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THE HERALD.

FREDERICTON, OCTOBER 17, 1891.

IMPROVED STOCK.

The prices realized at the sales of imported stock is a sufficient answer to those who pronounced the importation inferior in quality. The weather was decidedly against a large attendance at the sale, and it is the opinion of persons competent to judge, that the aggregate proceeds would have run up from $1,500 to $2,000 higher. As it is there will not be more than about 40 per cent of loss on the whole purchase. Considering all things this must be regarded as most satisfactory, and we think the government is to be congratulated on the result. We could wish, however, in this connection, that farmers generally would show a greater appreciation of the value and importance of having good stock. It will be idle for the government to distribute well bred animals among them if they are not to be better fed and cared for than previous importation. Nothing equal to the present importation, either in quality or numbers, has ever been made before, and the different sections of the province have exhibited a commendable interest in being represented at the sale and securing a share of the stock; but their duty does not end there. This stock should receive the best of attention, and be cared for in a way in which farmers do not care for their ordinary stock. Our people have much to learn in this direction. There are, of course, many who have learned this necessary lesson, but they are few after all. We would like to see more of the breeders' spirit stimulated; and if the agricultural societies would divert their annual grants towards the purchase of improved stock, instead of holding little local shows and awarding small money prizes among exhibitors for large turnips and fancy crazy quilts, the grant would be doing the country substantial service. Cannot a less short-sighted policy be adopted. Cannot something be done to impress upon the members of our agricultural societies more generally the utter uselessness of these small shows and the awarding of these small prizes. This county, in some directions, is waking up, we are glad to note. The Kingsclear and Southampton societies came well to the front at the stock sale; but where was Stanley? The time was when Stanley would not have allowed a sale of improved stock to take place and she not be represented. The Harvey society was also missing. This county secured a fair share of the cattle—23 head out of 146—but Carleton and Charlotte were ahead of us, their figures being twenty-six and twenty-five head respectively.

THE HIGH SCHOOL.

We confess to a good deal of disappointment at the recent action of the senate of the university respecting the High school. It is understood that by a vote of six to three the senate have confirmed their previous decision to withdraw the grant in aid of the High school. It has been pointed out that the withdrawal of this grant would necessitate the closing of what has been generally known as the Collegiate school, and that the board of trustees for the city would be compelled to dispense with the high class teachers whose services they have been able hitherto to engage; but it appears the senate could not be induced to reconsider their former action. We repeat we think it very regrettable that they could not see their way clear to do so. The Collegiate school has always been a valuable feeder to the university—admittedly no other public school in the province, unless perhaps the St. John grammar school might be considered an exception, has been as well equipped as the Collegiate school, for this important function, or has so efficiently discharged it. There is much force no doubt in the reason assigned in favor of a discontinuance of the grant, that the funds of the university are inadequate to maintain the chairs recently set up, and at the same time aid the High school, but it remains to be seen whether educational interests are going to be promoted by the change. We are of the number who would gladly see the grant to the university increased and would have earnestly pressed its favorable consideration upon the legislature. As the matter now stands the senate will ask for authority at the ensuing session to divert the grant from the Collegiate school, to which it must go now by law, and apply it in the way proposed. The change to take effect in January, 1893. Doubtless they may succeed in obtaining this power as a feeling has existed for some time in that direction, but it would have been more respectful to the legislature and indeed to all concerned if the legislation had been first obtained. It is not the citizens of Fredericton and vicinity who are alone concerned in the new departure. The high repute of the Collegiate school has attracted numbers from all parts of the province who had a university course in contemplation, and to those who would have availed themselves of its privileges in the future, the disappearance of the school from among our institutions of learning will be a serious loss.

SMALL POX.

