

POETRY.

Selected.

I SAW THEE WEDDED.

BY THE REV. J. MOULTRE.

I saw thee wedded:—thou didst go
Within the sacred aisle;
Thy young cheek in a blushing glow,
Betwixt a tear and smile.
Thy heart was glad in maiden glee;
But he it loved so fervently
Was faithless all the while:
I hate him for the vow he broke—
I hate him for the vow he broke
I hid the love that could not die—
Its doubts, and hopes, and fears;
And buried all my misery
In secrecy and tears.
And days passed on—and thou didst prove
The pang of unrequited love,
Even in thy early years:
And thou didst die—so fair and good—
In silence and in solitude.

While thou wert living, I did hide
Affliction's secret pains;
I'd not have shook'd thy modest pride
For all the world contains:
But thou hast perish'd; and the fire,
That often check'd, could ne'er expire,
Again unbidden reigns:
It is no crime to speak my vow,
For, ah! thou canst not hear it now.

Thou sleep'st beneath thy lowly stone
That dark and dreamless sleep;
And he, thy loved and chosen one,
Why goes he not to weep?
He does not kneel where I have knelt;
He cannot feel what I have felt—
The anguish still and deep—
The painful thoughts of what had been—
The canker worm that is not seen.

But I, as o'er the dark blue wave
Unconsciously I ride,
My thoughts are hovering o'er thy grave,
My soul is by thy side,
There is one voice that wails thee yet—
One heart that cannot e'er forget
The visions that have died;
And aye thy form is buried there—
A doubt—an anguish—a despair!

MISCELLANEOUS.

SINGULAR DISCOVERY OF HIDDEN TREASURE.—The village of Stanmore, Middlesex, has, within the last few days been the scene of extraordinary excitement, in consequence of a singular discovery of a very large sum of foreign gold coins, computed by some at not less than £4,000 in a ditch, upon the glebe lands of the Rev. Arthur Chauvel. It appears that, on Saturday evening week, the Coachman and Gardener of the Rev. Gentleman were engaged in clearing out a ditch, in a field not far distant from the Church, and in the course of their operations observed some pieces of metal among the dirt. These they examined, and found them to be gold, and they subsequently turned out to be "Louis d'ors," and Portuguese coins, and "ports or Johannes," of the value of about 36s. each. As it came on to be dark, the men did not pursue their search the same night, but resolved on the following morning to make a more minute examination of the golden mine. Instead, however, of keeping their own counsel, they let out the secret at a public house the same night, and on reaching the field next morning were not a little mortified to find a crowd of men, women and children, assembled on the spot before them, many of whom had been equally successful in their discoveries, and showed several of the large and small pieces which they had collected. The coachman and gardener then commenced digging about the spot on which they had been first engaged, when suddenly a shower of gold fell into the ditch from the bank, which came from a tin box they had forced open. A simultaneous rush was immediately made to the spot, and the crowd jumping into the ditch, a scene of confusion beggaring description ensued. The men above kept those that were below down, till they were in danger of suffocation. "More sacks in the mill" was the cry, and it was not till a solemn promise was made to make an equal division of the spoil, that the discoverers of the treasure were allowed to rise. A collection was then made, and all standing in a ring—men, women and boys—the pieces were handed round, one at a time, to each, the gardener and coachman, however, taking care to reserve the better share for themselves, and especially to keep the larger pieces. New arrivals led to a fresh search, when two more boxes were found equally well stored. With one of these a farmer's man made off, but the bottom coming out, another scramble followed, and another division took place—some getting from twenty to thirty pieces each, and others more; one of two to the extent of two hundred each, and the coachman and gardener receiving about three hundred and twenty each. The news soon obtained more extended circulation throughout the town, and the whole parish flocked to the spot, the church being thereby stripped of nearly the whole of the humbler classes of its congregation, to the no small astonishment of the parson. The cause

