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THE HERALD.

FREDERICTON, APRIL 15, 1893.

PROROGUED.

The local house prorogued to-day at half-past ten. Many important bills received the assent of his honor. It had been said that the abolition of the legislative council would tend to protract the session, but the reverse is the fact. One of the marked features of the session was the very weak showing made by the opposition. That party dealt altogether in insinuations and did not, though frequently challenged, present a single charge. It is divided into three sections, the St. John, York and Moncton contingents, and each measure that came up for discussion saw these arrayed against each other. Dr. Stockton, after the first day, saw that he had a burden on his hands in the shape of a following and could not even, if so disposed, press with any force any amendments that originated on his side of the house to government measures.

The opposition led by Mr. Stockton and that by judge Hanington are entirely different systems; the latter made a bold and manly criticism which if it did not convince at least had the respect of the government benches; the former deals in old time theories and played out charges which tire out his own party and take no effect whatever on the other side.

The session of Friday saw that leader harness once more his old chestnuts and trot them out. Although occupying much time yet they produced little effect. Perhaps it was a better plan than to resort to the memorial business as he did last session. It has been a very unprofitable session for the opposition and each man of that party feels it.

In the other case the government feel that the measures passed by them will receive the best support of the people and prove beneficial to all.

VAUDREUIL.

The Montreal Daily Star contains the following reference to the liberal victory at Vaudreuil.

The liberal victory in Vaudreuil will present an almost irresistible temptation to such of the tariff reform press as are far enough away from the county to have escaped the echoes of the contest, to claim a triumph for their principles. Here in Montreal, however, the allurement is more easily withstood; for we have known all along—and grieved to know—that the real issue upon which the election would turn was the attitude of the two parties on the Manitoba school question.

That tariff reform is in the air needs no demonstration; nor will it strengthen the movement to claim for it a bogus victory. As yet, the Conservative tariff reformers are strongly hopeful that the Foster schedule will be fairly and adequately amended and reduced by the present government on protective lines. Their discontent with the cruel exactions and "specific duty" mysteries of the tariff has not reached the point of driving them into opposition.

THE tax reduction bill passed the legislature and the law will prove beneficial to St. John. By it the aldermen for that city will be reduced in number from 26 to 15, of whom 13 will be representatives of the wards and two aldermen at large. Of these the first-class must do business in the wards they represent, but they will be elected by a majority of the votes of the city. The latter class will be chosen in the same way but there will be no limit as to residence. The act becomes the law of St. John after receiving a majority-vote of the residents. Such a law would be a good one for Fredericton as the city would be more generally represented at the council board and it would be possible to induce some of our leading merchants to offer for a seat in that body. The present system is not at all the best that this city might have and many reasons might be given why a change would be beneficial.

THE recent legislation in amendment of the game laws of the province is well received. The clause compelling residents of another country to pay a license fee before being allowed to hunt in our forests is a good one. Year after year American and upper province sportsmen come into this province and kill our large game, and outside of the small amount of money which they pay for guides the province is none the richer. The game is as much the property of the province as are the lumber woods, and if it can be made to pay a revenue, even if small, it is only in the people's interests that such a revenue should be exacted. The fee will also tend to limit the destruction of game, as there will not be so many hunters under the present law as when no fee had been paid.

THE reception accorded to Dalton McCarthy at Toronto on Wednesday night was a signal success in point of numbers and enthusiasm. It would be hard to determine the political character of the meeting. All present evidenced their dislike for the present administration at Ottawa, and looked to McCarthy to bring about a better state of affairs. The majority of them seemed to be old time conservatives, who on account of the wrecked fortunes of the party, especially since the death of Sir John Macdonald, are changing slowly but surely their allegiance.

THE subject of electric lighting has been much discussed by our citizens during the week and all are of the opinion that the city council in asking the house to pass their measure were, if not going beyond their powers, showing at least scant courtesy to their constituents. In a case of this kind where a large tax is involved it would be only just and fair to all that the fullest information be given so that the people may have an intelligent idea of what is to be done.

