NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Winter Arrangements.....Allan Line Steamers

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LOCAL NEWS.

COME TO STAY.—With the new year comes a figure which will be with the world for the next 110 years—the figure 9.

LA GRIPPE.—"I'm coughing myself up in small bits, is the way a victim of la grippe describes his experience. So says the St. Croix Courier.

THE MEDUXNIKIK BOOM CO.—Frederick Moore has been chosen president of the Meduxnikik Boom Co. and Lewis P. Fisher secretary and treasurer.

ENTIRE SANCTIFICATION.—Rev. W. B. Wiggins will preach in Good Templars Hall, Barker's building, Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Subject: Entire Sanctification.

RURAL DEANS IN SESSION. — The Rural Deans held their annual meeting at the Queen Hotel on Wednesday. They were entertained in the evening by the Bishop Coadjutor.

HEAVY LOSS.—A span of horses belonging to Charles Currie, of Bear Island, broke through the ice while crossing Grand Lake, near Forest City, on Saturday of last week, and were drowned.

RINK OPENED.—The Marysville rink was opened for the winter on Tuesday night. A large crowd was present and the ice was in splendid condition. The Marysville band was present and furnished excellent music.

FIRE.—The residence of Geo.M. Slipp of the Third Tier, Jacksonville, was destroyed by fire on Friday of last week. The fire had made great headway before being discovered, and it was with difficulty that the furniture was saved. Insurance, $800.

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.— Jack Driscoll managed to get some liquor somewhere, of course outside the city, on Tuesday, and became very unruly. He finally fell into the hands of the police and Judge Marsh sent him to jail for ten days.

STABBED.—During a drunken brawl at the Amherst railway station, on Saturday afternoon, John Corbett. of St. John, received a serious stab, about four inches deep, under the shoulder-blade, from an Italian laborer on the ship railway. The man, who also worked on the railway, is doing well.

HOG CHOLERA.—George W. Ross of Vanceboro, the hotel keeper, had a large drove of over one hundred and fifty hogs. Some time since the cholera broke out and their number is fast diminishing; on one day twenty-two died from the effects of the disease and it is probable that he will lose them all.

OUT ON BAIL.—Michael Dorhan, against whom the grand jury at the county court Tuesday found a true bill for perjury, has been bound over to appear at the March sitting of the court in the sum of $200 by himself, and $100 each by Ald. McKay and Wm. Scully. Alex. Howard, whose case for obtaining goods under false pretences stands until next court also, has been admitted to bail on his own recognizance.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Willard Bull of Woodstock, while felling a tree in the woods last week cut a top off a cedar which was in his way. When the tree fell it came towards him, and stepping back to clear it, was forced on to the stump of the cedar, which punctured his body. He was extricated from this painful position and surgical aid summoned but only lived a short while. He was a son of Albert Bull, living three miles below the above town.

THE LATE B. R. STEVENSON.— The sudden death of Benjamin R. Stevenson, which occurred at his home, St. Andrews, on Thursday night, was a surprise and shock to his wide circle of friends. In years he was yet in the prime of life and to all appearance was full of vigor. Few could have anticipated his early death. He was a warm friend, a chivalrous opponent, an energetic and enterprising man. He filled the office of Surveyor General for some years and was Speaker of the Assembly. Lately he held the office of Judge of Probates for Charlotte.

Death of Vernon Smith, C. E.

The citizens of Fredericton who had become acquainted with Vernon Smith during his residence here the past summer, while in charge of the Short Line survey, were shocked and surprised to hear of his sudden death at Ottawa, on Wednesday morning. Mr. Smith made many friends while in Fredericton, and being a man of fine physique and active life, seemed to have many years of usefulness before him. He was engaged in preparing the survey for parliament when stricken down. His death was caused by congestion of the lungs, induced by la grippe.

At Canterbury Station.

Mr. Blair and Mr. Gregory met at Canterbury Station Thursday night and addressed a large meeting of the electors. Mr. Gregory treated the audience to a repetition of his Marysville and City Hall speech, but the absence of claquers in the rear of the hall to howl when he waved his hand, caused his remarks to fall very flat. Mr. Blair followed, and amid the cheers of the audience, showed up the inconsistency of Mr. Gregory's course, the fallacy of his arguments, and completely turned the tables against Mr. Gregory. The audience was with Mr. Blair's administration, and there is not the shadow of a doubt that Canterbury will give the ticket a rousing majority.

PERSONAL.

Concerning People Known to Most Readers.

Thos. Temple, M. P., went to Ottawa on Wednesday.

Wesley Vanwart has gone to Washington on professional business.