Small pox has appeared in the province of Quebec and there are now seventeen cases. The nearest points to New Brunswick in which the disease has appeared in that province are at Carleton and St. Moire, a station on the I. C. R. Two cases have occurred in this province—both at Dalhousie—and are being properly looked after by the local board of health under the direction of the provincial board. The New Brunswick cases occurred in this way: A young man belonging to Dalhousie, a sailor on the steamer Admiral running from Dalhousie to Gaspe, caught the disease from a young woman who was a passenger on the Admiral. She had come from Quebec by the I. C. R. and crossed over to Gaspe from Dalhousie. When the young man found he was sick, he left the steamer and returned to his father's house at Dalhousie. Dr. Disbro was called in and happening to be chairman of the local board of health when he discovered that the case was small pox, he immediately quaranteened the house and telegraphed Dr. Currie, secretary of the provincial board, for instructions. The other case is a woman in the same house with the young man who caught the infection in attending him. These are the only two cases. The public may rest assured that the health authorities are alive to their duty and will neglect no necessary precaution. The value of the recent government measure relating to the public health and the establishment of local and provincial boards, is being fully demonstrated.

SESSIONAL PAY.

The closing act of the recent session of parliament was to add fifty per cent to the pay of its members. The amount the representatives have therefore received for that session is $1500, instead of $1000. We do not think this transaction can be defended. The principle is wrong. Members ought not to vote money into their own pockets after this fashion. It is perhaps unavoidable that they should in a sense do so, as all payments of public monies are supposed to be voted by parliament, but there is a manifest distinction between fixing the permanent and regular rate of indemity and passing a special vote to themselves at the end of the session by way of extra pay. We do not think this act is creditable to any of the parties concerned, and we greatly doubt if the country will not strongly disapprove of it. The tory press furnishes us with an amusing illustration of the expedients to which the party will resort on occasion. We are left to ascertain from other sources or remain in total ignorance, of what Mr. Laurier and Sir Richard Cartwright think ordinarily upon government questions, but in this instance the few words these gentlemen had to say on the government motion to increase the indemnity, are treated as of surpassing importance and given unusual prominence. The impression is created, so far as these newspapers are able to create it, that the liberal leaders, if not actually in control of the national purse strings for the time being, had forced the majority very much against its will to make this draft upon the treasury of the country. The transparent humbug of such a suggestion will, we believe, impose upon nobody. The government cannot rid itself of the responsibility in this way. While we cannot and do not justify those liberals who gave their sanction to the job we must hold the government primarily responsible. It cannot shelter itself behind the acquiescence of the opposition in such an indefensible proposal. The initiation of all money grants is with it. Often times no doubt it does occur that on questions of debateable policy, the attitude taken up by an opposition may largely shape and influence the action of the executive, but this is not such an instance, and therefore it is not a case in which the opposition can be said to share any portion of the responsibility with the government.

There is no doubt as to how the Sun and Moncton Times would have characterized this transaction if it had been the local government that had been concerned. The standards these newspapers in opposition to the latter set up, are so utterly dissimilar to those applied to the government at Ottawa, that it is difficult to realize they have a common origin. As an illustration, take the case of the Leary investigation. The conservative press was shocked at the thought of a contribution of the friends in St. John of the local government in aid of the party in York county. These same lofty patriots have not a word of censure for the organized robbery which has been depleting the dominion exchequer for a decade of years in the interest of their political friends. The Sun and Times get no swag from the local government, and the local government must therefore be denounced as venal and corrupt. They do reap a golden harvest in the distribution of the dominion patronage and as a consequence the dominion government is the embodiment of all the virtues.

THE CRISIS.

