

The Beacon

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County. Rates furnished on application
to the Publishers.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B. CANADA.

Saturday, 13th January, 1917

PROGRESS OF THE WAR

[January 4 to January 10]

THE week under review was one of
great activity on most fronts, the
gains and losses about balancing on
the whole.

In the Western campaign no great
drive was attempted by either side,
though there were several small
attacks, the most important of which
was the capture of the town of
Moussy-la-Ville, in which the British
infantry were aided by the tanks.

The week was especially eventful in
the Eastern campaign, the British
infantry having completely effected their
capture of Debrida, and they made
steady progress in Wallachia and
Moldavia, where they took Braila, the
commercial metropolis of Rumania, and
the important fortified town of Foculeni
and Fokshani.

The success of the British in the
East was not effected without enormous
losses, for the Rumanians and Russians
offered a stubborn resistance at all points.
In the Carpathians, in Galicia, and in
Volhynia, the Russians were on the
offensive and met with some success,
as well as the case in the vicinity of
Dvinsk; but their chief offensive was
southwest of Riga, where they made
substantial gains in ground, in troops
captured, and in booty which included
heavy guns as well as small arms.
The indications were that the drive
begun at this point by the Russians
would be continued with increasing
force.

No important event was reported in
the Caucasian campaign; most of the
fighting in Mesopotamia the only news
of importance was that of a successful
sally of British Indian troops northeast
of Kut-el-Amara.

The week without news of any
developments in the Egyptian campaign,
and the only news published of the
African campaign was that of an encounter
between British and German troops on
the river Rufiji, the British having the
advantage.

Very little news transpired concerning
the Balkan campaign, there having been
very little fighting in Macedonia.
The situation in Greece seemed to be in a
fair way of being adjusted to the satisfaction
of the Entente Allies, who had sent an
"admiral" to King Constantine to
which he was to give a reply within forty-
eight hours. The reply would be favorable,
it was anticipated; but as long as
King Constantine reigns at Athens there
will be trouble for the Allies if he can
possibly make it. Meanwhile the blockade
of Greek ports continues.

The Austro-Italian campaign was
continued under severe winter-weather
conditions. No important changes were
effected. Italian aircraft visited Trieste
during the week, and did some damage.
Enemy submarines were very active
during the week under review, and
the heading of "News of the Sea" will
be found a list of all the victims reported
in the daily press.

The week was pregnant with political
events and diplomatic developments.
A change was made in the Russian cabinet,
consequent on the resignation of Premier
Trepoff, who was succeeded by Prince
Goltzine. The Premier of Spain, Don
Romanon, tendered his resignation to
the King, who declined to accept it.
Of greater importance, decidedly, was
the conference in Rome of representatives
of all the Entente Allies, Great Britain,
France, and Italy being represented by
their respective Premiers. The conference,
it was announced, resulted successfully,
but just what was accomplished time
alone will show.

The Entente Allies had transmitted
their reply to the "Note" of President
Wilson, but it had not been made public
up to the time of going to press. It is
said to be rather long, but explicit and
uncompromising. We must await its
publication before attempting to discuss
it.

PATRIOTIC FUND LEVY

WE print in another column the
announcement of the New Brunswick
Government in regard to the apportionment
of the Province's contribution to the
Canadian Patriotic Fund. On Tuesday
evening, January 2, representatives of
many of the municipalities of the Province
met the Government in Fredericton to
discuss the matter. We presume that St.
Andrews was invited to send a delegate,
but, apparently, he did not. The confer-
ence, it was announced, resulted suc-
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time alone will show.

So far as the levy on the three other
towns in Charlotte County goes, Mr.
Miller's confidence in the Government was
well-placed; but what do the people of St.
Andrews think about it? They will, of
course, pay and look pleasant, but they
will remember.

St. Andrews is a town practically with-
out manufacturing industries that give
employment to any considerable amount
of labor; and for a number of years past
the chief activity of the place has been
due to the influx of summer visitors,
to cater for whom affords employ-
ment, directly or indirectly, to a good
many people of the Town. The Algonquin
Hotel and the many fine residences
of the summer visitors have increased the
rateable value of the Town to a large
extent; but, with the object of encourag-
ing similar investment and development
on the part of other and prospective
visitors, the property of summer residents
has been lightly taxed, in some cases
amounting almost to exemption.