of this defection was ascertained by the Reverend Mr. Chauvel, after the service, who sent for his gardener, and obtained from him the circumstances of the case. He immediately declared the whole of the property to be his, having been found in his glebe land, and demanded from the gardener the amount of his prize. The gardener was not disposed so quietly to relinquish his unexpected gains, and on consulting with the coachman, they resolved to put both there sums together, and consult a lawyer as to what was proper to be done. The money was accordingly left in charge of the coachman's wife; but no sooner was she alone than Mrs. Chauvel, having discovered the fact, went to her, and, working on her fears, forced her to deliver up the whole of her valuable charge, to the deep mortification of her husband and co-partner. The money was then conveyed to the Rev. Mr. Chauvel, by whom it was taken to the magistrate in the neighbourhood, in whose charge it now is. In the mean time the other "lucky ones" were displaying their boasted gains in hands full, and a brewer in the neighbourhood bought several of the pieces, at the rate of twelve shillings each; he soon found a competitor at thirteen shillings each; and by the next morning a foreign servant, who lived with a gentleman in the village, stated the real value, so that no bargains could again be had on such advantageous terms. Several hearing of the claims of the Parson, kept their own council; others came up to town on Monday, and sold the coin at its fair value to the bullion dealers—while one or two altogether retired from the chance of immediate inquiry. Under these circumstances, it is impossible to collect the precise amount found, but from what we hear it cannot fall much short of the sum we have stated. The Parson still asserts that the whole belongs to him; but there can be no doubt he has no legal claim to any part of it, as, if an owner cannot be found, it properly belongs to the crown. It is not likely, however, with the exception of the sum taken from the coachman's wife that much of it will be forthcoming for any legitimate purpose hereafter. Mr. Chauvel, however, we hear, intends to try the question how far his claims is tenable—a point which his servants are determined to contest. We have seen some of the coins, which are perfectly fresh, and in good condition, and are supposed to have been buried by an eccentric foreigner, who lived some years since near Stanmore, was known to be wealthy, has gone abroad, and has not since been heard of. A few years back, a foreigner arrived at Stanmore and was engaged with four men, for nearly a fortnight, in searching for treasure in the same field, but without success. It is supposed the original depositor, had described the place, but not with sufficient accuracy to guide his agent, who went away much depressed, intimating his suspicion that the farmer who rented the field had forestalled him.—*English paper.*

THE GARDEN OF GETHSEMANE.—This garden is now surrounded by a course low wall, of a few feet in height, and about the third part of an acre in extent. When Mr. Catherwood was there in 1834, taking the drawings for his beautiful Panorama of Jerusalem, it was planted with olive, almond, and fig trees. Eight of the olive trees are so large that they are said to have been in existence ever since the time of Jesus Christ, although we are informed by Josephus that Titus cut down all the trees within one hundred furlongs of the city; yet it is not improbable that these trees, which are unquestionably of very great antiquity, may have arisen from the roots of the ancient trees, because the olive is very long lived, and possesses the peculiar property of shooting up again however frequently it may be cut down. The trees now standing in the garden of Gethsemane are of the species known to botanists as the Olea Europaea; they are wild olives, and appear pollarded from extreme old age, and their stems are very rough and knarled. They are highly venerated by the members of the Roman communion here, who consider any attempt to cut or injure them as an act of profanation. Should any one of them, indeed, be known to pluck any of the leaves, he would incur a sentence of excommunication.—*Finden's Illustrations to the Bible.*

SUBLIME MATHEMATICAL CALCULATIONS.—What a noisy creature would a man be were his voice in proportion to his weight, as loud as that of a locust! A locust can be heard at the distance of 1-16 of a mile. The golden wren is said to weigh but half an ounce; so that a middling sized man would weigh down not short of 4000 of them; and it must be strange if a golden wren

would not outweigh four of our locusts. Supposing, therefore, that a common man weighs as much as 16,000 of our locusts, and that the note a locust can be heard 1-16th of a mile, a man of common dimensions, pretty sound in wind and limb, ought to be able to make himself heard at the distance of 1600 miles; and when he sneezed, "his house ought to fall about his ears!" Supposing a flea to weigh 1 grain, which is more than its actual weight, and to jump one and a half yards, a common man of 150 pounds, with jumping powers in proportion, could jump 12,800 miles, or about the distance from New York to Coochin China. Aristophanes, represents Socrates and his disciples, as deeply engaged in calculations of this kind, around a table on which they were waxing a flea's legs to see what weight it will carry in proportion to its size, but he does not announce the result of their experiments. We are therefore happy in being able to supply, in some degree, so serious an omission.—*New York Sun.*

FATE OF A MARRIAGE RING.—Last week a gold marriage ring was picked up in a ploughed field close by Kinnoull, and bearing the initials of P. B. and B. G., and the date 29th June, 1742. This it was conjectured must have been the ring of Mrs. Bannerman, the wife of the former incumbent. The record being referred to, it was found that Patrick Bannerman and Beatrix Goldie were married on the 29th day of June, 1742. The ring has in all likelihood been tossed about for the greater part of a century and is now found unharmed in one of the most exposed situations imaginable. There is a fret in Scotland, that if the marriage ring be lost there will be no family thereafter. Mrs. Bannerman and her husband were childless.—*Perth Constitutional.*

"What's to pay?" said a young fellow who wanted us to insert his Marriage. "Nothing," said we, "Glad to get these important events. Without them our paper would have no interest for the ladies." We beg of young folks, even if they have no gloves or cake to spare—to send us their Marriages.—*Northampton Courier.*

A GRATEFUL BEGGAR.—"You saved my life on one occasion," said a beggar to a Captain under whom he had served. "Saved your life?" replied he, "do you think that I am a Doctor?" "No," answered the man "but I served under you in the battle of —; and when you ran I followed."

