

MR. LUGRIN HEARD FROM.

THE HERALD is glad to hear from Mr. Lugin, whose letter is published elsewhere, and to learn that he is to have another trial before being rushed off to jail. Mr. Lugin has evidently been trying to purify the fountains of Seattle justice, and his articles have not met with appreciation by the local magistrature, who would seem to have been an interested party. However, we can assure Mr. Lugin that his very many friends here will be glad to learn of his ultimate triumph, and also are interested in hearing of the continued good health of himself and his family.

TUESDAY'S VOTE.

The citizens of Fredericton on Tuesday next, will have an opportunity of voting on an important principle of civic management, and ought to go to the polls to vote one way or the other. Under the present law unless holding property in other wards the voter can only vote for two aldermen in the ward in which he resides. The proposed change would give him the right to vote for ten aldermen or for the entire membership of the council. There are those who think the change would ensure a better class of aldermen, and as it would give every voter a choice in the elections, all would be responsible for the selections made.

THE HEN QUESTION.

Not in its relations to the McKinley or Wilson tariffs, but with respect to the comfort, convenience and respectability of Fredericton's sidewalks. The careless manner in which hens are permitted to run at large in this city is a positive disgrace, and it is quite time the municipal authorities framed a bye law to abate the nuisance. On St. John street the hens of half a dozen different people are permitted to live on the street and sidewalks, and in many other sections of the city, the upper end of Charlotte street for instance, the abuse is quite as bad. The owners should have sufficient public spirit and decency to keep their broods on their premises where they can daily see the filth on the sidewalks, but we suppose only the law will compel them to do that.

THEY NEED WATCHING.

The bicycling craze has reached Paris, and a French physician directs attention to the deaths of three persons from heart disease while bicycling. In Fredericton the bicyclists are not the ones to suffer from the sport, but the people they are likely to ride down on the sidewalks and at the crossings. The police authorities should make a sport a few weeks ago and fined some of the offenders, but the danger is just as great now as ever. A man or woman riding a bicycle has no more right on the sidewalk than a man or a woman driving a carriage. The bicyclists themselves ought to know that; doubtless they do know it, but they think they can trifle with the authorities. There are many of the young men and women who are never offenders, and it is very unfair that the class should come under condemnation because of the actions of a reckless few.

AFRAID TO FACE THE MUSIC.

The Government party have got into such a disagreeable snarl in Cardwell, that the administration, it is declared from headquarters, will not open that constituency very soon. Mr. White has been slated for the collection of customs at Montreal, vacant now nearly two years, but the Government is afraid to fulfill its promise to him, lest Cardwell should slip from their support. Had last week's nomination gone to the Government's liking, in all probability the constituency would have been open now, but the conservative nominee, Mr. Willoughby, would be beaten out of sight by the McCarthyite, and so the Government are to hedge a while longer. One would think that if Montreal can do without a collector for two years, the office might very well be dispensed with altogether, but it is the Government's plan to prostitute the highest offices in the country to the exigencies of the political situation.

V TO PARENTS.

The figure relating to the attendance at the Fredericton public schools, published in THE HERALD recently, show that nearly one fifth of the entire population of the city is receiving instruction in those institutions, and while much of their success depends on the pupils themselves and the teachers who are directing their efforts, the parents of the children are in a large measure responsible for the way the schools advance. Without the cooperation of the parents, much of the teacher's work is useless. He must have the support and sympathy of the home from which the children are drawn, and in this connection the ten suggestions of a Maine philosopher are to the point. He believes the best results will be secured if parents observe the following:

- 1. Let the attendance of your children be prompt and regular.
- 2. Interest yourself in their studies, and examine them from time to time.
- 3. Do not insist upon your child going in to high a class.
- 4. Uphold the teacher in all reasonable attempts to discipline.
- 5. Do not in any way find fault with the teacher in the hearing of his pupils, and especially in the hearing of your own child.
- 6. If you think you have any ground complaint as a parent, and patron of the school, see the teacher privately, and talk it over in a spirit of kindness.
- 7. Never listen to the complaints of children till you have heard the other side of the story. You need not expect a child to see more than one side, and that will be his own side.
- 8. Do not ask any favor for your child that cannot be granted to all under like circumstances.
- 9. Start your children for school so as to get there only five or ten minutes before the time of beginning.
- 10. Make the round of the school premises occasionally. Remember that it is your business to keep a sharp lookout for your child's moral surroundings.
- 11. There is no doubt we have as good a school system as can be found on the continent of America; we have earnest and enthusiastic teachers, excellent school buildings, and appliances, but the parents must do their part as well. Let them study the Maine man's suggestion as above, and put them into practical effect.