We do not feel called upon at this stage of the crisis to take sides either way or lean to either of the contending parties. It has been always apparent to those who knew the individuals concerned that the time would most assuredly come when the bonds of union would be snapped assunder and those who were one would become twain. Just the moment when the parting of the ways would occur we could not foretell. That it would be coexistent with the first serious financial pressure we believed, and so it has come to pass that the recording of a bill of sale upon the stock and plant of the daily and weekly edition in favor of a near and dear brother, and to secure him in larger obligations which he had so innocently assumed, provokes the encounter and brings on the crash. When such a quarrel occurs between two, who have been so close in their relations, who have been moving along together so harmoniously in joint pursuit of a common enemy and to wreck a common vengeance, the revelations are certain to be interesting. Our reporter has carefully collated the facts and spread them before our readers in another column. We refuse to believe the Gleaner man to be as bad as Mr. Gregory represents him to be; we cannot believe that he would have traitously deserted the liberal pary at the last election and personally thrown himself into the contest at Harvey on polling day if Mr. Gregory's controlling influence had not been exerted over him. Crocket had nothing to gain by taking that course; he could not hope for patronage from the conservative party and has not got it. On the other hand Mr. Gregory had, as he regarded it, everything to gain by defeating Thompson, since he thereby defeated Blair, and what joy could be greater than to see Blair humbled and defeated. We do not anticipate very far-reaching results from this quarrel. It will not very markedly influence the course of public affairs, but it has some local significance. We have no sympathy for Crocket, but while we avow that feeling we cannot but think that he has served Mr. Gregory too loyally for his own welfare. He made a choice at an eventful period between Mr. Gregory and Mr. Blair. He chose or was influenced to choose Mr. Gregory, and from that moment his prosperity ended and his downward career commenced. We do not accuse the Gleaner or its proprietor of any convictions in the matter. It supposed at first that it could control the government, that Blair would not dare to quarrel with it, and withdrew the patronage. Of course it was mistaken but the mistake was in yielding to Mr. Gregory's opinion. We have no harsh words for our contemporary in its collapse. Everybody foresaw that this would be its end when it attached its fortunes to those of the avenger.

MARRIED.—One of the most brilliant weddings Dorchester has seen for some time took place on Wednesday afternoon at half-past four, by which Joseph A. McQueen, M. P. P., was united in marriage to Miss Chapman. Dr. McQueen supported the groom, while Miss Etta Chapman and Miss Weeks acted as bridesmaids. After the solemn service was said by Rev. J. LeRoi Campbell, the wedding party returned to the home of the bride, where refreshments were partaken of. Mr. and Mrs. McQueen left immediately for a trip to the upper provinces, followed by the good wishes of many friends. THE HERALD extends congratulations.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.—A bold attempt at robbery was made at the Star line steamer Acadia on Thursday evening. Two soldiers and a civilian entered the steamer's saloon and were in the act of stealing glassware, when discovered by Capt. Retallick. He pursued the burglars but they escaped.

Individual subscriptions in Bangor to the new railway into Aroostook, foot up to $110,000.

FUNERAL OF PARNELL.

The Irish Leader Buried Amid a Nation's Tears.

DUBLIN, Oct. 12.—Contrary to the general fears and expectations the obsequies of Ireland's late leader yesterday passed off without any signs of disorder and the rank and file of the Parnellites are to be congratulated upon the moderation and control of temper manifested. The funeral procession surpassed in point of numbers anything of the kind ever witnessed in Dublin. The body was received at Holyhead by a deputation from Dublin and transferred to the special steamer Ireland. The steamer arrived at Kingstown about 9 a. m. yesterday, and despite the pouring rain, the pier was thronged with thousands of people.

A Singular Scene.

As the coffin was removed from the box which encased it, the crowd rushed forward and seized the box tearing it quickly in pieces for the purpose of obtaining fragments of the wood as relics. In a few moments more Dublin was reached, and a great throng greeted with every mark of sorrow and love the coming of the body of their leader. After service in St. Nicholas' church the body lay in state in the city hall where it is estimated 125,000 persons viewed the remains. The coffin was covered with floral emblems, the most remarkable being two lovely little wreaths from Mrs. Parnell's daughters with the words: "From little Clare and little Kitty to

Our Dear Mother's Husband."