MR. SIEVEWRIGHT, who has the honor of representing Gloucester county in the local house, has proved plainly that his constituents made no mistake when they chose him as their representative. He has won many friends on both sides of politics, proved himself a ready and accurate debater and prepared to hold his own when a test came.

CONFIRMED THE CONVICTIONS.—The Scott act cases at Woodstock which created such a turmoil there during last autumn have been through the supreme court and a judgment in twenty-three of them was given, refusing rules nisi, and consequently confirming the convictions. These were the cases in which the detective Holly appeared. It may be said in this connection that an imported detective has been going the rounds here, but up to the present has failed to make a reprisal.

PROROGUED.

The Local House Closes Its Session To-Day.

Mr. Stockton on Wednesday committed the bill (known as the taxation reduction bill) further amending the union act of St. John. It was proposed that each of the thirteen representatives should reside or do business in the ward he represented, but that he should be elected by the vote of the whole city. The bill provided for an election in September in order to see if the people were willing to adopt the proposed scheme.

Hon. Mr. Blair said he felt a great deal of difficulty in regard to the bill. The responsibility was thrown upon the house of determining whether the bill should pass, and he thought the members should carefully consider all the circumstances of the case. Only three or four years had elapsed since the cities were united upon the basis of a scheme carried into effect by the consent of each. The present proposal was a radical departure from the terms of that agreement. He doubted the soundness of the principle of the proposed plan, even if all parties were satisfied with it. The idea of selecting representatives from the different wards by the voice of the whole city, was a novel expedient in municipal government. We had no light to guide us from the experience of other places and he thought we should be slow to introduce the unprecedented method now proposed. He cordially agreed with those who stated that there was need for a radical change, but he could not agree with them as to the mode proposed.

Mr. Stockton said the present idea was proposed to have thirteen of the fifteen aldermen elected from wards in which they either reside or did business.

The bill was agreed to with amendments.

Mr. Labillois committed a bill amending the law of rates so far as relates to Restigouche. Agreed to with amendments.

Upon motion being made to recommit the bill respecting liens to the committee of the whole, hon. Mr. Blair moved that the matter be referred to a select committee of five members of the house to inquire into the operation of the lien laws in other states and provinces and report at the next session. In the dying hours of the session the house would not be able to give that attention to the details of the bill which its importance demanded.

The vote resulted in a tie, and Mr. Speaker decided in favor of the amendment.

Hon. Mr. Blair committed a bill in further amendment of chap. 65, con. stats. of schools. Agreed to.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie committed a bill authorizing the Havelock mineral springs company (limited) to issue preference stock. Agreed to.

Mr. Blair committed a bill relating to the provincial lunatic asylum and its management. He said the bill was designed to give an ex-officio board of visitors at all times free access to the asylum. He had seen nothing to lead him to think that visitors desiring to inspect the institution were discouraged by the management from so doing, but in view of a feeling that existed to the contrary effect this bill was proposed. He had referred at the opening of the session, to the large number of paupers who had been unloaded upon the asylum by the municipalities.

Mr. Stockton—I think those patients should not be there at all.

Hon. Mr. Blair said he did not think these persons, though they were dangerous, should be excluded. They were treated more humanely at the asylum than they could be treated elsewhere. The government had named a figure for the board of these people so low that the parishes would prefer to send these persons there to maintaining them in any other way.

Mr. Powell—What proportion of the inmates would be affected by the bill?

Mr. Blair said he thought about one-fifth of the number—perhaps eighty or ninety. If the bill was open to criticism at all it was that the figure $1.25 per week for board was too low.

Mr. Stockton—I certainly do not think it is excessive.

Mr. Blair said the object of the bill was rather to encourage the municipalities sending their harmless insane to the asylum, and if the fee was too low it could be increased at a future session of the house. The bill would not come into operation until January 1st next, and due notice in the meantime would be given to the municipal authorities.

Mr. Stockton thought the municipalities should be notified so that they could, if they wished to, remove the patients.

Mr. Blair said the bill provided for such notification.

Bill agreed to.

