Restigouche, Gloucester, **EVENTS** Bonaventure, and [illegible]é.

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NOMINATION AT DALHOUSIE YESTERDAY

LARGE GATHERING OF ELECTORS YESTERDAY

A Lively Meeting In the Curling Rink in the Afternoon.

GOOD ADDRESSES

Crowd Was Demonstrative and at Times Would Not Let Speakers Proceed.

Yesterday was nomination day, and Dalhousie was crowded with electors from all sections of the county.

At an early hour the crowd began to gather at the court house, in anticipation of participating in the proceedings, which gave every promise of being spicy and unusually interesting.

Returning Officer Timothy Robinson was promptly at his post.

The nomination paper of JAMES REID, of Charlo, merchant, was filed by Hon. C. H. LaBillois.

The nomination paper of William Albert Mott, of the town of Campbellton, barrister, was filed by D. A. Stewart.

There being two names in nomination, a poll was demanded.

At two o'clock the returning officer anounced the names nominated and granted the poll asked for.

At this point in the proceedings, Mr. JAMES REID entered the court house and was received with tremendous applause. As was Mr. Mott, who came in later.

By this time every available seat in the court hause was taken and every inch of standing room was occupied, some being unable to gain an entrance to the building.

W. A. Trueman, Esq., was chosen as chairman.

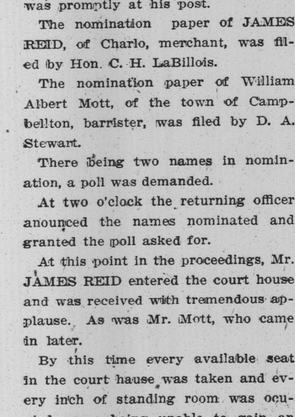
He thanked the meeting for electing him chairman. He asked all to assist him in preserving order and also asked that all the speakers be given a good hearing. A program had been agreed to and a time limit placed on each speaker.

Mayor Montgomery, of Dalhousie, moved that as there was a large number of people outside, who could not possibly gain admittance, that the meeting adjourn to the curling rink, or to the band stand. Carried.

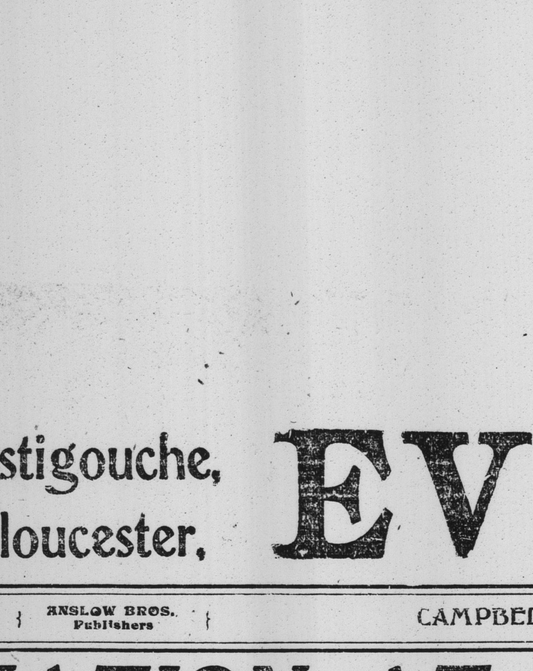
The large curling rink was well filled and the large audience listened to the various speakers patiently, although at times the speakers were interrupted, and time and again, the chairman and speakers had to appeal for British fair play for all.

JAMES REID WAS THE FIRST SPEAKER.

According to previous arrangements,



T. M. BURNS
The Conservative Candidate for Gloucester



O. TURGEON
Liberal Candidate for Gloucester County. Elected in 1904 by a Majority of 1,450.

Mr. James Reid was the first speaker. He was in good form, and made a very good impression. It was not an oration of the polished politician, but a business statement of a business man, told in a manner which carried conviction to every honest elector.

CHEERED TO THE ECHO.

When he arose to speak he was cheered to the echo and many of the large audience rose to their feet as three cheers were given to the popular representative for Restigouche.

He said in part:—

He thanked the electors for the ovation given him. He had great pleasure in acceeding to the request of the Liberal friends, to again be the standard bearer of the great Liberal party. During the many years he had represented the county there was not a transaction upon which his opponents could point with the finger of suspicion. He had no apology to make the opposition. He did not pose as an ideal representative, but he endeavored to do his duty by his constitutncy.