In view of the fact that the government
has evidently made the levy on St.
Andrews for its share of the Patriotic
Fund on the basis of rateable value and
not on that of taxes actually assessed,
it behooves the Town to discontinue
all exemptions and to have all property
in Town taxed uniformly according to its
actual value. St. Andrews can always
be relied upon to provide its share, and
some of the most violent gales ever
known; a record snow storm for Decem-
ber; an early freezing of the St. John
River, with a subsequent thawing out
previous to its being finally sealed for
the winter; and for nearly a week past
we had been having a January thaw that
nearly removed the great mass of snow
that fell three weeks ago. But on Thurs-
day night we were treated to another
snow storm, accompanied by a heavy
easterly wind. About five inches of
snow fell, but owing to the heavy wind
it drifted very much. Friday was clear
and cold.

THE ALGONQUIN HOTEL

The contract for the erection of a
building in which will be housed the help
of the Algonquin Hotel has been awarded
to the D. E. Deakin Construction Com-
pany, of Montreal.

The building will be located on the
vacant lot directly opposite the Power
House, and the plans call for two-stories,
size 125x40 feet, with the outside finish
in Stucco.

Mr. William Stewart, who arrived here
a few days ago, will have charge of the
work, which is to start immediately.

The capacity of the Hotel has been
taxed to its utmost during the past two
seasons, and in order to provide more
space for the winter season it was neces-
sary to make alterations to the rooms on
the fourth floor of the West wing. This
work has been going on for some time,
and when completed will relieve the
situation considerably.

Mr. D. H. Mages, engineer of build-
ings, N. B. Reardon, asst. engineer of
buildings, J. M. McCarthy, mechanical
engineer, and J. Gilbois, electrical en-
gineer, of the C. P. R. construction de-
partment, Montreal, were here on Tues-
day in connection with the location and
lay-out of the new building, and the
alterations to the rooms now being made
in the hotel.

THE WEEK'S ANNIVERSARIES

January 13.—St. Hilary, Chilianwallah,
1840. George Fox, founder of the Society
of Friends (Quakers), died, 1690; Charles
James Fox, statesman, born, 1749; Slavery
abolished in Mexico, 1825.

January 14.—Edward Lord Bruce died,
1610; Dr. John Boyce, translator of the
Bible, died, 1643; Madame de Sevigne,
died, 1696; Edmund Halley, astronomer,
died, 1742; Marquess of Lansdowne, K. G.,
born, 1846; Lord Napier of Magdala died,
1890.

January 15.—Dr. Samuel Parr, literary
eccentric, born, 1747; British Museum
opened, 1759; Talma, French tragedian,
born, 1783; Thomas Crofton Croker, Irish
antiquary, born, 1786; Telegraph opened
between Halifax, N. S., and P. E. I., 1859;
Henry Labouchere died, 1912.

January 16.—Corunna, 1800. Edmund
Spenser, poet, died, 1599; Richard Savage,
poet and dramatist, born, 1697; Edward
Gibbon, historian, died, 1794; General Sir
John Moore died, 1809; Fire in Winnipeg,
1911.

January 17.—Abu Kles, 1885. B. de
Montfaucon, antiquary, born, 1655; Lord
Lyttelton, historian and poet, born, 1709;
Victor Alfieri, poet, born, 1749; J. C. W.
G. Mozart, musician, born, 1756; Vaccina-
tion announced by Dr. Jenner, 1789;
Jesse P. Bowie, American fighter, born,
Indiana and Mexican, died, 1841; John
Tyler, tenth President of United States,
died, 1862; Admiral Sir David Beatty
born, 1871; George Bancroft, American
historian, died, 1891; Ruthven B. Hayes,
President of United States, died, 1893.

January 18.—Aden, 1849. Lima, Peru,
founded by Pizarro, 1534; Ch. Montesquieu
born, 1689; John Baskerville, printer, died,
1775; Detroit, Michigan, founded, 1682;
Hon. Seth Low, former Mayor of New
York, born, 1859; Dr. Frank J. Goodnow,
President of Johns Hopkins University,
born, 1859; Olga Nettersole, actress, born,
1870; Captain Scott, R. N., reached South
Pole, 1912.

