

[Florida papers to Jan. 14, contain details of further ravages by the Seminoles.]

MASSACRE OF THE UNITED STATES TROOPS CONFIRMED.—Major Belton's Official report of the disastrous defeat of the United States Troops under Major Dade, on the 28th December, has been received at Washington: The detachment consisted of Major Dade's company of Infantry, Captain Frazer's company of the 3d Regiment of Artillery, and Capt. Gardner's company of 2d Artillery, being sixty miles on the line of march from Tampa Bay toward Fort King, to form a junction with General Clinch, on the Wythlithoche. This action occurred, it seems, three days before the battle, where General Clinch commanded, of which we have already given an account.

The following is an extract from Major Belton's Report:

Now it becomes my melancholy duty to proceed to the catastrophe of this fatal band, an elite of energy, patriotism, military skill and constant courage. On the 29th, in the afternoon, a man of my company, John Thomas, and temporarily transferred to C. company, 2d Artillery came in, and yesterday Mr. Ransom Clark, of the same company, with four wounds, very severe, and stated that an action took place on the 28th, commencing at about 10 o'clock; in which every officer fell and nearly every man. The command entrenched every night, and about four miles from the fort were attacked, and received at least fifteen rounds before an Indian was seen. Major Dade and his horse were both killed on the first onset, and the interpreter "Louis." Lt. Mudge, 3d Artillery, received his mortal wound the first fire, and afterwards received several other wounds. Lt. Bassenger, 3d Artillery, was not wounded till after the second attack; and at the latter part of that, he was wounded several times before he was tomahawked. Capt. Gardner, 3d Artillery, was not wounded until the second attack, and at the latter part of it. Mr. Bassenger, after Capt. Gardner was killed, remarked, "I am the only officer left, and boys we will do the best we can." Lt. Kelley, 3d Artillery, had both his arms broken the first shot, was unable to act, and was tomahawked the latter part of the second attack, by a negro. Lieut. Henderson had his left arm broken the first fire, and after that with a musket fired at least thirty or forty shots. Dr. Catlin was not killed until after the second attack, nor was he wounded; he placed himself behind the breastwork, and with his two double barreled guns, said, "he had four barrels for them." Capt. Frazer fell early in the action with the advanced guard; as a man of his company (B. 3d Artillery) who came in this morning, wounded, reports.

On the attack they were in column of rows; and after receiving a heavy fire from the unseen enemy, they then rose up in such a swarm, that the ground, covered, as was thought, by Light Infantry extension, showed the Indians between the files. Muskets were clubbed, knives and bayonets used, and parties clinched. In the second attack, our own men's muskets, from the dead and wounded, were used against them; a cross fire cut down a succession of artillerymen at the fence, from which 49 rounds were fired—the gun carriages were burnt, and the guns were sunk in a pond. A war dance was held on the ground—many negroes were in the field, no scalps were taken by the Indians, but the negroes with hellish cruelty, pierced the throats of all, whose loud cries and groans showed the power of life to be yet strong. The survivors were preserved by imitating death, excepting Thomas, who was partly stifled, and bought his life for six dollars, and in his enemy recognized an Indian whose axe he had helved a few days before at this post. About 100 Indians were well mounted, naked, and painted. The last man who came in brought a note from Capt. Frazer, addressed to Major Montford, which was fastened in a cleft stick, and stuck in a creek, dated, as is supposed, on the 27th, stating that they were beset every night, and pushing on.

FLORAL AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.
The prize for onions was awarded to Mr. Woolford, who favoured the Society with a communication giving the result of a curious and successful experiment in searching for the cause of the failure which has so many years happened in obtaining a crop of this useful vegetable. We have heretofore for many years past been at a loss to account for the failure of the onion. We think Mr. Woolford's experiment fully develops it, and we hope he, or some other scientific Horticulturist, will discover and point out the remedy. His communication is as follows:

"Frederickton, 8th August, 1835.
"It is the general complaint in the vicinity of Frederickton—that onions from seed are rarely raised to very great perfection; owing to a maggot that attacks the plant

in its early stage; my onions having been invariably destroyed led me to make some observations, to detect if possible, the origin of the insect that proves so destructive; the result of which I now detail for the information of those who may feel interested therein.