Geo. W. Brown, of Southampton, is rapidly recovering from his recent accident.

J. A. Vanwart has gone to the West Indies on the steamer Portia, the first of the new line.

Mrs. Wetmore, wife of Judge E. L. Wetmore, of the Northwest, is visiting her friends in this city.

J. T. Allen Dibblee, brother of Geo. Y. Dibblee, of this city, was elected mayor of Woodstock on Monday, defeating Simon McLeod by a majority of 138.

Funeral of Thomas Lipsett.

The funeral of Thomas Lipsett, eldest son of Chief Engineer Lipsett, took place from his father's residence, Sunday afternoon. The funeral was one of the largest ever held in the city, and showed the high respect in which the young man was held by all classes of citizens. The funeral arrangements were in charge of the firemen, who turned out in uniform. The procession was headed by the St. Mary's firemen who turned out in a body to help their Fredericton brethren to pay the last tribute of respect to one who was esteemed by all who knew him. The casket, which was covered with floral tributes was drawn on the Hook and Ladder truck, which was draped in mourning. The pall bearers, members of the H., L. & P. company, were George Bookhout, Harry C. Mackey, James Smith, P. Hurley, Thomas Waltman and George Tierney. The members of the Fredericton Brass Band, of which he was a member up to the time of his sickness, attended the funeral in a body. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Payson, and the remains were interred in the Methodist Cemetery. The greatest sympathy is extended to Chief Engineer Lipsett and his family who have been bereaved twice within as many months.

Election Notes.

The opposition have not yet advanced a single sound reason why the people of York should withdraw their support from the government. Because one man is a clever lawyer, and another man is the son of his is certainly no very statesmanlike reason.

From every parish there comes, in no uncertain tones, convincing evidence of the strength and popularity of the ministerial ticket. The hollowness of the opposition canvass has been expressed, the false statements, and misrepresentations which have been sent into every part of the county, have been met and answered by the government candidates, the peoples eyes have been opened to the manner in which they have been deceived by a disreputable and ungrateful press, and every day, by letter and by word of mouth, the Attorney-General and his friends receive from representative men all over the county, assurance of hearty support. Already the opposition is defeated.

Fredericton will stand by the ticket on the 20th. And why should they not give the government a hearty endorsation? Has not the government done pretty well for Fredericton? A passenger bridge, a new departmental building, a new deaf and dumb institution, the government stables, the annual stock sales, aid to exhibitions, the transaction of business in all government connections, drawing people to Fredericton all the year round, these can be placed to the credit of the government. The contra account has not been sent in yet.

"The government is all for York," say Messrs. Rourke and McKeown in St. John; "York is the grab-all of the province," says Tweedie in Northumberland; "It's a York County legislature anyway," says Dr. Lewis in Albert; "If York wants a railway she gets it," wails Dr. Atchison in Carleton; "Thems my sentiments too" echoes Phinney in Kent. Gregory, from the cupola of his watch-tower, surveys the inspiring scene, and says, "when I get into the legislature, I will gather these men under my standard, and I will hurl Blair from power." York will have something to say about that on the twentieth.

Mr. Blair had a most enthusiastic and successful meeting at Harvey Station on Wednesday evening. His old friends were all there in force, and nearly every one of them had a convert with him, ready to take hold and help elect the ticket. The level headed, people of Manners Sutton, don't appear to have been greatly influenced or disturbed by the avalanches of misrepresentations, that have been poured in upon them for the past two years. It takes something more substantial than printer's ink and bile to turn honest men from their allegiance.

A Contemptible Falsehood Nailed.

The desperation to which the opposition has been driven since nomination day, has caused them to abandon whatever political principle they ever had, and stoop to the most contemptible and unwarranted slanders.

Finding that the tide of public sentiment in favor of the government was sweeping the county with irresistible force, and that the triumphant return of the full ticket was placed beyond a reasonable doubt, the opposition have descended to the publication of deliberate untruths. Hoping that they might be able to turn the temperance element in the City and County from their allegiance to Messrs. Blair and Wilson, who have always been acknowledged to be practical temperance men, they have caused some irresponsible party to telegraph to the St. John Sun, which is an avowed opposition paper, that the government party are flooding the country with rum, and even went so far as to state that Mr. Blair remained home to personally superintend its distribution. No more contemptible, unwarranted or deliberate falsehood was ever published against a public map in this province, than that which appeared in last Thursday's Sun. It is not likely that, coming through the source it did, it has any other effect than to disgust all honest fair-minded men with the opposition tactics here, and to cause the friends of the gentleman so maliciously maligned, to exert themselves more actively in his interests, and the interests of his party. Messrs. Blair, Wilson, Bellamy and Anderson are all tried and true temperance men, and have not been afraid to say so, and this paper is in a position to state, unqualifiedly, that not one drop of liquor has been purchased or sent to any locality in this county, with the knowledge, consent or sanction, directly or indirectly of any or either of the government candidates.