No man who loves his family fails to take a newspaper, says a contemporary. Very true; and no man who loves his character fails to pay for it.—*Boston Transcript.*

JACKSON'S HOTEL.

The Subscriber grateful for past favors, begs leave to intimate to his friends and the Public generally, that owing to the circumstance of the late fire in Fredericton, he has been induced to take the well known and commodious stand formerly occupied by Mr. Robert Chestnut, at the Public Steam Boat Landing, where he has commenced a BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT upon the most genteel and comfortable system; and no pains shall be spared to render the reception of visitors pleasant, and their stay agreeable.

The situation as a summer residence is surpassed by none in the place: it commands an extensive view of the River above and below, as also a most pleasing prospect of the opposite shore: the Officer's Barracks and Square stand immediately in front, where frequently the military band enlivens the neighborhood during the Summer evenings. Families can be accommodated with private parlours; and it is his intention as he goes on, to improve every thing connected with the Establishment as it may be found to require; and he trusts that nothing shall be wanting on his part to render it a first rate and well known Hotel.

HENRY JACKSON.

London and Cork newspapers constantly taken in.
N. B. Good Stabling, and an experienced Groom always in attendance. H. J.
Fredericton, 17th May, 1836.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any just demands against the Estate of the late GEORGE H. SMITH, of Douglas, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within three months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to.
JOHN T. SMITH, } Executors.
SAMUEL B. SMITH, }
Fredericton, 6th May, 1836.

Estate of the late Judge Bliss.

THE Subscriber has received from L. A. WILMOT, Esquire, a Power of Attorney to transact all business relating to the Estate of the late Honorable JOHN M. BLISS, deceased, during Mr. Wilmot's absence from the Province, of which all persons who are interested in the said Estate will please to take notice.
ROB. GOWAN,
Cashier Central Bank of New Brunswick,
Fredericton, 9th May, 1836.

LANDS FOR SALE BY THE NEW BRUNSWICK & NOVA SCOTIA LAND COMPANY.

THE New Brunswick and Nova Scotia LAND COMPANY having been long since incorporated by Royal Charter, with a Capital of £200,000 Sterling, with power to increase that amount to £400,000, and having purchased from the Crown the most central and delightful portion of the Province of New Brunswick, between the Rivers "Saint John and South West, Miramichi," have been quietly and unostentatiously improving a large portion thereof for settlement. The improvements consist of a fine line of Road, cut and now travelled upon, directly through what may be termed the Valley of the Nashwaak to the Company's new Town of STANLEY, where they have erected a SAW MILL of great power, with Circular Saws, capable of producing every description of Boards and Scantling necessary for Building, at the most reasonable rate and shortest notice—a GRIST MILL has likewise been built, with the most approved re-acting power, and the best and finest Granite and French Burr Stones introduced; so that the Settler may have the opportunity (without difficulty) of getting the produce of his Farm rendered serviceable at the least possible expense.

The Town of Stanley, delightfully situated on the banks of the beautiful River Nashwaak, offers every advantage and inducement, both from situation and luxuriance of its soil, for immediate increase of population. Gentlemen of Wealth from England having already fixed their location there, their Buildings showing at once a cultivated taste and certain satisfaction of future success; a Tavern, a Blacksmith's Shop, and many Houses have been erected by the Company, most of which are now occupied or in course of completion; one hundred and fifty to two hundred Acres have already been cleared, and the principal part in a state of cultivation—proving to demonstration the capability and happy results produced by only ordinary labour, strict attention to the nature of the soil, and a proper mode of Agriculture.

The whole line of Road from its commencement to the South West, Miramichi, offers every inducement for Settlement, on both sides of which a number of small Farms have been laid off, some with Clearings and Log Houses built thereon, a few of which are inhabited, so that the Traveller will find accommodation at the most reasonable rate. The steady and persevering Emigrant will find that every attention will be paid, and every necessary facility given him to render his new undertaking as light and pleasing as the Company's interests may justly and fairly warrant.

The price of the Land will as a matter of course, vary according to situation, but none will be higher than Twelve Shillings currency, or Ten Shillings sterling per Acre for the present Season, (Town Lots and Ten Acre Farms surrounding the Town excepted) every information about which will be readily and cheerfully communicated by the Company's Agent at Fredericton.

