

THE HON. FREDERICK P. THOMPSON
having received the nomination of the
York liberal convention for the house
of commons, will it be understood, accept
the same at the meeting to be held this evening
in Fisher's hall. Mr. Thompson has
during the day received many flattering
offers of support, and the outlook is ex-
ceedingly favorable.

IT DOES NOT MEAN ANNEXATION.

The New York Sun expresses the
opinion that unrestricted reciprocity will
indefinitely postpone annexation, which
it seems to think will be the inevitable
outcome of the existing condition of
things—if it can be continued. The Sun
argues that greater restrictions than ever
be put upon Canadian trade in order to
show the Canadians what they miss by
remaining out of the union. Our con-
temporaries very clearly understand the
situation. Under unrestricted reciprocity
the last shred of annexation sentiment
would be destroyed. In making any
objections to reciprocity, the Sun stands
practically alone. An impression seems
to prevail in Canada that the people of
the United States are anxious for annexation;
when in point of fact the matter
gives them very little concern. The
papers when speaking of Canadian matters
are apt, in a cavalier fashion, to dispose of
them by suggesting annexation as a
remedy, but this is rarely done seriously.
If Canada were to-day to apply for ad-
mission into the union, it would by no
means follow that the application would be
granted instantly. The people of the
republic have a good many problems
already on their hands, parties are very
evenly balanced, and the political leaders
would have to consider a great many
things before the terms of union would
be settled. On the other hand, both
parties favor a broad scheme of reciprocity.

The United States has become a very
wealthy country. It has an enormous
amount of idle capital and it is constantly
on the alert for new fields of enterprise.
Its aim is commercial, not territorial
expansion. Hence it is reaching out towards
South America, and young as the year
1891 is, it has already witnessed the in-
ception of the great Pan-American rail-
way scheme, which will within five years
unite the two Americas. The great forces,
which have been gathering strength on
this continent during the last quarter of a
century, are beginning to be felt, and the
closing decade of the century will witness
phenomenal progress. What share Canada
will have of this will depend upon her-
self. If she shuts herself out by a high
customs wall she will have to take the
consequences. If she will throw down
the wall and accept the commercial ad-
vantages of her geographical position,
there is before her an area of prosperity
such as she has never enjoyed, and under
the influence of which a nationality will
be developed, that will be the key stone
in the great arch in which one day will
be united the whole Anglo-Saxon race.

SIR JOHN'S MANIFESTO.

Sir John Macdonald has sent out his
appeal to the public. It is a somewhat
lengthy document but does not contain in
it a single line that can be called state-
manlike. Its importance lies in its omis-
sions. The premier carefully avoids all
promises of reciprocity and all allusions to
the country avowedly seeking an endorse-
ment of his policy and a new lease of
power to be enabled to continue it. In
some respects the manifesto shows ability.
It is a clever presentation of a bad case
and is a skillful appeal to the unreason-
ing element of the constituencies. The
Read in the light of his Albany club
speech, and his subsequent declarations,
when interviewed, it indicates either that
the pressure of the restrictions has been
too strong for his resist, or that his alleged
reciprocity scheme was pure and simple
humbug. He seeks to persuade the
electors that in him and his friends all
the loyalty of the country is concentrated
and talks about living and dying a British
subject, after the manner of a campaign
stumper. The only conclusion possible
from the manifesto is that, if Sir John
Macdonald is again sustained, the country
will have to look forward to a continua-
tion of that condition of things which
has closed the United States markets to
our farmers and made the maritime pro-
vinces tributary to Ontario; that has en-
gendered grave disputes between the
dominion and the republic, bringing us
on one occasion, to use the words of Sir
Charles Tupper, "within measurable dis-
tance of war." We may anticipate, as the
result of a new triumph of the restriction-
ists, that a new turn will be given to the
taxation screw. The monopolists are not
going to spend their money for nothing.
They are not about to furnish the con-
servatives with funds for a campaign
without understanding first how they are
going to get their money back again.
There is one good feature about the man-
ifesto, namely that it puts an end to the
pretence that the conservative party
favors any measure of reciprocity what-
ever. We already know that the partial
measure, which they profess to favor,
could never be accomplished. We now
know that even this is abandoned.
Therefore, those who favor a continuation
of the present condition of things in
Canada, restricted trade, crippled indus-
tries and high taxation, will cast their
votes for the conservative candidates. It
is to be hoped that a large majority of the
electors will realize the direction in which
their true interests lie and vote for the
liberals and unrestricted reciprocity.