The City Solid for the Government.

The government committee rooms have presented a busy scene during the week. Every night the room is crowded with earnest workers, and the different ward committees have made a thorough canvass of the town, with the result that they are able to report a large majority for the government ticket. This is most encouraging news, because it is in the city that the opposition have relied for their main support.

Thursday evening Alderman Farrell presided, and made a very eloquent speech in support of the government.

Surveyor General Mitchell was present and received quite an ovation from the very large audience. He was called upon for a speech and replied in a very forcible address. The only canvass, he said, against the government was that the Attorney General had done too much for York County. He had no doubt from the enthusiasm of the splendid meeting that the feeling of Fredericton was in favor of the whole government ticket. (Great applause). His best information from all parts of the County of York was that Blair, Bellamy, Wilson and Anderson would be elected by a large majority.

Councillor Albery Grass, of Sunbury, was present, and made a forcible and convincing address.

Fredericton is solid for the ticket.

St. Mary's Solid.

Mr. Blair held a most successful meeting in Jaffrey's Hall, St. Mary's, on Tuesday night. The large building was filled to the doors, and the audience paid the closest attention to the speaker, while he gave them a true account of the government policy during the past seven years, and disposed of the canvasses brought against them in this campaign. At the close of the meeting the gentlemen present, friendly to the government, were asked to remain to form committees, and take all necessary steps for the thorough organization of the parish. Nearly every gentleman present remained and pledged their support to the ticket. A thorough organization was effected. The enthusiasm exceeding anything ever seen in St. Mary's before. Indeed as one of the gentlemen present remarked, there didn't seem to be much work left for the committees to do except canvass one another. St. Mary's which has always been more or less divided is standing unitedly by the government today, and on the twentieth, she will give a solid vote for the ticket.

Gaining Strength.

From all sections of the county the word comes that the ticket is gaining strength every day. The old friends of the government are rallying to its assistance with a determination to elect the ticket by a crushing majority over all opposition, and side by side with these tried and true friends are working the representative men of each parish, who in former elections were found using their influence to defeat the government party at the polls. It is very gratifying and encouraging to see former opponents, men who had in previous years fought a fair and honest fight for the party, with which they were then identified, refusing to transfer their influence to a new opposition movement which, while claiming to be founded on principle, is merely the offspring of personal jealousy and hostility.

THE SHORE LINE.—Col. J. N. Greene is said to have furnished satisfactory bonds as contractor for building the Shore Line Railway.

ON THE HUSTINGS.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

any other living man could say that he ever had been promised by the government a seat in that House. He defended the government's course on the fishery question, showing that a large revenue was now derived from this formerly neglected source; that it was unreasonable to expect the government to grant away these fishing rights to settlers under the Labor Act to sell for fabulous sums of money; and that it was the determination of the government to preserve what was remaining of these valuable rights for the benefit of the whole people. It was impossible now to name an individual living on any of these northern rivers who, after receiving his water-front had not either sold or leased it to these fly-fishermen, whom the government were accused of favouring. He mentioned a grant of about 500 acres of land made by the old government during the last hours of its existence that was now worth over $30,000. Mr. Gregory's intimation was that he would grant the whole four-rod fronts to those people and let the country sustain the loss. He did not think that was sound policy or that if Mr. Gregory was in power to-morrow he would reverse in that respect at all events

The Policy the Government had Pursued.

He then took up Mr. Gregory's charge that members of the government had been tampering with these fishing privileges; pointed out that he had had nothing whatever to do with the Renous and Dungarvon Club until after parties entirely unknown to him had purchased these rivers and formed a club which he was invited to join, and was heartily applauded by the audience when at his request Mr. James S. Neil, Mr. Tennant and Mr. John M. Wiley, stood up in the hall and endorsed his statements. It was unworthy of any gentleman, however blinded by personal animosity that he should make such utterly ungrounded charges against any man holding a public position with no proof under heaven with which to support it. As to the fact that he had ordered these streams to be combined in one lease, Mr. Gregory knew very well that Mr. Fraser when in power, did about all the ordering in the various departments of the government when the other members were absent from the city. That always had been the practice and must always continue to be the praetice, when any member of the government resided in Fredericton.