Mr. Emmerson committed a bill enabling the supreme court in equity to dispose of certain unclaimed bonds of the Albert railway company. Mr. Emmerson supported the bill in a lengthy speech, explaining that its object was to provide for the payment of wages due employes of the Albert railway.

Mr. Lewis also supported the bill claiming that a great injustice had been done the employes of the road who have so long been kept out of their wages.

After discussion progress was reported.

On Thursday afternoon Dr. Stockton, afraid it is presumed to present his last year's memorial, took up the attention of the house with a new edition of his now famous ancient history. It is presumed that the doctor when in England on the Maritime bank case took a run across the channel and visited the catacombs. It may add to the general effect which his speech was intended to make to say that his principal supporter was Pinder. Those in this city who know the latter named gentleman will feel certain that Mr. Stockton was dealing with facts. Hon. Mr. Connell's statement that Pinder was "corrupt politically and otherwise" did not surprise the house in the least.

Hon. Mr. Blair replied: He said that the leader of the opposition had made a speech which was merely a rehash of the statements and allegations he had made a hundred times before. He had offered no new material that justified him in occupying the attention of the house and preventing the despatch of important public business. His statement, for instance, that the balance against the province, at the bank, at the end of the year was $84,000, was given in the auditor general's report, which had been laid upon the table of the house four days after the opening of the session. The hon. member had complained that the government had withheld the departmental reports until just before going into supply; yet now that the hon. member had had these reports as well as the public accounts before him for weeks, he had been utterly unable to lay his finger on an item in all those accounts that required investigation. For all these weeks the mountain had labored and the mouse it brought forth was that a saving ought to be effected in public printing. The hon. gentleman stated that the publication of the rules of the house had cost $8 per page, yet he had not the fairness nor the manliness to inform the house that those rules had been several times revised and reprinted, although he himself had been a member of the committee which revised them. All these public reports, as well as other printed matter, was paid for according to the scale which had been adhered to for years, and the matter was entirely in the hands of the auditor general. The hon. member had complained also of the cost of printing the proceedings of the Leary investigation, but he had not mentioned to the house the size of the edition published. No doubt the hon. member would have preferred that that edition should be as limited as possible, but he (Blair) had felt that it was a matter on which the public should be fully informed. During all the years when the hon. member supported the government, he had never as much as whispered that the rates allowed for printing were excessive. The hon. member had repeated the antiquated charge that the government were unloading the burdens upon the municipalities, but before the people admitted the reasonableness of that claim, they would expect the hon. gentleman to show how these demands could otherwise be met.

The leader of the opposition had referred to the fact that $48,000 had been expended in repairing the Moncton bridge, while the original cost of the former structure was only $43,000, and had complained that the work was not let by tender. The fact was that, owing to the peculiar situation of that bridge and the difficulty of securing a foundation, the former chief commissioner (Ryan) had concluded that it would be better to build it by the day's work, and that bridge as now completed, was practically a new structure throughout, and was far superior to its predecessor. If the hon. gentleman thought the government had been guilty of any wrong doing in connection with the bridge he challenged him to ask for an investigation. The bridge was a credit to the government and to the province. As to the expenditure made upon mining, Mr. Blair said that an application had come before the government to assist in the development of a silver mine in Gloucester. The government had replied that if a competent reliable man would examine the mine and could convince them that the project deserved assistance, the government would grant the application. The government had consulted with the Nova Scotia government, as a result of which an expert, Mr. Hartland, had gone there and made an examination. Mr. Hartland made a report which appeared in the surveyor general's report for the present year, on the strength of which the government had granted aid to the extent of $725. No appropriation had been made for that purpose, as the hon. member had declared.

Friday morning Mr. Smith committed a bill respecting the lighting of streets of Moncton.

Mr. Killam recommitted the bill to provide for the supplying of Moncton with water. Mr. Killam explained that this bill, in its original shape, authorized the city council of Moncton to erect waterworks of its own, or buy out the works of the existing company. The bill had been amended, requiring that the city should buy out the works of the present company without giving it the other option.