As many applications have been made for Town Lots without positive situations being named—it will be necessary for the Applicants to repeat their requests and fix upon the number in the Town Plot they would wish to occupy. TERMS.—The terms of Payment will be made easy, as follows:—One fifth to be paid at the time of purchase, upon which a Location Ticket of Possession will be given, the other four-fifths by annual Instalments; but should the Purchaser pay the whole amount at once, a discount of 15 per cent will be allowed upon the purchase money, upon completion of which a Deed, in fee simple, will be immediately prepared by the Company's Solicitor, to be paid for by the Purchaser, putting him in absolute and sole possession.

The Company's Road has been cut out, but not yet finished to Campbell, (another projected Town on the South West, Miramichi River.) At this Establishment a valuable Property has been purchased by the Company, consisting of Saw Mill, Grist Mill, Blacksmith Shop, &c. &c. for some years in active operation, Houses built by the Company, and a beautiful Farm under good cultivation; the Line of Road from Stanley to Campbell proving yet more fully the value and richness of the Soil of this long neglected, little understood and most valuable portion of His Majesty's North American Colonies.

An enquiry will bear out every statement made in the above advertisement, and as every attention and assistance will be given to the most humble but industrious Settler, it is particularly requested that when real information is required, application may be made to—

E. N. KENDALL, Chief Commissioner, or JOHN STEPHENS, Fredericton; or the Hon. J. CUNARD & Co. Miramichi; J. V. THURGAR, Resident Agent at Saint John, and ANDREW DUNCAN, Campbell; or the Hon. S. CUNARD & Co. Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Company's Office, Saint Mary's, near Fredericton, N. B.
November 25, 1835.

ALL persons having any just demands against the Estate of GEORGE PIGEON BLISS, late of Fredericton, in the County of York, Esquire, deceased, will please render the same duly attested, at the Office of G. J. DIBBLEE Esquire, within three Months from the date hereof; and those indebted to the said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to.
G. J. DIBBLEE, }
H. G. CLOPPER, } Administrators.
JAS. TAYLOR, }
Fredericton, 6th February 1836.

Valuable Tract of LAND for Sale in the County of Carleton, Parish of Wakefield.
500 ACRES of LAND situate on the southwest branch of the Maduxnick, and bounded on said Stream about one and a half miles; distant from Woodstock, about eight miles; and from Houlton, about four miles.—The southwest side of said Tract is within half a mile of the line as surveyed by the Commissioners on the Boundary Line;—the said Land is well Timbered, and soil of good quality.—For terms and further particulars apply to
W. F. BONNELL, Jr.
Gage Town, Queen's, 17th March, 1836.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any just demands against the estate of the late Rev. Michael M'Sweeney, of Fredericton, are requested to render their accounts for adjustment within three months from the date hereof: and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
MARY ANN M'SWEENEY, Adm'r.
Fredericton, 15th June, 1836.

ALL persons having any just demands against the estate of Mary Anderson, late of Fredericton, in the County of York, deceased, will please render the same, duly attested, within three months from the date hereof; and those indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to
HUMPHREY PICKARD, Exc'r.
EMELINE ANDERSON, Exc'trix.
Fredericton, 18th April, 1836.

Co-partnership Notice.

THE Subscribers having entered into Co-partnership, under the firm of
Packard & M'Addam,
Inform their friends and the public, that they have taken that pleasantly situated Store in the Phoenix Building, formerly occupied by Mr. R. E. Burpe, where they will keep on hand a general assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c. and they hope by attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

N. B. They have on consignment 2 or 300 bushels ground PLASTER, and a few barrels GASPAREUX.
E. E. PACKARD,
JOHN H. M'ADDAM.
Fredericton, 7th June, 1836.

THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

TERMS—16s. per Annum, exclusive of Postage.

Advertisements not exceeding Twelve Lines will be inserted for Four Shillings and Sixpence the first and one Shilling and Sixpence for each succeeding Insertion. Advertisements must be accompanied with Cash and the Insertions will be regulated according to the amount received. Blanks, Handbills, &c. &c. can be struck off at the shortest notice.

AGENTS FOR THE ROYAL GAZETTE.

SAINT JOHN,	Mr. Peter Duff.
SAINT ANDREWS,	Mr. G. Miller.
DORCHESTER,	E. B. Chandler, Esq.
SALISBURY,	R. Scott, Esq.
KINGSTON,	Mr. Asa Davidson.
HAMPTON,	Mr. Samuel Hall.
GAGETOWN,	Mr. W. F. Bonnell.
SUSSEX VALE,	J. C. Vail, Esq.
KENT,	J. W. Weldon, Esq.
MIRAMICHI,	George Kerr, Esq.
KENT, (CO. OF YORK)	Geo. Moorhouse, Esq.
BATHURST,	H. Baldwin, Esq.
WOODSTOCK, and	W. H. Needham, Esq.
NORTHAMPTON,	James Tilley, Esq.
SHEFFIELD,	Doctor Barker.