After disposing of the Plaster Rock Maresnest he showed that Mr. Gregory had falsified the record in regard to the cost of the sidewalk of the Fredericton Bridge. He said it had cost $3000. The fact was that it had only cost a trifle over $20,00, though Mr. Haines, the engineer had estimated that it would cost about $2400. (Mr. Alfred Haines arose in the audience and corroborated this statement). If there was anything in that charge whatever it was a charge against the personal character of Mr. Chief Commissioner Ryan, a man whose honesty and integrity were absolutely above reproach. (Applause).

He appealed to the electors to give the government an opportunity of continuing on the lines which they had adopted. He thought the administration deserved well at their hands and if

They Desired to see the Adminstration Sustained.

they should not give strength to their opponents by selecting gentlemen to oppose the government in the House. What better service could Mr. Gregory render to the county of York than he (Blair) had rendered? How much better could he stand by the interests of York than he (Blair) had done? It had been his study night and day to stand by and promote to the fullest extent he justly could, the interests of his own county. He had not lost sight of what was reasonable and fair to the other portions of the province, but when he could get anything for York that York deserved, it had been his constant aim to secure it. The gentlemen opposed to him had charged their course but he did not think they could successfully ask the people to change theirs. "I ask you to say on the 20th instant that the ticket which the friends of the government have nominated ought not to received discouragement and defeat at your hands, but a loyal and hearty support. Let the people of this province know that in this county at all events you appreciate the efforts we have made, and that you are determined to assist and strengthen our hands by giving us the benefit of an undivided support in the Legislature." (Loud and long-continued Applause.)

At the conclusion of Mr. Blair's speech there was some doubt and no little uproar as to who should take precedence. According to long established custom, the right belonged to Mr. Wilson, and the majority of people in the hall seemed determined that his right should be recognized. Mr. Gregory however, claimed the floor and the chairman decided that he should be the next speaker. Mr. Wilson said that he did not wish to take any unfair advantage or deprive Mr. Gregory of the privilege of replying to Mr. Blair's speech, and that if Mr. Gregory would confine his speech to the time occupied by the Attorney General, he would surrender him the floor, Mr. Gregory agreed to this and commenced his address. He claimed that it could not be gathered from his card that he was running the election as an Independent, but that the word should be read in connection with what immediately followed it in the card, and that in reality he was an independent oppositionist. He said that he had no policy and that it was no part of his business to lay down a platform. He criticised the stationary accounts of the Board of Agriculture and questioned the wisdom of the policy of the government in the importation of horses, said that the horses would all be dead in ten or fifteen years. In the matter of the Plaster Rock on the Tobique the speaker said that statements made by him from other platforms that the rent had not been paid was incorrect. He had since learned that such was the fact. In regard to the charges he had made against Mr. Blair at Marysville, on account of his connection with the Dungarvon fishing club, the speaker took considerable back water, and very considerately left the matter in the hands of the audience for them to consider. In his other charge against Messrs. Wilson and Blair, Mr. Gregory did not speak with the same confident assurance that characterized his speeches in the Country, but rather sought to modify his attacks to mere suggestions from which the audience could gather little or no information. The speaker also referred to the statements in his card that the legislation had been careless uninteresting and unimproving, and sought to verify the allegations by reference to the Franchise Act the Law Commission, and one or two other measures.

MR. WILSON,

who was very warmly received, said this was the fourth time he had appeared as a candidate. He was not a self-nominated candidate, he was the candidate of a convention called in Fredericton to nominate supporters of the administration. At that convention, the position of the government was stated by the Attorney General, and the other members of the ticket appointed, and after a full consideration of the policy of the administration, that convention had determined to put into the field four men to sustain the government. There was a resolution passed at that convention by which it was declared that the government deserved well of the County of York, and it was said, whatever might be done in other counties of the province, that in the County of York, where it was recognized that the administration had done well for the county, there would be no question as to the support the people would give to this administration. When he first appeared as a candidate he had endeavored to formulate a platform. Referring to Mr. Gregory, he said surely no man who had lived in the City of Fredericton as long as he had, could come before the people of this county, and say that he knew nothing about public affairs, yet this was virtually the admission he made. He (Gregory) had stated that he had no policy to present, and the whole tenor of his remarks was only carping criticism.

When he (Wilson) had appeared in 1882 and announced himself as an independent supporter of the government, no man had been louder in his ridicule than Mr. Gregory. He (Gregory) had stated that no man taking the position that he (Wilson) had, could hope to succeed, but to-day Mr. Gregory appeared as an independent opponent of the government, and he gathered from that that he (Gregory) was ready to flop over in favor of the government, whenever he saw a favorable opportunity. He defied that gentleman to point out the difference between the position this gigantic intellect now occupies and that which he had found fault with him (Wilson) for occupying. In 1885 when he (Wilson) was nominated to run against Mr. Hazen, he had stated that he had seen a tendency on the part of the government to deal with the questions which he had laid down in his platform of 1882. He had said then that he could conscientiously accept that nomination in view of the course pursued by the administration.