"On the 10th of June, I took a parcel of onions from a Bed that was very much infected, on examining a number of them with a Microscope I found that eggs, in great quantities had been deposited on the first joint of the plant, on one I counted 75 in different stages of growth, from the perfect maggot, down to the almost imperceptible egg, it was manifest therefore that eggs had been deposited by some winged insect; to enable me to ascertain of what nature, I took a small handful of the onions laid them on sand on a plate, I covered them with a tumbler, through which it was easy to observe their future movements, the sand was raised round the edge of the tumbler to prevent both ingress and egress; during the first day the perfect maggots, were exceedingly busy, and had destroyed a great portion of the onions, and in four days, all had disappeared; on examining the sand I found a number of the maggots changed to the Chrysalis state, others again very young, not having any thing to subsist on of course died. In ten days a number got into the winged state, and appeared to me, to be neither more nor less, than the common fly, though of a smaller description; The glass being still unmoved they were also deprived of nourishment, and which may account for their diminutive size, and perhaps after the stronger had preyed upon the weak all died; they appeared in their perfect maggot state, to be most voracious; three of them destroyed a tolerably sized onion in five hours: they have twenty four short legs, a black head with long snout not unlike the mole, with which it penetrates and burrows into the soft and juicy part of the onion, that by its first drooping gives note of the enemy having established his quarters in the interior. The cause being ascertained the next thing will be to suggest a remedy. One great preventative will be to grow the onion on very rich soil, that they may make quick progress, and get too strong for the insect's attack; it has also been suggested to water the plants occasionally with a weak solution of salt and water or perhaps weak tobacco water, or the water in which potatoes have been boiled; but whatever is used it ought to be with a view of fixing it on the plant to render it too disagreeable for the fly to alight on. While I am upon this subject it perhaps may be well to point out other varieties of onion that are not liable to the attacks before enumerated, I mean the tree or top onion, and the Potatoe onion. The first I have never found to fail in a single instance they may be dibbled into a bed as soon as the frost is out of the ground indeed if planted late they stand through the winter; they require little attention except being kept clean, and if planted thick may be drawn in the middle of May for young onions. They sometimes produce three tiers of tops, and if the very smallest or second tier are planted the next season they do not produce tops, but increase in bulb and grow very fair and large onions quite superior to any I have ever seen raised from seed in this place; they ripen early at about this date.

"The Potatoe onion is likewise very sure, may be planted as early as the former and from the cluster young onions may be thinned for summer use, it keeps well, is a mild and Palatable onion, growing to a large size and is now nearly fit for gathering."

During the last summer, Mr. Woolford cultivated two exotic varieties of the squash, one, the cocoa nut squash from Lima in South America, the other a native of Africa, but from what part unknown; the most just idea of the vegetable as well as its culture, will be found in Mr. Woolford's communication, which we subjoin:—

"Frederickton, 10th Oct. 1835.
"I beg to present for the Committee's inspection what I believe to be (here) two new varieties of squash. The one weighing 20lbs is thus described: 'The cocoa nut squash from Lima often weighs 10lbs. the skin is green with a brownish netted crust or covering, the pulp of a beautiful saffron or carrot color. Cultivated like the melon or pumpkin, and requires a rich sandy soil said to keep sound and good until June.'"

"The other weighing 19lbs 14 oz: is a native of Africa but from what part unknown. The seed were given me by a member of the society, Dr. Walker of St. John, who had them from a ship captain. The two plants were started in a hot bed, and turned out into two prepared hills in the open air on the 20th of June. The vines were most luxuriant and the cocoa produced six of the same size as the one exhibited, besides a number of smaller ones that were used in their different stages of growth; they have both been tasted by a member of the society who pronounced the cocoa nut most excellent—the other not so good; but I think it likely as they appear to be a keeping variety their qualities may be best judged of when arrived at maturity."

We have in this and some previous numbers at different intervals endeavoured to give a plain statement of the proceedings of this society, and we think in so doing we have laid before the public much useful information. We have never entertained a second thought as to its immediate and continued usefulness nor have we doubted that its success would always be an object of interest to every body.

Married.

On the 13th inst. by the Rev. Enoch Wood, Mr. James Douglas, to Eliza, second daughter of Mr. David Breen.

On the 15th by the same, Mr. Leonard Woodworth, to Miss Lavina Mack, both of the Parish of Burton.

At Saint John, on the 2d instant, by the Rev. Samuel Forsyth, Esquire, Controller of H. M. Customs, Miramichi, to Harriett Gordon, daughter of the late J. C. F. Bromner, Esquire, of that City.

At the same place, in Trinity Church, on the 9th instant, by the Rev. Dr. Gray, William Flaherty, Esq. Merchant, to Charlotte, third daughter of the late Mr. James Price, of that place.

Died.