ALL possibility of an amicable adjust-
ment of the dissensions in the Irish
parliamentary party seems to be at an end.
O'Brien says he will submit himself to
the punishment awarded by the court, to
escape which he temporarily fled to
America, and will afterwards appeal to
his constituents to sustain him in the
course he has taken. Parnell very ex-
plicitly says that he has no confidence in
Gladstone and the priests and will not
be dictated to by them, and so the matter
stands. Once again the cause of the
justice to Ireland seemed about to triumph
but has been defeated by those who pro-
fessed to be its warmest advocates.

NOTES.

The New York Tribune, which is the
recognized organ of the Washington gov-
ernment, says that the scheme of reciprocity
proposed by the liberals is feasible,
while that suggested by the conservatives
is chimerical. A declaration of this
nature puts an end to all pretense that a
treaty for reciprocity in natural products
can be negotiated, and shows that we
must accept unrestricted reciprocity or
nothing. Unrestricted reciprocity is what
the people of New Brunswick want.

We are told that unrestricted taxation
will entail direct taxation. Granting that
it will for argument's sake, will it not also
relieve us of an equal amount of indirect
taxation? It will do more than this for
it will lessen the expense of government
very considerably. We are taxed now as
heavily as regards the county will bear,
and the burden falls upon the poor man
and the man with a large family. Direct
taxation would be adjusted so as to fall
upon those best able to pay. When he
buys a gallon of kerosene, he pays eight
cents in taxes, and so with nearly every-
thing he eats, drinks or uses. If he does
not pay the taxes to the government, he
pays them to the combine. And what
does the farmer or working man of York
get out of the N.P.? Absolutely nothing,
for there is not an industry in the country
that is not hampered by it.

Mr. LAUREN characterizes Sir John
Macdonald's appeal to the loyalty of the
people as uncalculated, because nothing
that is proposed by the liberals can in
any way affect the relations of Canada
and England. He declares that the plat-
form of the liberal party is reciprocal free
trade with the United States, and very
neatly disposes of the "vile treason"
charges, by saying: "As to the consequent
charge that unrestricted reciprocity would
lead to annexation, if it means anything,
it means that unrestricted reciprocity
means that the people who are not satis-
fied with a commercial alliance they
will follow with votes for political absorp-
tion into the American republic."

THE PLACE OF THE BIBLE.

The lesson of the Bible is that "right-
eousness exalteth a nation, but sin is a
reproach to any people," and that the rule
holds good as regards individuals as well
as nations. The incorporation into its
teachings of the idea that matters of belief or opinion
are important, except so far as they affect our
actions, seems to be gratuitous. It is un-
doubtedly easier to believe and to save,
than to live pure in heart and to be saved.
God's belief does not avert the conse-
quences of a transgression of law. It is of
course possible that one may, by believing
that his sins are forgiven, become free
from that remorse which attends the con-
scious violation of divine law, or what
the individual regards as divine law, but
freedom from remorse does not avert the
consequences of the transgression, so far
as this life is concerned—that is of the
immediate consequences. It may avert
the indirect effects by restoring the in-
clination to his own self respect. The
experience of every man is that if he does
a thing which his conscience tells him is
wrong, he is never quite the same until
by some process he has regained his lost
estate. Therefore it is that belief in a
pardoning power is so efficacious in mak-
ing men better and happier. There are
persons so constituted that they cannot
regain self-respect, when lost by conscious
wrong-doing, until they have made the
fullest atonement in their power; others
can regain it without this process. As to
which is the better type of humanity we
express no opinion.

