PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA

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New] **The Head Quarters,** $\frac{1}{2}$ [Series.

OR

LITERARY, POLITICAL, AND COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

WILLIAM GRIGOR, Editor. "CHERISH RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT, AND BRITISH CONNEXION." [JAMES P. A. PHILLIPS, Proprietor

VOLUME III.] FREDERICTON, N. B., FEBRUARY 18, 1846. [WHOLE No. 137

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

Bank of British North America.
FREDERICTON BRANCH.

GEORGE TAYLOR, Esq.—MANAGER.

DISCOUNT DAYS, *Wednesday and Saturday.*

Bills intended for Discount must be left at the Office on Tuesdays and Fridays.

N. B.—The NOTES of this Branch are redeemed *at par*, at all the Branches and Agencies of the *Bank of British North America* in CANADA.

Central Bank of New Brunswick.
W. J. BEDELL, - - - *President.*
SAM. W. BABBIT, - - *Cashier.*

DISCOUNT DAYS, *Tuesdays and Fridays.*

Bills or Notes for Discount must be left at the Bank on Mondays and Thursdays.

☞ The NOTES of this Bank are redeemed at the CITY BANK, Quebec, at par.

Central Fire Insurance Company of N. Brunswick
MONTHLY COMMITTEES.

DIRCTORS FOR FEBRUARY 1846:—*John S. Coy, and Thomas Stewart.*

Protection Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CONNETICUT.

F. W. HATHEWAY, AGENT, *Fredericton*

CLOTHS, &c.

The Subscribers intend to keep a good Stock of Cloths, and other Merchandise on hand, for Sale, and now offer to the Public:

WOOL and piece dyed black, Invisible Green, Oxford Mixed, Mulberry, Steel mixed, Olive, Green, Scarlet, Blue and Brown Superfine BROAD CLOTHS;
One piece 7-4 drab Devonshire KERSEY;
Diamond, figured, Invisible Green, Olive Beaverled CLOTHS;
Grey mixed, brown, blue, drab, and Rifle green Beaver Cloths;
Blue and drab Pilot Cloths, from 3s. to 12s. 6d. per yard, blue and drab Flushings;
Wool and piece black, blue, drab, grey, oxford mixed. and plaided Cassimeres;
Drab, blue, black, green, brown, and oxford mixed Kerseys;
Black, fancy striped and corded Doeskins;
Mixed and all wool Tweeds;
Satinetts and Cassinetts;
13 pieces all wool and mixed Cloakings;
Red, white, yellow, Saxony and Salisbury Flannels;
Red, white and green Serges; Coburgh Cloths;
Cashmeres; Orleans; Alpacas;
Merinoes, Satin, Paisley Cashmere, Thibet and woolen Shawls;
Scotch, Kidderminster, and Stair Carpetings;
Fancy printed Druggets; crumb Cloths;
Baizes: Blankets; Hearth Rugs;
Ready made WINTER CLOTHING;
Gentlemens' fine Satin and Fur Hats; Fur Caps;
MUFFS and BOAS; with an extensive variety of

COTTON AND LINEN GOODS,

Large assortments of Hardware and Earthenware,

American Live Geese Feathers,

American Superfine Genesee and Scratch FLOUR, (from new Wheat;) Corn Meal; Rye Flour; American Pork; Shad and Herrings; Teas, Sugars, and other *Groceries.*

Paints, Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Varnish, Lamp Oils; Glass, Putty; Pine Tar, Pitch, Rosin. About 300 pieces best quality Grindstone, &c., &c.

GAYNOR & THOMPSON

Fredericton, Nov. 1, 1845.

MORE WINTER GOODS.

JUST received per Ships "*Marshal Bennet,*" from London, and "*Caledonia*" from Liverpool, an additional supply of