At the Nashwaak, on Wednesday morning last, after a tedious illness, which she bore with the most exemplary patience and resignation, deservedly regretted by her numerous friends and acquaintances, Charlotte, wife of James Harrison, Esquire, in the 43d year of her age. On the Friday following, after a pathetic discourse by the Rev. Enoch Wood, from Hosea 13th chapter, and part of the 14th verse, her mortal remains were carried to their last resting place, numerous and respectfully attended.

At Saint John, on the 9th inst. after a lingering illness, Mr. Bartholomew Coxeter, senior, in the 63d year of his age. Mr. C. was one of the early settlers of this Province, having, with his parents removed here from the United States at the termination of the revolutionary war;—his death is much regretted by his bereaved family and a large circle of friends.

British & Foreign Bible Society.

THE Annual Meeting of the Fredericton Bible Association, will be held on THURSDAY evening, (to-morrow) in the County Court House. Chair will be taken at half past 6 o'clock.

A collection will be made on the occasion.

Frederickton, 17th February, 1836.

By his Honor Robert F. Hazen, Esquire, Recorder of The City of Saint John, and one of the Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in and for the City and County of Saint John.

To all whom it may concern, Greeting: NOTICE is hereby given, that upon the application of John Kerr, to me duly made, according to the form of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided, I have directed all the estate, as well real as personal, of FRANCIS M'KENNA, late of the City of Saint John, Grocer, (which said Francis M'Kenna is departed from and without the limits of this Province, with intent and design to defraud the said John Kerr, and the other creditors of the said Francis M'Kenna, if any there be of their just dues, or else to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process of the law, as is alleged against him,) to be seized and attached: and that unless the said Francis M'Kenna do return and discharge his said debt or debts within three months from the publication hereof, all the estate, as well real as personal of the said Francis M'Kenna within this Province, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors of the said Francis M'Kenna.

Dated at the City of Saint John, this third day of February, 1836.

ROBERT F. HAZEN, Recorder &c.
M. H. PERLEY, Att'y for Creditors.
[First published in Gazette, Feb. 17, 1835.]

Auction.

On MONDAY the 21st March next, at 12 o'clock at the Store of the Subscriber.

THE dwelling HOUSE and BARN, belonging to the estate of the late Dr. Charles L. Gunther, in King Street, nearly opposite the residence of Rev. James Somerville, L. L. D.

Terms at Sale. ASA COY, Auctioneer.

Frederickton, 16th Feb. 1836.

TO LET.

From the first day of May next, for one, two or three years:

THE DWELLING HOUSE and STORE, situated on the corner of Queen and Westmorland Streets, with the Kitchen attached, the store, first flat, and kitchen, now in the occupation of Mrs. Reed.

The new Store on Westmorland Street, 25 by 35 feet, with a first rate Cellar under the whole Building. Twenty feet square of the first flat to be finished previous to the first of May as a Store, in the same style as that of Mr. Thomas Pickard's; the upper part intended for heavy Goods to be hoisted in from the yard.

The small dwelling House and Barn now in the occupation of Nathaniel M'Crea.

For particulars enquire of the Subscriber.

JAMES TIBBETS.

Frederickton, 8th February 1836. 4w.

FOR SALE.

(And immediate possession given.) THE subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, on MONDAY the 29th February, inst. at 12 o'clock, upon the premises—That commodious and eligible stand for business, adjoining the store of T. R. Robertson, and lately occupied by John Cameron.

Terms of payment will be easy and made known at the time of sale.

ASA COY, Auctioneer.

Frederickton, 16th February, 1836.

WANTED.—A Lad, about 14 years of age, as a Servant. Unexceptionable references will be required as to character. Apply at this Office.

Frederickton, 16th February, 1836.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

WHEREAS GEORGE BOSTON, an indentured Apprentice to the Subscribers has absconded, having previously obtained several articles on their account, all persons are hereby cautioned against harbouring him, as they will in such case be dealt with as the Law directs. Whoever will give such information as may lead to the apprehension of said Apprentice, will receive the above reward. **GABEL & SMITH.**
Frederickton, 4th December, 1835.

AUCTION.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

To be sold by Public Auction, on MONDAY the 15th day of February next, at 2 o'clock:

ALL that certain piece or parcel of LAND, situate in the Parish of Kingsclear, being part of the Farm belonging to the Estate of the late Thomas Wetmore, distant about three miles from Fredericton, and known as the Kingswood Property, fronting upon the River Saint John—containing 160 Acres, more or less; being marked upon the Plan of Division of the Farm as Lot No 1.

References to the Office of C. P. Wetmore, where the Plan may be seen.

CHAS. P. WETMORE, } Executors.
T. C. LEE. }

December 19th, 1836.

