

ROYAL GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, APRIL 3rd, 1833.

ALMS HOUSE AND WORK HOUSE. COMMISSIONER for CHARLES LEE, Esq. next week.

SAVINGS BANK. Trustees for HENRY G. CLOPPER, Esq. next Week. JAMES TAYLOR, Esq. MARCK NEEDHAM, Esq.

By Authority.



CIVIL APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments have been made for the current year pursuant to the Provisions of the Charter of the City of Saint John. John M. Wilton, Esquire, to be Mayor. James White, Esquire, to be Sheriff. James T. Hanford, Esquire, to be Coroner.

Neville Parker, Esquire, to be Judge of the Court of Vice Admiralty, in the room of Robert Parker, Esquire, resigned.

HEAD QUARTERS.

Fredericton, 2nd April 1833.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following promotions, &c. 1st. Batt. Saint John City Militia.

To be second Lieutenants. James Gregg, Gent. vice Hutchison promoted, dated 2nd April.

William Henry Scovil, Gent. vice Hendricks removed from the County 3rd do.

William Haggerty, Gent. vice Hubbard promoted 4th do.

Thomas Nisbet, Jr. Gent. vice G. Hutchinson promoted 5th do.

2nd Batt. Northumberland. Edward Barker, Gent. to be Quarter Master.

By Command, GEO. SHORE, Adjt. Gen. Militia.

CROWN LAND OFFICE.

Fredericton, March 30, 1833.

APPLICATIONS to cut Timber on Crown Lands will be received from the 1st day of May next. Those Petitions which may be filed on that day will be answered on the 2d of May, under the observance of the following rule: If more than one application be made for the same situation, the preference will be given to that of the occupant during the present season; but should no petition be received at that time, from such occupant, the Berths in dispute will be offered to competition by Public Auction, on the 1st of June, with the upset price of the current rate of Duty.

The minimum rate of Duty to be henceforth required will be as follows, viz:— For White Pine, one shilling and six pence per ton;

Red Pine, two shillings;

For Spruce Logs, three shillings per thousand feet, superficial;

White Pine, three shillings and six pence;

Red Pine, five shillings; and

Ten per cent, on the estimated value of all other descriptions of Timber or Lumber.

The sum of forty-five shillings will be required with every Petition, which amount, if the tract be vacant, and the duty paid within three months from the date of the entry, will be appropriated as part of the tonnage; but if the ground be not vacant, forty shillings will be returned, and the remaining five will be retained for the Search, Certificate, and Record of the transaction. Should the duty be not paid within three months after the entry of the petition for vacant land, the whole deposit of forty-five shillings will be forfeited, and the situation thrown open to the applications of others.

Applicants wishing to have their Berths particularly surveyed will be required to express such desire before they commence working; the only additional expense attending which will be, as has already been customary, the furnishing of sufficient axemen and chainbearers with provisions for the whole party.

The arrival of the Packet at Halifax with the English Mail for February, enables us to present our readers with His Majesty's Speech at the opening of Parliament, a copy of which we subjoin:—

This being the day appointed for the delivery of the King's Speech, His Majesty arrived at the House of Lords shortly before 2 o'clock, and on alighting from his carriage was received by the Cabinet Ministers and great Officers of State. His Majesty immediately proceeded to the robing room, and thence to the interior of the House of Lords. On His Majesty taking his seat on the Throne, the Usher of the Black Rod summoned the House of Commons to hear the Royal Speech. Shortly afterwards the Speaker, attended by a great number of Members, appeared at the Bar, when His Majesty delivered the following most gracious Speech:—

HOUSE OF LORDS, FEBRUARY 5th.

KING'S SPEECH.

My Lords and Gentlemen.

"The period being now arrived at which the business of Parliament is usually resumed, I have called you together for the discharge of the important duties with which you are entrusted. Never at any time did subjects of greater interest and magnitude call for your attention.

"I have still to lament the continuance of the civil war in Portugal, which has for some months existed between the Princes of the House of Braganza. From the commencement of this contest, I have abstained from all interference, except such as was required for the protection of British subjects resident in Portugal; but you may be assured that I shall

not fail to avail myself of any opportunity that may be afforded me to assist in restoring peace to a country with which the interest of my dominions are so intimately connected.

