

VOL. IV., NO. 12.

FREEDRICKTON, N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1893.

\$1.00 PER YEAR

HOTELS.

QUEEN HOTEL, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been refitted and painted in the most attractive style. It is centrally located, directly opposite the City Hall, and is well ventilated and well lighted. It has commodious bath rooms and closets, and is capable of accommodating a large number of guests. The tables are always supplied with every delicacy available. The cooking is highly commended, and the staff of attendants are ever ready to oblige. There are two of the largest and most conveniently furnished parlors in the city, and the most comfortable bedrooms in the dock.

HEALTH FOR ALL! HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

PURIFY THE BLOOD, correct all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys and Bowels. They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incident to Female sex. For Children and the Aged they are precious. THE OINTMENT is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is likewise a cure for Rheumatism, For Disorders of the Chest it is a charm. FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases, it has no rival; and for Contracted and Stiff Joints it acts like a charm. Manufactured only at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 78, NEW OXFORD STREET, (late 533, OXFORD STREET), LONDON and are sold at 1s. 1/4d., 2s., 4s., 6d., 11s., 2s., and 5s. each Box or Pot and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Purchasers should look to the label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 78, N. O. St., London, they are spurious.

DAIRY COWS. C. P. Goodrich Tells How to Feed Them For Profit.

I believe that the true way to feed dairy cows for profit—and profit is what we are all after—is to feed the proper food for the production of milk to the full capacity of the animal power to digest, assimilate and manufacture these food into milk. This way of feeding or "forcing," as some term it is objected to by some on the ground that this cow machine will sooner be worn out. Suppose for a moment that position is correct. Is there a sensible man who would think of running any other machine that takes a certain number of hands to attend, and a certain amount of power to get up speed enough to do any work at all, who would run his machine at one-fourth or one-half its capacity, for the sake of making his machine last a little longer? PROFITABLE FEEDING. Then suppose you had a steam thrasher that could do first class work up to 1,500 bushels a day as its limit. Is there any man who would think it economy to run such a machine with only steam enough to prolong its life a day for the sake of making it last a little longer? It would take nearly as much fuel to get up steam, the same engineer, the same feeder and other attendants, but his machine might last 11 years instead of 10. Such a man you would unhesitatingly pronounce foolish; but in my opinion he would be wise compared with the man who would run his cow machine at anything less than its full capacity. The cow, unlike the thrasher, improves by use, for animal nature has the faculty to adapt itself to the new use, transmitted to certain limits. In other words, the more and better milk you manage to make a cow give, the more and better milk she can give until that limit is reached, as you develop her capacity to do so, and this improvement will be, in a measure, transmitted to her progeny, so that the heifer calves of a cow will be better than those produced before such development has taken place. In that way each generation will be better than the preceding one. These facts I have demonstrated to my satisfaction in my own experience. Others have done the same thing, and I cite you as a very high authority on this subject Prof. E. W. Stewart. You will find this subject fully treated of in his work on "Feeding Animals." But it is not true that high feeding injures the cow, as so many think. If judiciously fed, they will tend to "wear out the machine." More cows are "worn out" by under feeding, than by high feeding. I have had them last with high feeding, with scarcely any diminution of their powers, till they were 15 years old.

HAD TWO WIVES. Thomas Gough Had a Wife at Halifax and Another at Chicago.