His opposition friends had said that he had done nothing for the county.

Would the people of Matapedia and Flatlands say that he had done nothing? Is the building of the highway bridge at Matapedia nothing. The contract for this had been let and work is now under way. But he regretted that the present local administration had seen fit so far to ignore the promise of its predecessors, and now refused to contribute this province's share to the cost of the work.

Would the people of Campbellton say he had done nothing for the town? What was the post office and customs house like when he was first elected? What was it like today? What was the condition of the port. Why a birch bark canoe could hardly land with safety. Now it had fine docks, where steamers carrying three or four million feet of lumber could load, and was one of the best equipped in the province, with its well lighted channel and its light houses.

Would the people of Dalhousie say that he had done nothing? Go down to the fery wharf and see the big improvements being made. Go to the I. C. R. or public wharf and see what had been done there, and the government have not yet completed the work planned, and much more was to follow Then there was the dredging, etc.

Would the people of Heron Island say that he had done nothing? Go then and hear them tell of the fine wharf which is being built; which will enable them to ship their produce to market.

Would the people of New Mills say he had done nothing? What about the $5,000 which has been voted for the wharf there.

Would the people of Belledune say he had done nothing. Recently he had been to Belledune, and had seen eight fishing schooners riding out a storm to the lee of the fine wharf there.

Would the Restigouche fishermen say that he had done nothing? Was it not a fact that he had obtained permission to have replaced six stands of nets which had been taken up by his friends the Conservatives.

Would the pilots say that he had done nothing? What about the many beacon lights that had been placed along the coast and the gas buoys in the rivers.

NOTHING BUT SLANDERS.

There was no broad issues in the campaign, nothing of a serious nature to engage the attention of the electors. The Conservatives were obliged to resort to a campaign of slander and they were certainly making the most of it.

TRIBUTE TO SIR WILFRID.

He would like to say a few words in defence of his honored leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The leader which had made Canada a nation, the leader who could take his place among the best statesmen of the world, with honor to Canada and himself. The leader who will be returned by an overwhelming majority on the 26th.

FOSTER'S MANY BASE CHARGES

Mr. Borden, the leader of the opposition and Mr. Foster, of Forester fame has issued pamphlets and distributed them throughout Canada, making very grave charges, and accusing the Liberals of wrong-doing. But had he ever proved one of these charges? Has he ever had the courage to stand up in his place in the house and make them? He (Foster) claimed that tenders were opened behind barred doors, that contracts weer awarded to party favorites. This was not true. There had been a number of contracts let for this county, and all had not gone to party friends, but the lowest tenderer always took the work.

OPPOSITION IS HARD TO PLEASE.

It seems difficult to please the opposition. When the South African contingents were sent, they accused the government of feeding them on dog biscuits. When the expedition was sent to the Arctic Seas they accused the government of supplying luxuries to the men.

YEARS OF PROSPERITY.

The government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier had been in power twelve years. Has it not been twelve years of prosperity, of peace and plenty. He wanted to know, from the farmers, if their positions had not been improved under Liberal rule. He wanted to ask the railway men if their positions had not improved under Liberal rule, and he wanted to ask the workingmen the same question. He was sure they would be unanimous in their answer, and admit great improvement.

HIS RECORD BEFORE ELECTORS.

He had been the representative of Restigouche for eight years, and his record was before the electors. He was again looking for their suffrage and if re-elected would do his utmost to continue his work in the interests of Restigouche. (Great applause.)

W. ALBERT MOTT.

W. Albert Mott was the next speaker introduced and on arising to address the assemblage, he was greeted by prolonged cheers. He made an eloquent address, which was, perhaps, more remarkable for its omissions of discussion of local questions, and the length of time devoted to such worn out Conservative scandal stories as the Arctic scandal, so called. He also dealt with the Ottawa platform and the Grand Trunk Pacific, along the same lines as at the public meeting at the Opera House here.

REPEATED OLD STORY.

He repeated his statement that whereas, Sir Wilfrid Laurier had assured the people that the Grand Trunk Pacific would only cost twelve or thirteen millions, that road would, when completed, cost nearly three hundred millions, (he only added fifty millions to his previous statement.)