LUMBER.

The most satisfactory feature of the new American tariff for Canada, at least, is the lumber schedule. The American market is practically thrown open to the Canadian lumbermen. The new schedule reads as follows:

Logs and round unmanufactured timber not specially enumerated or provided for in this act.

Firewood, handle bolts, heading bolts, stove bolts and shingle bolts, hop poles, fence posts, railroad ties, ship timber and ship planking, not specially provided for in this act.

Timber, hewn and sawed, and timbers used for spars and in building wharves.

Timber, squared or sided.

Sawn boards, planks, deals and other lumber, rough or dressed, except boards, plank, deals and other lumber of cedar, larch, spruce, hemlock, white wood, box, granadilla, mahogany, rosewood, satinwood and all other cabinet woods.

Pine clapboards.

Spruce clapboards.

Hubs for wheels, posts, last blocks, wagon blocks, car blocks, gun blocks, heading and all like blocks or sticks, rough hewn or sawed only.

Laths.

Pickets and palings.

Shingles.

Staves of wood of all kinds, wood unmanufactured: Provided, That all of the articles above mentioned when imported from any country which lays an export duty or imposes discriminating stampage dues on any of them, shall be subject to the duties existing prior to the passage of this act.

Compare the above with the McKinley tariff and the advantage will readily be seen. The schedule under that act was as follows:

Timber, hewn and sawed, and timber used for spars and in building wharves, 10 per cent.

Timber, squared or sided, one half of one per cent cubic foot.

Sawn lumber of hemlock, white wood, spruce, white pine or basswood, \$1 per 1,000 feet; other sawed lumber \$2 per 1,000 feet.

Cedar ties, posts and poles, 20 per cent.

Pine clapboards, \$1.50 per thousand.

Spruce clapboards, \$1.50 per thousand.

Laths, 15 cents per thousand pieces.

Pickets and palings, 10 per cent.

Shingles, 20 cents and 30 cents per thousand.

Canada has always sold largely of her forest products to the United States. In 1883 we exported to that country to the value of \$1,500,000, lumber, \$9,916,000, shingles, \$735,000, railway ties, \$212,600, stove bolts, \$103,000, laths, palings and pickets, \$464,500; but the removal of the duties should greatly increase our exports in these lines.

H. O. Smith, manager of the Bartlett Lumber Company, at Bartlett, N. H., asked as to the effect the removal of the duty would have upon the lumber industry of the United States, said he thought it would practically cause the shut down of some of the eastern mills which are dependent upon the trade in New York, Philadelphia and on the Sound, because they come into direct competition with the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia mills in spruce lumber.

Mr. Smith feels a little curious to know what effect the removal of the Canadian export duty would have upon the shingle trade. Shingles are furnished largely from the lower provinces, and the duty has been thirty cents a thousand.

This business has gradually gone into the hands of the Canadians, and very few American mills are now engaged in the industry.

The annual return of the British Army for the year 1893 shows that the effective strength of all ranks in the regular Army on the 1st of December last was 219,994, of which number 106,074 were employed at home—76,170 in England and Wales, 3,573 in Scotland, and 26,331 in Ireland—and 111,202 abroad, namely, 36,511 in the colonies and Egypt, and 74,694 in India. The total number of recruits who joined the regular Army in 1893 was 35,202, of whom 1,128 were under 17 years, 230 under 18 years, and 14,140 under 19 years.

In the water works arbitration at Moncton, Tuesday, Hon. Mr. Emmerson extracted from C. P. Harris, treasurer of the Moncton Water Works Company, that in the local election of 1892, the company contributed \$750 towards the election fund of Powell, Sumner, Wells and Melanson, Opposition candidates, because the company thought these gentlemen would best serve the company's interests.

James Fairly who for a number of years has successfully carried on a large lumber business, is now erecting a fine new saw mill a few miles from Boiestown. The mill will be equipped with a rotary, planer and two shingle machines, and it is expected that it will be ready for work early next spring.

Mr. Laurier's campaign is making such a stir, that the Conservatives feel themselves constrained to do something to counteract its influence. This week they held a big pow-wow at St. Vincent de Paul, Quebec, at which three cabinet ministers delivered addresses.

The financial returns of Canada for the year ending June 30th, 1894, show the enormous deficit of \$11,560,000. The net debt has increased in the past year nearly five million dollars. Mr. Foster is an expensive luxury for this country, and ought to be turned down.