Mr. Stockton said the interest of the bondholders should be protected. He doubted the wisdom of considering such an important bill at such a late hour in the session.

Mr. Blair thought that perhaps it would be well to pass a bill providing for the appointment of arbitrators so that if possible a satisfactory arrangement might be made between the company and the city.

Mr. Wells wanted to see the bill go through in some shape rather than to have it postponed. The people of Moncton demanded such legislation. The opinion was general there that the city should take over the works of the present company at fair valuation. He desired to see the rights of the city, of the company and of the bondholders protected, and was willing that the bill should be amended so as to provide for the protection of such rights. This bill ought not to be killed, and he asked all fair minded men to support it.

After supper, Mr. Emmerson supported the bill and moved an amendment providing that in the event of a purchase the city should retain a sufficient sum to pay any lien or encumberance against the property.

Mr. Killam said he had delayed this bill at the request of its opponents and its passage should not now be interfered with.

Mr. Wells said if Mr. Stockton insisted upon the rule being enforced the amendments could be withdrawn. The amendments had been proposed in the interest of the company.

Mr. White thought the bill having gone so far the committee should do everything possible to perfect it. The rule of the house referred to, had not been applied to any other bill and he did not think it should be now insisted upon.

Mr. Stockton said he would not insist upon this rule being enforced, but protested that this was dangerous legislation. The amendments not having been printed no member of the committe could tell what their effect would be.

Several amendments were made and the bill as amended was agreed to.

Mr. Killam committed a bill renewing the charter of the Moncton Tramway Company.—Agreed to.

Mr. Blair announced that the house would prorogue at 10 o'clock Saturday morning.

The ceremonies which marked the closing hours of this session of the local house took place at half past ten. His honor the lieutenant governor accompanied by his staff, reached the house at that time and took his seat. The speaker then read the titles of the various bills which had passed the house during the session, all of which received his honor's assent. He then, in a short speech thanking the members for their careful attention to the public services, declared the house prorogued.

The session, though a short one, has seen several very important measures become law. It will be known historically as the first session of parliament in this province when bills passed by the assembly went direct to his honor without having to receive the assent of the legislative council. The session has demonstrated that there was no necessity, no practical utility in retaining that body. The house stands prorogued till May next.

HARTFIELD.

APRIL 5—The rev. Messrs. Brown and Prosser are having quite a revival at Hartfield. They baptized three and ten joined the church. We hope they will continue in doing good.

Samuel McHatten, of West Waterville, has a child very low with conjestion of the lungs.

The Dunbar Bros. sawed forty-two drags in five hours for Langley S. Stairs. Now if H. S. beats that we will try him again.

Mrs. Bubar and daughter, of Portage, paid a short visit to her daughter here, remaining over Sunday.

HAMPSTEAD.

April 8.—The weather is a fair indicator of our natural tendencies—variable and sometimes even to extreme. The bleak, cold winds of the past few days have produced a set back to our hopes of the extremely early navigation, as indications strongly pointed to that some time ago. Five or six miles of Long Reach holds solidly, and likely will for some time.

The general good health enjoyed in the early part of the month has naturally changed, and many chronic diseases of long standing have fully developed.

Mrs. Handsonpacker, of Woodvill, continues very feeble.

Mrs. William Vallis, of Hibernia, has been in poor health for a few years past and still continues low—even much worse than formerly. The breaking of an inward abcess, so pronounced by the physicians in attendance, leaves but slight chances of recovery. They intimate their intention to remove her to St. John to see if any further assistance can be given her.

Dr. Caswell, of Gagetown, has been twice called to Jones' Creek, Kings county, to treat, in conjunction with Dr. Gilchrist, a Mrs. Whelpley.

G. B. Thomson, sen., continues unable to attend to his work either in his shoe and boot factory or on his farm. Erysipelas was first located in one of his hands, and after some time went to his head.

KINGARTH.

APRIL 11—Hanford Warren, the oldest colored resident of Kingsclear, died on Tuesday last at the home of Augustus Peters, where he was taken care of in his last illness. Deceased was in his sixty-eighth year. He was unmarried and was much respected by all who knew him. His funeral, which was largely attended, took place on Thursday, rev. Mr. Roberts officiating.