The funeral procession was a motely mob of well dressed citizens side by side with the raggedest, no order being followed, yet the utmost decorum prevailed. When the cemetery was reached the rain ceased and the sun shone out with dazzling brilliancy, showing both sides of the river Liffey lined with spectators. The police had great trouble to manage the immense crowds and some disorder ensued. The crush around about the grave was terrible. Darkness had set in, the noise of shrieking women, the cries of children and the cries of men struggling amid the crush made inaudible the voice of the clergy reciting the ritual of the church of England. They were obliged to cut the service short, as the crowd broke into the protecting circle and overwhelmed the inner group. Some time after

In the Dead Darkness,

when the crowd had thinned away, the more intimate friends again grouped themselves around the grave, deposited wreathes thereon and took the last view of the coffin. The grave became heaped up with the masses of floral tributes, one of which was Miss O'Shea's, overlooked in the description given above. This bore the suggestive words: "In loving memory of mother's land." The pageant of the funeral, if not a grand spectacle, had an especially solemn interest. Attaching to the gravely conducted demonstration, the intense seriousness of feeling pervading the myriads partaking therein, gave an unique character to the whole manifestation. It was seen to be a libel upon the Irish people to suggest that they would seize upon the occasion for partisan rioting.

RUSSIAN ENCROACHMENT.

The Indian Government is Going to Stop it.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A great deal is heard just now of the Russian encroachment in Pamir, which threatened recently to assume the magnitude of a serious complication with Great Britain. The Indian government is now taking effective steps to stop it, and it seems likely that no further trouble will occur. The avenues of diplomacy are also being employed pretty vigorously, and it is understood that Lord Salisbury has instructed the British ambassador at St. Petersburg to inform the Russian government that the part of Pamir which the Russian military authorities in Central Asia have been prospecting is Afghan territory and is under the protection of Great Britain, and to intimate to the Czar's ministers that it is quite impossible to refer this subject to arbitration or even to discuss in any manner the validity of the frontier line, which is already fixed and fully understood. In the meantime, the Indian government is taking the very practical measure of sending advance military posts up into the Hindoo-Koosh region and, by deed, as well as word, warning Russia off the ground of Afghanistan.

The fact that Lord Salisbury remains in the Rivera is generally regarded as a sign of peace in Europe and an indication that the situation in China is not believed to be dangerous. As a matter of fact, the Foreign ministers vacation is a holiday only in name. The Queen's messengers, bearing chained satchels crammed with documents, leave Downing street for Nice every day, and almost as often for Scotland, where the Queen is still living. There are special wires to Balmoral and Beaulieu, and the minister and his Sovereign are practically in as close communication as they would be were Lord Salisbury in London and the Queen at Windsor. Nevertheless, the fact that Queen Victoria and her prime minister are separated by 600 miles is comforting to peace-loving folks, who continue to raise their voices from time to time, despite the manifold discouragements.

A MILLION FOR A CONVICT.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 12.—The heir to over $1,000,000 has been found in the western penitentiary in Allegheny city.

Early in the eighties an actor, whose stage name was St. Ryan, but whose real name was J. Edwin Ryan, became stranded with his company in New Orleans.

He had the good fortune to rescue a wealthy Cuban, Louis De Ambois, and daughter Edith, an only child, from a deadly assault made by two roughs. In the struggle St. Ryan was severely injured. The De Amboises nursed him back to life. The young couple fell in love, but the father demanded that his daughter marry a cousin, Horace Leigh. She refused, the lovers eloped, were married and subsequently the father forgave them.

St. Ryan was frequently away from home after the marriage, and Horace Leigh conspired against the absent man with the result that De Amboise and his daughter were led to believe the husband unfaithful. A separation ensued. The father and daughter died leaving an immense property to St. Ryan, who, after a year's search, had been discovered an inmate of the western penitentiary, convicted of a crime that, it is said, he never committed.

Efforts are being made to have him set free on habeas corpus proceedings.

A NEW BRUNSWICKER KILLED.—Word was received here yesterday concerning a terrific explosion which occurred in a mill at Manchester, N. H., in which two persons were killed, one a New Brunswick man. Several others were badly injured. About 9.30 o'clock Thursday morning the fly wheel in the engine room of the mill burst. Samuel Bunker, the engineer was killed outright. He was found shortly afterwards in the wheel in the pit with his head smashed in. Bunker was a married man and was a native of Tracy, York county His remains were interred at Manchester. Several of those injured in the mill were girls

OUTRAGE IN A RAILWAY CAR.