Gents' Superfine black & blue Frock COATS,
do. Pilot Cloth, Chesterfield Coats,
do. strong Pea Coats,
do. do. Extra Monkeys.
do. do. Pantaloons, (assorted qualities,)
do. black Cloth do. do. do..
do. do. Vests, double & single breasted,
Boys' Coats, Pants, and Vests, in variety,
do. blue Cloth Jackets, in do.,
ALSO,—A lot of Gents' Cloth Over Shoes,
do. Ladies' Carpet Slippers,
do. do. Seal Ties and Slips,
do. Childrens' Seal Ancle Ties,
do. do. coloured do.,
do. Womens' Webb Slippers.
ON HAND,—A good lot of Blankets, Counterpanes, &c.,
do. Canada Close Stoves,
do. Stovepipes, 5, 6, & 7 inches,
Sheet Iron, for making Stovepipes, with rivets;
Tin Plates, DX, DC, IX, IC; Iron Wire;
Horse Clothing, and Horse Blankets,
Carpeting, Drugget and Crumb Cloth,
Scarlet and green Baize, hearth Rugge,
A good lot of red and white Flannel,
Scarlet, blue, & crimson Moreen, & Fringe to match;
A good lot of white and grey Cotton,
Woolen Scarfs, Shawls, and Handkerchiefs,
do. Cloaking, and Union ditto,
Coburg Cloths, Orleans, and Galla Plaids,
Plain and figured Satins, all colours.
Turc Satin—black, claret, crimson, and purple;
Silks—black, white, and coloured;
Silk Velvets—black, green, claret, blue, and plaid;
Satin and Lutestring Ribbons, in variety;
Plain and figured Persians, all colours;
Scarlet and black Silk Serges,
Gimps, Fringes, Gloves, and Hosiery,
Black, white, and green Crape,
Black, green and blue Braze,
Ladies' sewed Muslin Caps, Collars, and Habit Shirts,
Infants' sewed fancy Caps
Blonds, Quillings, Cap Lace and Borderings.

HARDWARE.

An extensive assortment of wrought and cut Nails, Spikes, Brads and Tacks, Cast Steel, Blistered Steel, and Iron, assorted; Pots, Bake Kettles, Tea Kettles and Saucepans, assorted; Knives, Forks, Scissors, Carvers, Steels; Locks, Latches, Hinges and Screws, all sizes; Carpenters' Tools, Shoemakers' Tools.
A good assortment of Brass Ware;
do. do. Glass do.;
do. do. Earthenware.
Loaf and crushed Sugar, Teas, Coffee, and other Groceries; Pickled Herrings, Codfish, Rye Flour, and a number of other articles, all offered for Sale at the lowest prices by

ROBERT CHESTNUT.

Fredericton, Dec. 16, 1845.

HEALTH & COMFORT.

THE Subscriber has just received a superior lot of Ladies' and Gents' over Boots and Shoes, which are warranted to keep the feet dry and warm in the Winter season.
ALSO, Ladies' fine Cloth Boots, Carpet Slips.; Kidd and Satin Opera Slips.; House Slips.; &c.
Girls' Cloth Boots, and over Boots, with a first rate assortment of Shoes and Slippers;
Boys' Boots, Bootees, Buskins, Pumps, and Slippers;
Gents' Fancy Dress Boots and Shoes of every description, with a first rate assortment of every article in the trade.

S. K. FOSTER.

Fredericton, Dec. 17, 1845.

FREDERICTON BOOK STORE.

Just Received per SHIP ROBERTSON, *a large assortment of* STATIONERY, *which is the remaining part of the Subscriber's fall stock, among which are the following articles:—*

PAPER.

Medium, Demy, Foolscap, Post, Pot and Note, ruled; Plain, Gilt Edged, Black, Blue, Pink, Border, Copying Post; Letter Paper, ruled three sides, Tissue Paper; White and Coloured Blotting, Music, Rice, Marble, Drawing, Catridge and Wrapping *PAPERS.*

BOOKS.

A large assortment of School Books, such as are in general use throughout the Province; Bibles, Testaments, Prayer Books, Hymn Books, Music Books. Flute and Violin Instructors. Ladies' ALBUMS and Scrap Books, beautifully bound embossed and gilt; with a large assortment of Religious. Literary, Historical, Scientific and Juvenile Books.

BLANK BOOKS.