We regret to say that Squire Cliff is the victim of another heavy fire. At a late hour Saturday night fire was discovered in the barn where he stowed all his farming utensils and also eight tons of hay. The fire had gained too much headway when seen to save anything. Much sympathy is felt for the Squire's heavy loss.

A donation was held at G. A. Hammond's for the benefit of rev. H. D. Worden, who has been pastor of this church two years. The donors did well. They realized the sum of sixty-five dollars and fifty cents. Some of the money came in next morning, that could not get there the night before.

NASHWAAK.

APRIL 6.—Weather continues cold. Roads are a mixture of mud and slush and travelling is very bad.

On Tuesday Dr. Gregory of Stanley, was called to attend Mrs. Barry, of Zionville, who is very ill.

W. Jacobs, who has been visiting friends in Zionville returned to his home near Boston, on Monday. He and his brother who visited that place during the winter seem to think Canadian girls are away ahead of Uncle Sam's daughters.

A deer was seen coming over Bell's hill by several persons last week.

Mrs. Sarah Young, returned from her visit to Boiestown last week; she does not seem to be in the best of health.

On Sunday, 2nd inst., the children of the Methodist S. S. gave an Easter service of song entitled "Consider Him." The attendance was large and the collections amounted to $4.65.

LOWER SOUTHAMPTON.

APRIL 7.—Rev. Wm. Ross preached Mr. Belamy's funeral sermon last Sunday in the new Kirk.

Mrs. Wm. Cronkite returned from Woodstock via Millville last Wednesday, where she has been visiting friends.

Wm. Baylis and Miss Alexandria Munroe were married this week. Dame rumor says we will soon have some more weddings before long.

Miss Lizzie Stairs is teaching school in Waterville, this being her first term.

PRESS COMMENTS.

The St. Andrews Beacon says:

"Premier Blair is to be complimented upon his action in the Bathurst school matter. There has been enough of newspaper controversy for political purposes on this subject. There have been affirmations and denials ad nauseam, let us have the facts now. And there can be no better way of getting at the facts than by the appointment of one of our judges to make a thorough investigation of all matters of complaint and submit his report to the board of education. Then, if grievances exist, and they are not removed, the people will know upon whose shoulders the blame should rest."

The Chatham Advance speaking of the Bathurst investigation and rev. Mr. Thompson, says:

"Rev. Mr. Thompson is, we understand, very much dissatisfied over his visits to Queens county and other parts of the province, whither he went to carry out his proclaimed intention of driving Mr. Blair from political life. He, too, therefore, has an interest in not having the question properly understood, for, in that event, his further pursuit of revenge would be futile. He and his friends, however, must make up their minds to come forward with witnesses and either establish the correctness of their charges against the government and board of education, or be exposed in a vindictive attempt to unnecessarily awaken religious prejudices, organize and promote sectarian strife in the province and at the same time, become the most blatant and conspicuous workers in a discredited political party.

The following appears in the Sussex Review:

"The opposition to the present Local Government has most industriously worked this school matter up, so that very many people were led to believe that the government had made regulations in the working out of the school law by which the Protestants of Bathurst were unjustly used. It should be known that the present government did not change any regulation of the school law by which any religious order could secure an advantage. The modifications to which so much opposition is now found were made several years before the Blair government came into power. The government, however, with most commendable fairness, did not take shelter from the fact that they had not made the changes complained of. They met the attack in the open field and courted the fullest enquiry, and after being put in possession of a variety of conflicting testimony, wisely decided to refer the investigation to a judge of the supreme or county court. This will be satisfactory to all fair minded men, for it was very evident from the discussions in the Assembly that the whole matter was examined from a political standpoint, and not so much for the purpose of finding a remedy for a supposed infraction of the school law, as to place the government in a false position. We shall not perhaps hear very much more about the matter until the judge's report of the evidence is brought up at the next session of the Assembly in 1894.