A Lady Thrown Out of a Train Going at Full Speed by a Maniac.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Another outrage has just occurred on a railway train, proving the dangerousness of a compartment system. As the train on the Great Western railway was pulling out of the station at Oldbury an unknown man, about 25 years of age, dashed across the platform and jumped into a second-class carriage. The only other occupant of the compartment was Miss Amy Smith, aged 22, daughter of a well-known merchant of Birmingham. The man who had so unceremoniously entered the compartment bent glaring eyes on the young woman, who found herself in the presence of a villain or maniac. In her terror she screamed for help, but no one heard her cries, which only heightened the frenzy of the intruder.

So far he had not molested Miss Smith, except by glaring at her. But when the train attained full speed he suddenly threw open the door on the side near where she crouched in the corner, paralyzed with fear, seized her around the waist, and hurled her out of the carriage, while the train passed swiftly on.

Miss Smith struck the ground with great violence, but was not killed by the fall, although badly bruised. She managed to reach the nearest station and told her story. Despatches were sent on to stop the train and arrest the assailant, but he had escaped before the alarm reached the officials. Search has been made in every direction, but no trace of the fugitive has as yet been found. Miss Smith is in a serious condition, from the injuries she received and the terrible shock she experienced.

EVANGELISTS IN A FIX.

Sam Jones and Sam Small Required to Make Good Their Charges.

ROME, Ga., Oct. 11.—Rev. Sam Jones and Rev. Sam Small have met the grand jury of this county, and the verdict of the public seems to be that they were worsted. A month ago these evangelists conducted a series of meetings here. Rev. Sam Jones surpassed the record in his denunciation of the morals of the people. He boldly declared that gambling was universal, that perjury was the rule, that officers were criminally negligent of duty, that debauchery reigned supreme in all the circles. The result was the formation of a law and order club by the admirers of the two evangelists, whose purpose was to wipe out the sinful character of the city.

Two weeks later court convened. In his charge to the grand jury judge Maddox created a decided sensation by saying: "It has been charged by two ministers of the gospel that certain specific crimes were openly committed here, and, as a consequence, a law and order club had been organized. So long as this court exists there is no need of such a club. You, gentleman of the grand jury, are the only law and order club necessary. It is your duty to investigate these charges. You can have those men who made the charges brought before you and they will be compelled to prove what they charge or to stand convicted of slandering the people."

The grand jury at once summoned Jones and Small to appear and substantiate their statements. Small is in Massachusetts campaigning for the prohibition candidate for governor, but Jones responded. Thursday he spent an hour with the grand jury. The court house was surrounded by people waiting the exit of the preacher, who invited the reporters to meet him at a stated hour, when he would tell what transpired. He launched into an abusive criticism of judge Maddox, intimating that his threatened punishment upon offenders did not come up to the mark; that he had let off certain young men lightly for obvious reasons.

The climax came when the grand jury announced their indorsement of judge Maddox as a man and a judge. This indorsement and the thrust at Jones awakens a great feeling. Jones friends say they hit him when away and that it is a scheme of the anti-prohibitionists to kill Jones influence.

STRANGE AWAKENING.

Hunter Awakes to Find a Moose Standing Over him—Beautiful Antlers.

FORT KENT, October 15.—The head of a sample moose was shown in the sample room of the Vaughan house, Saturday, by Henry Anderson of Fort Kent. There were nine prongs on one horn and eight on the other, the spread between the horns being five feet. It is thought the animal weighed 1,500 lbs. The moose was shot by a Frenchman, near the St. John river on Friday night, October 2. Two hunters were asleep in the woods and one of them was suddenly awakened by the moose smelling him over. When he started up the animal retreated a few steps and stood looking at what to him must have appeared to be a strange looking animal. The aroused hunter soon found his rifle and his first shot brought the monarch of the forest to his knees and several others ended his life. The men lived at Fort Kent and were so far away from home that they could only take the head and hide of the animal. It was a strange experienced to be awakened by a big moose in the middle of the night and the hunter may consider himself not only fortunate in shooting the animal, but as being remarkably fortunate that he escaped serious injury.—Bangor News.

