THE HERALD.

VOL. V., NO. 43. FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1894. $1.00 PER YEAR

Board of Works Jan 1 '95

HOTELS.

QUEEN HOTEL,

Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been REFITTED AND PAINTED IN THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STYLE. AN ELEGANT GENTLEMEN'S PARLOR, OFFICE, and BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED DINING ROOM on Ground Floor: PERFECT VENTILATION and SEWERAGE throughout; LARGE and AIRY BEDROOMS; COMMODIOUS BATH ROOMS and CLOSETS on each floor; and is capable of accommodating ONE HUNDRED GUESTS.

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The Table is always supplied with every delicacy available. The Cooking is highly commended, and the Staff of Attendants are ever ready to oblige.

There are two of the largest and most conveniently fitted up SAMPLE ROOMS in Canada, having street entrances and also connecting with Hotel Office.

HORSES and CARRIAGES of every style are to be had at the LIVERY STABLE of the Proprietor, immediately adjacent to the Hotel.

The "QUEEN" is centrally located, directly opposite to the Steamboat and Gibson Ferry Landings and within a minute's walk of the Parliament Buildings, County Registrar's Office and Cathedral.

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WILLIAM WILSON.

H. B. RAINSFORD,

Barrister, Attorney-at-Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Clerk of the Peace and Division Registrar, Real Estate Agent, Loans Negotiated.

Office: Lower flat of County Court House.

Adjoining the office of the Registrar of deeds.

Fredericton Nov. 16th, 1891.

GEO. A. HUGHES,

Attorney and Solicitor,

NOTARY, CONVEYANCER, &c.

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6.00. A. M.—Express for St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, and points North; Bangor, Portland, Boston, and points West and South.

6.35 A. M.—Mixed for Woodstock and points North, via Gibson.

10.10 A. M.—Accommodation for Fredericton Junction, St. John and points east. Vanceboro, St. Stephen and St. Andrews.

3.20 P. M.—Accommodation for Fredericton Junction and St. John, also with Night Express for Bangor, Portland and Boston.

ARRIVING IN FREDERICTON FROM

St. John, etc., 9.10 a. m., 7.10 p. m.
Bangor, Montreal, etc., 12.3½, p. m.
Woodstock and North, via Gibson branch, 4.20 p. m.
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9—20.

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FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS,

Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases, it has no rival; and for Contracted and Stiff Joints it acts like a charm.

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and are sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box or Pot and may be had of all Medicine Venders throughout the World.

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J-10-83

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In lots and at prices to satisfy all.

—ALSO A LOT OF—

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With Borders To Match.

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Fredericton, May 6th 1893

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TIRED? SLEEPLESS?
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It makes weak nerves strong, promotes sound, refreshing sleep, aids digestion, restores lost appetite, is a perfect blood and flesh builder, restores the bloom of health.

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A Garden,
A Village Lot,
A Home in the City or Village or Country

Or Expecting to Have One,

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WESLEY VANWART,

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Office: Queen Street,

OPPOSITE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Fredericton, May 6th, 1893.

For the Painter.

Just received 2 cases American Brushes from the manufacturers.

PAINT, Varnish, White wash, Kalsomine, Tar, Paste, Paper hangers, Striping, Stencoling, Hearth, Counter and Window brushes. Sash tools, flat and round, Bears hair, Camels hair, Badger hair and Artists' brushes. 1 case Canadian, in White wash and Varnish, Counter, Scrub, Shoe and Horse brushes, also Machine made Window, Scrub and Shoe Brushes. Away down in price, and cheap.

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Apple Pearers.

Just Received by Rail:

16 BOXES Apple Pearers, Improved Kind, does the business right every time, for sale low by the dozen.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

UNDER THE N. P.

Sixteen Years of Conservative Rule a Record of Failure.

Enormous Increase in the Annual Expenditure and Public Debt.

(Toronto Globe).

Following the example which Sir John Thompson set at the Toronto Exhibition, Conservation papers are dwelling just now on the wonderful prosperity with which we have been blessed since 1878, that is, under the N. P. Noticeably, however, their utterances, like the Premier's at Toronto, lack the confident ring which use to be the note of Conservation articles and speeches ten or twelve years ago. The writers seems to be asking themselves. "Who is going to be taken in by this story? Can we make intelligent men believe that the Dominion has really been enjoying prosperity for these sixteen years, and enjoying it in consequence of a measure that adds enormously to the taxation, handicaps all the great natural industries, and tolls the labor of the many to enrich the few?"