January 19.—Nicholas Copernicus, astron-
omer, born, 1473; William Congreve, poet,
born, 1772; James Watt, Scottish inven-
tor, born, 1736; General Robert E. Lee,
Confederate commander, born, 1807;
Edgar Allan Poe born, 1809; Hon. Sir
William Mulock born, 1843; Gold
covered in Colorado Valley, California, 1848;
Rt. Hon. Augustine Birrell born, 1850.

NEWS IN BRIEF

—Ottawa, Jan. 8.—Frozen fish from
Canada, beginning this week, will agree
regularly on the diets of the British and
Canadian troops in England. It will be
served twice weekly.

Great benefit to Atlantic and Pacific
fishermen will result from this decision,
as the kind of fish being exported is that
for which a regular market did not exist

heretofore in Canada. Cuck, skatefish,
hake, black cod, pollock and flat fish are
being sent across on this order. Austre-
lian and New Zealand troops are to be
supplied as well as the Canadians.

Major Hughie Green, of the Militia De-
partment, is in charge of the inspection.
—San Francisco, January 10.—Frans
Bopp, German consul-general here, and
four of his attaches or employees, were
found guilty to-night by a jury in the
United States district court of having
violated this country's neutrality.
"Guilty on all charges," announced the
foreman.

All five defendants were accused of
having planned to blow up munition plants
in the United States and Canada, steam-
ships carrying supplies to the Entente
Allies, railroad bridges, and military
trains.

Two actions were consolidated in the
trial. The defendants were charged with
a violation of the act of July 2, 1880, by
conspiring to restrain interstate and for-
eign commerce by destroying factories,
railroads and steamships.

Section 19 and 37 of the United States criminal
code in conspiring to set on foot and to
provide and prepare means for a military
enterprise to be carried on from within
the United States against the territory and
possessions of the king of Great Britain and
Ireland.

Besides Bopp, the defendants were E.
M. Von Schack, vice-consul; Wilhelm
Von Brinken, J. F. Vankolberg, Mar-
tine E. Cornell, Charles G. Crowley, and
Louis J. Gussak. Vankolberg was brought
out of the country and held in custody
here to stand trial, as his alleged offense
was non-extraditable. Smith was held in
custody at the Canadian Club, on behalf of
the town, welcomed Lady Aberdeen, and
Mrs. Clarke extended a welcome for the Cana-
dian Club. At the conclusion of the
address Mrs. L. M. Robinson was given
a vote of thanks by the ladies of the
club.

The cases went to the jury at 4 p. m.
The verdict was reached at 8:30 p. m.
Smith, technically a defendant, was given
immunity for testifying for the govern-
ment.

OBITUARY

SIR FREDERICK BORDEN
Canning, Kings Co., N. S., Jan. 6.—Sir
Frederick W. Borden, K. C. M. G., minister
of militia in the Laurier administration
from its organization in 1896, until it went
out of power in 1911, a period of fifteen
years, died this morning, after an
illness of some time.

Sir Frederick was a cousin of the
prime minister, had been in ill-health for
several months, so that the end was not
unexpected. He was born in Cornwallis,
N. S., May 14, 1847, was educated at
King's College, Windsor, (B.A., 1865), and
at Harvard Medical School, (M.D., 1868).

For a great many years the late war
minister practised medicine at Canning,
N. S., at the same time taking a very keen
interest in military matters incidentally
serving in the Fenian Raid. He
represented Kings county in the house of
commons from 1874 to 1882, when he was
defeated. He entered parliament again in
1896 on the accession of Sir Wilfrid
Laurier and was made minister of militia
in 1901. He was the only member of the
cabinet in 1911, when he himself suffered
defeat.

While practicing at Canning he was also
agent for the Halifax Banking Co., then
in existence.