Ledgers, Journals, Day, Cash, Letter and Invoice Books; Copying, Receipt and Bill Books; Quire Books Ruled, Faint, and Red and Faint; Memorandum Books

ALSO—Envelopes. Official; ditto assorted sizes; Plain Black and Pink bordered CARD BOARDS; White and Coloured, plain, peforated ditto; *CARDS*, Visiting and Business, Plain, Enamelled, Black Edged, Black Bordered and Fancy Peforated; *WAFERS*, Red, Black, Initial, Gold and Motto; Sealing Wax, Red and Black; *QUILLS*, a large assortment; *INKSTANDS*, Ebony, Bronze, Pewter, Glass, Fountain, and Cut Glass with screw top; PARCHMENT, Prepared 28x32 24x28 20x24; Shoemaker's Binding SKINS, Roan Skins, assorted do for Findings; *WRITING INKS* of the very best quality, (P. & J.) Arnold's Writing Fluid, Copying and Steel Pen Inks, INK POWDERS; STEEL PENS, a large assortment of the best quality, Steel Pen Holders, LEAD PENCILS, Airey's and Morden's best drawing, Common ditto; Water Colours, Rulers, Mathematical Instruments, Gunter Scales, Compasses; Pocket, Desk, and Erasing KNIVES; Scissors, Razors and Strops, Tapar Stands, Wax Tapers, Silver Pencil Cases, Leads for ditto, Hair, Cloth, Tooth and Nail BRUSHES; Came Hair Brushes, Dressing COMBS, Torto'se Shell Side Combs, Card Cases, Ladies' Companions, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Gent's DRESSING CASES, Leather and Rose Wood, Brass bound and furnished Portfolios with and without Locks, Tablets, Letter Clips, Pocket Books, Fancy Soap and Perfumery, Flutes and Fife, Violin Strings, Pink Tape, Silk Register, India Rubber, Slates and Pencils with a variety of other articles not enumerated above.

☞ Books of every description bound to order; and Copper Plate Card Printing executed at moderate charges.

ALSO, A FEW SPLENDID ENGRAVINGS.

HENRY S. BEEK,
Queen Stree

Fredericton, Nov. 19, 1845.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
FREDERICTON BOOK STORE.

JUST RECEIVED, and for Sale, a large assortment of **PIANO FORTE MUSIC,** and the **Boston Academy of Church Music.**

THE NATIONAL ATLAS, of Historical, Commercial, and Political Geography, constructed from the most secent and authentic sources, by Alexander Kieth Johnston, F. R. G. S. accompanied by Maps and Illustrations of the Physical Geography of the Globe, by Dr. Heinrich Berchaus, and an Ethnographic Map of Europe, by Dr. Custaf Kombst.

H. S. BEEK.

Queen Street, Nov. 19, 1845.

FLOUR, TOBACCO, &c.

Received this day, per schr. "*Woodlands.*" from Boston:—

110 BARRELS Ohio Superfine FLOUR; 110 do. Genessee do. do.
22 boxes Cavendish TOBACCO 8's & 16's.
3 cases best quality do.; 25 barrels Onions.

J. R. CRANE.

St. John, December, 26, 1845.

UPPER LEATHER.

A LARGE quantity of a superior description for Sale by

WILLIAM F. BARKER.

Fredericton, Dec. 17, 1845.

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.

THE Subscriber has on hand a large Stock of *DRY GOODS*, which with an assortment of *Hardware Groceries* and *Provisions*, will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce.

F. W. HATHEWAY,
Corner of Queen and Regent Streets.

Fredericton, January 21, 1846.

N. B.—Constantly on hand;—Rowland's Improved Philadelphia MILL SAWS.

Received per late Arrivals.

BRANDY, Geneva, Demerara Rum and small Still Whiskey, of superior quality, prices low. ALSO, Oils, Teas, and a general stock of Groceries. Hotel Keepers supplied on reasonable terms.

ALSO—For Sale, Whip Thongs Jockey, Sleigh, Parsee and Cart Whips.

ALSO.—Buckles, Brushes, Curry Combs, Webs and a quantity of Carpet Bags.

The Subscribers have also a Superior fixture Thrashing Machine—was imported at a heavy expense sometime since—and which they will now dispose of at a low rate. It can be seen at William D. Nash's Esquire, Poquiock. Terms Liberal.

W. H. KENDALL & NASH.

P. S.—Always on hand a large Consignment of Patent and Vegetible Medicines, such as are usually required.

Fredericton, December, 10 1845.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. James Taylor, Senr. & Company, having assigned all their real and personal Estate, Debts and Effects of every nature and description to the Subscribers, notice is hereby given to all persons having any property of the said Estate in their hands or under their control, to deliver to and account for the same, with the Subscribers or with James or John F. Taylor, at Fredericton, who have been employed by the Subscribers, under the provision of the said Deed, to assist us in the management of said Estate; and we hereby notify all Debtors of said Estate to make immediate payment of the Debts due to them, to some or one of us, or to the said James or John F. Taylor, at the office of the Trustees, being the office lately occupied by Messrs. James Taylor, Senr. & Co., in Fredericton, and if immediate payments or satisfactory arrangements are not made by the Debtors, respectively, without delay, all matters unarranged will, without distinction, be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection.