Some two decades ago, Thomas Gough came to Halifax from Chicago and traveled over Nova Scotia selling dry goods. Afterwards he went into the retail liquor business in Halifax and later on became interested in gold mining ventures throughout the province. He was believed to be a single man, and was married to a widow lady of Halifax, named Prior, and eventually the two were married, after the woman had been a widow but two weeks. Two months ago Gough died, and since it has developed that all these years there has been living mother Mrs. Gough, who could not stand the loss of her husband, when Gough went away from Chicago he left her wife and son and two daughters. These four are still living, and now comes the strangest part of all. When Gough died his brother came on here from Chicago and accidentally learned that one of the girls living in this city and is married to a respectable young man. Her name is living in Chicago thought the young lady was living in England with an aunt, but it appears her father must have been in some way gained possession of her and brought her to Halifax. Report has it that the wife in Chicago knew nothing about this. Gough having become a bigamist until her brother-in-law's return there after the funeral in this city, though it is believed that Mrs. Gough had been in Halifax and was induced to go back to Chicago without exposing her husband. The son is a machinist, and has a lucrative position in Chicago. By the second wife Gough had no children, and his legitimate family are taking steps to get possession of the woman here, and to this end have written here that legal talent will be secured to ascertain what can be done. Gough evidently expected something like this for the best precautions to secure what would be brought to the woman here he called his wife, for most of his property was placed in her name, and he made such provision that the cash he had, went to her also. Shortly before his death he transferred to another party his interest in the business, and he has since returned to Boston, Mass., to seek his fortune. He too is going to help swell the exodus. If this exodus continues for the next ten years as it has been the past, there will be more groups of constituents to form new colonies. Then it will require Kings to be added to Sanbury and Queens, to find enough people to elect a representative, and may be St. John will be included. G. B. Thompson and Joseph Wasson, both carrying on the boot and shoe trade, have been temporarily incapacitated from work, but are now improving. Mrs. I. S. Vanwart and Miss Edith have been confined to their homes for some time, particularly the latter, who has been having a serious time with her head. Both are now better. Reid Slipp, who has been very feeble for over a year, has improved considerably, being able to work most of the time at light work. He shows considerable gain. Cortwood and timbering operations, have been prosecuted rather vigorously for some weeks past. There is now considerable quantities lying on the banks of the river in many places. It is quite a busy place around the mill of Arthur May's, Queenstown, where many lots of logs are arriving daily for spring sawing. This year's venture is likely to prove a profitable enterprise, both to the proprietor and his patrons.

TURNIPS FOR DAIRY CATTLE. The Halifax Evening Mail publishes the particulars of a case of bigamy.

I formerly thought I could feed turnips of any kind to dairy cattle in moderate quantities without injuring the quality of the milk or butter. My method was to keep the quantity from day to day as the cows became accustomed to them. I did this many years with seldom any ill result. If I overfed or fed irregularly giving large quantities at first before the cows had become accustomed to them, there would sometimes be a perceptible tinge in the milk. Some persons are strongly prejudiced against turnips, and I have heard of many instances where the taste was wholly in the imagination of those who fed the turnips. When I was feeding my cows with turnips, I was told that the milk was not so good as when they were not; I have heard too of a few cases where turnips had been fed to unknown to the customers of the milk or butter, and the consumers have specially praised the goods and knew they were no turnips in them. With sufficient care in beginning in a moderate way I should not hesitate to feed turnips to dairy cattle that were producing milk for market, yet when I was selling butter to two or three times ordinary price, I was told that the milk was any possible mistake in feeding, and I gave up turnips entirely. Could I always have done the feeding properly I might have continued their use. I have known the quality of butter to be injured by turning cows directly from the barn to milk pasture, feed without accustomed to the change. I have also known the same result to follow the use of green, ripe, and clover. To have milk perfect, the health of the cow must be perfect, but it never is when her digestion is disturbed by irregular feeding or by over feeding or by too sudden changes. Some men succeed in almost everything they undertake, others never do anything well. These last can never feed turnips safely. —New England Farmer.

UPPER GATOWAN. George and Fred D., sons of captain David Weston, are home from Texas.

George and Fred D., sons of captain David Weston, are home from Texas. The former has been in Texas for some time and the latter has been spending the winter in Boston. Rev. Joseph Noble preached in the F. C. Baptist church here yesterday. The services were held at the residence of the pastor, Rev. C. B. Lewis, of the church at Hibernia. Henry Rutter, of Upper Haynesville, stopped over Sunday with friends here. To-day he goes to Jerusalem, where a number of his relatives live. Abraham Lincoln When leaving his home at Springfield, Ill., to be inaugurated president of the United States, made a farewell address to his old friends and neighbors, in which he said, "NEIGHBORS GIVE YOUR BEST CHANCE." These words come with as much force to-day as they did thirty years ago. How give them their best chance? Up in the Northwest is a great empire waiting for young and sturdy fellows to come and develop it and "broad land to the young fellows, the boys that Lincoln referred to, seeking to better their condition and get on in life. Here is their chance! The country referred to lies along the Northern Pacific R.R. Here you can find pretty much anything you want. In Minnesota, and in the Red River Valley, or North Dakota, the finest of prairie lands fitted for wheat and grain, or as well for diversified farming. In Western North Dakota, and Montana, are stock ranges limitless in extent, clothed with the most nutritious of grasses. The boys that Lincoln referred to, if a farming region is wanted there is the whole state of Washington to select from. As for scenic delights the Northern Pacific Railroad passes through a country unparalleled. In crossing the Rocky, Sitter and Cascade mountains, the grandest mountain scenery to be seen in the United States from the car window is found. The wonderful bad lands, wonderful in grandeur and glowing color, are a poem. Lakes Pend Oreille and Clear Lake, are alone worthy of a trans-continental trip. Think of the ride along the Columbia river in a daylight dream. To cap the climax this is the only way to reach the far-famed Yellowstone Park. To reach and see all this the Northern Pacific railroad furnishes trains and service of unsurpassed excellence. The most appointed and comfortable Palace Sleeping cars; the best Dining cars that can be made; Pullman Tourist cars good for both first and second class passengers; easy, fast, Day coaches, with Baggage, Express, and Locomotives make a train fit for royal itself. Those seeking for new homes should take this train and go and spy out the land. To be prepared, write to CHAS. S. FEE, G. P. & T. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