The North-West local elections will be held next month, and already the Patrons are preparing to put up candidates in every constituency. The politicians expect many surprises, and it would not be a wonder if the Patrons control the new Assembly.

Upper Georgetown.

Serv. 13.—The Free Baptist Sabbath school picnic which was held on last Thursday, was a grand success, the day was fine and all had a good time.

William Weston launched a new deck scow yesterday.

The Baptist quarterly meetings are to be held here on the 15th and 16th. If the weather is fine there will doubtless be a large crowd present.

William Estabrooks is under the care of Dr. Caswell for treatment of his throat; some growing in his throat.

Mrs. T. McMillin is getting better slowly.

The doctors speak encouragingly of Chas. Currie who is very ill.

Mr. McJunkin, the mason, who is doing the mason work on E. Currie's house, has been sick the past week.

The needle society met at Mrs. Bradford Currie's last Tuesday afternoon and evening.

Alex. Dingee, Harry Dingee, Hedley Holen, and Lewis Brooks have gone to the woods up river, and more expect to go from here soon.

The last heavy frost which we had, done a good deal of damage to the crops.

ira Ingraham, of Bear Island, father of C. S. Ingraham of this city, died yesterday morning at the ripe old age of ninety-one years.

THE DOMINION CASH BOOK.

Returns for the Past Fiscal Year Show a Big Deficit.

A great deal of ink has been used and many lungs exercised in telling the people that Canada is superior to the gloomy circumstances recently surrounding both England and the United States.

The trade returns and the financial returns have been used to dress up the image of prosperity reflected in ministerial speeches and ministerial journals. We have now come, however, to cast up accounts for the last fiscal year and the returns are all in showing a great decline in receipts and a considerable increase in expenditure as compared with the previous year.

The finance minister now reports a deficit of \$1,156,010. It also appears that the public debt has increased during the last fiscal year by the vast sum of \$4,483,948; in other words the Thompson administration spent \$5,640,567 more than they received for the year which ended on July 1st. There is nothing to support the assertions in the last budget speech from the statement that there would not be any 'ugly and ill-vised deficit' on the assertion that everything was lovely and the people happy, prosperous and contented with the National Policy.

Chancrey Dewey said recently that the best index to the state of trade and the success or failure of a fiscal policy was the receipts of the railways. The C. P. R. earnings have been for many months decreasing at the rate of two million a year, and the Grand Trunk has recorded very much the same experience. Many hundreds of men employed on the eastern division of the C. P. R. have been laid off indefinitely.

The foreign trade of Canada has largely declined this year, imports have declined and exports have fallen off. Now the finance minister has to acknowledge total failure of his predictions and a deficit and heavy increase of debt. Mr. Foster has again and again declared that there was no reason for any further increase of debt, and yet he has increased it by nearly five million dollars during one year. Following is a statement of the receipts for the previous year:

Revenue	1894	1893.
Customs	\$19,198,546	\$20,863,700
Excise	2,860,231	2,893,241
Post Office	2,806,241	2,775,607
Public Works & Railways	3,700,141	3,770,620
Miscellaneous	3,248,973	3,299,410
Total	\$98,288,122	\$98,131,278
Expenditures	\$102,993,273	\$98,745,121
Deficit for 1894	\$1,156,010	

The net public debt on June 30, 1894, was \$346,163,920, compared with \$241,479,972 the previous year, an increase for the last fiscal year of \$4,483,948. These figures are according to returns received at the finance department up to Aug. 31, and are, therefore, final.

The capital expenditure amounted to \$5,078,000 against \$3,851,000 in 1893.

CONVERTED TO CATHOLICISM.

The Rev. Mr. Clapp Leaves the Protestant Episcopal Church at New York.

Walter Clayton Clapp, who was until recently a prominent clergyman of the high church party in the Protestant Episcopal Church in New York, was received into the Roman Catholic communion last Friday by the Rev. Father Elliott of the Paulist order at the chapel on Fifty-ninth street and Ninth avenue. He intends to join the Paulists and will soon go to the St. Thomas Aquinas College at Washington to begin his novitiate.

Mr. Clapp who is about thirty-two years old, was born in New York where his father was a prominent business man and a deacon of the Baptist Church of the Redeemer in Harlem. He was graduated from Amherst College in 1888, studied medicine for a year, and then entered the General Theological Seminary of the Episcopal Church in New York, where he remained two years, finishing his studies elsewhere. After his ordination he became first assistant to the Rev. Robert H. Palmer of Mont Calvary, Baltimore, where he succeeded the Rev. Henry Rufus Sergeant, who is now the father superior of the Order of the Holy Cross at Westminster, Md. In 1892 he was appointed professor in Nashotha Theological Seminary, Wis. When the seminary school closed, last spring, Mr. Clapp went to Europe and spent some time in Rome. He resigned his chair Nashotha on Aug. 1, and came back to New York on Friday, going immediately to the Paulist fathers.