During the session of 1886 he saw no departure from that policy. In 1886 the government convention met, and they named four men to run in the interests of the administration, and while Mr. Gregory had said he had had no lot nor part in that convention, and claimed that it was then his opinion that a place should be left on that ticket so that Mr. Wetmore should have been elected, he did not hesitate to say that Mr. Gregory would sooner have seen any man from the Gulf of Mexico to the MacKenzie River on that ticket than

Mr. E. L. Wetmore.

Mr. Gregory. I did not want to put him on the ticket.

Mr. Wilson. No, but he says he wanted to put three men on and leave a chance for Mr. E. L. Wetmore to be elected. (Applause). If Mr. Gregory was a consistent man, the embodiment of political sincerity that he claimed to be, there was one occasion at last, on his own admission, when he had prostrated the sentiments he held and supported the views of the Attorney General. It was only after his differences with Mr. Blair, that the iniquitous policy of the government first dawned upon him. He (Mr. Wilson) noticed a marked difference between the speech Mr. Gregory delivered here and the speech he delivered in Temperance Vale. He did not there undertake to say he might be mistaken about the charges he made against the Attorney General. Clearly and distinctly he made those charges there which he has now, as clearly and distinctly, withdrawn. The only opinion Mr. Gregory had been able to express to-day was as to his ability to represent this county.

Mr. Wilson then dealt most effectively with the charge that he was not an independent member of the House, and not in a position to represent the county by reason of his appointment as Registrar of the University. Mr. Gregory had claimed that he (Wilson) had charged in 1885 that Mr. Hazen ought not to be elected because he held the position of Registrar. He denied that most emphatically. He appealed to the gentlemen present if they had ever heard anything of the kind. He (Wilson) did not hold that position as the gift of the government at all. Mr. Wilson said there were sufficient members of the Senat outside of the members of the government to turn him out any moment if they saw fit. He appealed to the people of the county whether his position as Registrar of the University precluded him from receiving their support. He pointed out that the Hon. Charles Fisher, who was not only a representative of the county of York, but for a long time Attorney-General as well, had held the position for all those years of Registrar of the University. It had never dawned upon the people of that day that Charles Fisher, than whom no better statesman, nor abler public man ever stood upon the floors of the Legislature of this Province, was disqualified from

Repressing the People

by reason of holding that position. Then it was charged that because he (Mr. Wilson) accepted a position on on the commision by which the mison of St. John and Portland was effected he was not in an independent position. He pointed out that the government had appointed him to that office at the instance and express request of prominent men of St. John and Portland, who were advocating the appointment of that commission He had received the sum of nine hundred dollars for his services in that matter and he would not undertake the same work again for that remuneration.

The people were asked to believe that Mr. Gregory was perfectly consistent in these charges. He ventured to say that that gentleman had not told them of the position he (Gregory occupied and from which he was deriving a large financial benefit. He was the partner of Mr. Staples who held the position under the government of licensed vendor of liquors under the Canada Temperance Act. Deriving as he did large profits from that business, could it be said that he stood in a more independent position than he (Wilson) did. When Mr. Gregory was charged with that he would say—Oh, there was a great difference. He (Gregory) was against the government while he (Wilson) was in favor of it. (Laughter.) The fact was that no sooner was the Attorney General placed in power, than Mr. Gregory and his united family swept down upon that gentleman to obtain all the offices they could possibly obtain. He did not find fault with Mr. Albert Gregory receiving the position of Engrossing Clerk, and Mr. Frank Gregory receiving the position of Registrar of Probates, from both of which positions they draw large amounts. They did their duty well, and he had no fault to find with them. It was also to be noted that Mr. George F. Gregory had received the position of Referee in Equity for himself. Mr. Gregory stated that he did not receive very much from it, but Mr. Wilson said he noticed that Mr. Gregory held on to the office to the very last possible moment, and he thought if the truth were known his card was in the paper before he tendered his resignation. (Laughter and applause). He did not think he would have resigned at all if the course of law had not compelled him to do so. He referred to Mr. Gregory's statement at Temperance Vale, that just as soon as the people said that he was getting to near the public chest he would at once resign. Mr. Wilsons delineation of Mr. Gregory's characteristics in this respect, created much laughter. He predicted that if that gentleman were placed at the head of the administration of this province, those who placed him there would all of them live long enough to come to the conclusion that they had

Made a Great Mistake.