THE LEGEND OF THE PANISSES. A pretty fable about the pansy is current among French and German children.

A pretty fable about the pansy is current among French and German children. The lower class has five petals and five sepals. In most pansies, especially of the earlier and less highly developed varieties, two of the petals are plain in color and are gay. The two plain petals have a single sepal, two of the gay petals have a sepal each, and the third which is the largest of all, has two sepals. The fable is that the pansy represents a family, consisting of husband, wife and four daughters. The two plain petals are the two small gay petals are the two daughters, with a chair each; and the large gay petals are the wife and two children. To find the father, one must strip away the petals until the stem and pistil are bare. They have a fanciful resemblance to an old man with a flannel wrap about his neck, his shoulders upraised, and his feet in a bath tub. The story is probably of French origin, because the French call the pansy, the stepmother.

THE ROBERT JORGAN UNEQUALLED. Great Bargains! NEW HOME OFFICE, Phoenix Square, Opposite City Hall, Fredericton, N. B. We have the largest and best stock of Pianos, Parlor and Church Organs, Sewing Machines, Organs, \$50. Parlor Suites, \$35. Bedroom Suites, \$18. Guaranteed for Five Years. NEW HOME OFFICE, Phoenix Square, opp. City Hall, FREDERICTON, N. B. For further particulars address P. DUFFIE, P. O. Box 28.

DARSON'S PILLS Make New, Rich Blood! HAWKER'S TOLU AND WILD CHERRY BALSAM. A Favorite and Most Valuable Remedy for the CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA, OR ANY FORM OF THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLE. II Allocated, Try It. It Will Cure You. Malcom McLean, of Kensington, P. E. I., writes the following: "For several years I suffered from chronic Bronchitis, for which the doctors and numerous medicinal remedies failed to give me any relief. I was advised to try Hawker's Tolu and Wild Cherry Balsam, and I immediately purchased a bottle and used it as directed. I had not used two large bottles, I consider it to be truly a wonderful medicine, and cheerfully recommend it to all so afflicted. For Sale by All Druggists and General Dealers. PRICE 25 AND 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE. MANUFACTURED BY THE HAWKER MEDICINE CO., SAINT JOHN, N. B. GILLET'S PURE POWDERED LYE. PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST. For the CURE OF SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS. Sold by All Grocers and Druggists. W. W. GILLET'S, Fredericton, N. B. BLANKETS. To produce milk as economically as possible, I try to provide the necessary variety of food which will cost the least, having due regard also to the likes and dislikes of the cow herself. For I believe her pleasure should be consulted as much as the household concerns the pleasure of her family when providing food for them. I feed my cows mainly on corn meal and bran; I feed also mainly on corn meal and bran; but if two tons of oats will buy three tons of bran, then I make the exchange. Chemical analysis makes me to indicate that good clean wheat bran is fully as good as the cheapest food I can provide for my cows; but it is not of itself a perfect ration, and needs to be balanced up with bran or oats or clover hay. CARELESSNESS IS PROFIT. I have been trying to show you how I feed my dairy cows, but I am sensible that I have failed to give more than a slight general idea of it, for each cow has her own individual capacity, which varies from every other cow, which must be studied by close observation and acquaintance, before the feeder is able to do the best that can be done. I never could tell anybody just how to feed my cows. I never give any instructions to have as much grain as I feed, for no one who is not intensely interested in it and in full sympathy, I might term it, with the cows, will be able to feed just right. Some cow might be fed a little too much grain, and it is not to be observed until she refuses to eat when it will probably be too late—her digestive organs permanently injured. When I wish to instruct anybody how to feed my cows, I have to go, taking him with me, and show him, and show him more than once, too. I will see what I can do to further give an idea of how I feed. If I only had my cows here I believe I could show you. If I only had you down there it would do you well, and I will have to take you there in imagination. You may stay just as long as you have a mind to, if you only take the cows well. Now just imagine yourselves all down at my house three years ago, before I had a silo, because silos are not very plenty yet, and I want you to know how I fed them then. You will have to get up at half past five in the morning, and go with me to the stable. I shall take some good clover hay and put it in the manger. You observe that I give more to one cow than to another. I know just about how much they will eat, and I want to give each cow all she will eat up without leaving any to be thrown on.