Early in life Sir Frederick became in-
terested in militia. He was appointed
assistant surgeon of the 68th Battalion in
1869, surgeon lieutenant-colonel in 1893,
and honorary colonel army corps in 1901.
He was at one time a member of the
provincial board of health in Nova Scotia,
was made a member of the College of
Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario in
1903, and honorary corresponding mem-
ber of the Association of Military
Surgeons of the United States in 1900.

In 1908 he was elected honorary president
of the Dominion Rifle Association. Sir
Frederick had served as a director of the
mutual Life Association Company, of the
Nova Scotia Development Company, the
St. John Ambulance Association and as
president of the Nova Scotia Electric
Company, the King's Park Realty Co.,
Ltd. He was also a chairman of the
annual meeting of the Canadian Club,
Boston, and of the Quebec Garrison Club,
Laurentian, Ottawa Hunt, and Halifax
clubs.

On the coronation of King Edward the
minister of militia received the title of
K. C. M. G., and two years later he was
made a Knight of Grace of the Order of
St. John of Jerusalem. He was appointed
a member of the Imperial Council of De-
fence and represented Canada at two
meetings of the conference.

Sir Frederick was twice married.—
1873 to Miss Julia Clark, and in 1884 to
Miss Bessie B. Clark, both daughters of
J. H. Clarke, of Canning. Lady Borden
survives. Two daughters, the wife of
Professor Hewitt and the wife of Profes-
sor McCoun, both residents of Ottawa,
also survive. These were children of the
first wife, as was a son, Lieutenant Harold
L. Borden, a Mount Allison man, who was
killed in the Boer war. Sir Frederick
was a Methodist and a Freemason.

The late minister was an efficient ad-
ministrator and was popular with both
sides of the house. He was an ardent
imperialist and did much to strengthen
the ties binding Canada to the mother-
land.

MICHAEL KELLY
St. John, N. B. January 8.—Mr. Michael
Kelly, of this city, is dead at the County
Hospital, where he has been for many years.
He was the composer of the music of the
famous war song, "We'll Never Let the
Old Flag Fall," now known throughout
the Empire.

Mr. Kelly was a professional musician
when the war broke out, but abandoned
his lucrative calling to become band-
master of the 132nd Overseas Battalion,
but was forced to resign from the force
because of ill health. He was thirty-five
years old and unmarried.

CAPT. F. C. SELGUS

London, Jan. 6.—Capt. Frederick Cour-
teney Selous, author and hunter, who was
killed in action in East Africa, serving
with the Legion of Frontiersmen, rounding
up the remnants of the German army in
one of the best known of the modern
big-game hunters, having spent the greater
part of his life for many years in
South Central Africa, in hunting, explor-
ation, and collecting natural-history
specimens. He was the author of several
works on hunting and travel. Born in

London December 31, 1851, he left Eng-
land at the age of twenty, and spent the
greater part of the remaining forty-five
years of his life in the Dark Continent.

MR. JAMES MCCULLOUGH
The death of Mr. James McCullough
took place at his home at Upper Bocabec
on Monday, January 8, in the 77th year
of his age.

Deceased had been in failing health for
the past year, but took a turn for the
worse some two months ago, from which
he never recovered.

He was a man well-known in this vicin-
ity. He leaves, besides his wife, one son,
Charles E., who also resides at Upper
Bocabec.

The funeral was held on Wednesday
afternoon and was largely attended. The
service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Pen-
warden, Presbyterian minister. Inter-
ment in the Presbyterian Cemetery.

Up-River Doings

St. Stephen, N. B., Jan. 10.
Last Thursday evening a very attractive
gift tree was enjoyed by the Sunday
school scholars of Christ Church, in the
schoolroom. A program of music and recita-
tions, in which many of the children took
part, were given for all and at the close
of the evening a Christmas treat was
served by the teachers.

A most splendid audience greeted Lady
Aberdeen at St. Stephen on Friday after-
noon in the Oddfellows' Hall, on the occasion
of her address to the Women's Canadian
Club, on the subject, "Reconstruction
after the War." Mrs. George J. Clarke,
president of the Canadian Club, presided.
Mayor Parker Grimmer, on behalf of the
town, welcomed Lady Aberdeen, and Mrs.
Clarke extended a welcome for the Cana-
dian Club. At the conclusion of the
address Mrs. L. M. Robinson was given
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Kelly, of this city, is dead at the County
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He was the composer of the music of the
famous war song, "We'll Never Let the
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Mr. Kelly was a professional musician
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South Central Africa, in hunting, explor-
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T. G. McAdam was a visitor to St.
John last week, purchasing furs for his
new store which is rapidly nearing com-
pletion. His brother, William, left at the
same time for Boston.