He defied any human being to tell what that gentleman's policy was, apart from the carping criticisms he had made, he had left it to the people to conjecture.

The convention that met a few days ago had placed their ticket in the field because the policy of the government concerning the Crown Lands was a good one, and because they believed the government had made important retrenchments in the public services, but it was Mr. Gregory's claim that if they had made retrenchments, they had spent no more money on the public services of the country. Mr. Wilson denied that emphatically. If he had any ability to examine into public affairs there was one thing that stood out prominently above all others, namely that the roads and bridges of the county had received more money than they ever had under any government since confederation. (Applause.) Mr. Gregory had compared the last three years of the present administration with three years of the old administration as to the cost of the Attorney's office. The speaker pointed out that the apparent increase in the cost of that office might well be accounted for by the fact that the Attorney General, in company with the Solicitor General, now attended to all the criminal business throughout the Province, which formerly had cost the government very large sums of money. They had also abolished the office of Clerk of the Crown.

The criminal administration of the present government cost the province nothing like what it cost under the old administration. The speaker had heard whenever he had been thoughout the county

Of the Faithful Attention

which the members had given to roads and bridges. He pointed out that in 1883 the sum expended on that service amounted to $11,000 as compared with $6000 under the old administration, and that did not include the Fridericton Bridge. He referred to the fact that on the founded debt of the province in 1888 almost $50,000, in interest was expended more than in 1882. The Gleaner would have the people to suppose that the founded debt had been increased by the maladministration of the present government. The speaker referred to the Railway Acts which had entailed large expense upon the province. Why not Mr. Gregory tell the people that the present Government have expended far more for agriculture than the old administration. He found the present administration had, in the last three years expended for agriculture $98,970, as compared with $57,000 during the last three years of the old administration.

Mr. Wilson said he would like to know Mr. Gregory's opinion as to the horse importation. All he (Gregory) had said was that two horses had died. Well, he supposed when Mr. Gregory got into power he would get a class of horses that would not die at all. (Laughter.)

Mr. Gregory had referred to the public accounts and claimed pre-eminent ability in the matter of examining into these accounts. While he (Wilson) was in the House he had never heard any man get up and make the charges which Mr. Gregory was now making, and which charges were about as true as that which the Gleaner had made, that it cost $128,000 to build the Fredericton bridge. Was it conceivable that every man in the House had been bribed into silence, yet these men from 1885 down to the present day had never called in question the bridge expense nor said a word about the sidewalk on the bridge.

Mr. Gregory was going to hug the poor man to his bosom now. When was it that this extraordinary regard for the poor man had dawned upon that gentleman? It was remarkable that such affection as he now displayed had not been brought to light before this. Perhaps the whole people of Restigouche and Gloucester were fools, or perhaps they had been bought with some of the money which the Attorney General had stolen? Did Mr. Gregory mean to tell him that if the rights of the people had been taken away from them, and this tyrannous regime had been in operation all these years that the people of those counties would return four men in favor of the government as they had done to-day? Such a supposition was perfectly inconceivable. The fishing policy of the government stands forth as one of the acts of the present administration that will forever redound to their honour.

Mr. Wilson referred to his course in connection with the Lien Bill. He had been charged by a certain paper with double dealing in the matter. He would only say here that he had done all in his power to put a Lien law on the statute books. This was the fact no matter what the

Wharf-Rat

who edited the Daily Sewer in this town might say of him.

Respecting Mr. Gregory's criticisms upon the law commission, which comprised such eminent lawyers as Dr. Stockton, Mr. Earle, and Mr. Frederick E. Barker, and of which the Chief Justice was chairman. He supposed the reason Mr. Gregory found fault with that commission was that in addition to the other offices he received he had not been appointed on that commission.

Mr. Gregory—You know better.

Mr. Wilson—Oh, I know you are just as anxious to get into office as anybody else.

Mr. Wilson vigorously defended the railway and crown land policy of the government. In conclusion he thanked the people for the attention they had given him, and the hearty reception he had received. The gentlemen who appeared in the interests of the government were not dictating to the people what they should do, but he thought the County of York, above all other counties in the province, had a right to sustain the government. (Loud Applause.)

Owing to the lateness of the hour Messrs. Bellamy and Anderson made very brief speeches but well to the point.

To the Editor of the HERALD.

Sir,—I have seen it stated that the government horses have been doing hauling for pay, and that they have hauled flour for Sheriff Sterling and done other work of the kind for pay. There is not a word of truth in this. I have been told to exercise the horses, and when I could get them anything to do without interfering with any one else, I have done it; but have never charged or received anything for it, neither has anyone else. And so far as the Sheriff is concerned they never hauled flour or anything else for him. Yours,

M. BRANNEN.

Fredericton 17th Jan 1890.

