

THE HERALD.  
FREDERICTON, OCTOBER 13, 1894.  
AFRAID OF THE PEOPLE.

No such political backdown has ever been witnessed in Canada as the Dominion Government has exhibited with regard to the opening of Cardwell. Mr. White, the M. P. for that county, for two years, has had the promise of the Montreal collectorship of customs, and so far the government has not dared to accept its resignation and open the constituency. A few weeks ago they sent Mr. White into the county to arrange for his successor, but the Tory convention forced the government nominee aside and made their own selection notwithstanding Mr. White's presence and his active canvass for the government's man. The Mr. Carthyites in the meantime made their nomination, but the government seeing certain defeat if the election was called on, crawled into their hole, and now the announcement is semi-officially made from Ottawa that no constituencies will be opened until the general election. Mr. White must therefore wait for his appointment, and the Montreal custom house continues to be run by the subordinates.

AN INCOME TAX PROPOSED.

The Ottawa Journal, a newspaper with Conservative sympathies, suggests, possibly under inspiration from the government, that the time is rapidly approaching when Canada will be compelled to levy an income tax to assist in paying the interest on the public debt, and to preserve the equilibrium between revenue and expenditure. The Journal points out that the Dominion revenue and expenditure for the first three months of the present fiscal year have been a million and a half more than last year, which means a deficit at the end of the year of five or six millions in current account. Besides this, there will be a big output on capital account. Last year for the first three months of this year has been \$841,000. The Journal thinks it quite possible altogether that the net public debt will swell by eight or nine millions by the end of the present fiscal year. It claims that there is no likelihood in the early future of either an increase in customs or decrease in expenditure to meet such deficits, and suggests that Canada should follow the example of Great Britain and the United States by imposing an income tax. The British income tax, it says, brought in seventy-five million dollars last year without touching the poorer classes. The United States income tax is estimated next year to produce thirty millions, although payable only by people having incomes of more than four thousand dollars a year. It will be a great shame if Canada in the present generation at least, is compelled to levy an income tax. This country is sufficiently burdened already with taxes, and the ambition of the people is to lower them, instead of seeking new methods of adding to the burden. If the recklessly extravagant government at Ottawa could be driven out of office, there would be no need of talking up new methods for grinding the people with taxes. Hundreds of thousands of dollars have been squandered during the conservative regime of the past sixteen years, the debt has been increased to an enormous amount, and now the organs of the government are feeling the public pulse as to how much more taxation Canada can stand.

THAT SENSITIVE VACANCY.

The Globe thinks that Mr. Temple's chances for a senatorship just now are not very bright, and that the government expect him to help them win another victory in York before going to the upper chamber. It also calls attention to the fact that there is a great deal of indifference among Mr. Temple's friends as to whether he gets the appointment or not. Apart from Mr. Temple's alleged "claims" on the ground of party service, the fact stands that he is too old a man to appoint to office. Mr. Temple is nearing his seventy-sixth year, and might reasonably be laid aside from public duty. There are enough old men in the senate already, plenty of utterly useless old men, without adding Mr. Temple to the number. The Herald possesses the deepest veneration and respect for old age, but we cannot see the sense of making legislators of octogenarians. If Mr. Temple must be provided for, give him a pension and appoint some live, active, intelligent man to the senate from this vicinity. We have never had a representative in that body since its organization. The late Senator Odell who was supposed to have been from this part lived in Halifax. Surely the Conservatives are not so hard up for senatorial timber, as the talk of Mr. Temple's appointment would suggest. Regarding Liberal prospects in York, we shall have something to say later. But this much we can say now, that there is every prospect of this constituency returning to its old time Liberal allegiance, the first opportunity that offers. The persons who bore the party down with the weight of their unpopularity, are not now counted in the Liberal party. They have rotted, and their new found friends are welcome to them.

How EDWARD BLAKE has written to the West Durham Reform Club that the reciprocity resolution passed at the Dominion Liberal convention at Ottawa has ended the difference between him and the Liberal party.

BRUTALLY TREATED.