A WOMAN SHOT.

A Doaktown correspondent of the Chatham World writes: A company of travelling beggars passed through here on the 7th. When about seven miles out of the village one of the women was accidentally shot by her nephew, who was taking a load of powder out of a gun, his coat caught the hammer and caused a discharge of the contents. She was standing in front of him and the load entered the body. Dr. Weir was summoned to the relief of the sufferer, but before he reached the scene death had finished its work. Her stories proved to be false, yet through them she received aid from persons who are ever ready to help the poor and needy. The four men of this group, but who did not appear till after the begging was over, seemed well able to work for a living.

DOCTORS IN A STREET FIGHT.

Dr. Frank Gregory, an old practitioner at Marinette, Wis., tried to horsewhip Dr. Fred Colter on Hall avenue recently. Before he had got in many blows Colter drew a revolver and shot Gregory in the leg. There were many people on the street, and when Colter fired they scattered in a hurry. Colter was arrested on a charge of assault with intent to kill, and was placed under bonds of $500 for examination on Saturday. Gregory's wound is not dangerous. Colter is a young man, having gone to Marinette two years ago from New Brunswick. A professional difference is said to be the cause of the fight, though it is also hinted that the trouble is over a woman.

The net debt of Canada, at the close of the last fiscal year, was $237,797,674, which is practically what the debt was a year ago.

AROUND THE WORLD.

The Week's Events in Brief—The Cream of our Exchanges.

During August and September $32,861 worth of gold was mined in Nova Scotia.

Sunday night's frost destroyed $250,000 worth of grapes in Chautauqua county, New York.

Difficulty in connection with the Saint John county assessment drove Coun. Brown, of St. Martin's crazy.

A widow named Montain, aged 85, was married at Digby a few days ago to a widower named Melanson, aged 73.

The Russian government is purchasing corn for the purpose of feeding the famishing peasants of the striken districts during the winter months.

The government of Sydney, N. S. W., was defeated Thursday on a vote on a labor measure It is expected the cabinet will resign in consequence.

Samuel S. Baizley, Stylesville, Westmorland county, picked on his farm the other day a number of ripe strawberries. He reports the blossoms very thick.

Four cases of smallpox have been discovered near Sherbrooke, and all have been quarantined. There are now about 30 cases throughout the province.

The Russian government has closed the university at Kieff and placed 500 students under arrest on account of the recent revolutionary behaviour of the students.

An important communication in the London Standard says that Russia is now at the very outpost of India and that it is time for England to draw her sword in Asia.

Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon, of London, England, now slowly recovering from his recent illness, has written a letter to his congregation, informing them he is going abroad for rest and change of scene.

Ten thousand dollars worth of dresses ball and party costumes were seized by the custom officials on the arrival of the steamer La Bretagne at New York. They were the creations of Worth, Felix and other Parisian dressmakers.

Reports say the herring fishery on the northern coast of Newfoundland and Labrador are almost a complete failure. The strong gales have interfered with the lobster fisheries and very little more will be done on the coast this season.

A female nurse has been sentenced to ten years imprisonment at Calais, France, for having killed an infant by throwing it in the air several times and letting it fall to the ground. The deed was the result of anger at her discharge from position.

As a result of the the big fire at Halifax Adam McKay makes a claim against the city for $10,000 and Frank Ronan for $1,700 for goods destroyed. They hold the city responsible in allowing large quantities of oil to be stored in the heart of the city.

The Moncton Times informs us that on last Thursday at Bathurst two children quarrelled and one of them, six years old, stuck a knife into the back of his opponent, aged nine years. A doctor was called in and declared that the wounded one's life was in danger.

Preaching at the annual harvest home of St. James' cathedral, Canon Du Moulin alluded to the recent disclosures at Ottawa and said that had the country its deserts at the hands of the Almighty we should be suffering from famine instead of enjoying a bounteous harvest.