SEEDS.

Our stock of Field, Flower and Garden Seeds, has been completed by late arrivals. We again have a supply of the Chantenay and Oxheart Carrot.

C. FRED. CHESTNUT

Apothecary,

2 doors above Barker House

Queen St., Fredericton.

Jan. 14th, 1893.

LUCY & CO'S CHEAP SALE.

Our Semi-annual Sale Will Commence on Saturday, Corner Queen and Regent Streets. Please Examine the Wonderful Low Prices on the Following List;

Men's Pers'n Lamb Caps,	$3 75	Boys Shoe Packs, -	60
" Seal Caps, -	2 50	Youths " " -	30
" Oil Tan'd Moccasins,	40	Boys Moccasins, -	
" " " Packs,	90	Ladies Waterpr'f Overb'ts,	1 65
" " " Larrigans,	2 00	Misses Felt Overboots,	75
" Rubber Coats, -	2 25	Childrens " "	50
" Diagonal Suits, -	8 00	Ladies Rubbers, -	35
" " Overcoats,	6 50	Mens, Boys and Childrens Suits at all Prices.	

Fredericton, February 24, 1893.

DR. MURDOCK'S VEGETABLE COMPOSED OF Tar, - Senega, - Wild Cherry, etc.

Cough = Balsam =

A Certain and Speedy Cure for Coughs; Colds, Croup, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Tickling in the Throat, Shortness of Breath, And Diseases of the Throat & Lungs.

GEORGE H. DAVIS, Agent, Fredericton, N. B.

NEW FURNITURE PARLORS.

WE desire to announce that we will have arriving within the next ten days a large and varied assortment of Household Furniture in Oak, Walnut and Mahogany, comprising

Bedroom Setts,

PARLOR SUITES, DINING TABLES, CHAIRS, LOUNGES, etc.

Easy Chairs in Leather, Brocatelle and fancy coverings, and full lines of Kitchen and Dining-room Furniture.

FOLDING BEDS AND CRIBS A SPECIALTY.

Also a complete stock of ASSORTED CROCKERY in the latest and most fashionable designs.

Woven Wire Spring Beds IN ALL SIZES.

E. H. ALLEN & CO.

Just below Oak Hall. 282 Queen St., Fredericton.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK

FUTURITY STAKES.

To be trotted on Moncton Driving Park on AUGUST 30th and 31st, 1893.

Open to Colts owned in the Maritime Provinces on or before January 1st, 1893.

Stake No. 1, for Trotting Foals of 1892.
Stake No. 2, " " " " 1891.
Stake No. 3, " " " " 1890.
Stake No. 4, " " " " 1889.

CONDITIONS:

The fees in each Stake will be twelve dollars, payable as follows: $3.00 on 1st March, when nominations close; $4.00 on 1st June, when animals nominated must be named, breeding, sex, color and ownership given, and final payment of $5.00 one week before the race.

An owner can nominate any number of eligible colts or fillies in either Stake, but can only start one animal in each class.

Fifty Dollars ($50) Will Be Added

to each of above stakes, and the purses will be divided as follows: When four or more start in premiums of 60 per cent, to first, 25 per cent. to second, 15 per cent. to third, and 10 per cent. to fourth. When three start, premiums of 60, 30 and 10 per cent., where two start, 80 and 20 per cent.

Any animal distancing the field in either stake will be entitled to first money only. In such an event, the remaining colts to trot off on same terms as above, the balance of purse to be divided same percentage as above, according to number of starters. Should there however, be any premiums for which any distanced horses stand equal, the horses shall trot one heat for the same under the original conditions of racing with the exception that distance is to be waived. In all cases the heat is to be trotted, and no arrangements to divide money will be permitted.

Distance in the yearling race; will be two hundred yards, in the two year-old race, one hundred and fifty yards; in the three year-old and four year-old race, one hundred yards.

Stake No. 1, will be half mile heats, best 2 in 3; stake No. 2, mile heats, best 2 in 3; stake No. 3, mile heats, best 2 in 3, and stake No. 4, best 3 in 5. On all other matters National Rules to govern.