The authors of the N. P., as anyone may see who reads the second volume of Macpherson's "Life of Sir John Macdonald," the budget speeches of Sir Leonard Tilley in 1879 and 1882, and Sir Charles Tupper's budget speech in 1887, made these promises amongst others:

To abolish business depression.

To stop the exodus.

To turn the "balance of trade" in our favor.

To tax the British goods in the bulk less than foreign.

To give the farmers a home market.

To develop our mineral wealth.

To obtain reciprocity with the United States.

To reduce the debt to $100,000,000 by 1890.

To place a million people in the Northwest by 1891.

The last feat was to be accomplished only in part by the N. P. "We have vast territories to fill up in the Northwest and British Columbia, that glorious land which Lord Dufferin lately visited and spoke so approvingly of. It is our duty to fill up these territories, to develop their wonderful resources, and we can best assist in doing so by the adoption of a policy which will tend to improve the condition of the manufacturer, and in the nature of things materially benefit all classes of the community." Speech by Thomas White, Macpherson, vol. 2, p. 246.

The reduction of the debt to $100,000,000 was one of the promises in the budget speech of 1882. It was to be accomplished by the immense receipts from Northwest lands.

The development of the mines was promised in Sir John Macdonald's resolutions of 1877 and 1878, and in the budget of 1879, but more particularly in the budget of 1887. In that year, when imposing heavy iron duties, Sir Charles Tupper looked with confidence to the erection of blast furnaces at Cobourg. Weller's Bay and Kingston, and also to the establishment "at an early day of industries for the manufacture of iron in the Northwest." Moreover, "by the adoption of this policy you will give permanent employment to an army of men numbering at least 20,000, increasing our population from 80,000 to 100,000 souls, and affording the means of supporting them in comfort and prosperity." Furthermore, "this estimate of an increased population of 100,000 souls does not take into account the manufacture of castings and forgings, cutlery and edged tools, hardware, machinery and engines or steel rails' Were we to manufacture these articles, now imported—and there is no reason why we should not steadily progress to that point—the population I have mentioned of 100,000 souls would be no less than trebled."

The adverse balance of trade was cited by Sir Leonard in his budget speech of 1879 as one of the prime causes of hard times, and he proposed to turn it the other way. As to the taxation of British goods, "it may be said we shall receive from the imports from foreign countries a larger portion of the $2,000,000 we require than we shall receive from the mother country. I believe such will be the effect, but I think that in making such a statement to the house, belonging as we do to and forming a part of that great country—a country that receives our natural products without any taxation, everything we have to send her—apart from our national feelings I think this house will not object if, in the propositions before me, the duties touch more heavily the imports from foreign countries than from our fatherland."

That the N. P. would tend to secure through reciprocity of tariffs was set forth in Sir John Macdonald's resolution of 1878 and elsewhere. He promised tall chimneys and a lucrative, all-absorbing home market for the farmer in his picnic speeches. See, for instance, Macpherson vol. 2, pp. 214 and 216, where he also declared that "our workmen can be fully employed if we encourage our manufactures; they need not go over to the States to add strength and wealth to a foreign country and to deprive us of that strength and wealth," The removal of depression, the inauguration of an era of unclouded prosperity, was another standard feature. Lord Lorne, a free trader, was made to say in the speech from the throne in 1879 that the N. P. would "aid in removing the commercial and financial depression which unhappily continues to exist." In 1882 the return of the Conservative party was asked in order to assure foreign investors who were waiting to place their millions that they might safely do so. In his budget speech that year Sir Leonard told the manufacturers to "clap on all sail" and looked for a boom period of indefinite duration. It is notorious that there are not a million persons in the Northwest, but only 250,000; the net debt is not $100,000,000, but $250,000,000; we have not got reciprocity, it is doubtful indeed if the Government will accept the American offer of a free exchange of farm implements; there has been no mineral development to speak of, the iron duties having confessedly failed; instead of a home market absorbing their surplus products at high prices, the farmers export more than ever and prices were never so low; British goods in the bulk are taxed more severely than American; since 1879 the so-called balance of trade has been against us to the tune of $200,000,000, as necessary must happen to a borrowing country situated as this is, the census of 1891 destroys any pretence that the exodus has to be stopped: while as for the condition of trade in recent years and now the least said the better. It is easy for the partizen speaker or newspaper to indulge in the vague assertion that the N. P. has been a blessing. But when tried by the only satisfactory test, namely a comparison of its performances with its promises, in detail, it turns out to have been a general, all round disappointment; the inference is plain that such progress as has been made since 1878 or 1879 has been made not by reason of it, but by reason of that natural growth and development which all new countries enjoy in a special degree. That it brought certain infant industries into a cold world and been more or less benefit to some old ones cannot be denied, but this has been done at the expense of some other industries. And it is doubtful if even the expectations of the favored few has been realized.