(Signed) A. SMITHERS.
JOHN POLLOK.
WM. A. McLEAN.
BENJ'N WOLHAUPTER.

Fredericton, Sept. 24. 1845

Administration Notice.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of William Franks, late of the City of Fredericton, County of York, Tailor, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested, within three months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make *immediate* payment to

ELIZABETH FRANKS,
Sole Administratrix.

Fredericton, January 24, 1846.

N. B.—The Widow Franks and her daughter, would respectfully intimate, that they intend continuing the Tailoring Business at their residence near the Baptist Chapel, and they hope for the kind favors of their friends and a sympathizing Public.

King's College Hebdomadary.
FOR LENT TERM.

Beginning on Thursday, January 8, 1846.

DIVINITY, with the original languages of the Holy Scriptures, on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday. MORAL PHILOSOPHY, on Friday, } at 9 A. M.

CLASSICAL LITERATURE, viz:

Thucydides, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday,
Cicero *de Finibus*, on Tuesday and Thursday, } at 10 A. M.

Aristotle's Rhetoric, to be followed by the Ethics, on Monday, Wedneday, and Friday,
Juvenal, on Tuesday, and Thursday, } at 11 A. M.

Herodotus, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday,
Livy, on Tuesday and Thursday, } at 12.

MATHEMATICAL AND NATURAL PHILOSOPHY, viz:

Elements of Geometry, on Monday Wednesday, and Friday,
Elements of Algebra, on Tuesday and Thursday, } at 10 A. M.

Spherical Trigonometry, with its application to Navigation and Astronomy, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday,
Algebra on Tuesday and Thursday, } at 11 A. M.

Differential Calculus, on Monday and Wednesday,
Mechanics, on Tuesday and Thursday,
Astronomy, on Friday, } at 12.

CHEMISTRY, on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 1 P. M.

MODERN LANGUAGES. viz:

French, on Monday and Friday, at 2 P. M
Italian, Spanish, and German, by special appointment.

COMPOSITION, in English and Latin.

The subjects to be proposed on Saturday, at 10 A. M. and the Exercises delivered on the following Friday.

E. JACOB, *Vice-President.*

Landed Property.

FOR SALE,
Or To Let from the first of May next.

THE Dwelling HOUSE and Premices in *King Street* lately owned by John Fradsham, and now in the occupation of W. H. Kendall. Apply to William Jarvis Esquire, Saint John, or at the Office of the subscriber, in Fredericton.

E. H. WILMOT.

Fredericton, February, 7, 1846.—tf.

TO LET.

THAT HOUSE and Premises in King Street, Fredericton, owned by the Rev. Dr. Sommervill, and now occupied by Messrs. Clarke & Estabrooks. Possession given on 1st May, 1846. Apply to

ROBERT GOWAN.

Fredericton, February 4, 1846.—tf.

COTTAGE FOR SALE,
or to let for a term of years.

THE subscriber offers for sale, or to let for a term of years, the new and thoroughly finished COTTAGE, situated on the corner of *Charlotte & Regent Streets*, lately occupied by CAPTAIN WILLIAMSON, of the 33rd Regt. There is on the premises an excellent Stable and other Out Houses, a good Garden, a superior Well of WATER, and other conveniences. It is seldom that a Property possessing so many advantages has been offered for sale in this City. For further particulars apply to the Subscriber.

J. WILLOX.

Fredericton, Jan. 21, 1846.

FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE and Premises on the corner of Brunswick and Westmorland Streets, in which the subscriber now resides. Possession will be given at any time it may be required. For particulars apply to.

JAMES P. A. PHILLIPS.

Fredericton, Dec. 10, 1845.

FOR SALE.

The House and premises at the upper end of the City of Fredericton, and now in occupation of Mr. William Everitt, Tavern Keeper. Apply to

G. F. H. MINCHIN.

January 28.1846.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THE House and premises in Brunswick Street, recently occupied by Capt. Poulden, Royal Artillery Apply to

ASA COY.