THERE WILL ALSO BE A 2.27 CLASS, for a purse of $200. The entrance fee of this race will be 10 per cent. of purse, payable 5 per cent. with nomination, which closes ten days before the race, and 5 per cent., evening before the race.

All correspondence to be addressed to

GEORGE McSWEENEY, Manager.

Hotel Brunswick, Moncton, N. B., January 3, 1892.

W. E. SEERY,

Merchant Tailor,

Has Just Received a splendid new stock of

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,

—COMPRISING—

Spring Overcoating,

Suitings,

and Trouserings,

Which he is prepared to MAKE UP in the

LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES

AT MODERATE PRICES.

W. E. SEERY,

WILMOT'S AVE.

A Full Line

OF

Liebig's Extract of Beef,

In 1 oz., 2 oz. and 4 oz. Jars.

ALSO

LIEBIG'S FLUID BEEF,

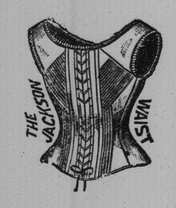
In 2 oz., 4 oz. and 1 lb. Bottles.

For Sale at Manufacturers Prices.

A. F. RANDOLPH & SONS.

A PICTURE OF COMFORT.

Health, Grace and Economy. The Genuine



JACKSON CORSET WAIST.

A Perfect Corset and Waist combined, Famous for its Style, Graceful Symmetry and Healthful Qualities. For sale by

JOHN J. WEDDALL,

Agent for the STANDARD PATTERNS.

March 25, 1893

ASK FOR THE

OAK HALL WORKING PANTS

And Buy No Other.

The strongest and best looking Pants in use. 350 pairs just opened at Oak Hall, where you can buy them at

$1.00 and $1.25 A PAIR.

ASK FOR OAK HALL PANTS.

NEW BRUNSWICK FOUNDRY

MACHINE SHOP.

McFARLANE, THOMPSON & ANDERSON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Buckeye Automatic Cut Off Engines,

CELEBRATED

DUNBAR IMPROVED SHINGLE MILLS.

Improved Rotary Saw Mills, Mill Machinery, Enclosed Mowers, Ithaca Horse rakes, Stoves and Furnaces, Railway Castings.

NEW GOODS.

We Have Just Received the Following Goods.

Grey and White Cottons,

Grey and White Shirtings,

Table Linens and Napkins,

Towels and Towellings,

Pillow Cottons and Cotton Sheetings,

Ginghams and Prints, etc.

JOHN HASLIN.

DEVER BROTHERS.

1893-Dress Department-1893

In this department we have given special attention this spring in the selection of both our Colored and Black Dress Goods, and anybody desiring anything in this line will have a nice assortment to select from, as will be seen by the following lines: - - -

Crepons in Plain and Fancy Weave.
Bradford Cords in 3 Browns, Fawns and Beiges.
Shot Serges in Beautiful Effects.
Cheviots in Zigzag and Swivel Designs.
Stanley Cloths in All Mixtures.
Costume Lengths, only One Dress of a Color or Design.

Plaids and Vicuna Diagonals.
Shot Bengaline Cords in all the Newest Shades; and our Black and Blue *Invincible Dye Serges*, guaranteed Fast Dye; will not Spot or Shrink. Also, *New Novelty Braids* from 1 inch to 6 inches wide for Trimming Serges.

As these Goods are imported direct from the manufacturers, it will be to your advantage to Give us a Call and Get Our Prices before buying elsewhere

DEVER BROTHERS.

LEMONT & SONS,

Beg to call the attention of the public generally to their Large Stock of Furniture of all kinds, daily arriving, to be sold Low for CASH and MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

44 Baby Carriages 44

Various styles—give your baby an airing in one of them.

English Bicycles.

16 Safeties in Cushion Dunlop and Silverton Closure PNEUMATICS. A NEW LOT just received. Also received a Large Stock of WINDOW SHADES at Lemont & Sons.

HOUSE HAS CLOSED BUT NOT

LEMONT'S.