

The Granite Town Greetings

VOL. 4

St. George, N. B., Wednesday January 27, 1909.

No. 30

CLEARANCE SALE

Commences February 1st

Ladies Coats
Dress SkirtsLadies Shirtswaists
Misses SkirtsLadies and Children's Hosiery
Boots and Shoes

J. SUTTON CLARK,

St. George, N. B.

AT

H. McGrattan
& SonsCorn
Corn
Corn1000 Bushels to Arrive
Watch This Space

COUNTY COUNCIL

The county council convened on Tuesday, with every councillor in attendance. The following representatives were present:

St. Andrews—J. C. McLean, W. H. McLaughlin.

St. David—John Webber, H. B. Beuch.

St. Patrick—James McMillan, J. M. Brown.

St. Croix—C. B. Lawrence, David Thomson.

St. George—G. W. McKay, A. B. Hawkins.

St. Stephen—John A. Grant, Wm. D. Black.

St. John—Frank A. Mitchell.

St. James—C. D. Goodill, C. E. McCann.

St. Clare—John Bryton, John W. Scott.

St. John's—F. P. Hunter, Ernest Dufferin.

St. James—James H. Ward, E. A. McNeill.

St. George—Norman McLean, C. P. Harvey.

St. James—B. McGowan, Edgar B. Levesque.

St. John—James A. Calder, J. W. Matthews.

St. George—Wm. Hickey, Walter Maxwell.

St. Stephen—R. W. Grimmer.

St. Andrews—T. R. Wren.

St. David—H. McAllister.

St. George—H. R. Lawrence.

St. John—James A. Calder, J. W. Matthews.

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St. John—James A. Calder, J. W. Matthews.

St. George—Wm. Hickey, Walter Maxwell.

The New St. Mark's Church
Completed

A BEAUTIFUL EDIFICE

Old St. Marks Built in 1823 and Consecrated in 1826

St. George is a God-fearing community and each sect is active in its own way, in testifying allegiance to the Supreme Being and in doing the good work of religion.

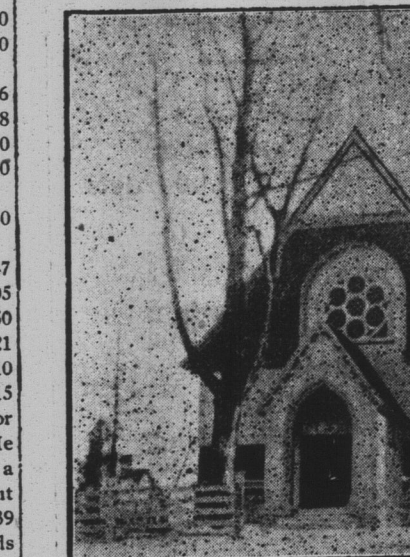
It would appear to be the aim of the different religions of the town, to devote to the service of God, buildings that are creditable and not ostentatious. There is no town in the Province, which, proportionately to its size, excels St. George in church structures that are more adequate, comfortable and adapted for the cause of religion.

During the past year the Episcopal congregation have erected the maximum of their efforts to the erection and completion of an attractive new church, a noteworthy event in the religious history of St. George. Since 1823 the scope of the work of St. Mark's church has been broadening, as is shown in the following brief history:

Old St. Marks was built in 1823, at the beginning of the incumbency of the Rev. Samuel Thomson, first Rector of the Parish of St. George.

It was consecrated on July 26th, 1826 by the Right Rev. John Inglis, Bishop of Nova Scotia. At a meeting of the corporation held on the 12th of April, 1830, a resolution was passed empowering the church wardens "to build to the present church, a porch or spire."

It is I. Lynds, the present incumbent was not until 1836, however, that the appointed.



NEW ST. MARK'S CHURCH, BUILT 1908

Mr. Goodwin Sparks, one of our oldest citizens, talks very interestingly of matters in connection with the old church he informs us that Thos. Murray was the first contractor, the additions afterwards all being built by Wm. Boyd. Before the steeple was built, a small bell hung in a belfry, this bell was rung by taking hold of the tongue, with the hand, and it was decided to build the steeple the belfry was taken off, and for years, was used as a well-house over a well near the home now occupied by C. H. McCree. The bells were cut on the place on which the Delman family now live, by Thos. Sparks and hauled by Mayor Fishart.

During the pastorate of Mr. Thompson he resided in the Curry house, on the site now occupied by the house of Mayor Lawrence.

It will be of interest to members of the church to add the following, from the last report of the late lamented Rev. R. E. Smith:

"For nearly forty years I have been connected as a missionary with the old D. C. S., which has lately been merged into the Diocesan Synod, ten years as assistant minister in St. Andrews, and nearly thirty years in St. George and Pennfield.

It will not be out of place to give a concise resume of my work during that period.

Since undertaking my present mission I have had both churches repaired and modernized. During the first eighteen months of my incumbency the fine rectory in which we live was built; \$300 of the \$3,000 required was collected in the church. In those days we generally collected about \$200 yearly for the D. C. S. In connection with this I might mention the name of the late Mrs. Joshua Knight, who was our yearly collector. To her this duty was a labor of love, and faithfully she fulfilled it.

Referring to my record, I find that I have baptised 880 persons; 410 persons have been confirmed; 179 marriages have been celebrated, and I have performed over 420 bodies the last sad obsequies of the dead. What a large congregation these would form if all brought together, equal to about four or more of my usual congregations! During the same period I have held 6,283 services, and have given 6,283 sermons and addresses. The first record I have of communicants is eighty-seven, the present number about 130.

Thus the church reached the proportions with which the younger generation of St. George is familiar.