HARDWARE CHEEK.

A Drummer in that Line Proposed by Telephone and Was Accepted.

An event has occured in Michigan, near Detroit, which appears to confirm the idea of courtship, as well as most other things, will hereafter be greatly facilitated by recent inventions. It seems that there is a young lady residing in Detroit who for some time had been the recipient of the attention of two young men, one a young professor in the Michigan State University ot Ann Arbor and the other a salesman for a New York wholesale hardware house, whose route extends through Michigan and parts of Canada.

One day recently the New Yorker arrived in Detroit late in the afternoon, and, of course imediately started to make the rounds of the retail hardware dealers, with the laudable purpose of selling each a good stock for the winter before the representative of any rival concern should put in an appearance. He had hoped to visit the object of his affections in the evening, but business was brisk, and 8 o'clock found him very bussy trying to induce a prominent dealer to take six dozen axes, four dozen grindstones, and half a car load of wooden pails.

At this stage of proceedings a younger brother of the young lady dropped in to get a new jackknife and incidentally mentioned that the Ann Arbor professor was up at the house. It instantly occurred to the progressive hardware traveller that the college man came for no other purpose than to lay his heart at the feet of the young lady he adored. For a moment there was a struggle in his heart, but he speedily got control of himself and decided that he could not possibly leave the store, as the dealer was just deciding to take the pails.

But the thought of giving up the lady, who had been for months constantly in his mind waking and sleeping was unbearable. Light suddently dawned on him. Handing the merchant a circular explaining the merits of his new double-bladed chopping knives, he requested the use of the dealer's telephone for five minutes, stepped to it and called up the central office.

A moment later the telephone at the residence of the young lady rang sharp and decisive. The professor had been for an hour talking pleasantly of the grand educational work they were doing in the department of fossilology at Ann Arbor. When the bell rang the lady's father being absent (he is a physician), she excused herself and proceeded to the adjoining room to answer it. The professor heard her step to the telephone and say "yes" make a short pause and say "yes" again. Then there was a longer pause, and he heard her reply: "Why—why really, this is very sudden." Then there was a still longer pause, and he heard her say "yes" very softly, and then "good-bye." and then she hung up the receiver and came into the back room.

The college man moved closer to the lady and remarked that it was a warm evening, and he thought it was going to rain, and then resumed his talk about the great work at the university. Fifteen minutes later there was a ring at the front door bell. The lady responded to it, and a district messenger boy handed her a plain gold ring, which she slipped on her finger, and returned into the parlor. "Miss——," said the professor, five minutes later, "I want to ask you a very important question this evening. Excuse me for putting it bluntly, but will you be my wife?" But we need go no further with this. Ten minutes later the professor was going down the front steps and shaking his fist at the telephone wire, took the first train for Ann Arbor.

GENERAL WOLFE'S SWORD.

A few weeks ago it was announced that Hon. J. C. Patterson, Minister of Militia had purchased General Wolfe's sword for $1500 and persented it to the library of Parliament at Ottawa, and ever since doubts have been thrown on the genuineness of the article now reposing in the Parliament building at Ottawa, Mr. Patterson whose generosity is to be commended must indeed be in a perturbed condition of mind when he reflects that he may have been imposed on by the parties from which he made the purchase. A London telegram says that the authorities at the Admiralty office have received a letter from an officer who served under Col. Dunne whose keeping the sword was for many years in which the writer expresses doubts as to the genuineness of the article which Mr. Patterson bought believing it to have belonged to Gen. Wolfe. The writer asserts that it is impossible that the sword can have lain ninety years in the earth without rusting away. The most direct and plausible story however comes from Winnipeg, and the party who relates it evidently believes Mr. Patterson has been boaxed. Mr. Imlack of that city in a letter to the press says that the sword which General Wolfe wore when killed is now, and has been for generations in the procession of a Canadian family. He says that "General Wolfe breathed his last in the arms of his wife's grandfather, the late Dr. William Paget, and before his death he took off his sword, and, handing it to Dr. Paget, asked him to keep it in remembrance of that day and of their long friendship, on the return of the regiment. When the doctor died this sword came into the care of his only son, the late Dr. Robeat Paget, of Thornhill, Yonge street, near Toronto; at his death, some twenty-five years or more ago, it passed in the possession of his eldest son, Dr. Edward Paget, of Stratford, Ont. Imlack's brother-in-law, in whose surgery, Imlack himself has seen and handled it many a time."

A HOUSEHOLD CONVENIENCE.

Mrs. Tidey—I never knew till I married Arthur how much a full beard lightens the duties of a housekeeper.

Visiting Friend—Why, what has a full beard to do with housekeeping, Laura?

Mrs. Tidey—It makes such a nice crumb catcher.

FROM RURAL DISTRICTS.

Interesting and Spicy Gossip from Our Active Correspondents.

GLEANINGS FROM YORK.

Brockway.

SEPT. 17.—We are having just what we needed here, a good rain; the water in the streams here has not been so low for some time.

The tea meeting held here on the 13th. inst. proved quite a success, but not as much so as those of previous years. There was a good attendance and the sum of $80.00 was realized clear of all expenses.

Fred Davis accompanied by Chas. Dennison of Lisbon Falls, Me. spent a couple of days here this week.

Miss Annie Murphy of Sorrel Ridge is the guest of Miss Sarah J. Vail.

Messrs. E. C. Clark and F. A. Titus are down from Boston for a couple of weeks shooting.

Zealand Station.

SEPT. 22.—The church of England Sunday school picnic was held here on David Burtt's flat Sept. 13th. The day was fine, just enough breeze blowing to float the Union Jack. Soon the flat was dotted with people old and young, numbering about three hundred. As there were varied sports all enjoyed themselves immensely. The most interesting feature of the day was a tug of war between the boys of Douglas and Bright, the latter gaining an easy victory. The winners were treated nicely from the well supplied refreshment table, kept by H. Morehouse. Tea was served at five o'clock, and all did themselves ample justice, for a better supplied table would have been hard to find. The scholars were handsomely treated to candy and nuts, and all were well pleased with the day's sports.

Moses Burtt has gone to Houlton Me.

Several of our young men have gone to the lumber woods and more intend going in a few days.

Temple.

SEPT. 18.—Rev G. W. Macdoonald, assisted by Rev. B. Colpits, and others, have been holding special meetings for the past two weeks in the F. B. church at Eel River. They will be continued over the Sabbath. The meetings are largely attended.

John Hartfield, of Boston, is visiting his brother, W. T. Hartfield.

There was a very pleasant gathering at the residence of G. W. Brown last Wednesday evening, when his only daughter, Ada G. Brown, was married to J. Frank Grant, of the firm of Grant & Son, leading merchants of Southampton. Miss Lucy Grant played the wedding march, and the bride was given away by her brother. There was a fine collection of wedding presents, attesting to the esteem in which the bride was held. After partaking of a sumptuous tea, the bride and groom, accompanied by a few of their friends, drove to their future home where all joined in wishing them a long life and a happy one.

Mrs. Frank Wright is very ill, Drs. Hand and Turner are in attendance.

Quite a number of young men have gone from this place to Maine for potato digging. Why can't we have a starch factory here?

Lower Prince William.

SEPT. 15.—The weather still continues dry, the farmers have got their grain crop all gathered in, and next week they will commence digging potatoes.

John Purser has put a new roof on his house.

G. L. Hoyt who has been engaged during the past summer in remoulding C. F. Burden's residence, yesterday finished his work which was done in first class style. Mr. Burden now has one of the finest residence in this section of the country.

Firman Burden of Kingman, Maine, is visiting his brother G. W. Burden.

Mr. and Mrs. Chase, from Maine, made a short visit to their friends in this place.

Mrs. Coles Jones of Fredericton who was visiting her mother Mrs. Worden has returned home.

Mrs. E. H. Peters is visiting friends in Mansfield, Mass.

A wedding is announced for next Wednesday, in which one of our popular young ladies will wed a young man from Dumfries.

Miss Stella Estabrooks is taking a course at St. Martin's Siminary.

Rev. Sideon Swim and wife of Hartland, Carleton Co., spent last week with friends in this place, and on Sunday morning Rev. Mr. Swim occupied the pulpit of the F. C. Baptist church.

FROM NORTHUMBERLAD.

Boiestown.

SEPT. 20.—Two of the oldest settlers have passed away by the name of Alex. McLeod and his wife, Annie. They lived on the Miramichi for nearly seventy-five years. She died in June last, he on the 14th inst. Both were much respected. Last Sabbath, 16th inst., a large number of friends followed his remains to the grave, the funeral sermon being preached by the Rev. E. Bell in the Methodist church, to a large congregation.

A missionary meeting was held at Bloomfield on the 17th inst., when addresses were delivered by the Rev. W. W. Lodge, of Marysville, and Rev. E. Bell, of Boiestown; also on the 18th inst., a like meeting was held in the new Methodist church at Parker's Ridge. Both meetings were well attended and liberal collections contributed.

A Harvest Supper was held on the 19th inst. at Parker's Ridge, given by the ladies of the different denominations worshiping in the new Methodist church. A large number attended from far and near, everybody enjoyed themselves, and the handsome some of $70 was realized, which goes to diminish the debt on the building

Ludlow.

SEPT. 17.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 13th inst., Miss Ida Pond and John E. Hovey were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, the Rev. E. Bell officiating. It was a fine day and the ceremony took place on a beautiful grassy lawn in front of the house. Miss Lauretta Pond and Herman Hovey acting as bridesmaid and groomsman. There were sixty guests invited and the bride received many nice presents. The happy couple will start on the 24th inst. for their future home in Minnesota. Their many friends wish them every success.

Miss Hayden, of Woodstock, has charge of the school here now. Miss Pringle, our late teacher, was married a few weeks since to Walter Price, of this place, and is now residing here.

An oyster supper and concert was held on the 11th inst., under the auspices of the Church of England. Music was furnished by Miss Bent, and a very enjoyable evening was spent by all present.

The many friends from the States who have been visiting here are returning again; together with those who are going to the woods, will make the place seem quite lonesome.

SUNBURY NEWS.

Mill Settlement.

SEPT. 18.—The Sabbath school of this place held their annual picnic on the 11th inst. A large crowd was present and the sum of twenty-five dollars realized, which goes towards purchasing a library for the school.

We are pleased to know that Mrs. H. Knorr is recovering from her recent illness under the careful treatment of Dr. Murray.

Miss Mabel Scott, of Hibernia, is visiting at her uncle's, A. Muir.

The heavy frost of last week did considerable damage to late crops and gardens.

The Misses Dora and Alice Dougan, of Upper Otnabog, have been visiting friends here.

Rev. U. H. Perry preached here last Sabbath.

Melbourne Mersereau and wife, of Boston, are spending their vacation here.

Mrs. S. McCrackin is visiting friends in St. John.

Lakeville Corner.

SEPT. 20.—The greater number of our farmers have finished harvesting their grain, and they report it to being much inferior to last year.

Mrs. Tower, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Upton, for some weeks past, left yesterday for the Celestial.

The annual missionary meeting was held in the Methodist church Monday evening, 10th inst. The friends warmly welcomed Mr. Parker among them once more.

Mrs. Dr. Upton expects to leave for Sherburg, Me., Monday, where she will join her husband.

Messrs. W. and F. Davison were guests of the Misses Tapley last week.

Messrs. S. Randall and J. Bridges made a business trip to St. John this week.

Mrs. Fitzgerald, of Centreville, is visiting her cousin, D. Upton.

Miss Williamson, our teacher, visited her home in Fredericton last week.

The pie social which was held in the Temperance hall a few nights ago, proved a success, the sum of $20 being realized.

A. S. Randall made his first shipment of fish to the Boston market Tuesday morning.

The many friends of J. S. Jewett will be pleased to learn of his speedy recovery since going to St. John.

WITH A BROKEN NECK.

A Remarkable Case Which Has Puzzled the Doctors Since July Last.

There passed through Montreal Friday night a man, who though alive and suffering no pain, is yet dead to the world.

He was none other than R. S. V. Palmer, the English commercial traveller who had his neck broken at Nigara-on-the Lake on last Dominion Day. Mr. Palmer was visiting the famous Niagara in company with his wife and while enjoying a bathe undertook to dive from a warf. The water was not so deep as he expected and with great force his head struck the bottom. He came to the surface insensible and after been rescued was examined by doctors. It was then found that his neck was broken and his body completely paralyzed. He was removed to Toronto—death being expected before he could reach his journey's end. But he lived and was taken to the General Hospital where he remained until Friday morning.

The doctors are completely mystfied as the case is a marvellous one and has no precedents.

Friday morning Mr. Palmer was put on G. T. R. train, and in the evening he arrived at Montreal having stood the journey remarkably well. He was taken to the Sardintis, and when seen by a reporter he seemed to have the greatest faith in his ultimate recovery. This, however, the doctors declare cannot be. They say that there is no possible chance, and though Palmer is hoping to live to be examined by English specialists, it is thought he will die on the voyage to the old land.

WEDDED AFTER MANY YEARS.

Thirty-five years ago Daniel C. Osmun and Millie Aremis were neighbors in the Orange Valley and became lovers. Young Osmun was not Millie's only admirer. There were several, but the one who found most favor in the eyes of Millie's parents was a wealthy young man named Powers.

Osmun and Millie had plighted their troth secretly, but the opposition of the young woman's parents to Osmun because he was poor was so strong that they parted. Osmun went west and settled in Chicago, where he became prosperous. He has been married twice since parting with his love. Millie married Powers. Her husband died about four years ago. Recently Osmun, who had been a widower, learned that Mrs. Powers was a widow and he hastened to renew her acquaintance. The result was a wedding on Tuesday, at New Jersey City. The bride is fifty-four and the groom sixty, but they looked hale and hearty, and seem destined to enjoy many years of happiness.

LORD HAWKE WAS ANGRY.

A great deal has been heard about a little affair that occured between Lord Hawke and F. H. Bohlen, in the recent cricket match at Philadelphia, The story has been magnified. The facts of the case are as follows: When A. M. Wood of the Philadelphia team was batting, a general appeal was made to the umpire for the batsman's dismissal. Bohlen turned around from the other wicket and said:

"Hawke you have played in enough first-class cricket to know better than that"

The Englishman's blood was up in a moment, and he replied in no set terms, but the whole thing was over so quickly that the spectators had no knowledge whatever of the scene before them. Lord Hawke, however, was not appeased, and he expressed himself very freely when he left the field.

HE MISTOOK HER.

How much is this here goods worth? asked the woman with the business eye.

Eighteen cents a yard, replied the merchant.

Gimme ten yards.

The merchant cut off the goods and remarked to himself: Clear loss of six cents a yard. I thought she was only a shopper.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Events of Interest Provincial and General.

Portland, Oregon, had a fire Sunday which destroyed nearly $2,000,000 worth of property.

The sovereign grand lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows have decided to admit women.

Lord Hawke's team of English cricketers defeated the Philadelphians. Score for two innings 422 to 291.

Hon. A. G. Blair has purchased from Judge King the latter's handsome residence on Orange street, St. John.

Fifty lives and much destruction of property is the record of a cyclone in Iowa and Minnesota on Saturday.

Joseph Turskey has been sentenced to be hanged at Windsor, Ontario, on December 14 for the murder of constable Lindsay.

Fire at Moncton Monday afternoon destroyed Duffy's livery stable and Marks' carriage factory and seriously damaged one of the city's engine horses.

Mr. Gladstone has written a letter declaring against local option, in the regulation of the liquor traffic, and expressing approval of Gothenburg system.

Japan has decided to prosecute the war against China with all possible vigor before winter sets in, and is hurrying men and supplies to the front with great despatch.

Prisoners Boutellier and Jones, who escaped from Dorchester penitentiary last week, were captured near Sackville, Tuesday morning, and returned to prison.

A special freight train on the Grand Trunk Railway, running at the rapid rate near Peterbon, Ontario, Saturday was derailed by a cow on the track, and the engineer, fireman and a brakeman were instantly killed.

Somebody played a scandalous joke on the Roman authorities by sending a forged cablegram from Canada to the Pope announcing the death of Cardinal Taschereau. As the Cardinal was well known in Rome, a service was held in his honor at which the Pope was present, and his holiness also sent his condolence to Canada when the truth became known.

A cow on the track created a tremendous smash-up on the Canadian Pacific at Brittania Bay, six miles west of Ottawa, Monday morning. A special stock train from the Northwest composed of about twenty-five cars filled with over 300 head of cattle from the Northwest bound for the English stock markets, was derailed. Seventeen animals were killed and four had to be slaughtered.

There is some political activity in Manitoba and the success of the Patron candidate in the electoral division of Beautiful Plains has aroused the Independent party. A movement has been inaugurated looking to an alliance of the Prohibitionists and Patrons of Industry. It is stated a meeting will be held at an early date to frame a platform, on which the two will be able to unite their forces in Dominion and Provincial elections.

Prince Adolphus of Teck and Lady Margaret Grosvenor, daughter of the Duke of Westminster, the richest man in England, are to be married on November 28. Although his sister is the Duke of York's wife, the Prince is poor, and the Duke of Westminster is understood to have behaved nobly in the matter of settlements. Rumor fixes the bride's dower at £500,000 sterling, with a gift of a fine free-hold estate to the bridegroom thrown in.

It is reported that the commandant of the military school at St. John's, Quebec, who is also the deputy adjutant-general for that district, is to be transferred to Sherbrooke, where, it is said, the headquarters are to be established, and that Major Young, formerly stationed in Fredericton, will be placed in charge of the R. R. C. I. in St. John's. The fact that Gen. Herbert objects to every company of this regiment having a colonel, gives some color to the rumor.

The group of old Fenians and Invincibles have taken advantage of the discontent, caused by the delay in action upon the Home Rule question and have organized a new society, called the Old Guard. They have issued a circular, calling upon Irishmen everywhere to enroll themselves in a united brotherhood, to resist all attemps to lower the Irish flag or to stay the "onward march of freedom." Not one of the prominent members of the Irish party signs this appeal.

The concentration of the regular United States army forces near the great railway centres for the purpose of maintaining the respect of all classes for the laws of the United States has been ordered to take place the first week of October. More than six thousand regulars will be under orders from the headquarters on Governor's island, New York harbor. The centre of strength will be at New York city, but the force along the Canadian border will be considerably augmented.

On Saturday Thos. W. Caldwell presented express orders for payment at the Peoples' Bank of Halifax agency at Woodstock, amounting to $800, and in paying him the teller by mistake gave Caldwell $500 too much. On discovering the mistake, Caldwell was interviewed but denied having the money. Manager White then swore out a warrant for him, but in the meantime Caldwell had left town. Later, however, he was arrested at Florenceville, and compelled to hand over the $500.

Gen. Booth, head of the Salvation Army; Col. Lawley, Staff-Captain Malan, private secretary of the General; and Capt. Taylor, editor of the English "War Cry," who arrived at Halifax from London Saturday, were given a great welcome the same evening. Fully four thousand persons assembled in the market square, where the ceremonies were held. Alex. McKay, superintendent of education for Nova Scotia, and Premier Fielding, deliyered addresses of welcome. Then Gen. Booth made a lengthy and spirited speech.

The congregation of Erskine Presbyterian church, Montreal, of which Rev. A. J. Mowatt, formerly of Fredericton, is pastor, said farewell to their old edifice Sunday, and tomorrow will occupy their magnificent new church, just completed. The communion was celebrated in the morning, Mr. Mowatt preaching from the text "Arise let us go hence," and in the evening there was a praise service, at which addresses were delivered by Rev. Mr. Mowatt, Rev. Dr. Warden and Rev. E. Scott. In his morning sermon Mr. Mowatt made parting his theme, and dealt with it in its various relations to the life of the people. When he referred to the particular parting which they were met to celebrate, many of his hearers were almost overcome with emotion.