The sale of the above property is postponed until TUESDAY the 15th day of March next, on which day it will be offered for sale at the Subscriber's Auction Room; at which place a plan of the said property may be seen at any time previous to the day of sale.

MARK NEEDHAM, Auctioneer.

Frederickton, 15th Feb. 1836.

CENTRAL BANK

NEW BRUNSWICK

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders, and Members, of the Central Bank, will be held at the Bank on MONDAY the 7th day of March next, at 12 o'clock at noon, for the purpose of Electing nine Directors to serve for the ensuing year, pursuant to the Act of Incorporation, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before it.

The Ordinary business of the Bank will be suspended on that day.

H. G. CLOPPER, President.

Frederickton, 8th February, 1836.

FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE and premises in King Street, owned by the Subscriber, next above Mr. James Cameron.

Also—The HOUSE and premises in Saint John Street, for particulars apply to the owner. Possession will be given on the 1st May next and liberal terms offered.

BERNARD CARROLL, Auctioneer.

Frederickton, Feb. 9th 1836.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale that well known HOUSE and Premises on Regent Street, fronting the College Green now owned and occupied by Mr. CHARLES M'PHERSON. The House is 39x29, three Stories high including the basement story—is a new building and has just been fitted up in the best style; attached to the house is a good Stable, woodhouse and well. The Premises will be sold on advantageous terms if applied for soon—possession given on the 2d day of May next. The Land is right of soil, and a clear title will be given.

If not disposed of by the 4th of April next, it will then be sold by auction. Apply to the owner, or to ASA COY, Auctioneer.

Frederickton, Jan. 24th, 1836.

Fredericton Reading Room.

THIS Room is open every day, (Sundays excepted) from nine o'clock, A. M., till ten P. M.

Gentlemen who may be desirous to become Subscribers, and who may, through accident, not be waited upon, are respectfully invited to call at the Room and leave their names.

The Room has been opened at much expense, which falls upon one individual, and it will require a spirited support to prevent that person from sustaining a serious loss, as well as to enable him to carry his intention into effect, by placing the establishment on a respectable, useful, and permanent footing.

Every attention is given to the suggestions of Subscribers, and nothing will be omitted on the part of the Proprietor to give general satisfaction.

Frederickton, 9th February, 1836.

MACKEREL.

The Subscriber has for Sale.

50 BLS. No. 2 and 3 MACKEREL.

JOSEPH SUTHERLAND.

Frederickton, 8th February, 1836.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having this day entered into Co-Partnership, will in future transact Business under the style and firm of

Wilmot & Kerr.

L. A. WILMOT, D. S. KERR.

Frederickton, 1st December, 1835.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any just demands against the Estate of GEORGE PINGROX BLISS, late of Fredericton, in the County of York Esquire, deceased, will please render the same duly attested, at the Office of G. J. DIBBLE Esquire, within three Months from the date hereof; and those indebted to the said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to

G. J. DIBBLE, } Administrators.
H. G. CLOPPER, }
JAS. TAYLOR, }

Frederickton, 6th February 1836.

WANTED, for the service of the NEW BRUNSWICK MILL COMPANY,

ONE HUNDRED MEN, including eight or ten Blacksmiths, with Mechanics and Labourers, to whom the highest wages will be given. Apply to

THOMAS BOIES.

Boiestown, December 7th, 1835.

NEW BRUNSWICK MILL COMPANY.

(To be incorporated by Provincial Charter.)

CAPITAL STOCK £200,000. New Brunswick Currency. Stock divided into 10,000 Shares at £20 each share—25 per Cent. to be paid in advance to the Treasurers, and the balance in such sums and at such periods as it may be required.

(Rules and Regulations made by its Directors.) This Company has lately been formed in connexion with persons of Capital in England, the United States and British America, for the purpose of erecting extensive Saw Mills on the South West Branch of the River Miramichi, and on its Extensive Tributary the River Taxes, &c. as well as placing additional Machinery for other purposes on Burnt Land River.

These Establishments will be situated in the immediate neighbourhood of Boies Town, which place with the Mills, Farms, Dwelling Houses and other extensive improvements already thereon, have been purchased by the Company from its present enterprising Occupant, Mr. Thomas Boies.

The building of Dams, Piers &c., and erection of twenty Saw Mills are already contracted for, and will be completed in April 1837, twenty additional Saw Mills will be built during the summer of 1837, twenty in the year 1838, twenty in the year 1839, and twenty in the year 1840, which will complete the number of their Saw Mills, amounting to one hundred.

The Machinery on Burnt Land River, will consist of Grist Mills, Carding Mills, Pulling Mills, Bark Mills, &c. &c. &c.