WILLIAM WILSON, Attorney-at-Law, SOLICITOR and CONVEYANCER. Offices: Carleton St., East Side. Directly opp. Dr. Coulthart's office. Accours Collected and Loans Negotiated. WILLIAM WILSON. H. B. RAINSFORD, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC. Clerk of the Peace and Division Registrar, Best Estate Agents, Executors, etc. Office: Lower part of County Court House. Adjoining the office of Registrar of deeds. Fredericton Nov. 16th, 1891. GEO. A. HUGHES, Attorney and Solicitor, NOTARY, CONVEYANCER, &c. OFFICE: WHELFLEY BUILDING, Fredericton, N. B. Opp. Post Office, corner 77. WILLIAM ROSSBOROUGH, MASON, Plasterer, - and - Bricklayer, SHORE ST. NEAR GAS WORKS, FREDERICTON, N. B. WORKING A SPECIALTY. Workmanship first-class. Prices satisfactory. RAILROADS. CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY ATLANTIC DIVISION. ALL RAIL LINES TO BOSTON, &c. THE SHORT LINE TO MONTREAL, &c. ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS In Effect Oct. 3rd 1892. LEAVE FREDERICTON. EASTERN STANDARD TIME. 6.15 A. M. - Express for St. John and intermediate points: Vancouver, Harper, Dartmouth, Boston, St. Stephen, Amherst, Halifax, Woodstock, and points North. 10.30 A. M. - For Fredericton Junction, St. John and points West. McAdam Junction. 2.35 P. M. - For Fredericton Junction, St. John, etc. RETURNING TO FREDERICTON FROM St. John, 6.25, 8.00 a.m., 4.40 p.m. Fredericton Junction, 8.15 a.m., 12.15, 6.15 p.m. McAdam Junction, 8.30 a.m., 2.15 p.m. St. Stephen, 7.45, 10.00 a.m. St. Andrews, 7.00 a.m. Arriving at Fredericton at 9.15 a.m., 1.15, 7.10 p.m. LEAVE GIBSON. 6.20 A. M. - Mixed for Woodstock, and points north. ARRIVE AT GIBSON. 4.40 P. M. - Mixed from Woodstock, and points north. D. McINTOSH, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. John, N. B. C. E. McBRIDE, Gen. Pass. Agent, ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE SHAH OF PERSIA. He is Imperious, But Greatly Respected By His People. The smallest detail is submitted to the Shah by his subjects. His military discipline is maintained by a few officers, who are all of his own race and are all of his own family. He is a very autocratic ruler, and he is not of himself a perfect ruler, and needs to be balanced up with bran or oats or clover hay. CARELESSNESS IS PROFIT. I have been trying to show you how I feed my dairy cows, but I am sensible that I have failed to give more than a slight general idea of it, for each cow has her own individual capacity, which varies from every other cow, which must be studied by close observation and acquaintance, before the feeder is able to do the best that can be done. I never could tell anybody just how to feed my cows. I never give any instructions to have as much grain as I feed, for no one who is not intensely interested in it and in full sympathy, I might term it, with the cows, will be able to feed just right. Some cow might be fed a little too much grain, and it is not to be observed until she refuses to eat when it will probably be too late—her digestive organs permanently injured. When I wish to instruct anybody how to feed my cows, I have to go, taking him with me, and show him, and show him more than once, too. I will see what I can do to further give an idea of how I feed. If I only had my cows here I believe I could show you. If I only had you down there it would do you well, and I will have to take you there in imagination. You may stay just as long as you have a mind to, if you only take the cows well. Now just imagine yourselves all down at my house three years ago, before I had a silo, because silos are not very plenty yet, and I want you to know how I fed them then. You will have to get up at half past five in the morning, and go with me to the stable. I shall take some good clover hay and put it in the manger. You observe that I give more to one cow than to another. I know just about how much they will eat, and I want to give each cow all she will eat up without leaving any to be thrown on.

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