"I have also to regret that my anxious endeavours to effect a definite arrangement between Holland and Belgium, have hitherto been unsuccessful. I found myself at length compelled, in conjunction with the King of the French, to take measures for the execution of the Treaty of the 16th November, 1831. The capture of the Citadel of Antwerp has in part accomplished that object, but the Dutch Government still refusing to evacuate the rest of the Territories assigned to Belgium by that Treaty, the Embargo which I had directed to be imposed on the Dutch Commerce has been continued. Negotiations are again commenced, and you may rely on their being conducted on my part, as they have uniformly been, with the single view of ensuring to Holland and Belgium a separate existence, on principles of mutual security and independence.

"The good faith and honor with which the French Government has acted in these transactions, and the assurances which I continue to receive from the Chief Powers of Europe of their friendly disposition, give me confidence in the success of my endeavours to preserve the general peace. I have given directions that the various papers which are necessary for your information on the affairs of Holland and Belgium should be laid before you.

"The approaching termination of the Charters of the Bank of England and of the East India Company, will require a revision of these establishments, and I rely on your wisdom for making such provisions for the important interests connected with them, as may appear from experience and full consideration, to be best calculated to secure public credit, to improve and extend our commerce, and to promote the general prosperity and power of the British Empire.

"Your attention will also be directed to the state of the Church, more particularly as regards its temporalities and the maintenance of the Clergy. The complaints which have arisen from the collection of Tithes appear to require a change of system, which without diminishing the means of maintaining the established Clergy in respectability and usefulness, may prevent the collision of interest, and the consequent derangement and dissatisfaction which have too frequently prevailed between the Ministers of the Church and their parishioners. It may also be necessary for you to consider what remedies may be applied for the correction of acknowledged abuses, and whether the Revenues of the Church may not admit of a more equitable and judicious distribution.

"In your deliberations on these important subjects, it cannot be necessary for me to impress upon you the duty of carefully attending to the security of the Church Establishment by Law in these realms, and to the true interests of religion.

"In relation to Ireland, with a view of removing the causes of complaint which have been so generally felt, and which had been attended with such unfortunate consequences, an Act was passed during the last Session of Parliament for carrying into effect a general composition for tithes. To complete that salutary work, I recommend to you, in conjunction with such other amendments of the law as may be found applicable to that part of my dominions, the adoption of a measure, by which upon the principal of a just commutation, the possessors of land may be enabled to free themselves from the burthen of an annual Payment.

"To the further reforms that may be necessary, you will probably find that, although the Established Church of Ireland is by law permanently united with that of England, the peculiarities of their respective circumstances will require a separate consideration. There are other subjects hardly less important to the general peace and welfare of Ireland, affecting the administration of justice, and the local taxation of that country, to which your attention will also be required.

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons, I have directed the estimates for the services of the year to be laid before you. They will be framed with the most anxious attention to all useful economy. Notwithstanding the large reduction in the Estimates of the last year, I am happy to inform you that all the extraordinary services which the exigencies of the times required, have been amply provided for. The state of the Revenue as compared with the public expenditure has hitherto fully realised the expectations that were formed at the close of the last Session.

"My Lords and Gentlemen, in this part of the United Kingdom, with very few exceptions, the public peace has been preserved; and it will be your anxious but grateful duty to promote by all practicable means, habits of industry and good order amongst the labouring classes of the community.

"On my part, I shall be ready to cooperate to the utmost of my power, in obviating all just causes of complaint, and in promoting all well-considered measures of improvement. But it is my painful duty to observe that the disturbances in Ireland to which I adverted at the close of the last Session, have greatly increased.

"A spirit of insubordination and violence has risen to the most fearful height, rendering life and property insecure, defying the authority of the law, and threatening the most fatal consequences, if not promptly and effectually repressed.

"I feel confident that your loyalty and patriotism, I shall not resort in vain for assistance in these afflicting circumstances, and that you will be ready to adopt such measures of salutary precaution, and to entrust to me such additional powers as may be found necessary for controlling and punishing the disturbers of the public peace, for preserving and strengthening the Legislative Union between the two Countries, which, with your support, and under the blessing of Divine Providence, I am determined to maintain by all the means in my power, as indissolubly connected with the peace, security, and welfare of my dominions."