Fredericton. Sept. 30, 1845.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THAT valuable and finely situated Block of LAND, in the City of Fredericton, between the Church Square and the Province Hall, having thereon, besides small building a large comfortable and conveniently arranged dwelling house, formerly the residence of the late Peter Frazer, Esq. If not sold by private sale before Tuesday the 9th day of June next, it will then be offered at Public Aubtion in five separate lots. A plan of the premises may be seen on application at the Office of D. Ledlow Robinson, Esq.

B. ROBINSON,
Executor to the Estate of the late Peter Frazer, Esq.

Fredericton, Jan. 15, 1846.

Valuable Freehold Property For Sale.

THAT valuable property on which Mr. S. B. Smith now resides, situate on the Madam Keswick Stream in the Parish of Douglas, formerly owned by Jonathan Sisson, containing 500 acres, more or less.

There are from 50 to 60 acres of good intervale on the place, the upland is of a good quality, and well covered with a mixture of hard and soft wood, and a large quantity of valuable spruce lumber suitable for deal logs. There are from 60 to 70 acres cleared and under fence, the Hay annually cut amounts to about 35 to 40 tons. There is also a large extent of tillage and pasture land, a good House, two Barns, shed and out buildings, and every convenience for a farmer.

The property will be sold at a reasonable price, and payments made easy.

Any person desirous of becoming a purchaser would find it worth his while to look at and examine the premises. For further particulars Enquire of

W. J. BEDELL.

Fredericton, January 27, 1846.

EARTHENWARE.

Landing this day ex "Schoodiac" from Liverpool:

62 CRATES of well assorted *EARTHENWARE*, expressly for country trade.

St. John Oct 30. J. R. CRANE.

Bank of British North America.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

THE Court of Directors hereby give Notice, that a Half-Yearly Dividend, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, on the Capital of the Bank, will become payable to the Proprietors of Shares registered in the Colonies, on and after the 5th day of March, 1846, during the usual hours of business, at the several Branch Banks, as announced by Circular to the respective parties.

The Dividend is declared in Sterling money, and will be payable at the rate of Exchange current, on the 5th day of March, 1846, to be fixed by the Local Boards.

No Transfers can be made between the 18th of February and the 5th of March, as the Books must be closed during that period.

By Order of the Court
(Signed) G. DEB. ATTWOOD,
Secretary.

Central Bank of New Brunswick.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockolders of this Bank will be holden at the Banking House on Monday the 2nd March next to commence at twelve o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing nine Directors to serve for the ensuing year, pursuable to the act of incorporation, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before it.

W. J. BEDELL,
President.

Fredericton, Jan. 31, 1845.

MESSRS. SIMMONDS & WARD, 6, Barge Yard, Bucklersberry, London, having been appointed special Agnts for the supply of this beautifully illustrated paper to the Colonies, feel pleasure in calling the attention of the Public to the following important announcement first issued by the Proprietors, and would at the same time especially urge upon Subscribers, the necessity for an early transmission of their Subscriptions, through the local Agent, to insure a participation in the liberal premiums offered.

THOUSANDS OF POUNDS STERLING GIVEN AWAY!!!

THE PICTORIAL TIMES

TO THE PUBLIC.

We purpose to give to one of each class of 10,000 of ANUAL SUBSCRIBERS the sum of ONE THOSAND POUNDS sterling, upon the following plan:—

Each ANNUAL SUBSCRIBER to the "PICTORIAL TIMES," when he pays his subscription, will have a Recipt bearing a Number. To the Subscriber to our Newspaper who shall hold the Number corresponding with that which will entitle the Subscriber to the ART-UNION on the Drawing

IN APRIL, 1846,

To the FIRST-DRAWN LARGEST PRIZE,

WE WILL PAY

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS STERLING

on producing his receipt at our office; and also the like sum of £1,000 to our Subscriber whose Receipt shall bear the same Number with 10,000 added to it; and so forward, a sum of £1,000 for every additional 10,000 Subscribers.

For instance, supposing No. 256, to obtain the FIRST-DRAWN LARGEST PRIZE of the ART-UNION, then the Subscriber to the PICTORIAL TIMES whose Receipt bears the

No. 256 will receive the first £1,000.
No. 10,256 " the second £1,000.
No. 20,256 " the third £1,000.
No. 30,256 " the fourth £1,000.
No. 40,256 " the fifth £1,000.

and so on FOR EVERY TEN THOUSAND SUBSCRIBERS A GIFT OF

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS.