The large Forests in the Vicinity of the Rivers, Brooks and Lakes in the Extensive tract of Country, above Boies Town, have an inexhaustible Growth of Saw logs, and no portion of this part of the Province of New Brunswick was visited with the great Fire of 1825; and as the whole of the Timber growing in those Forests must pass the Establishments of the New Brunswick Mill Company, their situation is consequently rendered invaluable.

A few shares of the above Stock remain unsold, and may be had by immediate application at Boies Town, of C. S. PUTNAM, Esq., Fredericton, of J. V. THURGOOD, Esq., Saint John, or of Messrs. JOSEPH CUNARD, & Co. Miramichi.

Boies Town, Miramichi, Jan. 26, 1836

SELLING OFF.

At reduced prices for Cash or Country Produce.

The Subscriber, intending to remove his Establishment in the month of May next, to the Premises at present occupied by THOMAS PICKARD, Esquire, is desirous of selling off his STOCK in TRADE previous to that period. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call, as the articles are good and the assortment general.

—consisting of—

SUPERFINE black, blue, and olive Broad Cloths, Flannels assorted, green Baize, Bedtick, Shirting Cotton, grey Cotton, Scotch Homespun, Apron Check, Furniture Cotton, Embossed ditto, printed Calicos, Merinos, Gro de Naples, cold. Sarsnets, Ladies Stays, Shawls, silk and cotton Handkerchiefs, Norwich and black Crape, Muslins, Bobbinet, Edgings, Ribbons, kid, Berlin, cotton and woollen Gloves, blue and white, Cotton Warp, grey and white Worsted, Umbrellas, Cotton Wool, Batting and Wadding, Flushing Coats and Trousers, Flannel and Check Shirts, fancy Vests and Vesting, Mole Skin Jackets, Homespun Trousers and Drawers, Fur Caps, Beaver Hats, Scotch Bonnets, &c.; pit, cross cut, buck, hand and tennant Saws, warranted best steel and of superior quality, bench Axes, Adzes, carpenter's Plane Irons, Chisels, Gouges, Turning ditto, Thompson's Screw Augurs, Port ditto, Centre Bits and Braces, sets best steel Centre Bits, mill, cross cut, and other Saw Files, Wood & Turner's Rasps, Shoemakers Tools complete, cut and wrought Nails, horse and ox ditto, Brads, Strap Hinges Locks and butt Hinges, round, flat and square Iron, Iron Pots, Bake Kettles, Tea Kettles, Fryng Pans, Saucepans, Gridlons, miners Shovels, square ditto, Tin Tea Pots, milk Pans and Pails, Culenders, Stable Lanterns, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays, Tea Trays, hand ditto, Italian Irons, Smoothing ditto, Shoe Brushes and Blacking, Hearth ditto, Powder and Shot, Lamps and hand Lanterns for burning oil, polished Fire Irons, Looking Glasses, sets good China, Lustre Ware, blue and black Coffee Pots, and Cups & Saucers, Tea ditto, blue and edged Plates, black and brown Tea Pots, Jugs, Vessels, &c.; Men's strong Boots, Ladies and Children's Shoes, Sole and upper Leather, patent wheel heads, 7x9, 8x10, and 10x12 Window Glass, Putty, Paint, boiled Oil, excellent Lamp Oil, Red Wood, Log ditto, Copperas, Alum, Indigo, button and thumb Blue, Hyson, Souehong, Congo and Bohea Teas, Loaf and brown Sugar, Coffee, Chocolate, Molasses, Currants, Raisins, Allspice, Pepper, Salaratus, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves, Carraway Seeds, Liquorice; English and Irish Soap, mould, wax wick and dipt Candles, Wick, Tobacco, Pipes, Snuff, dried Apples, Cherry, Butter, kegs Crackers, Pilot Bread, Barley, Rice, Wheat and Rye Flour, Corn Meal, Yellow Corn, bris. fresh prime Mess Pork, Irish Bacon, bris. English HERRINGS, ditto Alewives, Liverpool and Butter Salt, Tumblers, Goblets, cut glass Decanters; a few Chests Tools, fitted up for Gentlemen's use; School, Hymn and Prayer Books, Catholic ditto; painted and common Pails, Hay Rakes, Forks, Scythes, Stone Jugs, &c. &c. &c. with a variety of other articles, too tedious to mention. **ROBERT CHESTNUT.**

Mr. FRENCH

Offers for sale at his Establishment, opposite the old Barracks, in Queen Street:—
20 B ARRELS American Superfine FLOUR; 50 barrels Canadian fine ditto; 20 do. Middlings ditto ditto.

February 3, 1836.