The House was crowded with Peers and Ladies, in full Court dress. There were not many Peers present. His Majesty left the house about a quarter before three o'clock, and returned to St. James's Palace in the same state as he arrived. The crowd, which had much increased, loudly cheered His Majesty as he passed along.

The important objects adverted to by His Majesty in the above interesting document will receive immediate attention, and the amelioration of the unhappy evils which afflict Ireland will be

one of the first measures which will engage the attention of Parliament. We regret our inability to extend our extracts beyond certain limits, having pledged ourselves, almost exclusively, to the publication of the Laws passed at the last session of the General Assembly, the whole of which will be completed at an early period.

Summary of the latest news. London dates are to the 14th and Falmouth to the 16th ult.

The House of Commons proceeded to elect a Speaker. Mr. Hume opposed the re-appointment of Mr. M. Sutton, on the ground that a man of political principles in accordance with the people, should be Speaker of a Reformed Parliament. He proposed Mr. E. J. Littleton. After some discussion, Mr. M. Sutton was elected, 214 to 31.

The first measure proposed to the reformed Parliament by his Majesty's government is one for a reform of the ecclesiastical establishment of Ireland—and that of so complete and satisfactory a character, as will, we believe, cause it to be hailed with a cordial approbation from the country at large. It is especially valuable for its recognition of the right of the legislature to direct the administration of the revenues of the church, as of all other national property, and for its practical correction or abuse.

Mr. F. Buxton gave notice that, unless His Majesty's government took up the question, he would on Thursday, the 19th instant, move for leave to bring in a bill for the abolition of negro slavery.

Mr. Hume gave notice that on Thursday next he would bring forward a measure for the abolition of all military securities whatever.

Mr. Robinson gave notice that on the 26th inst. he would move for the appointment of a select committee to revise the system of taxation, with the view of substituting a regular property tax instead.

An address in answer to the speech was agreed to, in the House of Lords, after some discussion, without division.

An address was moved in the House of Commons, in echo to the speech; approving of the power demanded for the coercion of Ireland. Mr. O'Connell opposed the address, and said, that he thought it a brutal and a bloody article; that it was a declaration of civil war against Ireland, and asked, "after seven centuries of misgovernment, is there to be yet another cry for blood?" He also applied the epithets "brutal and bloody," to the King's speech, when he was called to order, and explained, that he spoke of it as the production of the Minister. He moved for a committee of the whole House to consider His Majesty's speech.

This produced a heart-stirring debate, the question was adjourned from day to day, to the 5th when Mr. O'Connell's amendment was lost 428 to 43.

City, 4 o'clock.—The propositions of Lord Althorp last night in the House of Commons, upon the reform of the church in Ireland, have given great satisfaction here, as it is hoped that they, being so extensive, will preclude the necessity of coercive measures being resorted to for the tranquillization of that country, which hope is strengthened by the fact of Earl Grey having postponed until Friday the plans which were generally expected to have been brought forward last night, for that purpose. This feeling of satisfaction has manifested itself by an advance in the Consol. Market, which has been very firm throughout the day.

Colonial Slavery.—Yesterday evening Lord Althorp stated, in reply to a question of Mr. Buxton, that government had applied their strenuous endeavours to bring forward a measure on the subject of Negro Slavery.

State of Trade.—The accounts from the seats of all the great staple manufactures of the kingdom are more encouraging than they have been for many months. We believe we may say, without hesitation, that the present year has opened with as bright prospects of commercial prosperity as any in the recollection of the oldest merchants; and now that we have got rid of the cholera, of political agitation, and of the fear of continental war, there is every reason to hope for a still greater improvement and extension of business, both at home and abroad than has yet taken place.

It is said that a triple alliance has been formed between Great Britain, France, and Austria, for the purpose of resisting the designs of Russia upon the Turkish empire.

Commercial Letters from Smyrna to the 16th ult. asserted that a treaty had been concluded between Russia and the Porte, in which the Emperor Nicholas agrees to succour the Sultan with a fleet, and with an army of 60,000 men.

ERRATUM IN THE ROYAL GAZETTE OF 27th MARCH. Caleb Wetmore, Esq. to be Supervisor of the Great Road from the Head of Belleisle to the Fork of the Road at Andrew Hennigar's.