The Bible is not alone in teaching this
great lesson of the consequences of wrong-
doing. All histories teach it. The
Bible lesson is the plainest of all because
it is told without any attempt to gloss over
the facts or effort to place the responsi-
bility where it does not belong. The
sacred historians were faithful chroniclers.
Their narrative takes character, of course,
from their knowledge of nature, and is
therefore in many points manifestly in-
correct, but when they came down to the
acts of individuals, they knew neither
friend nor enemy, but speak of each man
as they found him. No other historians
approach them in fidelity in this respect.
Hence it is of all books the most valuable
as a guide to right living. It is the most
wonderful literary production the world
knows anything of, because of this fidelity,
and because the cardinal idea, stated in
the opening paragraph of this article, is
never lost sight of. It is the product of
honest writers, some of whom are
known and some not known. It was
written at periods very far apart. Some
of it doubtless was originally not written
at all; but repeated as the Iliad was, or
the songs of the troubadours. It ran the
gambit of ignorance, fanaticism and vice,
and has been subjected to the keenest scientific
criticism, and although it has, perhaps,
been shown in some particular to be in-
accurate and that the opinions of the
writers were in many instances colored by
their mistaken ideas of natural phenomena
it remains to-day, not only the safest
of all books as a guide to right living, but
the only book of which we have knowl-
edge that can be so regarded. In the
writings of Confucius and in the sacred
literature of India there is much which
inculcates a high type of morality and
purity of living, but as factors in the
elevation of mankind they are not to be
compared to the Christian Bible.

PROGRESS always was a welcome visitor
and in its enlarged form it is a credit to
American journalism. It is a handsome,
racy, and edited sheet. It will surely
meet the success it deserves.

A reliable report states that the Russian
authorities have caused a wholesale ex-
pulsion of the Jews from Novgorod and
its environs.

TEMPERANCE HALL.—The Rev. G. McDon-
ald of Woodstock will preach in the
Temperance hall tomorrow (Sunday) at 11 a. m.,
3 p. m., and 6.30 p. m. There will be a short
prayer meeting at each service.

GREAT REDUCTIONS.—Attention is directed
to the advertisement in another column
announcing that A. Lottimer will hold a
cheap sale at his store on Queen street.
Great bargains may be expected. Call early.

RAN OFF THE TRACK.—The train from St.
John on Wednesday evening was derailed
at Ruisigornish, and it took some time to
get matters right. The passengers to this
city arrived an hour late in consequence.

AT THE CITY RINK.—There was a fair at-
tendance of the skating fraternity at the
rink on Wednesday evening. The seventy
first band was in attendance, and gave a
capital program of music. It is time a
bid was made for a carnival.

CHOIR GATHERING.—The St. Mary's
episcopal choir met at the house of Mrs. G.
Logan a few days ago for practice and
mutual interchange of thought on choir
matters. Light refreshments were served
during the evening by the genial host and
hostess, and all spent an enjoyable time.

IMPROVEMENTS.—The work now in pro-
gress in the interior of the parliament
building will greatly improve its appear-
ance. John Eggar is handsomely frescoing
the vestibule, and a strong force of painters
has been at work on other parts of the
building. The work was not begun any
too soon for the general appearance of the
interior was very dingy. Robert Winter
is engaged in papering and painting the
executive council chamber on the depart-
mental building and is making a good job
of it.

A VALUABLE COMPILATION.—Eric Barthe
has compiled a volume giving the speeches
of the hon. Wilfrid Laurier. It is a book
of 624 pages and is illustrated with a por-
trait of the liberal leader. A sketch of his
life and character is also given. The book
is well printed and contains much that is
of very great interest. Every person inter-
ested in Canadian politics ought to possess
a copy. The price is \$3. For sale by J.
A. McMillan, St. John.

SEATING MATTERS.—There were to have
been some local contests at St. John on
Thursday evening, when the contest of
Marysville and Heffron of the former city
were to compete, but the Marysville man
did not appear. Several bets have in con-
sequence been declared off. It was thought
by many that the recent contest at Mary-
sville would have been a promenade for
Heffron had he been in true form. It is to
be hoped that a return match will be ar-
ranged.