Miss Gertrude McCormick, of St. Ste-
phen, passed through here on Friday on
her way to St. John.

At a meeting of the Red Cross Society
held last week, Miss Grace McCullum
was appointed secretary, succeeding Mrs.
W. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Messing spent
several days last week at the border
town.

Miss Heber McMillan, assistant in the
post office, is confined to her home with
illness.

Ralph Doyle was a visitor to St. John
last week, returning Saturday.

Herb Grass, lineman for the Western
Union, has moved into the brick house,
and Mrs. C. A. Grass, who has been in the
house vacated by Mr. Grass, which he
has purchased from W. Carson.

Mr. and Mrs. Otate Plude have re-
turned from their holidays spent in New
York.

German measles in a mild form are
prevalent.

Miss Bertha Phillips has returned from
a visit with her sister in Milltown.

Mrs. Lawrence and her daughter, Mary,
I. Stuart, left a few weeks ago on a visit
with relatives in Moncton and Albert, Comps.

Mrs. Agnes Chickard left Saturday for
Woodstock, where she is teaching.

The Town Council met on Monday
evening, in the town hall. A lively dis-
cussion took place over a lighting system
for the town. No decision was arrived at,
it being felt that the assessment for Pa-
terio and other additional taxes, which
would, perhaps, make the rate for the
coming year, high enough. It was decided
to let the hall to the Foresters for their
monthly meeting at a normal rental.

The manager of the rink has been
working under difficulties, and has been
obliged to postpone the opening of the
rink, with a cold snap the opening will
take place on Friday, when a grand ball
will be held in Drageogian Hall. Good
skating was enjoyed on the river for
several days.

Rev. J. Spencer is in St. John attending
a meeting of the Synod Committee.

Mr. George Frauley has returned from
Boston.

The good going and bright moonlight
nights afforded the best of opportunities
for sleigh rides, many parties were out
the first of the week and thoroughly enjoyed
themselves.

Miss Lloyd of Seely's Cove, was in
town Tuesday.

Mrs. Helen Taylor and Miss Royce
Goss were visitors to the border towns
this week.

Mr. J. McGregor, of the Sea Coast Pack-
ing Company, Eastport, is in town buying
lumber.

Rufus Goss, who is located at St. John
West, on the C. P. R., was a visitor to
town this week.

Arthur Johnson and Colin Spear are
spending the week at the farmer's camp,
Lake Utopia.

T. S. McAdam will be in his new store
in about two weeks.

Mr. James Watt expects to start building
this month.

In a letter received yesterday by Mr. R.
T. Austin, his son, Harry, who has been
at the front since the First Canadian Con-
tingent went overseas, says he is back of
the front line instructing new men in the
work of building boom-proof trenches.
Harry has been through a lot of heavy
fighting and escaped without a wound.

Major and Mrs. Lawrence left yester-
day to attend the funeral of Miss Jean
Wallace, Mrs. Lawrence's aunt, who died
recently in St. John.

BOCABEC, N. B.

Jan. 8.
Misses Madeline McCullough, Myrtle
Groom, and Mary Holt returned to Nor-
mal School at Fredericton, after spending
two-weeks' holidays with their parents.

At the time of writing Mr. James Mc-
Cullough, Sr., is very ill.

Misses Alma and Dorothy Rankine and
Mr. Wilford Rankine spent New Year's
with Mr. and Mrs. Charles McKay.

Mr. Wm. Flander is able to be out
again, after a severe cold.

Miss Margaret McMillan, who has been
very ill with the cold, is able to be around
again.

Miss Martha Groom returned to her
school at Greenock, after spending two
weeks at her home.

Mr. Arthur McMullin, of St. Andrews,
who is on the sick-list, called on friends
at Bocabec on Sunday last.

Mrs. Elvira Groom is spending a few
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