DIED. On Tuesday the 27th ultimo, Henry Collingridge, Esquire, a native of England, in the 21st year of his age, after a painful and lingering illness. He was interred in a very respectable manner, being followed by the Honorable Thomas Baillie and John A. Beckwith, Esquire, as chief mourners, by all the members of the Department of Crown Lands in town, and by a number of the most respectable inhabitants of Fredericton.

At St. John, on Thursday last, after a distressing and protracted illness, Mary eldest daughter of the late James Reed, Esq. in the 36th year of her age—fondly loved and much regretted.

At the same place on Thursday, after a short but severe illness, Alexander M'Leod, Esq. in the 60th year of his age. Mr. M'Leod has for many years resided in that City, and held various public situations with credit; he was on one or two occasions an Alderman, and held to his death the office of County Treasurer and Coroner. While Editor and Printer of the City Gazette, he was ever assiduous in promoting the cause of Religion and Temperance; his great exertions in the latter cause did much good. In his manner he was mild and soothing, and secured to himself the respect of the community.

On Friday morning the 22nd instant Mr. Joseph Baxter, in the 71st year of his age, an old and respectable inhabitant of the County of King's.

TOWN LOTS—FOR SALE. The Subscriber will sell by Public Auction, without reserve, on Monday the 6th May next at the County Court House at 11 o'clock forenoon.

Ten valuable TOWN LOTS, belonging to the Estate of the late Hon. S. D. Street, situate on Brunswick, York and George Streets; each Lot containing a quarter of an acre of Land. Terms of Payment made known on the day of Sale. Wm. TAYLOR, Auctioneer.

LOST. ON Friday last between Government House and Springhill, a Ladies' Martin SKIN MUFF, of a brownish colour; whoever may find the same and leave it at the Royal Gazette Office will be handsomely rewarded. Fredericton, 2nd April 1833.

NEW BRUNSWICK MINING COMPANY. THE first general meeting of the Stockholders of the New-Brunswick Mining Company, pursuant to the Act of Incorporation, will be held at the Masonic Hall in the City of Saint John, on Tuesday the thirtieth day of April next, for the purpose of making, ordaining and establishing Bye Laws, Ordinances and Regulations, for the good order and management of the affairs of the Company, and also for the purpose of choosing Thirteen Directors for the year ensuing according to the provisions of the said Act. N. B. Stockholders may vote by Proxy, provided the authority be given to a Stockholder. No Stockholder, under the age of twenty one years, is entitled to vote. Saint John, March 25, 1833.

FORM OF PROXY. I, A. B. (place of residence and profession or occupation of the Stockholder), holder of Shares in the Capital or Joint Stock of the New Brunswick Mining Company, do hereby nominate, constitute and appoint C. D. of the said Company, in my name, and in my absence, to vote or give my assent or dissent to any business, matter or thing, relating thereto, which shall be proposed at any General or Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the said Company, or any adjournment thereof, at all times hereafter, until I shall revoke this appointment, by notice, in writing, under my hand, to the Secretary or Clerk of the said Company.

In Witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, the day of in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and

Signed in presence of E. F. G. H.

HUE AND CRY! WHEREAS one JAMES GLENN of Fredericton in the County of York and Province of New-Brunswick, Labourer, was murdered on the 25th day of March instant, by one JOHN GALLAGHER, of Fredericton aforesaid, labourer: And whereas, the said John Gallagher, has since absconded and disappeared, HUE AND CRY is therefore hereby levied and raised against him the said John Gallagher: And His Majesty's Peace Officers and Liege Subjects as well within the Parish and County as elsewhere, are hereby called upon and required to make fresh pursuit and HUE AND CRY after him the said John Gallagher, from Town to Town and from County to County, as well by Horsemen as Footmen, and if he shall be found, forthwith to carry him before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within the County where he shall be taken to be dealt with according to Law.

The said James Gallagher is described as being a native of Ireland, about 5 feet 5 inches high, round shouldered carrying his head downwards, rather dark sandy colored Hair, dark grey Eyes, apparently about 21 years of age, had on a dark grey Coat, corduroy Trowsers and black Hat.

