

The Beacon

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tion to the Publishers.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B., CANADA.

Saturday, 16th November, 1918.

THE END OF THE WAR

THE great war is ended, and of its final progress, to complete the brief summary which has appeared week after week since the beginning, it is only necessary to say that when hostilities ended at 11 a. m., Paris time, on November 11, the battle line in Belgium and France, starting from the border of Holland, ran just west of Ghent, east of Audenarde, east of Mons, east of Maubeuge, west of Chimay, south of Rocroi, through Mesières, through Sedan, south of Montmedy, and north of Pont-à-Mousson. Eastward from the latter place the line followed its old course inside the French frontier to the region of Mt. Donon, where it crossed into Alsace and continued thence southward in practically a straight line to the junction of the French, German, and Swiss borders. In the Balkans the Allies were still pressing the Germans backward, the Serbians having occupied Sarajevo, where the world-war was born, and the Italians had occupied Scutari in Montenegro.

It is too soon to speak of the results that must eventually follow this frightful and devastating struggle, but one inevitable outcome has already been realized in the complete obliteration of autocracy in Europe. The Kaiser has abdicated and has sought temporary refuge in Holland; Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary has also abdicated; and practically all the sovereigns of the several kingdoms and grand duchies of Germany have either abdicated or been deposed. The whole of Central Europe is in a state of revolution or transformation; and henceforward the democracies must rule. The war has left those countries in such a frightful state of destitution that their several *de facto* governments are appealing to the Belligerent Allies and the United States for help in alleviating the distress of the people. This the Allies will provide, for the war, as has been said, was not waged against humanity, but to protect humanity.

Peace, absolute peace, must follow. The Teuton nations want peace as speedily as possible, and the Peace Conference will probably assemble as soon as the new governments of Central Europe are established on a popular and authoritative basis.

Another immediate result of the end of the war has been the cessation of recruiting in Great Britain, and a suspension of the draft in the United States; and it will probably be immediately officially announced that all military training camps in Canada are to be dismantled and the troops disbanded, and that there will be no more recruiting. In all countries a curtailment of all military work has already begun, and as rapidly as possible factories engaged in the production of war material will revert to the production of articles for the needs and avocations of peace. There will be much consequent disorganization of business, and some hardships will ensue in some industries; but, on the whole, the release from war work and war-time conditions and a return to those of peace will be of inestimable advantage.

A DEMONSTRATION AND ITS LESSON

THE celebration in St. Andrews on Tuesday was an object-lesson of what can be accomplished by unity of purpose and coöperation. There was no doubt of the complete unanimity of the people of the Town when the news was received that the armistice had been signed and the war had ended. With one accord the people rejoiced in the glad tidings; and immediately all began to work together to produce a demonstration worthy of the occasion and worthy of themselves as loyal and patriotic citizens, whose sons had fought, and bled, and died in the cause of freedom and justice. The result was not only a complete success in every detail, but it infused into the people a desire to continue their coöperation in those matters which vitally concern the welfare of the Town and its future social, commercial, and industrial development.

The obvious lesson should be learned by those who took the initiative and the leading parts in the preparation of the memorable celebration, that the townspeople only need to be convinced that this or that is a good thing and will benefit the community if it is brought to pass; and once the conviction has fully possessed them they will coöperate with

might and main, with heart and soul, to accomplish it. It is now doubly incumbent on those to whom the people look for light and leading to bestir themselves in advocating and promoting those improvements of which the Town stands in so great need. Selfishness must give place to altruism, private interests must be abandoned for the public good, sloth and indifference must yield to industry and a sense of duty to the community at large. Those who can lead us to the desired goal revealed themselves this week, and henceforward they must feel their bounden duty to continue their leadership and pursue their activities in the direction indicated by the Town's obvious requirements.

PUT THE FARMERS RIGHT

From some rural districts come reports that the farmers, still expressing resentment over conscription, are refusing to buy Victory Bonds. To assume such an attitude is utterly unwarranted. It is the worst kind of folly, and it is disloyal.

Point out that the Victory Loan has nothing to do with conscription, with Union Government, or any other kind of government. It would have been launched, no matter what party or leader had been in office. The heavy war expenditure has made it necessary.

The farmer who refuses to buy Victory Bonds stands in his own light. He strikes a blow at himself. In his business he needs the help that the Victory Loan makes it possible for the Government to give. What would he do with his grain, beef, pork, or dairy products, if the money to finance our exports of these products were not forthcoming?

For the farmer the Victory Loan is a sound business proposition, and the more this is impressed on him the better.