A FAIR YACHT.—James Barker a resident
of St. John has on exhibition in this city
a model of a fast yacht, which is a combina-
tion of a cutter and a centre board. The
lines indicate great speed and those who
have seen the model predict that a boat con-
structed after its model would outstrip any
boat built. Such is the opinion of a St. John
man now in town.

WEATHER.—If we except Monday when
was registered 10 below zero early in the
morning, the weather this week has been
sunshiny. Wednesday and Friday were
sunshiny days, and drew the people out in
large numbers. Even weather prophets are
predicting an early spring but we may
never know what is going to happen.

CONCERT AT ST. MARY'S.—A concert will
be given in the church hall on Monday
evening under the auspices of the women's
aid association of that place. The committee
have succeeded in engaging the services of
several prominent local singers. There will
be religious music and everything that will
do to make the concert a success.

AT THE NORMAL SCHOOL.—An entertain-
ment of songs, readings and recitations
took place in the hall of the Normal school
on Friday afternoon. These exercises form
a pleasing relief from the routine of study,
and form a part of the usual course pre-
scribed by the rules and regulations of the
board.

AN ENIGMATIC PUZZLE.—A specimen of
a new political puzzle has been received from
William Bryce of Toronto. It consists of a
series of circular letter blocks, and the
puzzle is to form words in succession con-
sisting of letters of the same style. Particulars
can be obtained of the publisher.

NOVEL PLAY.—The members of the White
club met in the residence of one of their
members on George street Friday night and
played whist on the reverse principle. In
this game the lowest card becomes the
highest and the ace is reckoned as the low-
est card. The game was very amusing.

NOT VERY OUI.—The item referring to
the Bathurst hop farm was obtained by the
city reporter this morning, and a resident of
the district and appeared for the first time
in the HERALD. All our city contemporaries
credit it to the Newcastle Advocate. This
is exchange clipping with a vengeance.

EVANGELIST WRITERS.—The special ser-
vices held by the Maine evangelist in the
Baptist church have attracted large congrega-
tions during the week. The preacher is
thorough and earnest and his simple but
forceful discourses are in striking contrast to
the sensational evangelists of the day.

ICE CUTTING.—There are extensive opera-
tions in ice on the Nashua, where Thomas
Morrison, of the Marysville hotel, has got
many teams and men at work cutting, haul-
ing and loading ice. It is understood that
Mr. Morrison intends to make a large con-
sumption in the city and vicinity.

CHURCH HALL.—There will be a public
meeting of the church of England temperance
society on Monday evening next at 7
o'clock, when all are cordially invited to at-
tend. Nelson W. Brown of the university
will continue his address on the scientific
aspects of temperance.

A SURPRISE PARTY.—A Charlestown
paper gives an account of a surprise party
given by the U. S. band to Frank H. Bennet,
who was recently married. It was
Maud Haines of St. Mary's. Mr. Bennet
was presented with an elegant French clock
and table lamp.

THE LUMBER WOODS.—Reports from
various sections of the country all speak of
the abundance of snow, yet hailing still
continues. Some of the small camps at
Nashua, and elsewhere, were broken up,
but all the large operators are actively at
work.

A DOMESTIC PET.—A gentleman staying
at the Commercial brought with him a fine
specimen of a fox, a domestic pet which has
been a favourite with his family for the past
two years. It is quite tame, has a fine coat
and brush, and seemed as tractable as a dog.

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY.—The anniversary
of the saint is always a day of terror at the
post office, and many misdeeds of love versus
justice were noted in the morning. But it
was a merry time however, and good old
St. Valentine was well remembered.

THE BANK BUSINESS.—The trade in bank
notes very active at Boistown. W.
McCluskey is a large dealer in the same
and ships direct to Boston. It is profitable
industry and farmers find a ready market
in the States for this commodity.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The Week's Events in Brief—The Cream
of our Exchanges.