A REWARD OF 25 POUNDS. is hereby offered to any Person or Persons, who will apprehend and secure him the said John Gallagher in the manner aforesaid. Dated at Fredericton, in the County of York this 29th day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty three. E. W. MILLER, Sheriff of York County.

GARDEN, GRASS AND FLOWER SEEDS. THE Subscriber has just received an assortment of GARDEN, GRASS and FLOWER SEEDS; which are warranted of last year's growth, and best quality. JAMES F. GALE, Druggist. Fredericton, April 2nd 1833.

NOTICE. THE Subscriber hereby cautions all persons from purchasing two Notes of Hand, drawn by him in favour of Hector Sutherland, both dated 4th Dec. last, and payable, one the first day of April, instant, and the other on the first day of May next, as the said Notes were given without any consideration. Dated 2d day of April, 1833. THOMAS HAZEN.

COLLEGE RENTS. THE Lessees of the College are requested forthwith to pay to the Subscriber all arrears of rents due from them, respectively, up to the 24th day of March last, and notice is hereby given, that legal proceedings will be taken against all persons neglecting to pay the same, in one month from the date hereof. GEO. FRED. STREET, Registrar of the College. Fredericton, 2d April, 1833.

NOTICE. THE Public are respectfully informed, that we the undersigned Bakers in Fredericton, having to make our purchases with ready money, can give no longer credit than one week, and all bills will be made out on Saturday night. JAMES M. WORTMAN, JOHN WHITE, FRANCIS WRIGHT, JOHN LESLIE, PETER SLEARN, MICHAEL GARLAND, Fredericton, 1st April, 1833.

NOTICE. THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Jackson & Anderson, was this day dissolved by mutual consent; all persons having any demands against the said firm, are requested to render the same to George Anderson, (who continues the business) for settlement; and persons indebted to the said firm will please call and settle without delay. HENRY JACKSON, GEO. ANDERSON. Fredericton, 26th March, 1833.

BOARD AND LODGING. THREE or four respectable young Gentlemen can be most comfortably accommodated with Board and Lodging by applying to WILLIAM MILLER. Fredericton, April 2, 1833.

PEWS. A Sale of Pews, in Christ Church, Fredericton, will take place on the 1st day of May next, at 12 o'clock. MARK NEEDHAM, Church Warden. April 30, 1833.

TO LEASE. A HOUSE and BARN and one half of the Farm on which the Subscriber resides, will be leased on the 1st day of May next, for one or more years. JOHN ROBINSON, Douglas, 1st April, 1833.

ALL persons indebted to the Subscriber, either by Note or Book account, are requested to call and settle the same with L. A. Wilton Esq. forthwith; and all persons having any claims against the Subscriber, are requested to render their accounts to the same person, who is duly authorized to settle the same. JAMES BALLOCH. St. John, 17th September, 1832.

AUCTION. THE Subscriber will sell by Public Auction at the Market House in Fredericton, on Wednesday the 12th day of May next, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following Land on Sugar Island. Lot No. 70, and half of Lot No. 71 with 4 1/2 acres in addition to the above. The whole lately belonging to Jeremiah Burpe. Terms of Payment made easy. Wm. TAYLOR, Auctr. Fredericton, 25th March, 1833.

HOUSE TO LET. FROM the first day of May next, fronting the MILITARY BARRACKS, in Queen Street, lately occupied by Mr. James Cochran, with two Cellar Kitchens; two Stores with a back room to each; a large Ball Room on the second flat, with two Sitting Rooms in the rear of it; and a Garret containing five Bed Rooms finished in the best manner lately attached to it; stabling for eight Horses, with a spring well and kitchen garden. Terms made known by application to WILLIAM WYER. Fredericton, 2d April, 1833.

SEALED Tenders will be received by the Subscriber until 12 o'clock, at noon, on Friday the 10th day of May next, for the erection of a new Court House at Burton in Sanbury County. Plans and Specifications may be seen, and every information obtained by applying to G. F. S. BERTON Esq. Fredericton, T. V. W. CLOWES Esq. Magerville, John Hazen Esq. Oromocto, or Mr. W. Hubbard, St. John. T. V. W. CLOWES, JOHN HAZEN, G. F. S. BERTON. Committee. Burton, 5th March, 1833.