The Annual Subscription to this beautifully Illustrated Newspaper, containing, weekly, from 20 to 30 Engravings, and all the news of the week, is *twenty six shillings and six pence*; and it will be perceived that parties subscribing may obtain the sum of £1,000 upon the above plan, which is an unconditional GIFT upon our part, *without any consideration of any sort whatever.*

Subscriptions can be paid to Mr. James P. A. Phillips, Fredericton, price 30s. per annum, payable in advance.

☞ Orders should be given immediately, to commence the new year, and secure this elegant production, which, when bound, forms two beautiful volumes containing 1,5000 Engravings, most valuable information, and all The news of the year.

CARD.

DR. Samuel G. Woodforde, M. D., has removed to the House occupied by Mr. Wm. Morgan, in King Street, nearly opposite the Methodist Church, in this City.

February 12, 1846.

FOR SALE,
And Possession given on the First of May next,

THE House in which the Subscriber now resides, on the corner of Westmorland and Brunswick Streets.

ALSO,—The House and Barn above Philis' Creek, and adjoining the property of the Hon. Thomas Baillie, known as the HERMITAGE; together with 16½ Acres of Land, under a high state of cultivation, being formerly a part of Sheriff Winslow's property.

CORNELIUS LOWRY.

Fredericton, Feb. 11, 1846.

Cental Fire Insurance Company of New Brunswick.

THE Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company, will be holden at their Office, in Fredericton, on Tuesday, the 3d day of March next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be legally brought forward, agreeably to the Act of Incorporation.

B. WOLHAUPTER.
President.

Fredericton, Feb. 9, 1846.

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Sockholders of the New Brunswick Steam Boat Company, will be holden in Fredericton, on Wednesday the 25th day of February next, in Mr. Minchin's Brick Building, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing a Committee for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought forward, agreably to the Deed of settlement.

F. W. HATHEWAY.
Chairman.

Fredericton, Jan. 26, 1846.

In the matter of the Estate of James E. Perley

TO be Sold on Saturday, the twenty-eighth day of February instant, at the hour of noon, at the Office of B. W. HAMMOND, Esquire, in Fredericton, all the remaining outstanding Debts due the said Estate, and all the interest of the Creditors therein.

GEO HAYWARD,
JAMES HALE, } *Trustees.*
B. W. HAMMOND.

Fredericton, Feb. 4, 1846.

RESPERATORS.

A FEW Patent *Resperators* to be had of F. W. Hatheway, who from three year's experience, can recommend the article to all those who are troubled with weak lungs, or by inhaling cold or damp air.

Fredericton, Jan. 21. F. W. HATHEWAY.

CANVASS & SAIL TWINE—62 Bolts best extra Navy Canvass, No. 1 to 6; 620 lbs. Sail Twine—for sale low by

ADAMS & KETCHUM.

St. John, Jan. 6.

NOTICE THIS.

CATHERINE THOMAS, or the daughter of the undersigned, who was left by her father about twenty years ago, in the care of Richard Edmond, about eleven miles from Baltimore, on the York Road, in the State of Maryland, will receive a handsome sum of Money by coming to see her Father, who now resides in Cardigan, York County, in the Province of New Brunswick.

WILLIAM THOMAS.

Fredericton, July 12th, 1845.—6m.

SIR CHARLES METCALFE IN CANADA.
Extracts from the Colonial Magazien.

"It is not in the terror of the law, or in the might of our armies that the secure and honorable bond of connexion is to be found. It exists in the beneficial operation of the British Institutions which link the utmost developement of freedom and civilization with the stable authority of an heriditary monarchy, and which, if rightly organized and fairly administered in the Colonies, as in Great Britain, would render a change of institutions only an additional evil to the loss of the protection and commerce of the British Empire."—*Report of the Earl of Darham.*