Lockjaw from a pig is the case that is puzzling physicians at West Grove Pa. Fred Jacob is a young man who has been largely engaged in raising pigs. He was doting a pig several days ago which had lockjaw, and some of the saliva from its mouth got on Jacob's face. He grew ill soon afterwards, and is now in a critical state suffering from lockjaw.

Johann Renter, a Spanish lumber merchant of Venezuela, is at Ottawa for the purpose of establishing a trade in Canadian pine logs between Canada and Venezuela. He says that New York has been the market for logs for many years, but as a result of his trip to Canada he has discovered that he can do much better by shipping from Montreal or Quebec and at the same time get a better class of logs.

The Maine state and federal elections Monday resulted as usual in a clean sweep for the Republicans. Governor Cleve was re-elected by 38,424 plurality, the largest ever known in the state. Every member of the state senate is Republican, and only four Democrats are returned to the state house of representatives. Reed, Dingley, Boutelle, and Millikan, Republican congressmen, were also re-elected by immense majorities.

Dalton McCarty while in Montreal on his way home from the Maritime provinces told a Star reporter that there will be some surprising changes in New Brunswick's federal representation after the next election. He says it is a foregone conclusion that the Hon. Peter Mitchell will carry Northumberland, while everybody expects Colonel Donville to comfortably defeat Hon. George E. Foster in Queen's.

A despatch to the Central News from Shanghai, says that the chief officers of the Chinese army in Corea, have telegraphed for supplies of winter clothing, evidently expecting that the war will last a long time. A second Chinese army, 10,000 strong, composed entirely of Hane, now starting for Corea. The King of Corea has sent a special message to King of Siam, and the Premier and Hon. Messrs. Cameron and McMillan. After the petition had been read Premier Greenway promised a reply in writing at an early date, and the gathering dispersed. The petition was a monster one. It was 320 feet long, weighed three pounds and bore 50,000 signatures.

AROUND THE WORLD.

The News of the World in Brief—The Cream of our Exchanges.

The Black Brook extension of the C. E. Railway has been completed.

Every available cottage at St. Andrews is already leased for next summer.

The Merchants Bank of Halifax is building a branch on Notre Dame street west, Montreal, that will cost \$50,000.

KoKomo, Indiana has a clergyman eighty-two years old who in his lifetime has married 1200 couples.

Walter McWhirrell is to be hanged at Brampton, Ont. Oct. 1st, for the murder of James Williams and his wife.

The Manitoba wheat crop this year will be close to 20,000,000 bushels, which is nearly 5,000,000 bushels more than last year.

The 7th span of the Woodstock bridge has been completed and it is said that the entire structure will be finished by Nov. 1st.

General Herbert promises the Quebec people a review of the R. R. C. L. on the Plains of Abraham before Camp Levis breaks up.

Miss Pauline Clarke, the pretty daughter of St. John's chief of police was married at Trinity church Monday evening to W. H. Scovill of St. John.

Frank F. Radway, of London, Ont., made a new 100 mile bicycle record for America at the Rosedale grounds, Toronto, Tuesday. His time was 5 hours 1 min. 10.95 sec.

Cardinal Tacheeran has resigned the archbishopric of Quebec owing to failing health, and Mr. Begin, co-adjutor, will assume the work. The cardinal has been in the priesthood since 1842.

Sir John Thompson and Sir C. H. Tupper delivered addresses at Springhill, N.S., Tuesday on the occasion of the unveiling of the monument to the men killed in the great mine disaster of 1891.

Mrs. M. N. Cockburn, wife of the Judge of Probate at St. Andrews, was thrown from her carriage on Saturday and besides receiving a severe shaking, had a six inch gash cut in her forehead.

Sir Frank Smith, Senator and member of the Dominion government, while driving at Toronto, Monday, was struck by a street car, thrown violently to the ground and had three ribs fractured. His carriage was reduced to kindling wood.

Charles Garret, released from the penitentiary at Philadelphia on Wednesday, after serving three and a half years for assaulting a woman, went straight to his wife's home at Lebanon, and killed her on Thursday. She was 26 years of age.

The Governor General opened the Provincial Exhibition at Quebec Tuesday in one of his happy speeches, which was full of valuable hints on agriculture. His Excellency spoke in both English and French, and had a most hearty reception.