LIST OF LETTERS. Remaining in the Post-Office, at Fredericton, to this date, 5th March, 1833. Col. Allen, David Andrews, Robert Anderson.

Mary Bealy, Mrs. E. Brown, Michl. Boyce, John Benn, Gould Bert, H. M. Bennett, Thos. Barker, Jas. Blair, Mrs. Converse Brown 2, John Brady.

Edward Cliff, Wm. Croft, Samuel Carman, Jas. Cato, Jas. Crawford, George Cook, Mary Conway, John Connel, Stephen Carlisle, Wm. S. Clare, Mr. P. Costin, John G. Clark, David Cargon, Andrew Coultard, Matthew Corbett, Wm. Crandlemore, John Camerun, Miss Close, Anthony Canny, James Cashman 2, John Clapp, Sewal L. Crane, James A. Clare.

James Dohie, Patk. Duffy, Jeremiah Drisko, Daniel Donovan, John Dow, Mr. Drake, Jos. Dazley, Alexander Darah, Doctor Drew.

James Evans, Edward Emett, John Eliott, Jacob Easterbrook, Abel Easty.

Margt. Fitzmoris, Thomas Falvy, Wm. Farquarson, James Funnay, Dennis Finlay.

Seth, Griswold, Samuel Gullison, 2, Unis Gallaher, Richd. Griffin, John Grahams, Tow san Goodin, Marcus Gunn, Mary Green.

Bernard Harelin, Mrs. S. Hammond, Aaron Hart, Miss Maria Hanna, Thomas Horigan, Arthur Henry, Elizabeth Hood, Mather Hutchings, Isaac Hubbard, Thoms Henry, John How, of Magerville, Thoms Hart, Mrs. S. Hammond, Simon Hibert 2, Nehemiah Hooper, Charles Hurley.

Lavinia Ann Jordan, Andrew Jamison, Jas. Johnston.

Paul Kingston, Andrew Kelly, Francis Kilburn, Catharine Kelly.

James Logue, John Little, Josiah Lawrence, 2, David J. Lauson, Lieut. Latham, Lt. Col. A. N. Langworth, Peris B. Latham, Michael Lyons, Chas. Long, James Largey, Wm. Llor, Andrew Latter, 2.

Miss E. McLaughlan, John Moutrie, Donald Merchison, Conars McLaughlan, Daniel McKeeman, Miss Elenor McKennar, John McCaffry, Oliver Murphy, James McMurray, John McGroutry, Rev. Michael Roy, Wm. McNight, Charles McPherson, Pather McEver, James Mellroy, John Murphy, Michael McNelly, Rannald McInnes, Laurence Muloney, Thomas McCabe, Mary Ann McBarney, Wm. Moore, Charles McLaughlan, John McDonald, Patk. McGines, Wm. Marshall, Patk. McDonough, John Moore, Jeremiah Moore, John McGerighal, Robt. McLaughlan, Alex. McLaughlan, James Taylor, of Magerville, Thos. O. Miles, Edward McGeol, Michl. McQuelin.

Lemuel Nason, John Nicholson.

John O'Brien, 2, John Osburn, Frances Orr.

Samuel Pitfield, Colin Priestly, Humphry Pickard, Wm. Peters, Jane Pidler, William Parker, James Patterson, Mrs. Priddoot, Thos. Peppers, Mrs. Hepzibah Phillips.

Charles Quinn.

Wm. Russell, John Riley, John Rankine, Wm. Rodda, Gleaner Realey, Nicholas Riadont, James Rankin, Henry Reed.

Wm. Sterritt, Thomas Shan, Andrew Stevenson, 2, Dr. Shelton, John Stulman, Wm. Steritt, James Stevenson, Mrs. Mary Smith, James Smith, 2, Mrs. Elizabeth Stevenson.

Mary Thompson, James Tomilson, 2, Mrs. Johannah Sweet, Patk. Toomy, Francis M. Thomas, James Thomas, Thomas Turner, Robt. B. Taylor, Gain B. Taylor.

Richard Vencer.

Wm. Waters, Matthew Willis, John Walsh, Thomas Whitfield, David Wark, John Wilson, James Wilson.