THE WEEK'S ANNIVERSARIES

November 17.—St. Hugh. Sir John Man-
deville (Jean de Burgoyne), Belgian
physician, author of book of travels, died,
1732; Accession of Queen Elizabeth of
England, 1558; Alain René Lesage, French
novelist, author of *Gil Blas*, died, 1747;
Holland restored to House of Orange,
and Belgium annexed, 1813; Vancouver
Island united to British Columbia, 1866.

November 18.—Cortez sailed from Cuba
for Mexico on voyage of conquest and
discovery, 1518; St. Peter's at Rome dedi-
cated by Pope Urban VIII, 1626; Sir David
Wilkie, Scottish painter, born, 1784; Sir
W. S. Gilbert, English playwright and poet,
born, 1836; First mowing machine patent
ed in United States, 1844; Hon. Francis
Cochrane, Canadian Cabinet Minister
without portfolio, born, 1852; Funeral of
Duke of Wellington, English soldier and
statesman, 1852; Sir William Siemens,
electrician, died, 1883; Chester A. Arthur,
21st President of the United States, died,
1886; Hay-Pauncetote Treaty signed at
Washington, 1903; Prince Charles of Den-
mark, under title of Haakon VII, ascended
the throne of Norway, 1905; R. W. Gilder,
American poet and editor, died, 1909.

November 19.—King Charles I of England
born, 1600; Nicholas Poussin, French
painter, died, 1660; "The Man in the
Iron Mask" died, 1703; The Jay Treaty
between Great Britain and the United
States signed in London, 1794; Count
Ferdinand De Lesseps, French engineer,
constructor of the Suez Canal, born, 1805;
General James A. Garfield, 20th President
of the United States, born, 1831; Presi-
dent Lincoln delivered his famous dedi-
cation address at Gettysburg, 1863; Rt.
Hon. Lord Harcourt, former British
Colonial Secretary, born, 1863; William
Ashley ("Billy") Sunday, American
evangelist, born, 1863; Hudson's Bay
Company transferred to Canada its terri-
torial rights in North West Territories,
1869; William Marcy ("Boss") Tweed,
convicted of defrauding City of New
York, 1873; William J. Florence, Ameri-
can actor, died, 1891.

November 20.—St. Edmund. Thomas
Chesterton, English "Boy Poet," born,
1752; State of North Carolina adopted
the Federal Constitution, 1789; Treaty of
Paris signed, 1815; Queen Victoria open-
ed the first Parliament of her reign, 1837;
Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Canadian
statesman and former Premier, born, 1841;
Dowager Queen Margherita of Italy born,
1851; Lord Elgin, British statesman and
and diplomatist, former Governor-General
of Canada, died, 1863; Count Leo Tolstoy,
Russian novelist and reformer, died, 1910.

November 21.—Sir Thomas Gresham,
founder of the London Exchange, died,
1579; Sir John Hawkins, English naviga-
tor, died, 1595; Thomas Shadwell, English
dramatist and Poet Laureate, died, 1692;
Henry Purcell, English musician and com-
poser, died, 1695; Admiral Lord Lyons,
British naval commander, born, 1790;
James Hogg ("The Ettrick Shepherd"),
Scottish poet, died, 1835; Cardinal Mer-
cier, Belgian R. C. prelate, born, 1851;
Pope Benedict XV born, 1854; James M.
Rendell, English engineer, died, 1856; Sir
Arthur T. Quiller-Couch ("Q"), English
novelist, born, 1863; Thomas Edison,
American inventor, announced the in-
vention of the phonograph, 1876; Thomas
Hill, former President of Harvard College,
died, 1891; Garnet A. Hobart, Vice-
President of the United States, died, 1899.

November 22.—St. Cecilia. Province of
Maine, by request of its inhabitants, be-
came a county of Massachusetts, 1652;
Dugald Stewart, Scottish metaphysician,

born, 1753; Lord Clive, founder of British
Empire in India, died, 1774; Thomas
Carleton sworn in as Governor of New
Brunswick, and the first meeting of the
Legislative Council held in St. John, 1784;
United States Congress first assembled at
Washington, 1800; Thomas Cook, English
tourist agent, born, 1808; Mary Ann
Evans ("George Eliot"), English novelist,
born, 1819; Costa Rica became an inde-
pendent Republic, 1840; Garrison of
Lusknow, India, relieved by Sir Colin
Campbell, 1857; Dr. James H. Pringle, ex-
Mayor of St. John, N. B., born, 1859;
Henry Wilson, former Vice-President of
the United States, died, 1875; John De-
lane, editor of *The Times*, London, died,
1879; Sir Arthur Sullivan, English musi-
cal composer, died, 1900; Frederick A.
Krupp, owner of arsenal at Essen, Ger-
many, died, 1902.

November 23.—St. Clement. Perkin War-
beck pretender to English crown, hanged,
1499; Thomas Tallis, English musician,
died, 1585; Richard Hakluyt, English
geographer and chronicler, died, 1616;
John Wallis, English mathematician, born,
1616; Virginia Company granted the
"Great Charter," 1618; Franklin Pierce,
14th President of the United States, born,
1804; Elbridge Gerry, American states-
man, died, 1814; Rear-Admiral Frank F.
Fletcher, American naval commander,
born, 1855; Dr. H. M. Ami, Canadian
geologist, born, 1858; Sir Gilbert Parker,
Canadian novelist and British M. P., born,
1862; Three Fenian leaders, Allen, Gould,
and Larkin, executed at Manchester, Eng-
land, 1867; King William III of the
Netherlands, died, 1890; Steamer *Portland*
lost off New England coast, 1898.

THE ROAD TO SPAIN

A RESTFUL BACKWATER

THE traveller by the railway from
Paris to Madrid finds himself, as he
approaches the frontier, possessed with a
sense of uncertainty and expectation.
Behind him lie the long, monotonous
levels of the *landes* through which, by
mile after mile of a path enclosed between
walls of pine trees, the train has seemed
to flee from the silent enchantment
of the forest. But on leaving Bayonne
you enter on a changed and ever
changing scene. The world seems open-
ed up, the horizon widened; masses of
white cloud make a mountain scenery in
the sky; the air loses the dry perfume of
the pines and becomes charged with the
cool, salt flavour of the sea; streams,
valleys, pasture and ripening crops speak
of a land swollen and enriched with
moisture, and prepare the eye for a world
of husbandry and cultivation. And again
the scene changes. The landscape ahead
of you begins to heave and break like a
rising sea; mountains pile themselves
into the sky; the train turns and twists
and pants among slopes and then, giving
up the struggle, plunges into tunnels.
Peak after peak comes sailing into the
view, ash grey in the foreground, mauve
and azure in the distance; the mountains
are no longer only in front of you, they
are all about you, a world of craggy
heights, walls, ramparts, towers of rock.
Into what wild country are you travelling?
What landscape is this, suddenly become
grave, tremendous, menacing? What
baptisms are these, and what secrets do
they guard?

AT THE FRONTIER

The peaks of the Pyrenees pile them-
selves away to the east and become merged
in the mountains of Navarre. The train
rumbles over the short iron bridge that
spans the Bidassoa, and you are in
Spain. Up to the very grinders of the
bridge on the French side flows the tide
of war, bearing its gravities and duties;
across it lies that state of things which
we had almost forgotten, where there
seems to be no cloud or burden, and
where the individual may put his own in-
clinations and interests before those of
the State, if he so chooses. At Hendaye
you can only eat bread by going to the
Mayor and getting a ticket, and the trav-
eller can get no milk or sugar; at Irun,
less than a mile away, these things are in
abundance, and to be had for the asking.
At the Hendaye end of the bridge the
porters speak only French; at the other
end they speak and understand only
Spanish. At one end you get 27 coins of
the shilling species for your English
pound; at the other end, only 17. So much
of Babel is involved in a frontier.
After all, it was not the mountains that
were the barrier; a way was found round
them; they were but an overture to the
grandeur that lies before you on the
southward road. The secret that they
seemed to guard was perhaps only this:
that war is not an essential or permanent
condition, but only a disease, and that
life goes on, unquenched, with one end
only discernible—to continue. Bayonne,
St. Jean, Hendaye, have all a meaning in
the war; they do this, are the headquar-
ters of that. Fuentarabia, across the bay
merely exists beautifully, seated on its
slopes, with no apparent reason for ex-
istence now except that it has been for
centuries, and proposes to continue being.

You, meanwhile, coming over the bridge
into Spain, are aware of an immediate
loosening of bonds, a relaxation of tension,
a general expansion of life into easier and
shallower channels. The gauge of the
very railway immediately becomes a foot
wider—symbol of the broader path, the
less straitened conduct. The presence of

numerous men in the prime of their
strength taking ungaily pleasure in easy
idleness astonishes you, until you remem-
ber that it is natural for men to do that,
and that millions of men are fighting for
the right, among other things, to do just
that, if they so desire. There are many
parts of Spain where idleness is simply
the expression of prosperity; where the
inventor and supplier of artificial demands
the commercial rubbish merchant in his
various forms, has not yet established his
unlovely methods of expressing prosperity;
where men work for the elementary
means of life, and, having secured them
for a week in advance, say, "I am rich; I
will not work for a whole week." A state
of affairs perhaps shocking to the national
economist, but understandable to the plain
human person. In these days it is
the first moral milestone on the road into
Spain; although to travellers who come
from the war vortex it marks the transit
of no mere mile or measure, but almost
an infinity of space and time.—*The Times*
London.

WHITE HEAD, G. M.

Nov. 8.

Capt. D. Guphill, schr. *Wilfred D.*, ar-
rived from St. John with a cargo of mer-

STOP—LOOK—LISTEN

I absolutely must—if a possible thing—
sell my entire stock of Boots, Shoes, Rub-
bers and Rubber Boots, on or before De-
cember 31st, and in order to do so, I am
making my prices as low as possible.

Ladies' High White Canvas \$2. Low
White Canvas, Rubber Sole, \$1.50. Ladies'
Blue and Black Velvet Button Shoes, also
Ladies' Patent Leather Shoes in Button
and Lace, \$2.50 while they last.

Ladies' Extra High Tops, latest style and
colors, in high heels and medium low
heels, \$5 to \$6. Ladies' Rubbers, all heels
\$1.

Men's Hip Boots \$7, 1/2 Hip \$6. Boys,
Boots \$5, Youths' Boots \$4, Children's \$2

Men's Rubbers \$1.25 up, Boys' \$1.75 and
\$1.00, Youths' \$1.75, Girls' \$1.75 and \$1.00,
Child's \$1.75

Men's Canvas Oxford, Rubber Soles
and Heels, \$1.25, Ladies' \$1.25.
Men's Fancy Dress Shoes with Invisi-
ble Eyelets, Fibre Soles and Heels, new
Dark Brown or Chocolate Color, \$5.
Men's and Boys' Fancy Dress Shoes,
New Toney Red Color, Fibre Soles and
Heels, \$5.50 per pair.

I am the only agent and collector for
Singer Sewing Machines for Eastport,
Lubec, and vicinity, and machines have
advanced in price, so if you want a Sew-
ing Machine, just get my prices before
you buy a machine from anyone else for
my price may be just quite a little bit
lower. I have a Drop Head Singer Sew-
ing Machine, in good running order, the
Cabinet is not very fancy, but the machi-
ne will work as good as any, and the
price for cash is only \$22. Another one
with better looking Cabinet, this is a Sing-
er also, in first class condition, for cash
\$30. A few Box Top Machines, different
makes, in good condition, \$5, \$7 and \$10.
I keep Shuttles, Bobbins, Belts, Oil, Slides,
Thread Take Ups, Bobbin Winders, every-
thing for the Singer right on hand. Need-
les, Belts, Oil, for any make sewing machi-
ne, including New Williams and Ray-
mond.

I keep a good assortment of New Sing-
er Sewing Machines on hand, and I can
make you special cash prices on any I
have.

Telephone 42-3. 3 ply Roofing \$3.

EDGAR HOLMES SHOE STORE

Beyond Post Office

131 WATER STREET EASTPORT, MAINE.

PEACE with VICTORY

The welcome news has
gone around the world.
Soon our boys will be
coming home. You will
want to look your best.

Dress up in one of our
COATS or WAISTS.
The price is a Victory
price. The value none
can touch. We prepar-
ed for the news to give
you the best.

The Coat Store

C. C. GRANT

St. Stephen, N. B.

chandise and hay for parties here.

Capt. D. Wills, schr. *Bessie L.*, is ready
to sail with a full cargo of fish for F. E.
Davis, Gloucester, Mass.

Capt. Oscar Outhouse, schr. *Souvenir*,
lay in harbor over Sunday.

Capt. B. A. Cheney, schr. *Fred and Nor-*
man, is in harbor here.

Sickness is now much much diminished;
there were a few cases of scarlet rash,
but the patients are greatly improved.

The stork visited the home of Mr. and
Mrs. O. P. Morse and left a baby boy.

Mrs. Horace Robinson, who has been
engaged at Mrs. Morse's, has been called
home by the illness of her granddaughter,
Mrs. Nellie Joy, of Seal Cove. Mrs. Joy
leaves on Monday's boat to go to a hospi-

al for surgical treatment, and will be ac-
companied by her mother, Mrs. Addie
Benson.

Mrs. Manford Small is ill at time of
writing.

Mrs. Newman Flagg and son, Archie,
and Mrs. Trecarten and children have re-
turned home from Black's Harbor, where
they have been employed.

Pollock, cod, and sardines have been
quite plentiful of late, and there has been
a good catch of sardines.

Nine Christmas boxes were sent last
week to the Boys in khaki who are in
different places.

Freemen Buy Bonds,
Slaves Wear Them.