If frost held off the a little longer we might have had a second crop of wild strawberries. William McKay picked seventeen ripe berries on Scotch ridge on Friday last, and another person in an adjoining parish is said to have gathered half a pint.—St. Croix Courier.

The largest consignment of ranch cattle ever shipped from Canada left Montreal Wednesday on the steamship Labrador. The number is about seven hundred and the average weight is fourteen hundred pounds. They are from the Cochrane ranch in the northwest territory.

The action for divorce brought for a second time by Colonel Hozler, secretary of Lloyds, against his wife, the lady Blanche, has again been settled out of court through the efforts of the Earl of Airlie, who promises to guard his sister and prevent the occurrence of further scandal.

The prospectus of a new daily Parnellite newspaper, to be puplished in Dublin, appeared on Wednesday. It declares that the followers of Mr. Parnell are fully determined to press the cause of their late leader's furtherance of the program agreed upon by Dublin convention in July last.

At Hartford the other day Mrs. Clara Lauise Kellogg-Strakosch was petting a Newfoundland dog, which playfully swallowed a $350 diamond ring which the lady had taken from her finger. Mrs. Strakosch bought the dog for fifty cents and ordered that the animal be securely tied up in the back yard.

The steamer Washington has left Kingsport, N. S., on her second trip to Havana with potatoes. She carried 5,000 barrels. Kings county farmers are using the Havana market for all it is worth. The new barquentine Winifred, launched recently at Canning, is being loaded at Port Williams for Havana.

The porte, Constantinople, with a view of preventing the bloody feuds and outbreaks of lawlessness which have occurred lately, has ordered the governor of Scutari to disarm the Albanians. The governor declares that the scheme is well nigh impossible, that it is certain to lead to serious disturbances and probably end in revolution: The Albanians are well armed.

The Customs Department has been notified by the collector at Victoria, B. C., that he refused to allow a United States survey steamer to land there as the crew composed of chinese. Parmalee, assistant commissioner of customs, who is also Chinese comptroller, says that Mr Milne, the collector, acted in accordance with the act imposing a poll tax on all Chinese who land in Canada.

Moffatt's steam mill, Dalhousie, and a large quantity of boards and scantling and other lumber were destroyed by fire on Wednesday night of last week. The loss is about $25,000. There is no insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it was probably from the machinery being over heated during the day. Fortunately the deal piles on the wharves north of the mill were not touched by the fire, or the loss would have been very much larger. A large number of workmen are thrown out of employment by the disaster. Hopes are entertained that Mr. Moffatt will rebuild at once.

Burglars entered the office of the St. Croix soap manufacturing company, at St. Stephen, at about two o'clock Thursday morning and blew open the safe. The job was evidently a professional one, but the robbers obtained only slight reward, not more than twenty dollars being in the safe. The papers were scattered on the floor and left there. The windows were carefully opened so that no crash of broken glass would occur. The wife of the C. P. R. station agent heard the explosion, but was afraid to give any alarm. Tracks of a team were seen at the door but there is no clue to the criminals.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

THERE will be sold at Public Auction, at the County Court House, in the City of Fredericton, on FRIDAY, the thirtieth day of October, A.D. 1891, between the hours of twelve o'clock, noon, and five o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, property, claim and demand whatsoever of Frederick Tapley, in, to, upon, or out of the following described lands and premises, viz.:

"ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of "Queensbury, in the County of York, bounded on "the front by the River Saint John and on the rear "by the Main Highway, on the upper side by "Daniel Ketch, and on the lower side by land occupied by George Ketch; also, all that certain "piece or parcel of land situate in Queensbury, "aforesaid, bounded on the rear by William Hall, "thence running in towards the river, preserving "the width of the lot twenty rods until it strikes "the top of the Flint Hill, so-called, containing ten "acres, more or less, being a portion of the lot conveyed by Thomas S. Wetmore and wife to Asa "Tapley by deed, recorded in Book O, No. 2, page "208 of York County Records, and by said Asa "Tapley conveyed to Eleanor Tapley and by said "Eleanor Tapley and Alexander Tapley conveyed to "Frederick Tapley." Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon.