David McCulloch, ex-collector of customs
at port of Pictou, died Wednesday.
Customs officers at St. John have been
instructed to watch peddlers who are bring-
ing in worthless Yankee jewellery and de-
frauding both government and customers.

William Mitchell was killed at the grain
elevator Thursday afternoon at Halifax.
He was caught in the machinery and
killed. He was married the evening be-
fore.

The Grand Trunk freight sheds at the
Bonaventure Station, Montreal, were
burned Wednesday, causing a loss of some
\$40,000. Two employes narrowly escaped
death.

Colonel Rogers a wealthy southern gen-
tleman who recently passed a few days
in Hamilton, Ont., has disappeared and
foul play is feared. He had been in the
habit of displaying his money.

During the month of January last the
poll tax on Chinese arriving at the port
of Vancouver, B. C., was \$33,817. The
Chinese immigration revenue for Jan-
uary, 1890, was \$33,016, showing an increase
of \$801.

Tilley Calder, of Fairhaven fished up a
patriarchal lobster the other day.
The crustacean measured thirty-eight
inches from tip to tip of claw, and it was
thought would weigh almost thirty
pounds.

Northumberland came very near losing
its conservative candidate, M. Adams, at
two or three. A piece of tobacco which he
had been chewing, lodged in his throat,
and in coughing it up he ruptured a small
blood vessel.

The last of the famous band of early
missionaries of the Bible christian church
of Canada, Rev. Robert Hurley, passed
away Feb. 2 at the age of 80 years. Mr.
Hurley had been in the ministry up-
wards of 60 years.

The unemployed of Toronto held a
parade and demonstration on Wednesday.
They gathered in St. Andrew's market
and marched to the city hall, preceded
by a drum and a man bearing a flag with
the motto, "Bread or work."

There was a boiler explosion in the
Worsted company's factory at Quebec
Thursday forenoon. Thirty dead bodies
are reported to have been taken from the
ruins. There is little hope that any of the
victims still in the ruins are alive. Finan-
cial loss between \$50,000 and \$100,000.

By accident it was discovered that the
cemetery authorities at Ottawa have been
putting their bodies in one grave with the
rest of the city. The bodies of the
deceased have been reported to the
brethren, and to the Anglican Clerical
Association.

Emily Doherty of Toronto was sitting be-
hind a stove Thursday reading a news-
paper when she fell forward in an epileptic
fit, thrusting one of her hands into the
stove. She is in hospital, and the
man who entered the home shortly after
found her with her hand among red hot
coals.

Michael Norton, a passenger on the
Grand Trunk train going west, Friday
morning, attempted to commit suicide by
jumping from the train. He was rescued
and had his hand broken. He was
in the hospital and his hand was
amputated. He was very much shocked
and did not get up for some days.

The people of Annapolis N. S., are mak-
ing arrangements for establishing a boot
and shoe factory. Plans for the carrying out
of the project are now nearly complete.
Already over one-third of the
necessary capital has been subscribed, and
the success of the enterprise is considered
assured.

St. Andrews is cursed with dogs. "Mon-
grels, peepies, whelps and hounds, and
cats of low degree"—particularly curs—
are abundant, and in some instances they are
so vicious as to make it dangerous to pass
their abiding place. A dog tax is very
much wanted to reduce the rapidly in-
creasing list of curs.

A prominent merchant, in Moncton re-
ceived a note from a debtor recently in
which he said, "I am sorry that I can't
give you any money just now; I will give
you some later. I was up north shoot-
ing and I shot a black cow for a bear and
it cost me forty dollars. I will give you
some money next month."

The shipping men of Montreal recently
gave a private respect to Norman J. Fraser,
foreign freight agent, by presenting him
with a gold watch and a purse of \$150 in
gold. On the outside of the watch, which
was a costly one, the recipient's monogram
"N. J. F." was engraved, while one of the
inner cases bore the following: "Presented
to N. J. Fraser, on the occasion of his mar-
riage, by a few friends."

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Northampton election resulted in
Mansfield, Gladstonian, receiving 3,736
votes; Germains, Conservative, 3,723.