The Curlers' Bonspiel.

The Maritime Curlers' bonspiel matches were played in St. John on Wednesday and Thursday last. The following are the results:—

WEDNESDAY.

Fredericton, No. 1.		*St. Stephen, No. 2.*	
M Tennant,		J T Whittaker,	
G W Hodge,		J E Ganong,	
J S Neill,		W Brown	
J B Grieves, skip . .	21	G McAndrews, skip..	17
St. Andw's (Club), No. 1		*Fredericton, No. 2.*	
W S Barker,		G Y Dibblee,	
J U Thomas,		G W Hoegg,	
H V Cooper,		J H Hawthorn,	
J T Hartt, skip	19	H C Rutter, skip . . .	13
St. Stephen, No. 1.		*Fredericton, No. 1.*	

THURSDAY.

T R Mitchell,		M Tennant,	
James McKenzie,		G W Hodge,	
C E Gilmor,		James S Neill,	
J D Chipman, skip.	15	J B Grieves, skip . .	10
New Glasgow, No. 1.		*Fredericton, No.* 2.	
D Campbell,		G Y Dibblee,	
Jno Cumming,		G W Hoegg,	
Alex Marshall,		J H Hawthorn,	
I Johnston, skip . .	18	H C Rutter, skip . .	11
New Glasgow, No. 1.		*Fredericton, No. 1.*	
D Campbell,		M Tennant,	
John Cumming,		G W Hodge,	
Alex Marshall,		James S Neill,	
I Johnston, skip . .	20	J B Grieves. skip . .	19
Thistle, No. 1.		*Fredericton, No.* 2.	
Jas Kennedy,		G Y Dibblee,	
E L Whittaker,		G W Hoegg,	
R A Courtenay,		J H Hawthorne,	
J H Thomson, skip.	26	H C Rutter, skip. . . .	

The summary of the two days playing is:—

	First day.	Second day.	Total
St. Stephen	plus 2	plus 18	plus 20
New Glasgow . . .	plus 12	plus 6	plus 18
Thistles (St John) .	mins 26	plus 38	plus 12
St And's, (St John)	plus 7 mins	1 plus	6
Halifax	plus 14	plus 14	. . . .
Truro.	plus 7 mins	9 mins	2
Moncton.	mins 14 mins	6 mins	20
Fredericton.	mins 2 mins	32 mins	34

The Fredericton boys returned home Friday morning, beaten but unconquered.

Acknowledgements.

Subscriptions to THE HERALD during week ending January 17th, 1890, from following parties is hereby acknowledged:

Albert Boone, St. Mary's Ferry, York County, $1.00.

Alexander Bubar, Avery's Portage, York County, $1.00.

ADAMS BROS.

FUNERAL

—AND—

FURNISHING - UNDERTAKERS,

OPP. QUEEN HOTEL,

FREDERICTON.

Caskets, Coffins,

Robes, Mountings, &c.

and everything required in the Undertaking Business kept in stock.

Special Prices for Country Orders.

Orders in the City or Country attended to with promptness.

Residence over Warerooms.

ADAMS BROS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the semi-annual meeting of the County Council, of the Municipality of York, will be holden in the Court House, in the City of Fredericton, on Tuesday, the 21st day of January instant.

Dated this first day January, 1890.

WILLIAM WILSON,
Sec.-Treasurer, York County.

REMEMBER

—THE—

CHEAPEST PLACE

TO BUY

GROCERIES

IN THE CITY.

—IS AT—

YERXA & YERXA'S.

G. T. WHELPLEY.

Just arrived by Steamer DAMARA, eighty Packages Choice

TEA,

—IN—

5lb., 10lb., 20lb., and 1-2 Chests

—AT—

LOW PRICES.

ALSO IN STOCK:

GERM FEED MEAL,

MASHED OATS AND CORN,

MASHED OATS, BARLEY, &c.

ONTARIO OATS,

CARLETON COUNTY OATS,

BRAN, MIDDLINGS, and all kinds of HEAVY FEED for Man or Beast.

G. T. WHELPLEY,

310 QUEEN ST.

FREDERICTON.

ONE CAR

—OF—

CARLETON COUNTY HAY

Just Arrived.

FOR SALE LOW.

G. R. PERKINS,

Phœnix Square,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

TELEPHONE 97.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

HARDWARE.

Per S. S. SARDINIAN:

3 CAR LOADS

Best Refined Iron,

assorted sizes (1287 Bars 217 Bundles.)