There is a chance for our friends, Professors Duff and Hatt, to exercise their influence with the faculty of Parks University, Lafayette, Indiana, of which they are now members, to abolish the senseless and brutal pastime of hazing which is pretty thoroughly obsolete in many of the best universities in the land. An instance of the brutality often shown in this cruel practice comes directly from Parks. The victim was a young man named Parker and the injuries inflicted on him may result in his death. Parker is only seventeen years old and delicate in his make up. He had just got through the high school after making a brilliant record in scholarship at the head of all his classes. This fall his father sent him to Parks University, and he easily entered as freshman. One evening recently he was returning to his room rather early, when he was seized by three masked men, supposed to be students, and forced into a carriage. The trio carried Parker to a secluded spot several miles into the country, where a halt was made. He was ordered to take off his clothes. He refused, and every garment he had on was torn from his body until he was perfectly naked. His tormentors secured switches and beat him, forcing him to dance in the cold night air in a nude state. Then they ordered him to mount an old stump and sing them a song; when he refused he was cut with the switches. He was forced to declaim as loud as he could talk and tell his own history as far back as he could remember. He complained of the cold. They had some candles, and after lighting them, allowed the hot melted tallow to run down over his flesh. Then they poured red ink over him and showed him a watermelon rind over his head. Then they fled away and he was left in the dark to clothe himself and find his way back to his room in the University. The next day he was taken seriously ill. Parker's father is very much incensed and will demand an immediate and searching investigation by the faculty and full punishment meted out to the assailants of his son. The probability is that the grand jury will be put in possession of the facts and indictments insisted upon.

A NEEDLESS MISSION.

Canada pays High Commissioner Tupper a salary of \$10,000 a year and expenses to represent her at London, and the Dominion Government have financial agents in the same city, but when the Government want to borrow money to pay off floating indebtedness and to construct public works principally to purchase support in the approaching elections, Hon. G. E. Foster must be sent over to England at the public expense. Mr. Foster has been sick, and no doubt a sea voyage will do him much good, but he should take it at his own expense. What is the good of Sir Charles Tupper in London if he cannot negotiate a loan for the Government he represents. Possibly Mr. Foster in addition to health seeking, is still seeking, but Her Majesty is very slow in recognizing the public services of the Finance Minister. She has up to the present overlooked one of his ambitious colleagues, Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, who for the trouble he took in working up the intercolonial conference, only received an empty note of thanks from Her Majesty.

INTERESTING SOCIAL EVENT.

In which a Young Lady Well Known in Fredericton, was one of the Principals. The sun shone brightly on Wednesday morning, says the St. Andrews Beacon, in honor of the marriage of Miss Charlotte Stevenson, only daughter of the late Hon. R. R. Stevenson, and A. D. Wetmore, of Truro, N. S. Ten o'clock was the hour appointed for the ceremony. At that time, all Saints' church was crowded with invited guests and friends of the bride, who spent their waiting moments in admiring the chaste and beautiful decorations of the church. The chancel was decorated in yellow and white flowers, the altar in pure white, and the pulpit in autumn foliage, the effect being very pleasing. As the bride entered the church, leaning on the arm of her brother, J. F. Stevenson, she looked quite regal in a costume of white satin en train, trimmed with a profusion of white lace. She wore a white veil, and carried a magnificent bouquet of white roses. Miss Edith Hilyard, of Fredericton, attended as bridesmaid, costumed in cream crepon. She looked very pretty indeed. The many groom was carefully looked after by Mr. John I. Robinson of St. John. The choir sang "Perfect Love," as the bridal party moved up the aisle, Miss Magee playing the accompaniment on the organ. The ushers were Messrs. F. H. Grimmer, M. N. Cockburn, W. Whitlock and E. A. Cockburn. Rev. Canon Ketchum performed the impressive ceremony which made the twin one flesh, the responses being clearly made by the bride and groom. Mr. J. F. Stevenson gave the bride away. Mendelssohn's wedding march was played as a concluding piece.

LORD ABERDEEN AS ENGINEER.

At Brandon, Manitoba, the other night, a fire broke out in a small house situated in the eastern portion of the city. There was the usual rush to the scene of the fire. In the yard an engine of the C. P. R. was resting noiselessly near the depot, when the engineer in charge, thought to move in the direction of the fire. Just then two or three men stepped on the engine and were promptly and brusquely ordered off. One of the strangers, a man about forty-five, appealed to the engineer, stating that he was an engineer. This was sufficient, so he was invited to retake his position, and according to custom was also asked to take the lever, which he did, opening wide the throttle. The fire and the reactor said that he must draw the lever in the meantime the stranger was being taken in by the crew. Imagine their surprise as the glare of the out-light revealed the features of the Governor-General of Canada. In a few moments the destination was reached. All hands, including Lord Aberdeen, enjoyed the affair.

GENERAL BOOTH AND THE SACRAMENTS.

When General Booth was at Montreal the other day, he explained the Salvation Army's principles to the ministerial association. In reply to the question of what the Army's present attitude is towards the Sacraments, especially Holy Communion, General Booth said that it would take a long time to explain, but he studied the matter, and did not recognize that it was a command of Christ to observe the sacrament. The sacraments were not a condition of salvation, and for the present the army had decided not to bother with them. With the class of people they dealt with there would be trouble about water baptism and other things.

FATHER RITCHIE ON DIVORCE.

With "Divorce" as a text, Father Ritchie recently delivered a sermon at St. Ignace's Protestant Episcopal church, New York. He said in part:

"A large majority of mankind looks upon marriage as a civil contract, which may be broken under certain conditions, non-support, or incompatibility of temper, for instance, but it is not such a contract; it is a divine institution, upon which God sheds the light of his great blessing. The word divorce is looked upon in two ways—separation, which does not grant to either person the privilege of subsequent marriage while the other is alive, and absolute divorce, which means a dissolution of the tie, and carries with it the right for one or the other to marry. Now, so far as the latter is concerned it is, according to the Catholic Church, an absolute impossibility. There is no dissolution of the bond save by the hand of death. God's Church does not recognize absolute divorce, except when required by a violation of the laws of consanguinity, which are set forth in the Book of Common Prayer; or in the case of a marriage which has been invalid from its very commencement and therefore no marriage at all. Separation is recognized under certain circumstances to be necessary, but neither person so separated is free to marry until the other has died.

"From the wording of the marriage ritual the man and the woman take each other as husband and wife until death does them part, and the minister who performs the ceremony says, 'whom God hath joined together let not man put asunder.' That shows that the prayer book does not recognize divorce. When the Pharisees asked Christ if it is lawful to put away a wife, He told them it was not, but twice in the book of Mathew Christ appears to make an exception to the law of absolute divorce in the case of the great sin against the marriage bond. In Mark and Luke there is no mention of this exception. Almost the whole of the Eastern Church consider it lawful for the innocent person to marry after an absolute divorce on account of this sin, but the Western Church does not recognize such a right." Just before closing his sermon father Ritchie said:

"The Bible and prayer book say that those who sin against God's laws are not to sit at His table until they show signs of repentance. There are those who sin openly, make no effort to hide their evil deeds, and whose wickedness is known to all men. These evil doers may in the authority or high in the social world, and suppose one comes to this altar, is it not my duty to repulse him? Yes, and it is not a duty for all Christians to take a stand also. The Lord says those who tolerate open breaches of His laws are themselves guilty. The stand for Christians to take is that of the Holy Scriptures, that all dissolvers of the marriage tie are adulterers."

AROUND THE WORLD.

The News of the World in Brief—The Cream of our Exchanges.

Mrs. Langtry is coming to America this month. Earl Grey, Secretary of State for the colonies in 1846, is dead.

A statue of Sir John A. Macdonald was unveiled at Toronto today.

The C. P. R. are selling tickets to Boston and Montreal for ten days.

The Czar of Russia, is suffering from Bright's disease, and has been given up by his physicians.

The Presbyterians of St. Stephen have extended a call to Rev. A. A. McKenzie of Brookfield P. E. I.

Wm. Tear of Lepreau N. B. accidentally killed on the C. P. R. near Presque Isle, Wednesday.

Senator and Mrs. Dickey of Amherst, N. S. on Tuesday celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage.

The military barracks at Grenada, Nicaragua, blew up Monday and 200 soldiers and civilians were killed.

A defective seven storey building fell in New York, Wednesday, killing four persons and injuring many more.

Joseph Humbal, his wife and three children have died in Chicago from eating food stowed in mistake for mushrooms.

Miss Frances E. Willard, world's president of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, is seriously ill at Cincinnati.

It is understood that Lord and Lady Aberdeen have decided to spend the winter in Montreal, the guests of Lady Abbott.

The trial of Annie McKenzie, at Amherst, N. S., for the murder of her infant child at Springhill, Sept. 12th, resulted in acquittal.

Dr. L. N. Sharp formerly of Kings County and for some years a practitioner at Woodstock is critically ill at his home in Minneapolis.

It is stated that the Pope is preparing a special appeal to the clergy of the Anglican church on the subject of reunion between that and the Roman church.

Frederick Turner, a member of one of the leading families of New Westminster, is dying from a knife wound inflicted on him by Gracie Irwin, with whom he had been living.

In the St. John circuit court Thursday, Patrick Silvey was awarded \$3,750 damages for injuries he received by falling through an open trap door in the police building over two years ago.

W. S. Loggie of Chatham, has settled with his creditors for forty cents on the dollar, cash, and put his business into the hands of a limited liability company, with a capital of \$150,000. He will be manager.

Frank Westwood the young man who was so mysteriously shot at Toronto the other night as detailed on our first page, died Wednesday morning. The man who discharged the fatal shot and his motive are not yet known.

George Van Taylor, who was in jail at Chesham, Michigan, charged with the murder of Gus Jeasner, committed suicide Thursday night. In a letter to the officers he confessed that he had committed twelve murders.

A terrible storm raged along the Atlantic coast Wednesday night. At St. Pierre, thirty lives were lost, and fifty fishing vessels were wrecked. The damage in and around New York reaches \$350,000 and seven persons were killed.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons has been matched to fight to a finish at the Florida Athletic club, Jacksonville, Florida, for a time after July 1, 1895. The prize is the largest ever offered for a fight in America.

Mrs. Orr, an inmate of the House of Industry, at Kingston, Ontario, will be 110 years of age if she lives a few weeks longer. At present she is enjoying good health, and carries a magnificent bouquet of white roses.

Sammel Watts of the Woodstock Sentinel met with a painful accident at the Centerville exhibition last week. A fractious colt kicked him, inflicting painful injuries on his left hand and arm, and it was necessary to procure the services of Dr. Brown.

At New Brunswick, N. J. the wife of Henry W. Abbot, died of Bright's disease at ten o'clock Sunday night, and Mr. Abbot was found dead in his bed at eight o'clock the next morning. His death was due to apoplexy, brought on, it is thought, by excitement over his wife's death.

The arbitrators in the Moncton water case, have rendered their decision, awarding the company \$243,000. As the city only offered about two hundred and forty thousand, and the company valued their work on the basis of the earning power, at seven or eight hundred thousand, it will be seen that the arbitrators took a middle ground.

Postmaster Journeaux, of Quebec, who died Tuesday at the age of eighty-three, was for many years one of the leading men of the city. He was four times elected mayor, and twice elected to represent Quebec East in parliament. In 1877 he opposed the Hon. W. Laurier, but was defeated. He has been postmaster since 1883.

J. G. Buchanan, city editor of the Hamilton Times was drowned in the Dundas canal, Wednesday night, when driving home from a country fair. Having taken the wrong road, he attempted to turn his rig and in doing so, the conveyance slipped over the side of the canal, carrying Mr. Buchanan to a watery grave.

John Ulich, a farmer of Greenfield, South, Ontario, had an exciting struggle with a wild cat at an early hour Wednesday. He was awakened by an noise in his barn, and on investigating found the ferocious animal in the act of devouring a pig. The wild cat turned upon the man, and in the fight which ensued Ulich was badly bitten and scratched about the throat and breast. He finally succeeded in beating the cat off with a club.

John Ravell, at Ironwood, Michigan, put half a box of dynamite in the kitchen stove to thaw it out for use in the morning. The family consisting of seven persons, was gathered about the stove conversing with a neighbor, Mrs. Patterson. In a few minutes there was a terrific explosion. Ravell and three of his children and Jessie Patterson was instantly killed and Mrs. Ravell and the two other children so badly injured they will probably die. The house was blown to atoms.

A serious explosion occurred at Waterloo, Ontario, Monday morning at the branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at the hour for beginning the day's business. The junior clerk was in the act of lighting the gas to illuminate the vault which had just been opened, when a deafening explosion took place, knocking him with full force against the counter and otherwise bruising him. The heavy plate glass windows were badly wrecked, having been blown out and across the street against the opposite building by the force of the concussion. The cause of the explosion was due to the leakage in the gas pipes allowing gas to escape into the vault.

PHUL-NANA.

'His is the name of a new Japanese Perfume. We have other kinds at all prices; also a choice variety of reasonable goods in our line. We like to show our stock.

C. F. E. D. CHESTNUT,  
Apothecary,  
2 doors above Barker House,  
Queen St., Fredericton.  
Dec. 4th, 1893.

Fall Goods

---AT---

LOTTIMER'S SHOE STORE.

Ladies, Gents, Misses, Cloth Gaiters, in Black and Coloured.

Ladies Cloth Gaiters from 60 cents up.

Long Boots.

Long Boots.

Try Lottimer's Oil Polish for your Kid Boots and Shoes.

A. LOTTIMER...

210 Queen St., Fredericton, N. B.

NEW MILLINERY STORE

NICH'S NEW BRICK BUILDING AT ST. MARYS...

OUR OPENING DAY, Wednesday, October 17.

Latest Styles of Bonnets and Hats. An Experienced Milliner in attendance.

MRS. BELLE M. TAYLOR & Co.

The Moncton Times is the second Conservative newspaper in this province to come under the auctioneer's hammer.

THE OLD SAYING

Throw Physic to the Dogs, Will not apply to the Present Day.

ALONZO STAPLES, Druggist and Apothecary.

---HAS IN STOCK---

New, Fresh Drugs

---AND FULL LINES OF---

PATENT MEDICINES.

A CHOICE LINE OF HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS.

And all requisites found in a First-class Drug Store.

Physician's prescriptions compounded with utmost care at all hours.

Opposite Randolph's Flour Store.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

JAMES McKillop, merchant of Fredericton in the County of York has this day assigned his estate and effects to me, the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The trust deed is at my office, Queen street, Fredericton, for inspection and signature. By the terms of said deed, persons wishing to participate, must execute the same with the date of this notice. JAMES McKillop, Trustee Estate of James McKillop. F. 100, August 25, 1894.

House Painters.

WHO wish to discriminate in their purchases as to the quality of their paint, there is no way so sure as to buy our paint. Our paint is made in England, and is the best in the world. It is made of pure materials, and is of a quality that will last for years. It is made of pure materials, and is of a quality that will last for years. It is made of pure materials, and is of a quality that will last for years.

Scales! Scales!

12 BOXES Family Scales, 12 doz. Wheel weights, 15 boxes Cut Nuts, 10 boxes Wrought Iron Nuts, 1 box Gaiters' Points, 1 box Pulley Blocks, 1 box Moulding Nuts, 1 box Screws, and for sale by J. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Guns! Guns!

Just Received by Steamer From Liverpool 1 Case Guns.

When we talk about Guns and compare various patterns suitable for our market we naturally turn to the English as the best. There is no denying it, we have a good deal about American and German guns. They are cheap. But when we want something reliable, the English is the best. They hold their own in every way, the quality and workmanship can't be surpassed. When you want a gun, look every where else, then come to us for a good gun.

J. CHESTNUT & SONS.

HAVE YOU TRIED

STANDARD PATTERNS.

Best in the Market.

JOHN J. WEDDALL. Agent. October 13.

MEN FOR THE WOODS

---SHOULD CALL AT---

---OAK HALL---

We have in stock a full line of

Underware, Top shirts, Jumpers, Pants, Oversocks, Mitts,

in fact everything to keep you warm and give good service. You can buy at OAK HALL cheaper than anywhere else.

OAK HALL

Mrs. ISAAC BURDEN

WISHES to inform her many patrons, and the public generally, that her FALL OPENING will take place in a few days, notice of which will be given.

We guarantee that you will see as large an assortment of

286 Queen St., Fredericton.

TRIMMED MILLINERY

As will be shown in the City by any millinery importer. We also carry a full line of all MILLINERY NOVELTIES of the Very Latest Designs; and a visit to our show rooms will convince you that we advertise actually what we mean. Ladies will please watch for our opening dates. Call and see our goods which are bought in foreign markets by experienced buyers and sold in this city at prices which defy competition. Customers will find ladies in attendance.

JACKETS.

---NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY YOUR---

---FUR CAPES---

We have them in all lengths from 18 inches to 30.

DEVER BROTHERS.

JOHN G. ADAMS, UNDERTAKER.

HE IS NOW LOCATED IN HIS LARGE STORE

NEXT TO QUEEN HOTEL,

With the Finest Lot of Furniture to be found in the City, and at Rock Bottom Prices.

Caskets, Coffins, Burial Robes and Funeral Furnishings of Every Description. A full Line of Furniture kept in stock. Cabinet Making and Upholstering in all their Various Branches. Telephone No. 26.

Sept. 22, 1894.

If it is Light you are after We can give it to you.

..FANCY LAMPS..

Are Stunners.

We defy any other establishment in New Brunswick to show the large Variety of Patterns we do, and at Rock Bottom PRICES

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Goods Opening Daily.