It was torn down in the summer of 1907 to make room for a larger structure. It will be seen that all the pastors were eminent religious workers of distinction, and the results of their efforts have been manifested by the gains that have been made from their labors.

Owing to the unremitting efforts of Rev. H. I. Lynds, the present pastor, ably aided by N. Meating, A. C. Toy, Jas. Jack, Geo. A. Craig and H. R. Lawrence who constituted the building committee, the present beautiful building has been erected. The design of the building is awe inspiring in its very simplicity. It is architecturally handsome and pervaded by an air of sincere piety.

In 1846 it was decided "that the church be enlarged 22 feet upon the east end." This resolution was not acted upon until 1851, when Rev. Mr. McGivern, who had succeeded the Rev. Mr. Thomson as rector in 1849, renewed the project when it was carried forward to completion.

In 1853 the first organ was installed in the church, having been procured by His Lordship the Bishop of the Diocese in England.

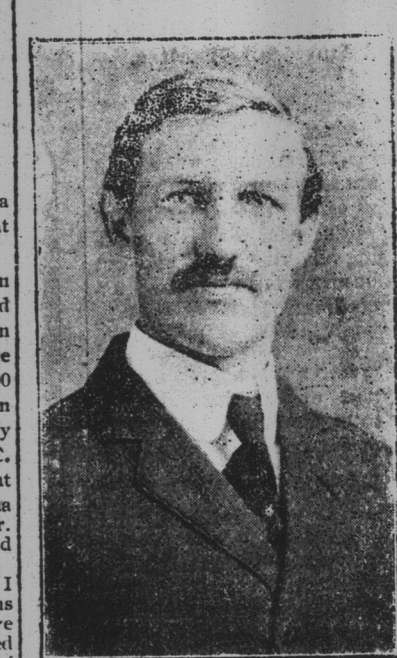
At a meeting of the Corporation held on the 21st of April, 1862, a resolution for further enlarging the church was presented. During the summer of that year the church was enlarged by the building of an additional 23 feet to the east end.

In 1868 Rev. R. E. Smith was appointed rector. No changes were made to the exterior during his incumbency. Mr. Smith died in 1899 and was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Mainman who discharged the duties of rector until 1901 when Rev. H. I. Lynds, the present incumbent was appointed.

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REV. H. I. LYND

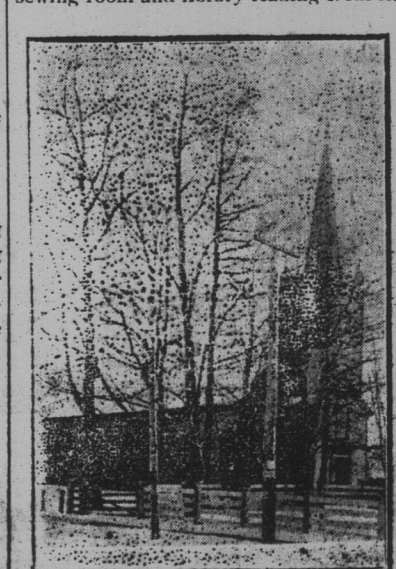
Mr. J. T. C. McKean was the architect, and J. H. Nesbitt & Son the builders. The whole work was under the personal supervision of Mr. E. M. Nesbitt, who comes of a family of mechanics, his father, grandfather, and brothers all being skillful workers in wood. The contractors were well equipped for carrying on this work successfully, had a large crew of men, specially selected, and everything that was done was of the highest order of workmanship. We understand that Mr. E. M. Nesbitt will leave shortly for one of the centres of activity in the west, and we are sure such an enterprising, hustling and reliable business man will "make good" in any community in which he may cast his lot.



MR. E. M. NESBITT

The building has a splendid stone basement, walls are of rubble stonework, 22 inches thick and 12 feet high executed in red granite, with angle quoins, window and door jams in brick.

From the stonework up, the building is a frame structure, the large roof of the nave being supported by 3 hammer beam trusses, all of Georgia pine. The length of the building is 90 ft. 9 in. and width 32 ft. 4 in. The basement has a splendid school room, size 34 ft. x 49 ft. with fuel, sewing room and library leading from it.



OLD ST. MARK'S CHURCH, BUILT 1823

The basement is entered through the tower having a vestibule and porch to pass through before gaining access to the room.

The nave is entered through an annex on the front, having stone steps and concrete landings, it is also necessary to pass through vestibule and porch before entering the nave. There is a side entrance for the minister which enters the vestry.

The tower is 17 ft. square and retains the size to the height of 60 ft., above this it is roofed, and with final, rises to the height of 30 ft. more. The nave is 35 ft. x 50 ft. and is 40 ft. from floor to apex of roof, the entire ceiling is sheathed with white spruce, panelled off with 6x12 Georgia pine panicles, and all finished in natural state.

The windows are all glazed with cathedral glass, giving a very restful and pleasing effect to the eye.

The seats were secured and set in place by the contractors, and are in themselves a splendid piece of work, being made in ash, with dark finish, they correspond with the stained and natural woodwork.

\$100 REWARD, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

His Most Foolish Action

(From the New York Times)

It is our impression that the very great majority of Mr. Theodore Roosevelt's fellow citizens look upon this libel suit as the weakest and most foolish action of his public career. He has denounced men as liars, he had proclaimed some of his fellow citizens to be undesirable, he has put whole classes of the industrious people of this nation under the ban by his denunciations. He has affirmed guilt where the courts have found innocence. Surely a man who has brought the bludgeon down upon so many defenceless heads ought not to holler for the police when he is jabbed with a goose quill.