The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province at the suit of Edward Cadwallader against the said Frederick Tapley.

A. A. STERLING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Fredericton, York County, July 25th, 1891. 3mos.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

THERE will be sold at Public Auction, at the County Court House, at Fredericton, on WEDNESDAY, the fourth day of November next, between the hours of twelve o'clock, noon, and five o'clock in the afternoon, all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand of David McLellan, of, in, to, or out of the following described lands and premises, viz.:

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Stanley, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwesterly angle of Lot Number Five on the south side of the Bloomfield Ridge Road, deeded to one Alexander McLeod, thence running by the magnet south two degrees west fifty chains of four poles each, thence south eighty-eight degrees west twenty chains to Lot Number Seven (deeded to one George Parker), thence north two degrees east fifty chains to the road above mentioned, and thence along the same north eighty-eight degrees east twenty chains to the place of beginning, being Lot Number Six on the south side of the Bloomfield Ridge Road, and containing one hundred acres, located to David McLellan by the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Land Company by deed dated the twenty-seventh day of December, A. D. 1880, together with all houses, barns, buildings, improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging.

The same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the County Court of the County of York at the suit of Myles McLaggan against the said David McLellan.

A. A. STERLING, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Fredericton, York County, August 1st, 1891.

American Cornmeal,

Canadain do

Star Flour,

Harvest Moon Flour,

Wild Rose do

Sugars,

Pickled Herring,

Smoked Herring,

Codfish,

Soaps,

Candy,

Canned Oysters,

Landing and for sale low.

A. F. RANDOLPH & SONS.

W. E. SEERY,

Merchant Tailor,

Has Just Received a splendid new stock of

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

—COMPRISING—

Spring Overcoating,

Suitings,

and Trouserings,

Which he is prepared to MAKE UP in the

LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES

AT MODERATE PRICES.

W. E. SEERY,

WILMOT'S AVE.

S. L. MORRISON,

Dealer in

FLOUR, MEAL,

TEA,

COFFEE,

SUGAR,

MOLASSES,

TOBACCOS,

CANNED GOODS

—AND—

General Groceries.

QUEEN STREET,

OPP. CITY HALL,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

VISITORS

—TO THE—

EXHIBITION

Will Study Their

OWN INTEREST,

By Purchasing Their

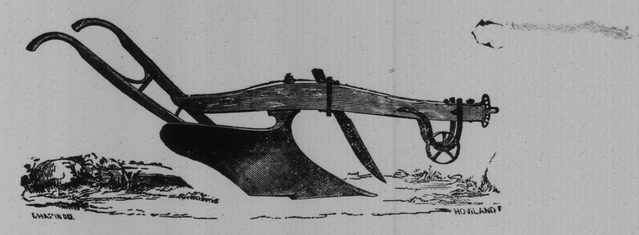
DRY GOODS

—AT—

JOHN J. WEDDALL'S.

October 3rd.

New Brunswick Foundry and Machine Shop.



McFARLANE, THOMPSON & ANDERSON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Buckeye Automatic Cut Off Engines,

CELEBRATED

DUNBAR IMPROVED SHINGLE MILLS.

Improved Rotary Saw Mills, Mill Mchinery, Enclosed Gear Mowers, Ithaca Horserakes, Stoves and Furnaces, Railway Castings.

One 50 Horse-power Buckeye Engine on Hand.

One Rotary Saw Mill in hand.

JUST OPENED, 4 CASES

—CONTAINING—

WOOLEN

Ladies',

Gent's,

Boy's

—AND—

Misses'

UNDERWEAR

JOHN HASLIN.

ON SATURDAY, 8TH OF AUGUST,

Will Hold their Usual

REMNANT SALE.

ADMISSION FREE.

DOORS OPEN AT 9.

DEVER BROS.

Only 10 cts.

For a nice Whisk.

Better ones with Plush handles 20 cts.

Feather Dusters 50, 75, and $1.00.

Bedroom Setts,

Parlour Suites,

And a Splendid

Assortment of Hanging Lamps.

LEMONT & SONS.