Responsible Government for Colonies, say some, its opponents from the outset, has proved itself the folly we always said it was. It has been tried, and is a failure. The having conceded it to our North American Colonies is hurrying on their last struggle for independence—has absolutely sealed their fate as dependencies of the Empire—has rendered it next to impossible to refuse its early concession to our other Colonies, and has thus made the danger of our soon loosing them also more eminent than ever. Others again, of old its lukewarm or less zealous friends, without quite believing in, still cannot wholly disbelieve these prophesyings of evil. The confidence that is not based on full information and settled views, is always ever apt to give place to apprehension. They more than admit the case to be a doubtful one, and rather wish than think its dangers overstated. A third class, still advocates of Colonial Responsible Government, admit to themselves with regret that perhaps the event may prove the system to have been given in British North America too late or too grudgingly to prevent evils which previous mismanagement had made inevitable; and lament the possibility there is that a failure so occasioned may now be set down to the wrong cause, may not only carry back the public mind to its old habit of indifference to Colonies, but impress upon it a settled aversion to Colonial free government, and thus most seriously prejudice Colonial interests, by preventing or long postponing that consummation so devoutly to be wished for—the establishment by the national voice of an enterprising, enlightened, and comprehensive system of Colonial policy.

For my own part, all the observation and thought I have been able to give the subject, leads me to rank myself with those who least of all incline to these misgivings. It may be rash to say too confidently that it is impossible for the experiment of Responsible Government to fail in any of our Colonies. It was not tried in Canada till after the case had been proclaimed desperate without it; and even then its failure is not as yet so much as probable. Neither there or any where else can it be the cause of failure. In every Colony, without exception, we must try it, sooner or later, unless we mean to throw away all chance of success.

It may be worth the while of such as would willingly form right conclusions on a subject of national importance, to bestow a little thought on this. Colonies, to be sure, do not yet regularly figure in Queen's speeches, nor usually make much noise in Parliament; but the subject of colonization has, for all that, begun to take a deeper hold on the public mind than this silence would imply, and is in reality one of more importance in a national point of view, than nine-tenths of those even who call themselves its advocates have any idea of. And this question of the true principles of Colonial Government is one, of which not only every public man, but every one among us having any pretensions whatever to political information or discernment, ought to be thoroughly master. It is not too much to say, that upon our Colonial Empire depends, and from henceforth must more and more depend, our national greatness. If the public mind is to be uninformed and careless as to the policy which alone can keep that Empire, what likelihood is there that the Government will be so enlightened as, of its own accord, to mark out for itself that policy, so persevering in its watch over itself as steadily to adhere to it?

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And what, after all, is this concession of Responsible Government, as it is called, that the most mouselike politician can by possibility picture it to himself as likely to endanger the connection of a colony with the parent-state? What is it but the practical recognition of the Colonist class as equally entitled with the Meiropolition to the enjoyment of the inherent political and civil rights of the British subject; the treatment of the Colony, not as a mere appendage, but as an integral portion of the Empire? It gives the Colony so favoured, free institutions as nearly as may be resembling those of the Mother Country; the political institutions which we have a right to take it for granted they will prefer before any others that could be offered them. It leaves them to manage their internal affairs with no more interference than is in the nature of things inevitable. And it implies the regulation by the Imperial authority, of those great general questions of public policy which must not be to any other control than its own, in that spirit of fairness and consideration which it is as much the interest of the Parent-State to manifest, as of the Provinces, to require.

Hasten the loss of Colonies, indeed, by a policy like this! Yes, when the taking away of all excuse for discontent shall become the means of driving men from loyalty into disaffection.

But a Province left thus to itself, says a certain class of objectors, might just as well be declared an independent state as not, for anything the Parent-State is to gain from the connection. To call it still "a Colony" is an absurdity in terms. I am well aware that from the fact that colonies have so constantly been governed on the opposite principle, the word has acquired what may be called a historical sense, and means with many a territory governed from abroad for interests foreign to its own In this sense of the term, Provinces governed as they ought to be would doubtless cease to be Colonies; but not in any other. Ask the political economist. He must reply, that a well-governed Province—and no country inhabited by freemen can be well governed unless it is popularly governed—that a well-governed Province not only is as much a colony as a Province unpopularly and badly governed, but that it is by far the better kind of Colony of the two. The stream of colonization pours in upon it from the Mother-Country, and its commercial value increases in consequences, all the faster and more steadily for the increased prosperity which good government necessarily ensures it.

Or ask the statesman. Must not his answer be, that, that to every useful intent, a country thus circumstanced remains a Colony so long as the government of the Parent-State presides over the administration of its affairs, and regulates the general interests and foreign policy of the Empire?

IC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA