NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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LOCAL NEWS.

MICHAELMAS TERM.—The supreme court of the Michaelmas term begins on Tuesday.

AGRICULTURAL SHOW.—Prince William will have an agricultural show on the 16th instant.

CALL ACCEPTED.—Rev. F. Hartley, of Sussex, has accepted a call from the Free Baptist church of this city.

A PLEASURE TRIP.—Count de Bury's handsome yacht lies in the river just below parliament square. The count and his family came up on her from St. John.

LAW EXAMINATION.—The annual examination of law students desiring admission as attorneys will take place on Tuesday, the 7th inst.

THE FREE BAPTIST CHURCH.—The rev. Mr. DeWane, of St. Martins, will occupy the Free Baptist church to-morrow (Sunday) at both services, and will, doubtless, be greeted with large congregations.

THE SOAP COMPANY.—The company has decided not to accept any of the tenders for the erection of their factory, but will build it themselves. Director John Murch will go to Fall river and elsewhere on Monday to purchase machinery.

ACCIDENT.—T. G. Loggie, of the crown land office met with an accident a few days ago, sustaining a severe sprain to his ankle, and is obliged to get round on crutches. His many friends will be pleased to hear of his complete recovery.

TEMPERANCE WORK AT ST. MARY'S.—The gospel temperance meeting at St. Mary's Sunday afternoon will be held under the auspices of Star Chamber R. T. of T. The Rev. C. Perry will deliver a historical address on the work in the upper provinces.

WOULD BE WORTH SEEING.—Several people say they want to see Edgardo 2.27½, King Charles, trial in 2.29, and Mac F., trial without preparation in 2.34, trot a match race. It would certainly draw a big crowd. What association has the "sand" to offer a tempting purse?

MILL INTELLIGENCE.—It is expected that the saw mill at Marysville will have finished work by the end of next week. Alex. Gibson Jr. will take a crew of men to Blackville, to run the saw mills there at night. Morrison's mill shut down eight machines on Friday, and about 24 men have been paid off.

GOSPEL TEMPERANCE MEETING.—The Rev. Charles E. Perry, grand chaplain of the Orange lodge of British North America, Toronto, will deliver a farewell address at the temperance hall, to-morrow (Sunday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Mr. Perry will make a tour of organization through the provinces, and will proceed to Chatham.

INSPECTION TOUR.—A number of the C. P. R. officials incluning D. McNichol, Gen. passenger agent, C. E. Macpherson, Gen. ticket agent, E. Tiffin, Gen. freight agent and A. J. Heath, accompanied by H. P. Timmerman district superintendent arrived in the city from Woodstock on Thursday night and registered at the Barker. They had been over the up-river section of the line and went to St. John on Friday morning.

To the Happy Hunting Grounds.

Chief Tomah is no more. After a life which reached nearly, if not quite to the limit of a hundred years, he met his death by accidental drowning in Murray's creek. In his day the old man was a famous hunter and not by any means a bad sort of a fellow. Indeed, those who knew him in his prime, though not many of them are left, will testify that he was a trusty guide and a good Indian.

Fredericton Curling Club.

The officers of the Fredericton curling club for the ensuing year are:

Pres., A. F. Street.
Vice-Pres., J. D. McPherson and J. S. Neill.
Chaplain, Rev. A. J. Mowatt.
Secretary, G. W. Babbitt.
Treasurer, G. W. Hoegg.

Messrs. Street, Allen, Loggie and Neill, are the committee of management.

The club has withdrawn from the maritime branch of the Royal Canadian.

The Fredericton Exhibition.

We trust our friends in this city and county generally, will remember that our own exhibition will open on Wednesday the 15th October. The fine whether we are now having will enable farmers to get through with their harvest and give them time to make a good exhibit and spend a pleasant day at a real harvest home with their friends. They should remember that it is the intention of the society to hold an exhibition every year and it will encourage the committee to have a good show and large attendance on this, their first effort. See advertisement in another column.

Mr. Gibson in England

The Liverpool correspondent of the London Timber Trades Journal says:—"Within the past few days we have been visited by Mr. Gibson, the most prominent of the shippers of spruce deals, who is upon a short business journey to his brokers, Messrs. Farnworth & Jardine. The two steamers Avonmore and Cameo, with cargoes of Mr. Gibson's shipment, are now nearly all out. These have not been placed upon the market but are being piled on the shipper's account on the Hornby storage ground. With the three cargoes recently yarded there they will amount to about 4,000 standards. This indicates that at any rate Mr. Gibson has faith in the future of these goods, and we may perhaps see at no distant date that some of the clever country buyers have missed their opportunity.

As it was in the Beginning.

It is not good for man to live alone and not altogether satisfactory for women either. Hence everybody smiles when the wedding bells ring. And they have been ringing all around lately. Three events have lately interested everybody here.

A. Stanley Clowes, son of the late sheriff Clowes, of Oromocto, was married on Tuesday to Lucy, daughter of the Rev. William Jaffray, of St. Mary's. The ceremony was performed in Christ's church, Fredericton, the Rector, Rev. Mr. Robberts, officiating.

Robert S. Barker, of the crown land office, was united in wedlock on Wednesday, to Mary, daughter of T. Clowes Brown, M. D., of this city. The marriage took place in Christ's church, the Rector officiating.

D. Lee Babbitt, of the People's bank, went to St. John for a bride, and was wedded on Wednesday to Louise, daughter of D. J. McLaughlin, of that city. The marriage was celebrated at the residence of the bride's father, Rev. W. Sprague, D. D., officiating.

All these brides looked lovely, as all brides have since that day long past, when grandmother Eve caught a glimpse of herself in the fountain. All the bridegrooms looked proud, as who would not with such charming life partners at their sides. Congratulations, presents and bridal tours followed as a matter of course.

Mr. and Mrs. Clowes went to Prince Edward Island and on their return will reside at Oromocto.

Mr. and Mrs. Barker will go as far south as Washington. They will be gone three or four weeks, and on their return will occupy Dr. Brown's recent residence on the corner of Brunswick and Westmorland streets.

Mr. and Mrs. Babbitt have gone to Boston. They will return in about a week, to make their home at the Babbitt homestead on the corner of Charlotte and Sunbury streets.

THE HERALD congratulates the happy couples and wishes them a long and prosperous life.

THE FIRST GUN.

Mr. Blair Before the Electors.

A CAPITAL MEETING AT NASHWAAK VILLAGE

And a Grand Speech.

On Tuesday night the attorney general addressed a meeting of the electors at Nashwaak Village. The attendance was excellent, and the spirit of the meeting was all that could be wished for. A better reception could not be desired than Mr. Blair received. Not only were all those present favorable to the government, so far as could be judged from their expressions, but the word brought in from all sections was of the most gratifying character.

On the meeting being called to order, J. W. Smith was asked to take the chair, and he lost no time in calling upon the speaker of the evening.

HON. MR. BLAIR

on stepping forward was greeted with warm applause. After referring to the duty which devolved upon the representatives of the people to meet with and inform them of matters of public interest, and expressing his deep sense of obligation to the people of York who had stood by him so long and faithfully, the premier alluded to the petition which had been filed against himself and colleagues. Certain persons had charged that the election was procured by illegal and improper means—not that the unsuccessful candidates had abstained from violation of the law, but that the government candidates owed their return to these illegal means. He pointed out that it was quite impossible for any person elected to the house, if petitioned against, to retain his seat under the present election law. He had always considered it a most unfair and unjust thing that persons who had themselves been guilty of extreme impropriety should have the power of thus injuring and annoying their successful opponents. He would have no fault to find had such persons themselves been guiltless, but he did not think that those who had employed every agency of corruption themselves could with any grace, turn round and attack the choice of the people in this way. As for himself, he did not care under what circumstances elections were carried on, there would be always some irregularities in them, but he wished to

Put Himself on Record

right here that if he were defeated in this election or at any time, even though by improper means, he should not avail himself of such means to void the election of his opponents but would wait until another opportunity presented itself for the people to exercise their right of selection. (Applause.) If the result of this election should be that he or any of his colleagues were defeated he would promise the people that he would not be found filing petitions against the successful candidates. The petition which had been filed had not been prosecuted with a great deal of vigor. It was thought that it could have come on in the month of July; had such been the case he and his friends thought of going into the trial for the purpose of showing that on the part of the petitioners there was no greater obedience to the law than on the part of the respondents. Lately, however, the proceedings had been renewed, and as they were certain, as all such proceedings were, to result in the unseating of the elected members, looking at the matter in all its bearings and having no fear of the people at all, the four members elected last January had decided to resign their seats at an early day. They were giving their opponents the utmost possible notice of their intentions; it remained to be seen whether they would accept the gage of battle. His own impression was that the

Election Would be called on

toward the latter part of the present month of October.

Mr. Blair then reviewed the history of the present government. It had come into power in 1883 and down at least until the last session very little fault has been found with it from any quarter. There had been very little opposition in the house. When the government was first organized there was a very powerful opposition arrayed against it, the majority of the government being only three or four. That opposition dwindled away until at the close of the session of 1889 it only numbered six or seven in a house of 41. That opposition which then confronted the government arose almost entirely upon two grounds—the high stumpage rate and the refusal of the government to embark upon another extensive scheme of railway subsidizing. The government felt that the latter would involve the country in an expenditure which it was not able to bear. Subsequently, a most unreasonable opposition was aroused because of the appointment of the police magistrate in St. John, whose religious faith led to the inauguration of a holy war against the government in that quarter. By means of that cry the opposition had gained six members which in a division meant a difference of 12 in the house. These six members added to the stray opponents of the government in other counties made an opposition which was very serious and seemed to threaten the existence of the government. At this junct ure it was found by both sides that Northumberland, which had elected four independent members, pledged only to secure a better stumpage rate, held

The Key to the Situation.

Mr. Blair described the repeated efforts which the people of the north had made to secure concessions, and how the government had told them that as soon as the revenue would admit of it their claims would be favorably considered. It was claimed by the opposition press that the four men elected in Northumberland were elected in opposition; but the opposition had given the very best evidence of the falsity of this claim by immediately putting themselves in communication with those members to secure their support against the administration which they would not have needed to if they had been returned as oppositionists. He described the delegation sent by the people of the north to Fredericton, as well as the efforts of Mr. Stevens in Northumberberland and Messrs. Stockton, Alward and Smith in Saint John, to capture the Northumberland contingent by offering to reduce the stumpage to 80 cents per thousand. The question before the government was whether they should allow the opposition to come into power by making a reduction to 80 cents per thousand, or whether, in the face of a largely increased revenue, they should not reduce themselves the stumpage to $1 per thousand. Long before the elections the government had promised the northern lumbermen a reduction equivalent to 25 cents per thousand by making grants for their streams. It was only when by the desperate efforts of the opposition the country was threatened with a larger reduction that the government had agreed to 25 cents per thousand pending the decision of a commission appointed to deal with the whole subject and report to the house of assembly. He thought the conclusion reached a fair and equitable one, it was one that the crippled industries of the north badly needed, and which the leading lights of the opposition, such as Mr. Haninglton, Mr. Phinney and the St. John Sun, up to the elections, had been vigorously advocating. Mr. Hanington, indeed, at one time

Advocated a Reduction to 50 cents.

It had been suggested by some of his (Blair's) own friends that he would have covered himself with glory if he had gone down valorously flying the high stumpage flag. He would assure his friends that he would have enjoyed no such opportunity. His political experience enabled him to forsee clearly how the question would have worked. The Northumberland men would have gone with the opposition, and when the house met the opposition would have carried a want of confidence motion in which the word stumpage would not have been heard of, and in which the intentions of the opposition, who had captured Northumberland, would have been carefully and successfully concealed. The vote of confidence being carried of course the house would be adjourned for a while to permit of the election of the members of the new government, and when the house met again, the new government would explain that they would require time to mature their policy, and could say nothing. A short session would be held, supplies granted, the members sent home and during the summer the reduction would be made. Next year the question would be a dead issue, and instead of having won any glory, York county would be out in the cold, and he (Blair) would have been denounced as incapable or laughed at for allowing myself to be outgeneralled by persons whose only object was to get into office at any cost. The question of the rate of stumpage was not one of principle, any more than was the action of the dominion government in placing a duty upon certain fruit one year and taking it off the next; it was purely a matter of detail. Knowing very well what his native county of York as well as other outlying counties would have to expect, and how their interests would suffer, were the reins of power handed over to an aggressive and pretentious constituency like St. John, he felt that there was no other course open to the government. (Applause) He would have been laughed at as an incompetent and a bungler had he allowed this combination between St. John and Northumberland to take place. He was not going to say that he would not personally have preferred to see the rate of stumpage remain for a while as it was, but the lumber interest was the most important interest in the province and anything the government could reasonably do they should do for that interest. The lumbermen in the present condition of the market have none too easy a job to make both ends meet. The constitution of the commission which the government had appointed, Mr. Randolph, Mr. Todd and Mr. Ritchie, was above criticism.

The speaker then reviewed the "whitewash bill," which he showed to be almost identical in principle with the law that had been in undisputed operation in Ontario for years. He alluded to the particularly vicious and abusive character of the opposition with which he was assailed as shown in such

Baseless Slanders

as the Leary dock charge, which only eight members out of a house of 41 could be found to say was not malicious. The real intention of the opposition in making that charge was to entangle him up in a mass of charges which did not apply to him at all, the investigation into which would not be finished when the house was ready to rise, but would be left hanging over his head when another election came to be run in York. Even Mr. Hanington, who certainly conducted the investigation in a bullying way, said he was glad to know that he (Blair) was entirely exonerated from the charge which was made. He was satisfied that until the people of York had such evidence presented to them as would justify them in hanging a dog, they would not condemn him because of the malice of his enemies. He regretted that the politics of the province were being brought to things like these. But the issue was not of his making and he did not think the people of York would approve of the maker of them or his motives.

An opposition, whose only shadow of policy was that they were united by fair means or foul to pull down the government and get into power themselves did not present very strong claims for consideration. He pointed out that the government had done fairly well for York, mentioning the subsidies to the Northern & Western railway and Woodstock railway, the bridge, the new departmental building, the deaf and dumb asylum and other public works. The opposition had stated that the last election was brought on in January because the government had been so reckless and corrupt that it was afraid to meet the house. Yet when the house met and every item of expenditure had been gone into by a committee, which included three of their most able and active opponents, not a single item had been found worthy of criticism save

A paltry Expenditure for Christmas Poultry

for the poor inmates of the asylum at St. John. (Applause.)

The government had now their ticket formed for the coming contest. One of its former members, Mr. Bellamy, for personal and private interests, had concluded not to run at this time. Mr. Bellamy had been a most painstaking and honest representative. He would have been glad to have served his term out, but having been obliged to resign had announced his intention not to offer again. The gentleman selected in his place was a most popular and worthy man and would add much strength to the governmet ticket. At the present time, said the premier, there appear to be very strong reasons why you should support the administration. He was not going to contend that it had always done right. But, realizing his responsibility as leader of the government, and zealous for the influence of York county, he would not, while a timber remained of the ship, consent to hand it over to our jealous rivals in the city of St. John. While the government had not been unmindful of other counties, it deserved well at the hands of the people of York. "It was the boast of St. John that no government could live without their consent. Well, with the help of the people of my own county, I am going to demonstrate to the people of St. John that the thing can be done. (Great applause.) Here is to be the battle ground between the two great parties; if the people of my own county take sides against me, of course the battle is over and the victory is theirs. St. John is a large constituency, a rich constituency, and some of them have boasted that they would send their thousands up here into York. They can send all they can raise, but there are not enough people in York who can be bought with their bribes to enable the grasping faction in the city by the sea to say that they have triumphed over old York. (Cheers.) My friend, Mr. Smith, came up here last winter and told the people in the stores that within a week St. John would have captured the government; but they did not get it and I don't think they are going to get it. It had been the constant endeavour of St. John to destroy and belittle Fredericton, it had tried to take away the courts and the seat of government with all the loss and hardship which that would have implied to Fredericton. He felt that it was unfortunate that such feelings and motives actuated the majority of the people of St. John, but it was so all the same. He pointed out that the government had given much attention to the agricultural interest. They had secured a redistribution of agricultural societies by which our county had been more fairly dealt with, had expended $30,000 in a horse importation which was unanimously endorsed by the country, and that they had last session offered aid for the establishment of creameries and cheese factories, which he hoped would ultimately be of much good to the county.

He exhorted the electors of York to stand by the ticket. A split ballot in the present situation of affairs meant a vote for the enemy. If the people felt that the government ought to be displaced let the whole four go down together; if it is worthy of support let the whole four be returned. The closing remarks of the hon. gentleman were greeted with hearty applause.

Chairman Smith addressed the meeting in a few words which had the right ring to them, after which the gathering broke up.

Recent Deaths.

Frederick J. Hamilton, registrar of deeds and wills for Sunbury county died at his home in Maugerville on Thursday. The deceased had only been ill three days. Paralysis was the cause of his death. He leaves a widow and four children.

This (Saturday) afternoon at 5.30 the opening exercises will begin. Prof. Duff will deliver his inaugural, the subject of which is "The utility of a chair of physics." The Lieutenant Governor will preside and the Governor General and party will be present.

Sergeant Kierney, of the R. S. I. corps, who has been in failing health for the past fortnight, expired (Saturday) morning at 4.45, a m. The Rev. J. Shenton will officiate at the military funeral to-morrow (Sunday). Deceased will be buried in the Methodist cemetery.

On Friday morning last George A. Hughes of this city received a telegram stating that his mother, the wife of Rev. B. N. Hughes of Havelock, was not expected to live. Mr. Hughes left the city at once and arrived home on Friday evening only to find his mother unconscious from paralysis, in which condition she remained until Saturday afternoon when she died. Her two eldest daughters, who were attending the Baptist seminary at St. Martins, had been sent for, but owing to an accident to the telephone line, did not receive the word until after their mother's death. Mrs. Hughes was in the fifty-first year of her age, and had been in good health up to the moment of her illness. She leaves a husband and five children to mourn the loss of a loving christian wife and mother. The deceased's remains was brought to Fredericton on Tuesday morning and buried beside those of her son in the Methodist burying ground above the city. The deceased lady during her residence in St. Mary's made very many warm friends and her death, at so early an age and in the midst of a useful life, is deeply lamented.

The University.

The matriculating class at the university number twenty-six and includes the following ladies and gentlemen.

St. John County—S. G. Ritchie, J. D. Murray, T. Green, Miss L. Shaw.

York County—H. H. Johnston, P. C. Powys, S. Downey, H. P. Lemont, H. Britain, Miss Myra Hartt, Miss Myra Randolph, Miss E. B. Williams, Miss George.

Kings County—E. F. McKnight.

Northumberland County—S. F. McKean, R.T. Aitken, C. R. Mitchell, R. W. McLellan, C. H. Elliott.

Charlotte County—C. Gillespie.

Carleton County—A. S. Nicolson, W. Kilpatrick, Miss Marian Peake.

Queens County—A. B. Magee.

Sunbury County—W. H. Harrison, W. R. Day.

This is one of the strongest and most representative classes that has ever entered the institution and the public have learned the fact with much satisfaction.

The following county scholarships are open this year: Restigouche, Gloucester, Northumberland, Kent, Westmorland, Albert Charlotte, Kings, Queens, Sunbury, Carleton and Victoria.

Dr. Hyde, who takes Dr. Stockleys place temporarily, has arrived and presided at the English examination. The other professors are all here.

Fredericton at the Exhibition.

Fredericton made a capital showing at the St. John exhibition. It is doubtful if the splendid display of carriages made by Edgecombe & Sons and G. R. Cooper could be excelled in Canada. Certainly it was not excelled by the representation from Halifax and Ontario. They were large prize winners. Messrs. Edgecombe's took the gold medal given by the McGaskell varnish company. Lord Stanley congratulated them. G. R. Cooper took the silver medal.

Messrs. McFarlane, Thompson & Anderson and J. Clark & Son received much praise for their display of machinery and implements.

G. W. Schleyer received a diploma and honorable mention for his collection of photographs. Miss Gertrude Lugrin honorable mention for her painting on china. H. V. Edgecombe's collection of paintings received much attention and praise. They formed one of the most prominent features in the exhibition.

Mrs. J. G. Gunn received a diploma for the largest and best collection of ladies fancy work. Also for arrasene work and silk rope embroidery.

Mrs. Pinder the first prize for darned net; D. F. Cameron, a diploma for outline work.

J. Bebbington and Miss Schleyer display of flowers were very beautiful and were recognized liberally in the awarding of prizes.

Potato Sprouts.

A St. Stephen paper says potatoes will be worth $2 per bushel before the first of next April.

Henry Green, of Upper Woodstock, cut for seed this spring a large early rose potato and planted it in his garden. The other day he dug the hills, and found to his wonder that he had one bushel and a peck of large smooth potatoes as the produce of the one. Such an extraordinary yield is but seldom obtained.

Rural New Yorker No. 2, planted last spring, Frank R. Smith of Houlton harvested thirty-one potatoes, which weighed 201 pounds, the largest weighing one pound and two ounces. They are a very handsome variety, white and smooth skinned. A field of potatoes of this kind would produce an immense yield.

Teese are Aroostook items about the succulent tuber, and and they are all from Caribou.

Two thousand barrels of potatoes were received at the railroad station yesterday.

Twenty-cents per bushel is the ruling price for potatoes at the starch factories.

Sixty-seven cars of potatoes were shipped from this station during the month of September, 17 cars being shipped Monday and Tuesday of this week.

During the past week $1 per bbl. has been paid at the station for early rose potatoes; hebrons, from $1.10 to $1.25.

EQUITY COURT.—Judge Fraser was sitting in equity during the week hearing the case of Chisholm vs O'Brien, a suit arising out of the construction of the Caraquet railway.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THEIR Excellencies the Governor General and Lady Stanley will hold a Levee at the ASSEMBLY CHAMBER, in the LEGISLATIVE BUILDING,

This Saturday Evening

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Ladies and Gentlemen are requested to have two cards, one to be left at the door, the other to be handed to the A. D. C. in waiting.

Morning Dress.

E. STANLEY,
Military Secretary.

FREDERICTON EXHIBITION.

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY will hold the Exhibition on the 15th and 16th October in the grounds adjoining the Park.

The accommodation for stock of all kinds, and the large, new Exhibition Building are all completed and in excellent order.

Entry Forms and Prize Lists can be obtained at Harry Beckwith's Office, York Street.

All Entries made in September hold good for the 15th inst.

All Entries should be made as soon as possible.

F. S. HILYARD,
Secretary.

CARD.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE

COUNTY OF YORK.

GENTLEMEN:—It seems to have been determined by certain persons in this constituency, whose personal animosities are stronger than their sense of fairness, or their regard for the true interests of this County, that the election in January shall not be allowed to stand, and that the representatives whom you then returned, shall have to make a choice of either throwing up their seats or going through an election trial with all the expense, annoyance and personal bitterness which such a trial would occasion, not only to the members elect and their friends, but also to the agents and friends of the defeated candidates.

You, gentlemen, do not need to be told that it is not a difficult thing to set aside an election. It only requires one elector in a constituency, who is sufficiently malicious for the purpose, to set the law in motion and make the position of a member almost entirely unbearable. Many of you may remember that on the day of declaration, a threat was made by one of the defeated candidates that the election would be contested. We confess that notwithstanding this threat, and that the petition was immediately filed, we did entertain the hope until a recent period, that wiser counsels would prevail, and that the large majorities by which we were severally returned over our opponents, would have afforded us some protection against the personal hostility to one or more of us, by which the parties to these proceedings have been throughout inspired.

This hope, however, has not been realized and a date in December having been recently fixed for the trial of the petition, we have felt it our duty to determine, without delay, the course of action it would be proper for us under the circumstances to take.

Although realizing the difficulty of successfully resisting an election petition under the existing law, no matter how carefully the candidates and their agents may have striven to keep themselves within it, we have been much tempted to go down to trial in order to publicly expose the conduct of the petitioning parties who falsely pretend to have abstained on their part from illegal practices of every kind; but there are considerations of both public and private conveniences which impel us to a different course.

We have an appeal open to us against the order of the Judge setting the petition down for trial, upon the ground that the adjournment of the case in July last put an end to all the proceedings, but our desire to avoid another election, although considerable, is not so great that we care to engage in further litigation, or would wish to be considered indebted for our seats to the decision of the court on a technical question of law.

We have, therefore, concluded to vacate our seats, and will at an early day place our resignations in the proper hands. We promptly make our decision in this regard known, so that ample notice may be given the public, and that there may be no pretence on the part of our opponents that they were taken by surprise, or placed at a disadvantage for want of time to organize their forces.

Gentlemen, you have not failed to notice the savage warfare that is being waged against the government in the newspaper press of St. John. The question of the appointment of the police magistrate has served its purpose, and is now thrown aside. No political weapon having the semblance of a principle, remains in the armory of our opponements.

There is nothing in their fight against the government but a jealous intolerance of the influence and prominence of this County in the executive government, and a struggle on the part of St. John for political supremacy throughout the province.

Happily for this and other sections of the province, the battle is to be rought upon your own ground, and it rests with yourselves whether you or they win the victory.

If it be true, as the St. John opposition press allege, that the electors of York are longing for a chance to displace the government, and substitute for it one more in harmony with the pretensions of St. John, then, gentlemen, you cannot too soon be afforded an opportunity to so declare, and we to learn that such is your will.

Respectfully, yours,
A. G. BLAIR,
WM. WILSON,
JOHN ANDERSON
R. BELLAMY.

Fredericton, September 29, 1890.

CARD.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE

COUNTY OF YORK.

GENTLEMEN:—I have felt it my duty in common with my colleagues to resign the seat to which you returned me a second time in January last and solely for private and personal reasons have declared not to offer for re-election.

It would have given me great pleasure to have continued to serve you to the best of my ability for the term upon which we have just entered, if I had been permitted to retain the seat without having to pass through the ordeal of two elections within the period of a few months.

In now retiring from public life, I do so with the warmest feelings towards the electors of the County, and sincerely trust my friends will continue their support to my colleagues and successor on the government ticket. I am satisfied the interests of our County will be safer in their keeping at the present time than in that of their opponents.

Thanking you for the generous though unmerited expressions of confidence with which you honored me on the two occasions upon which I solicited your suffrages,

I remain, gentlemen,
Respectfully yours,
RICHARD BELLAMY.

Fredericton, Sept. 30, 1890.

CARD.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE

COUNTY OF YORK.

GENTLEMEN:—As vacancies are about occurring in your representation in the local legislature, through the resignation of the four sitting members, we take early occasion to announce our intended candidacy for the vacant seats.

The justification put forward for taking the proceedings which will result in a new election in a few weeks, is, that you were induced to vote as you did in January last, by corrupt means. Our candidature, gentlemen, does not rest for its support, as will that of our opponents, upon the hope that this great constituency will declare such to have been the case. We repudiate the imputation that the immense majorities by which the successful candidates were then returned, were not the free expression of the electorate, and we appeal to you to re-affirm the decision you then unmistakeably pronounced against transferring the conduct of public affairs to the persons composing the opposition in the present legislature.

The people of this County have always been able to pride themselves upon the influential position in the government and legislature occupied by their representatives, but they have never acted towards other portions of the Province as if the boundaries of York comprised the whole Province, or exhibited a narrow sectional jealousy of the influence of other Counties.

When, therefore, you find such a spirit mainly inspiring the opposition, which has its chief seat and strength in St. John, is it not important in your interest to elect representatives who will act loyally and unitedly together to sustain a government, the existence of which is seriously menaced only because of your influential position in it?

We do not claim that the administration of affairs for the past seven or eight years has been wholly free from error, but we do maintain that your interests have not been neglected, and if York county has been heretofore well served by your representatives, and by the government, will it be wise to hazard a change at the present juncture?

We venture to think that to displace the government at present, must necessari ly be hurtful to the welfare of the County, and if favored with your suffrages, we will endeavor to serve you as faithfully in the future, as you have been served in the past.

Respectfully, yours,
A. G. BLAIR,
WM. WILSON,
JOHN ANDERSON,
THOS. H. COLTER.

Fredericton, Oct. 1, 1890.

Carriage Bolts.

JUST RECEIVED:

5 CASES containing 10,500 Carriage Bolts and 9,000 Tire Bolts.

For sale by
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Per S. S. Nova Scotian.

1 1-2 TONS assorted sizes of CABLE CHAIN, from 3-16 to 7-16 of an inch. Just received at

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

SECOND GRAND TOUR
—OF—
BRUCE & PATRICK'S

Balmoral Choir

—A COMPANY OF—

PROFESSIONAL SCOTTISH VOCALISTS AND MUSICIANS FROM GLASGOW.

ARTISTS:

MADAME A. B. STEWART, Soprano.
MISS HELEN ANDERSON, Soprano.
MISS HELEN GILFILLAN MAINDS, Contralto.
MISS MARIE MALCOLM, Contralto.
MR. GEORGE FULTON, Tenor.
MR. HEW J. McDAVID, Tenor.
MR. WALTER BRUCE, Baritone and Conductor.
MR. HARRY TAGGART, Bass.
MR. CHAS. D'ALMAINE, Solo Violinist.
MR. JOHN McGHIE, Pianist.
MR. R. J. PATRICK, Elocutionist.

CITY HALL, OCT. 9th.

Reserved Seats now on sale at McMURRAY'S BOOK STORE.

"Greatest Thing In The World!"

—AT—

Hall's - Book - Store.

This Celebrated Book by DRUMMOND - - - -
Can be Procured of
M. S. HALL.

"Greatest Thing In The World!"
By DRUMMOND.

HALL'S BOOK STORE

Notice of Assignment.

NOTICE is hereby given, that CHARLES E. SMITH, of the City of Fredericton, in the County of York, Lumberman, has this day executed a Deed of Assignment to me, the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of his creditors, and that the said Deed now lies at the Office of BLAIR & BARRY, Carleton Street, in the City of Fredericton, for inspection and signature. Creditors desiring to participate in the distribution of the trust Estate are required by the said Deed of Assignment to execute the same within ninety days from the date thereof.

Dated this 15th day of September, A. D. 1890.

J. H. BARRY,
3m. Trustee.

City Dwelling and Lot FOR SALE.

THE subscribers are authorized to dispose at private sale the Dwelling House and Lot on Brunswick Street, City, belonging to the estate of the late George Thompson.

For terms and other particulars apply to

BLAIR & BARRY,
Barristers.

Fredericton, Sept. 11th, 1890.

Municipal Election

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Election for representatives to serve in the COUNTY COUNCIL of the MUNICIPALITY OF YORK for the year 1890-91, will be holden on

TUESDAY,

7th day of October, 1890.

WILLIAM WILSON,
Sec'y-Treas. York.

Fredericton, Sept. 18th, 1890.

Steel! Steel!

JUST RECEIVED,

11 TON Sled Shoe, Sleigh Shoe, and Toe Caulk Steel. Usual lengths and thickness in good order and well assorted sizes, and for sale at market rates by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

YERXA & YERXA.

Here is Your Chance if You Buy a Can of

National Baking Powder

You Have a Chance to Get a

WILLIAMS SEWING MACHINE FOR 50 CENTS.

ALSO GREAT BARGAINS IN ALL GROCERIES.

YERXA & YERXA.

CHARTER OAK STOVES.

MERIT WILL HAVE ITS REWARD.

Efficient, reliable, and simple in construction.

Fine, smooth castings.

P. S.—"The increasing demand for this Stove warrants us in making the above statements."

For Sale only by

R. Chestnut & Sons.

Saws. Saws.

1 CASE SAWS, Henry Disston & Sons celebrated makes, in Crosscut, Hand, and Ripping Saws; 1 case Disston's Files, Round, Square, Half-round, Flat and Three-square; 1 case General Hardware; 3 cases Guns, common and uncommon.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

GRAPES, Swee Potatoes, Etc.

JUST RECEIVED:

1 Bbl. Sweet Potatoes,	1 Bag Cocoanuts,
1 Case Lambs' Tongues,	1 Bbl. Bloaters,
1 Bbl. Cranberries,	1 Case Haddies,
5 Bunches Bananas,	1 Bbl. Coffee.

☞ For the next few months I shall have some of the finest Grapes that grow. ☜

NOW IN STOCK:

Malaga Grapes,
California Grapes,
Delaware Grapes,
Salem Grapes,

—AT—

W. R. LOGAN'S Grocery.

Another lot of that CHOICE BACON and LARGE BOLOGNA received.

New Fall Goods

JUST OPENED.

NEW DRESS GOODS,

New Cloths, all kinds,	Ladies and Misses Black Cashmere Hose,
New Cloth and Jersey Jackets,	
Ladies and Gents Fall Underwear,	Black Silks, extra value,

Gray, White, and Scarlet Flannels,

BEST MAKES.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.

202 QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

Sept. 6th.

THOS. W. SMITH

HAS RECEIVED HIS LARGE STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Cloths, All of the Latest Designs and Finish,

—CONSISTING OF—

English, Scotch, and Canadian Tweeds,	German Suitings and French Trouserings,

Of the Best Qualities and Latest Patterns, which he is prepared to Make Up to Order at the Very Lowest Prices, and guaranteessatisfaction.

READY-MADE CLOTHING

—FOR—

Men, Youth's and Boy's,

AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Hats } Fine Fur and Felt, Soft and Hard Hats, very cheap. { Hats

Gents' Fine Underclothing and Furnishing Goods

In Great Variety, SELLING at DECIDED BARGAINS.

WOOL taken in exchange for goods and the highest cash prices allowed.

ATTENTION!

We are Selling these Goods at the following Reduction to Clear:

Lot No. 1, Gents Split Lace Boots in No. 6 and 7, former price $1.25, now	75c
Lot No. 2, Boys Split Lace Boots, former price $1.10, now.	70c
Lot No. 3, Youths Split Lace Boots, former price 90 cents, now	60c
Lot No. 4, Gents Tan Colored Calf Shoes, former price $2, now	$1.50
Lot No. 5, Boys Tan Colored Shoes, former price $1.30, now	$1 00

Gents and Boys WIGWAMS at less than cost to clear.

We have still a number of pairs left of our Ladies INDIA KID BUTTON BOOTS at $1.00, at

LOTTIMER'S SHOE STORE,

210 QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

A FULL STOCK —OF— HAY In Small Bundles.

Middlings, Bran,
Cracked Corn, Oats,
Green Head Lime,
Land Plaster,
Calcined Plaster
—AND—
SUPERPHOSPHATE,

NOW IN STORE AT

G. R. PERKINS',

Phœnix Square.

Are you going to paint your house this summer? If you are, use the best

Paints.

They can be had in any quantity READY MIXED if you prefer them, or ground in oil in paste form. Cheap at

R. Chestnut & Sons.

AT THE

TINSMITHS, - GASFITTERS,

—AND—

PLUMBERS

ESTABLISHMENT OF

LIMERICK & DUNCAN,

YORK ST., FREDERICTON, N. B.

THEY would inform the public in general that they will Sell their Goods Cheaper than the Cheapest, and they carry a full line of

KITCHEN FURNISHING AND LUMBERMEN SUPPLIES.

And guarantee all goods made by them to be thorough in Quality and Workmanship.

HOT AIR FURNACES fitted up in the most approved style.

REPAIRING done in all branches with neatness and despatch.

Telephone 166.

FOR SALE—A fine MOCKING BIRD. Splendid Singer. Apply at HALL'S BOOK STORE, Fredericton, N. B.