect. The resolutions were opposed by Mr. Keftoy, Mr. Halcomb, Sir Robert Inglis, and Sir Robert Peel, and supported by Mr. Sheil, Mr. Pryme, Mr. Macaulay, and Lord John Russell. The principal objection was that the tax to be levied on the income of the Irish clergy, in lieu of the abolishing the first fruits, and to supply the amount of the church cess, would be an un- just and oppressive exaction on a body of men who have always paid the first fruits of their livings, and who, for three years past, have received little or no income. First, as to the payment of the first fruits: Not more than £231 a year, for the last thirty years. This, therefore, must be regarded merely as a nominal payment; it is a pittance not worth men- tioning.

As to the other objection, it leaves out of sight this most material fact, that the clergy have for ages been receiving enormous pay- ments for most inefficient services, and often for no service at all; and that as the body of the people who pay the taxes are of a different religion from the clergy who receive them, this is a system of injustice and oppression, which has now grown into so great a practical grievance that it is in imminent danger of tumbling down upon the ears of those who support it. But even leaving all considerations of equity out of the question, what is the plain matter of fact? Why that the whole of the church revenues are in jeopardy; and they can be rescued by the sacrifice of a part.—For it is the enormous amount of these revenues that puts them in danger. They are burdensome, and the church vessel has too heavy a cargo, and if the crew refuse to throw overboard a portion of it when the ship is labouring, the whole must sink together.

We observe from the debate of Tuesday, that Lord Althorp has consented to exempt ex- isting incumbents from the tax on livings; and Sir Robert Peel has, in return, agreed, that vestry cess should be abolished, and a provision made for its objects out of the funds of the church.

At a meeting of the Board of Health, for the County of York, held at the County Court House in Fredericton, on Tuesday the 28th May 1833, pursuant to notice;

PRESENT.

Charles I. Peters Esq. Chairman.
The Rev. Dr. Somerville.
Henry Smith,
Jas. A. Macaulay,
Thomas Emerson,
Jas. Taylor, Junr.
Geo. F. S. Berton,
L. A. Wilnot,
Thomas Pickard,
R. Rankine,
Geo. P. Peters;
Wm. Fraser.

Resolved, That G. F. S. Berton, Esq. be appointed Clerk of the Board.

The Act of the General Assembly, 3 W. 4 Cap. 35, and the Commission appointing the Board, read by the Clerk.

Resolved, That in order to have the Parish examined and cleaned, the same be divided in- to 4 districts as follow, viz:—

District No. 1. To extend from Phillis' Creek to the upper side of Westmorland Street, inclusive.

District No. 2. To extend from the upper

side of Westmorland Street to the upper side of Carleton Street.

District No. 3. To extend from the upper side of Carleton Street to the upper side of St. John Street.

District No. 4. To extend from the upper side of St. John Street, to Mill Creek.

Resolved, That Committees each to con- sist of 3 persons, be appointed to visit and inspect the buildings, inclosures &c., within the before mentioned Districts pursuant to the directions of the said Act; each Committee to be always accompanied by a Constable.

Resolved, That the following persons be ap- pointed Committees for that purpose, viz:

For district No. 1. Thomas Pickard, James Taylor, Junr. and Thomas Emerson Esquires.

For district No. 2. W. J. Redell, J. A. Macaulay, and Robert Rankin, Esquires.

For district No. 3. Dr. Somerville, Henry Smith, and Geo. Peters, Esquires.

For district No. 4. G. F. S. Berton, L. A. Wilnot, and W. Fraser, Esquires.

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to inspect the Cholera Hospital, and have the same finished, and put in a fit and proper state for the reception of patients; and that C. I. Peters, Thomas Emerson, R. Rankin, W. Fraser, and Geo. Peters, Esquires be a Com- mittee for that purpose.

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to prepare Rules and Regulations, and prepare a scale of penalties under and in pursuance of the 5th Sec. of this Act; and that C. I. Peters, G. F. S. Berton, and L. A. Wilnot, Esquires, be a Committee for that purpose.

Resolved, That when the Committees shall find it necessary to provide time to assist the poor in cleansing their houses, they shall send to Mr. Pickard for the same, he having kindly offered to keep it on hand for that purpose.

Resolved, That the Board will meet on Monday in every week at 11 o'clock A. M. at the County Court Room in Fredericton.

Resolved, That a humble address, be pre- sented to His Excellency the Lieutenant Gov- ernor, praying that the Privy in the Barrack Yard on the corner of Queen and Carleton Streets may be removed.

Resolved, That the Slaughter house on the upper side of Carleton Street is a nuisance and dangerous to the public health, and that it is necessary that the said nuisance be immediately abated, and the Committee for district No. 3, are requested to attend particularly to this re- solution.

Resolved, That the foregoing Resolutions be forthwith published in the Royal Gazette.

CHARLES I. PETERS, Chairman.
G. F. S. BERTON, Clerk.

Yesterday being the birth day of our most gracious Sovereign, the Troops of the Garrison went to the race ground, where a royal salute was fired, and every demonstration of joy was manifested which is usual on such occasions.

DISTRESSING CASE.—We learn from a Gentleman who left the Oromocto on Sun- day last, that three men had lost their lives by the upsetting of a canoe opposite to that place. They were seen from the shore by Mr. Scoullar, and in the brief space of a few minutes afterwards the accident happened. Boats were immedi- ately dispatched to their relief, but before they had reached the place they had every one perished. A pocket book and some important papers were picked up, from the nature of which, and other information we have since received, leaves no doubt on our minds as to the unfortunate individu- als who have thus met with an untimely end. We consider it prudent, however, in the meanwhile to abstain from publishing their names, as the afflicting circumstance may be better communicated by the friends of the family in whose bereavement we deeply sympathise. We have not heard that either of the bodies have been found.

Advertisements omitted this week will be at- tended to in our next.

COUNTY OF WESTMORLAND.

To be let by the Commissioners of Sewers on Thursday, the first day of August next, between the hours of one and five o'clock in the after- noon at the house of William Easterbrooks Junior, in Sackville.

A CERTAIN piece of Marsh Land situate on the Sackville Island Marsh, and being all the Diked part of the Lot known by the number thirty-one in Letter B, division of Lands in said Sackville, and containing about eleven acres to do with sundry charges for building a new Abol- deau, and repairing the Dikes enclosing said Marsh, which will be struck off to the person who shall offer to take the same for the lowest term of time, and pay the said charges.

PHILIP PALMER,
Commissioner of Sewers, Clerk.
Dated at Sackville, the 22d May, 1833.

NOTICE.

NEW PUBLIC CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
THE Subscriber having received per the La- dy Campbell, upwards of seven hundred Volumes in History, Novels and Romance, he intends to open on Saturday the first of June a Public Library. Terms:—

7s. 6d. per Quarter,
3 0 per Month,
1 3 per Week,
0 3 per Night.

Payable in advance.

N. B. No Library Accounts will be opened.

FRANCIS BEVERLY.

Fredericton, 29th May, 1833.

New Brunswick Mining Company.

At a meeting of the President and Directors of the New Brunswick Mining Company.

ORDERED, that ten per cent. of the Cap- ital Stock of the said Company be paid at the office of the Company, in the City of St. John, on or before the twentieth day of June next.

N. MERRITT, President.

T. L. NICHOLSON, Secy

N. B.—The Stockholders will be entitled to credit for whatever may have already been paid up, pursuant to the orders of the late man- aging Committee.—Payments will be received at the Office every Monday and Thursday be- tween the hours of 12 and 2.

St. John, N. B. 11th May, 1833.

ALL Persons having any demands against the estate of Henry VAYASOR, Esquire, late of Fredericton, in the County of York, de- ceased, are requested to render their accounts duly attested within three months from this date—and all those indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM GROSVENOR,) Adminis-
JOHN A. BECKWITH,) trators,
WILLIAM N. ARKLEY,)
Fredericton, 21st May 1833.