BELIEVED IN SPENDING MONEY.

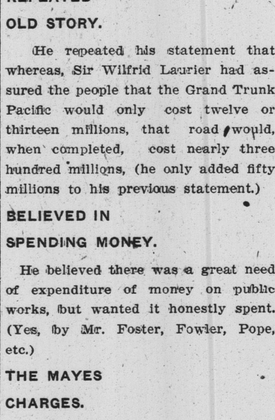
He believed there was a great need of expenditure of money on public works, but wanted it honestly spent. (Yes, by Mr. Foster, Fowler, Pope, etc.)

THE MAYES CHARGES.

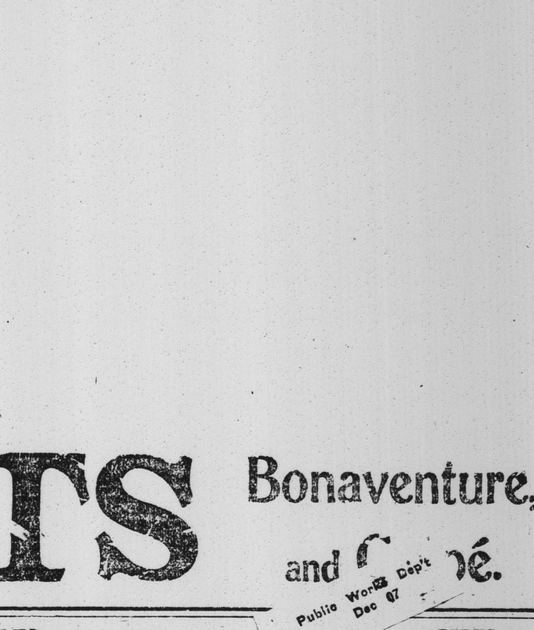
In his remarks in reference to the Mayes affidavit, he proved himself a worthy follower of a worthy, (excuse the term), chief, Mr. Hazen, and endeavored to make the statement that Mr. Pugsley had received this two thousand dollars when he "was a minister of the crown," but he was promptly called to time. Then he intimated that Mr. Pugsley was a party to a rake-off claimed to have been paid to Mr. McAvity, and was again called to time. He ended by stating that the matter of date was not an important one. Mr. Pugsley had received the money and had not denied it or explained it. He was again corrected.

AN APPEAL TO THE ELECTORS.

In concluding his remarks he made an eloquent plea for the support of the "honest" electors of the county. He also predicted a sweep for the Conservatives from coast to coast. (Great applause.)



HON. H. R. EMMERSON
Liberal Candidate for Westmoreland. Elected in 1904 by a Majority of 946.



JAMES REID, M. P.
Liberal Candidate for Restigouche. Elected in 1904 by a Majority of 438.

A. E. G. MACKENZIE.

A. E. G. McKenzie was the next speaker introduced. He effectively replied to Mr. Mott's Arctic scandal by proving that this expedition cost less per man per day than the one sent to the same waters by Mr. Foster when he was finance minister.

ABSURD STATEMENT.

He also showed the absurdity of the assertion that the Grand Trunk Pacific would cost the people of Canada three hundred millions. The government of Canada had only pledged the payment of the interest at 3 per cent per annum for seven years, which would not be a very much larger amount than stated by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, although the cost had been materially increased by the raise in wages and material.

DISTURBED THE MEETING.

[During Mr. McKenzie's remarks a number of Mott rooters, persisted in disturbing the audience.]

A GOOD RECORD

Mr. McKenzie showed that during the leighteen years of Conservative rule the public debt had been increased at the rate of about six and a half millions per year, while in the twelve years of Liberal rule the national debt had only been increased five millions. Mr. Fielding believed in spending a thousand dollars when he received a thousand dollars; the conservatives, under Foster spent twelve hundred dollars when they only received a thousand.

THE MAYES CHARGES.

He was sorry to hear Mr. Mott repeat the false statements uttered by Mr. Hazen at the St. John meeting. Statements which he knew were false.

The note mentioned in the Mayes affidavit as given in 1907, was in fact given two years previously, when Mr. Pugsley was in no way connected with the Public Works Department or the parliament of Canada. This money had been paid Mr. Pugsley for legal services. If this was wrong for Mr. Pugsley, what about Mr. Mott, who, when he took the platform, in his righteous indignation, to speak against the Muskoka land deal, had in his pocket a retainer from Messrs. Currie and Purvis. Was it wrong for Mr. Pugsley, and right for Mr. Mott?

THEN MORE DISTURBANCE.

At this point there was considerable disturbance, caused by a number of Mr. Mott's followers, who persisted in hooting and calling for Mott. The chairman appealed to them in vain, and it was not until Mr. Mott pleaded with his henchmen that order was restored and the speaker proceeded.

LET REID FINISH HIS WORK.

In conclusion he advised the electors to **Allow Mr. Reid to Finish His Work**, in the interests of the county of Restigouche, and the towns of Campbellton and Dalhousie. (Applause.)

ADDRESSES IN FRENCH

Mr. H. A. Cholette, a prominent lawyer of Montreal then proceeded to address the audience in French in behalf of the Liberal party. He was given a fair hearing.

He was followed by Mr. A. T. LeBlanc, also in French in the interests of the Liberals. The policy of obstructain was again continued by Mr. Mott's friends, and Mr. Leblanc had some difficulty in securing a hearing.

AGAIN, MR. MOTT!

Mr. Mott was again given an opportunity of answering Mr. McKenzie's statement of a retainer. He flatly denied that he had received such a sum until Mr. William Currie, who stepped to the platform and stated that he had certainly paid Mr. Mott $100 and Mr. Purvis had also paid him $100.

CURRIE CORNERS MOTT.

Mr. Currie stated that he had receipts to show. Mr. R. M. Currie, who was also present, stated that he had issued the cheque. Being thus

FLATLY FLOORED,

Mr. Mott turned the subject off and proceeded to give a lengthy speech on the dead and buried Muskoka land deal.

COULD GET NO HEARING.

At the conclusion of his remarks, Mr. William Currie asked for an opportunity to say a few words in explanation of his part in the transaction, but the Mott rooters again persisted in shouting and the meeting broke up in disorder.

On emerging from the rink, Mr. Mott was seized by a number of sympathizers, (said to be mostly relatives of his), and carried down to the sidewalk, the bearers staggering under their burden, and which all but proved too much for them.

Thus ended a most lively and interesting meeting.

ONE BOY DIED AND ANOTHER ONE IS INJURED

Assassin Fired on Two Boys While They Were Hunting.

DIED IN HOSPITAL

Other Lad Not Seriously Injured ---Supposed to Have Been Work of a Madman.

(Special News Service.)

MONTREAL, Que., Monday.—Harold Paterson the 17 year old son of Col. A. T. Paterson, died today as a result of wounds inflicted by the assassin who shot at Paterson and another boy at Longueil yesterday.

Young Paterson, and a companion, Gordon West, went on a shooting expedition yesterday, and when passing through the brush adjacent to the town, were confronted by a stranger, who immediately opened fire upon the boys.

Paterson received the contents of the discharge in the chest and the doctors pronounced the wounds serious, and the patient was removed to the hospital in this city where he succumbed to his injuries today.

West is not seriously injured, but is very weak from loss of blood. The shooting is supposed to be the freak of a mad man and everly effort is being made to locate the murderer.

"Under Liberal rule Canada not only shines on this continent, but is recognized in all parts of the civilized world."

BIG GAME HUNTERS ARE WELL PLEASED.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Saturday.—Mr. D. G. Brown, a prominent broker of Boston, Mass., spent some days in the woods in Cain's River, with Guide Arthur Evans, of Zionville, York County. Mr. Burns returned to Fredericton on Saturday after a very successful hunt. He shot a nice moose with antlers of about fifty inch spread. His trip had been a most pleasant one, the weather being very fine, and he saw a large number of moose on his trip.

"Every working man should remember what Mr. Reid has accomplished. When work was needed at Dalhousie he urged the government to undertake the necessary improvements to the harbor immediately, and this was done giving employment to a large number of men."

FOR FIFTY CENTS.

The Morning Graphic to any address from date to January 1st, 1909 for fifty cents. Now that the election campaign is on, all who desire to follow the issues of the day should SUBSCRIBE.

GIRL WANTED.—A girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply at once to MRS. H. B. ANSLOW, Campbellton.

HON. R. LEMIEUX
Postmaster General. Candidate for Gaspe. Elected by Acclamation 1904.