In the British house of commons the
bill to permit a widower to marry his de-
ceased wife's sister passed the second read-
ing, 202 to 155.

Dillon and O'Brien, upon their arrival
at Folkestone from Boulogne-sur-Mer,
voluntarily surrendered themselves to the
police authorities on Wednesday.

Heavy snow storms are reported in the
north of Scotland. All the railway trains
have been delayed by snow. The wind is
blowing a gale in the Irish Sea, and vessels
are running into port for shelter.

Sir Richard Burton, the famous traveler
writer and archaeologist, who died recently
in Trieste was master of 27 languages.
Bayard Taylor could command 28, though he
spoke only English with ease and fluency.

The train from St. John, due at Bangor
on Thursday left the track near
Olmon. Several passengers were severely
injured by jumping from the train. Mrs.
Wakefield of Lowell, Me., was seriously
injured.

It is reported that Gen. Sherman passed
a good night. Asthma, his old disease, is
the chief trouble. The heart and lungs are
performing their functions. The family
is much encouraged and hope for
his recovery.

Miss Millie Clayton, the daughter of
well-known parents at Austin, Tex.; was
drugged on the day appointed for her
marriage to Charles Bardwell, and forced
to marry a young man named Blakely, a
rejected suitor. Her parents acquiesced.

The Jamaica exhibition was opened by
Baldwin George. The dominion has its
largest foreign display, having been allotted
ten courts. England has eight, Austria
five, Italy four, Germany and the United
States three each, and France two.

There was a fashionable assemblage in
Christ Episcopal church at New Brighton
N. Y. Tuesday afternoon, the occasion being
the marriage ceremony of Miss Mattie
Wiman, youngest daughter of Erasmus
Wiman, to Jacob Crang of New York.

The dock laborers engaged in loading
ships at Liverpool or laborers working at
the export trade, have gone on strike.
Those engaged in the import trade are
still at work. In addition to these labor
troubles a strike of lightermen is im-
minent.

Conflicting rumors are circulating in re-
gard to a treasonable plot alleged to have
been discovered at Sofia, for the overthrow
of Prince Ferdinand and his cabinet. A.
Bulgarian agent, a Serbian and Macedonian
have been arrested at Sofia. A judicial
inquiry is in progress.

The Ward line steamer Niagara, which
arrived at New York, on Tuesday, brought
the captain, mate and five sailors from
the barquentine Joseph Gray, wrecked
recently upon coral reefs. It is charged
that the vessel was wrecked by the negligence
of the officers in charge.

Hon. Mr. Stanhope, secretary for war,
stated in the house of commons that with
one small exception the conduct of the
Leicestershire regiment, in Bermuda had
been excellent. He very much regretted
that the vessel was wrecked by the negligence
of the matter had been called to America.

New York World says the most gigantic
railroad enterprise in the history of the
world will be executed before the present
year expires—the consolidation of all the
railroads in the north-west under a single
management. Plans for the carrying out
of the project are now nearly complete.

Horrible reports of depredations by
wolves have been received from Szandau,
Hungary. On Baron Wodianer's estate
alone twenty peasants have been devoured
by the ravenous beasts. The government
authorities are organizing a party of hunt-
ers which will undertake the extermination
of the wolves.

The management of the Nottingham &
Nottinghamshire banking company Eng.
has found it necessary to withdraw \$125,000
from the reserve fund in order to cover
the defalcations of Robert James Beard,
one of its managers. Plans for the carrying out
of the project are now nearly complete.