Willie Boone of Oak Bay, Charlottetown, is doing quite a business in Brockway and Harvey, York County, buying lambs for the St. Stephen market. The shagbushes were he by instead of bringing the lambs through in droves as has been the custom.

Madeline Pollard's tour will be a short one if it occurs at all. Admission to their theatres has been positively refused to her by all managers in Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Washington, Kansas City, Louisville, St. Paul, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Richmond, Charleston and Atlanta.

The New England base ball league games closed Saturday, Fall River winning three places; Portland was third and Boston fourth. There were eight teams in the competition. Pete Burns well known in Fredericton, played with the Portlands and is reserved by the same management for next year.

Four carloads of hogs from Western Kansas, where the crops totally failed, were sold at Fort Scott Friday. The average price was \$1 per head; three months ago they would have sold for \$8 per head. The shippers sold them for the cost of transportation here rather than let them starve where there is no feed.

It is announced at Quebec that through the assistance received from the Hon. the late Senator G. R. Ross, Morris College is about to be placed on a wider and more substantial basis under a principal of ripe scholarship and large experience, while the professional staff will be made complete and thoroughly efficient.

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PHUL-NANA.

This is the name of a new Japanese Perfume. We have other kinds at all prices; also a choice variety of reasonable goods in our line. We like to show our stock.

C. FRED. CHESTNUT, Apothecary.

2 doors above Barker House, Queen St., Fredericton.

Dec. 4th, 1893.

LOOK THIS WAY

For Bargains in TAN Coloured

Boots

and Shoes,

—AT—

LOTTIMER'S SHOE STORE.

TAN SHOES reduced from \$1.25 to \$1.00

Ladies TAN SHOES " " 1.50 " 1.25 *

TAN SHOES " " 2.00 " 1.50

* Gents TAN RUSSIAN Calf Bala. reduced from \$3.25 to \$2.50

TAN RUSSIAN " " " 3.50 " 3.00

TAN RUSSIAN " Congress " " 3.50 " 2.50

TAN RUSSIAN " Shoes " " 2.50 " 2.00

Also Misses, Boys, Youths and Childs Tan Footwear at Reduced Prices to clear.

Queen Street FREDERICTON. A. LOTTIMER.

PUMPS

The Old Saying

Throw Physic to the Dogs.

Will not apply to the Present Day.

ALONZO STAPLES,

Druggist and Apothecary.

—HAS IN STOCK—

New, Fresh Drugs

—AND FULL LINES OF—

PATENT MEDICINES.

A CHOICE LINE OF HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS.

And all requisites found in a First-class Drug Store.

Physician's prescriptions compounded with utmost care at all hours.

Opposite Randolph's Flour Store.

September 14th, 1894.

Anderson & Walker

Merchant Tailors,

—ARE NOW SHOWING—

NEW FALL GOODS.

The assortment is the best they have ever shown.

Overcoatings—Beanties—All Prices.

Mortgage Sale.

To Elias Brannen of the town of Horton, in the State of Maine, in the United States of America, and Frederic Peterson, of the Parish of St. Marys, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, and all others whom it may concern:

NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of a power of sale, contained in a certain indenture of a mortgage, bearing date the eighth day of June, in the year of our lord, one thousand, eight hundred and eight-one, made between the said Elias Brannen, of the town of Horton aforesaid, and William Wilson, of the city of Fredericton, in the County of York, barister, of the second part, and duly registered in book Q, pages 247, 248, 249 of the York County Records on the eleventh day of July, A. D. 1881, there will for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured, thereby, be sold at public auction at the Court House in the City of Fredericton, in the County aforesaid, on Tuesday, the 18th day of September next, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon:

All that certain leasehold premises, situate at King and being in the Parish of St. Marys, in the County of York, situate on the southerly side of the Highway road through Gibson, formerly occupied by John H. Morrill, having a frontage on the main road of thirty feet, running back a distance of ninety feet, with a privilege of an alley ten feet wide on the lower side, and all rights to ways and easements whatsoever, to the said place or parcel of land belonging. Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon, and all fixtures and chattels thereon, and the term yet unexpired thereof.

W. M. WILSON, Mortgagee.

Freton, July 14, 1894.—W. M.

SEPTEMBER 1st.

We have opened

—OUR—

FALL JACKETS,

An inspection invited.

JOHN J. WEDDALL.

MEN FOR THE WOODS

—SHOULD CALL AT—

--- OAK HALL ---

WE have in stock a full line of

Underware, Top shirts,

Jumpers, Pants,

Oversocks, Mitts,

in fact everything to keep you warm and