WE HAVE A STORE FULL OF GOODS OF ALL KINDS

And can supply you with everything that is use-
ful or ornamental. We have just received some
Doulton Salad Sets which are suitable for Wed-
ding Presents, also a large stock of Jardinieres, all
sizes and prices.

We have some splendid valdes in Dinner Sets
bought before the last advance, and we are selling
them at the old price. Prices are not likely to
drop, so now is the time to secure a bargain.

R. D. Ross & Co.

Near Post Office, St. Stephen, N. B.

SPRING GOODS

PAINTS.—Now is the time to do your painting. Paint
beautifies and preserves the home; enhances the beauty
of the town we dwell in. We have a good stock of
Ramsay's Mixed Paints, Varnishes, Brushes, Oils, etc.
Ask for Color Cards.

WALL PAPERS.—We have a splendid stock of the latest
goods in this line; prices are reasonable too. New stock
13c. per roll, up. We also have an assortment of other
wall Papers which we are selling at 8c. up. Call early
before the best is sold out.

You will soon be needing some GARDEN TOOLS to help
increase the Food Production. Better get your Rakes,
Hoes, Spading Forks and other utensils now. We sell
Steele Briggs' GARDEN SEEDS.

Buy a BICYCLE and enjoy good health. It saves you
many a step and a lot of time. Call and see the
"CLEVELAND." We will be pleased to quote you
on Accessories or any repair work you may contemplate.

Columbia Batteries, Rope, Spikes, Nails, etc. for Weir build-
ing, and a full line of general household Hardware.

J. A. SHIRLEY

Now is the Time to Fight the FLIES by
Getting Your

SCREENS

On Your DOORS and WINDOWS

We have a full stock of Window Screens
and Screen Doors in several sizes.

Also WIRE NETTING

28 in. Wide

30 " "

32 " "

36 " "

GASOLINE and OILS

White Rose Gasoline is the best Gasoline
on the market, Auto owners claim. It is
cleaner and lasts longer.

We carry Motor Oil, Machine Oil, and
Separator Oil.

G. K. GREENLAW

SAINT ANDREWS

(Canada Food Board License No. 8-1160)

Social

Mr. and Mrs.
in town from
Bocabec.

Mrs. T. E. S.
to remain seve

Pie. Larsen
Hospital in Fr

Mrs. Scott,
sister, Mrs. E.
ed to her home

Miss Nellie
Chipman Mem

Mrs. Wm. B.
in town on Tue

Mr. George E.
Monday to assi

Miss Winnif
sister, Mrs. Elm

Miss Evie E.
Elizabeth, N. J.

Miss Marjorie
a few days at he

Mr. David Ra-
brated his 102nd
He is very bright
and can rememb
War, and talks a
able to be in
ride in the parad

Mr. Frank V.
Haven, Deer Is
Wednesday to a
father-in-law, the
Hollander.

Miss Mary She-
George, and Fre
attended the fun
Mr. F. O'Hallora

Sir Thomas Ta-
on Monday's tra-
evening. While
at Elm Corner.

Mr. and Mrs. E.
day for Cocanut
the winter.

Mr. Alfred Mo-
in Town on Satur-
Mrs. James Fra-
ing her father, M

Mr. J. F. Calder
Campobello, was

Miss Georgie R.
visit in Bayside.

Lady Van Horn
have closed Cover
and left for Montr
Tuesday evening.

Mr. Joe. Gibso
from Halifax, whe
ed for some time.

Mrs. L. Hivon
have returned hom

The many friend
glad to hear he is
his serious illness.

Mr. Townshend
ton for the winter.

Capt. Slater, of
walked off the Ma-
last week. His he-
he was sufficiently

Tuesday.

Miss Amelia Ken-
Adam.

Mr. John Russel
opening in the loft
the ground floor.
for a while. He is

Mrs. Townshend
paralytic stroke las-
the Chipman Hospi

Mrs. Day, of St. J.
days with her sis-
Hare.

VICTORY

There is no mista-
of the Government
up by the Canadian
sense a "Victory"
participate in it do
and perpetuating the
been won in freedom

St. Andrews and
knew would be the
nobly. Up to Thurs-
scriptions in this
\$107,600. But its
higher total will be
last day for the sale

opportunity to part-
patriotic financial t-
is a single person wh-
for a Bond, who has
one, let him do so to
wards have the satis-
done a patriotic act,
sound, and profitable

THA

A meeting of the
committee's which
Celebration of the Ar-
of the war on Tuesda-
the Town Hall on Th-
resolution was unani-
ing all for their perso-
in making the celebr-
success, and one that
membered.

Minard's Liniment C