5 ton of Plow Plating and Hoop Iron daily expected by the next steamer to Halifax; and in January a full stock of Sweedish and Lowmoore IRON, which will complete our Fall and Winter Stock in this line.

12 DOZ. SNOW SHOVELS (light and cheap.)

35 Reams B. & A. Sand Paper,
2 Cases American Steelyards,
2 Cases Japanned and Bronze Shelf Brackets,
5 Cases Mechanics' Tools,
60 Rolls Dry Sheathing Paper,
2 Cases Carpet Sweepers,
2 Cases Taper, Mill and Blacksmiths' Files,
1 Case Butchers' Knives,
3 Cases Wood Screws,
2 Casks Bulk Putty,
4 Cases Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons,
45 Gallons Hard Oil Finish and Ebony,
25 Kegs Wire Nails,
2 Cases Loose Pin Butts
10 Boxes Wrought Iron Nuts,
59 Coils Manilla Rope,
1½ Tons Six-inch Stove Pipe,
25 Dozen Six-inch Elbows.

Also, a Full Line of

Charter Oak Cooking Stoves

Just received, and for Sale at Market Rates by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF THE—

COUNTY OF YORK.

GENTLEMEN,—

At a Convention of friends of the Local Government the undersigned were selected as candidates to contest the coming election of members to serve in the Legislature for the ensuing term, and having accepted the nomination tendered us, we are now before you respectfully soliciting your suffrages.

It was the expressed opinion of the Convention that the present Government which is now on its trial before the people was deserving of the confidence of the country, and that the electors of this County might reasonably be expected to accord to it their undiminished support.

GENTLEMEN,—Have not your interests been well served during the past four years? Are not your roads and bridges better than they have ever been before? Has not the County enjoyed an influential position in the Provincial Government? If they have, these results have been largely owing to the fact that your four members worked unitedly and harmoniously together in your service.

We ask you to give the Government your hearty support and elect a united, rather than a divided representation, and should we be honored with a majority of your votes our best energies will be faithfully devoted to your service.

We remain, gentlemen,
Respectfully yours,
A. G. BLAIR,
WM. WILSON,
RICHARD BELLAMY,
JOHN ANDERSON.

Fredericton, January 6, 1890.

'89 Christmas '89

GRAND DISPLAY OF

DRY GOODS,

DRESS GOODS

A SPECIALTY

—AT—

JOHN J. WEDDALL'S.

Dry Goods, &c.

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES.

In addition to our Cheap Sale of

CARPETS,

Which commences on **Monday, January 6th,** we will sell during this month the balance of our

Fur Goods, Wool Goods,

WINTER JACKET CLOTHS AND ULSTERINGS,

Fur Lined Cloaks,
Fur Jackets,
Men's Fur Coats,

And other lines of Winter Goods at GREAT REDUCTIONS, as we desire to close them out before taking stock.

DECIDED BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN.

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.

202 Queen Street, Fredericton.

THOS. W. SMITH

Leads Them All Both in PRICES and QUALITY, in

Overcoats, :-: Reefers,

:-:

READY-MADE CLOTHING, JUMPERS,

—ALSO,—

Drawers, Linders and Overshirts,

HATS AND CAPS.

These Goods are Marked Down to ROCK BOTTOM PRICES and selling for CASH only. GIVE US A CALL. You will find no trouble in being suited in PRICE and QUALITY.

Custom Tailoring a specialty,

our object being to please. We always have the latest Fashion Plates, and warrant every garment to give satisfaction in every respect.

WE KEEP THE BEST AND FINEST CLOTHS, IN

ENGLISH, SCOTCH, GERMAN FRENCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS AND SUITINGS AND HOMESPUNS,

of every grade, which we will sell at PRICES that CANNOT BE BEAT. WOOL taken in exchange for Goods, and HIGHEST CASH PRICES allowed.

THOMAS W. SMITH,

192 QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON, N. B.

JANUARY 4th.

DRESS GOODS

—IN ALL THE—

Most Popular Makes and Colors.

BORDERED SUITS,

COMBINATION SUITS.

Also, DRESS GOODS AND PLUSHES in Various Shades.

DEVER BROTHERS.

P. S.—Samples sent Post Free on application to any part of the Province.

DEVER BROTHERS.

Electors of York

your best interests will be served if you will de-

Vote

a short time in looking over our Stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

For

We have Bedroom Setts from $16 to $75; Parlor Suites from $33 upwards, and Chairs, Tables, Rockers, Mattrasses, Bedsteads, Hanging Lamps, and Silverware at very low prices.

Lemont & Sons.