George J. Gibson, secretary of the whis-
key trust, was arrested at Chicago, Wed-
nesday morning. He was held in \$20,000
for attempt to bribe revenue officers of the
government. When arrested Gibson had
a private watch, it is said, which contained
all evidences of the plot. It is stated
Gibson had planned to have
Shufeldt's distillery destroyed by an in-
fernal machine.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY
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A complete list of information and a
copy of the laws, showing how to
obtain Patents, Copyrights, Trade
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Inventions, sent free.
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JUST RECEIVED:
A BOX ICE CREEPERS for men, women, and
children.
Most practical and simple ice creeper ever put
on the market, can be worn on Overshoes, Rubbers,
or Rubber Boots as well as ordinary boots.
For sale very low by
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

JUST RECEIVED:
10 D OZ. steel snow shovels smooth back
first class shovels.
And for sale by
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Trustees Sale.
The trustees of the estate of GILBERT HAY-
WARD, deceased, offer for sale the real
estate belonging to the said estate, situate at
Frederick Junction, in the County of Kingsbury;
together with the stone thereon and rock-ledge
therein. If not sold by private sale before TUES-
DAY, the 16th day of February next, the said
property will then be sold at Public Auction.
Dated the 9th day of December, 1890.

City Dwelling and Lot
FOR SALE.
The above sale is postponed till MON-
DAY, the 16th day of February, 1891.

Notice of Assignment.
NOTICE is hereby given, that CHARLES E.
SMITH, of the City of Fredericton, in the
County of York, Lamberton, has this day executed
a deed of Assignment to the undersigned, in
trust for the benefit of his creditors, and that the
said deed now lies in the Office of BLAIR &
BARRY, Chartered Accountants, in the City of
Fredericton, in the County of Kingsbury, and
that all persons having claims against the said
debtor are required to present the same to the
said accountants, on or before the 15th day of
September, A. D. 1890.
J. H. BARRY,
Trustee.

HUGHES & WETMORE,
Attorneys and Solicitors,
NOTARIES, CONVEYANCERS, &c.
OFFICES: WILEY BUILDING,
Opp Normal School,
CORN ST.
Fredericton, N.B.

Just Stored:
PURE
CANADIAN
LARD
in Tubs and Cases of 5 lb. and 3 lb.
tins (very choice).

Pork & Beans,
New Codfish,
CANNED SALMON,
Armour's Canned Beef
Lemon and Citron Peels,
Spices of all kinds,
and a full line of
GENERAL GROCERIES

A. F. RANDOLPH & SON
Nov. 22.
This fall's announce-
ment. Between Vanway's
and R. Estey's Grocery
Stores, Queen St., you
will find the Cheapest
and Best Tailor in the
City.

Stop
and
Read!

JOSEPH WALKER,
Practical Tailor,
QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

WILLIAM ROSSBOROUGH,
MASON,
Plasterer, - and - Bricklayer,
SHEPHERD ST., NEAR GAS WORKS,
FREDERICTON, N. B.
Workmanship first-class.
Prices satisfactory

Extra Value
TABLE LINENS,
Napkins, Deoyles,
Towels, Towellings,
SHEETING COTTONS,
Pillow Cottons, Etc.

JOHN J. WEDDALL,
Jan. 17, 1891.

New Brunswick Foundry and Machine Shop.

McFARLANE, THOMPSON & ANDERSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Buckeye Automatic Cut Off Engines,
CELEBRATED
DUNBAR IMPROVED SHINGLE MILLS.

Improved Rotary Saw Mills, Mill Machinery, Enclosed Gear
Movers, Ithaca Horseracks, Stoves and Furnaces,
Railway Castings.

One 50 Horse-power Buckeye Engine on Hand.
One Rotary Saw Mill in hand.

1891 NEW GOODS. 1891
We can assure the ladies by reading the following list of

NEW GOODS
They will find something they require:
New Veiling (large spot),
Evening Gloves,
Corsets (proper fitting),
Children's Hosiery,
Children's Aprons,
Infant's Cloaks,
LADIES' WHITE GOODS.

JOHN HASLIN.
DEVER BROS.

NEW HAMBURG
In Allovers and Flouncings.

NEW - WHITE - LAWN,
Tucked and Hem-Stitched Flouncings

DEVER BROS.
January 24th, 1891.

Do you want to buy a
LANTERN?

If not it may be you want a HANGING
LAMP or a BEDROOM SET or a Parlour
SUITE and remember when you come to
see these goods we have CHAI S, TABLES
BEDSTEADS.

Lemont & Sons.



Call and examine my
stock before placing
your orders elsewhere.