THE HERALD.

VOL. VI., NO. 17. FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1895. $1.00 PER YEAR.

Board of Works Jan 1 95

HOTELS.

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Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

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5.40 A. M.—Week days for Woodstock and points North, via Gibson.

6.00 A. M.—Week days for St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, and points North; Bangor, Portland, Boston, and points West and South.

10.55 A. M.—Week days for Fredericton Junction, St. John and points east.

3.20 P. M.—Week days for Fredericton Junction and St. John, Vanceboro, Montreal and the West, via the Short Line.

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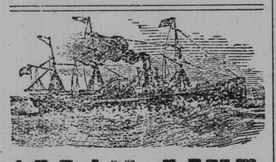

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NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

JOHN F. SANSOM and Robert S. Sansom, of Stanley, in the County of York, Lumber Manufacturers, doing business under the name and style of J. E. & R. S. Sansom, have this day assigned their estate and effects to me, the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of their creditors. The trust deed is at my office, Queen Street, Fredericton, for inspection and signature. By the terms of said deed, persons wishing to participate, must execute the same within ninety days from the date thereof. Fredericton, July 5th, 1894.

FRANK I. MORRISON, Trustee Estate of

F'ton, July 21, 1894. J. E. & R. S. Sansom

Nails! Nails!

Just received by rail:

25 KEGS Steel Wire Nails, 45 boxes Horse Nails, 1 barrel Pipe Fittings, 12 boxes Window Glass, and for sale by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

FROM RURAL DISTRICTS.

Interesting and Spicy Gossip from Our Active Correspondents.

Cloverdale.

MARCH 15—The weather has been very fine for the past few days.

Hooking mats and quilting bees are all the rage around here.

Wesley Jones, of this place, had the misfortune to lose his horse the other day.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Knox and daughter of Caverhill, paid this place a flying visit; they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wallace.

A pound party was held at Charles F. Jones' on the 12th instant, where a very enjoyable time was spent tripping the light fantastic.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Hill are receiving congratulations on a certain domestic event; the visitor is a girl.

We are sorry to hear that Mrs. C. Wallace, of this place, had the misfortune to break one of her arms last Sunday, but under the skilful treatment of Dr. Estey we hope she will soon be able to be at her work again.

Mr. and Mrs. Israel Grass, of Somerville, paid this place a visit on Monday last. They were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Wallace.

About all of the lumber parties are out of the woods, and they report a very fine winter for the business.

Woodford Jones and Mrs. Aaron Jones, of this place, started this morning for Keswick to spend a few days with friends.

Andrew Jamieson, of Canterbury, has bought the farm formerly owned by Jason Hetherington, and will make his home there in the near future. As he is a fine business man he will make an agreeable addition to the place.

Your correspondent has been neither dead or yet sleeping, but very busy.

THE HERALD is still one of our most welcome friends.

Bear Island.

MARCH 15.—Election, politics is all the talk the past two days. Messrs. Allen and Wilson arrived here Wednesday, and the same evening addressed a large and enthusiastic audience in Bear Island hall on the great questions of the day. On Thursday evening Mr. Allen spoke to the electors of Prince William in the hall at that place.

Mrs. Jas. Brown, of Lower Queensbury, who was stricken some time ago with paralysis, is lying very low at her residence.

The Baptist quarterly meeting was held at Prince William last week.

Sunday morning Rev. S. Young preached to a large audience. The afternoon service was a special Sabbath school service. In the evening the church was crowded to the doors when addresses were given by Messrs. Knight, Young and Jenkins.

The Sunday school convention met Wednesday in the Baptist church, Prince William. Mr. Lucas was present and gave some interesting lessons to teachers and scholars.

Bloomfield Ridge.

MARCH 14—Most of the young men are returning from the woods. Times begin to look quite lively over election.

Concerts and fancy sales are quite common in this region, and among the rest, our esteemed teacher, Miss Chase, with the help of her scholars, intends holding one at the public hall, March 28th, for the purpose of raising money for Sabbath school library. Several kinds of music will be furnished, namely, piano, organ, violin, harp, harmonica, etc. A large attendance is expected. We wish all to come and enjoy themselves.

Rev. E. Bell is holding revivals at this place, and much good is expected to follow.

A gentleman from Boiestown, while driving a young lady to this vicinity, met with an accident, the horse being young and inexperienced to harness.

Zealand Station.

MARCH 20.—Ezra Brewer, of New Zealand is putting in lumber to his mill at a lively rate, preparatory to his patent springer attachment. He will supply the American market with all kinds of lumber.

Lewis Brewer, of Stone Ridge, is also repairing his mill and expects to do a big summer's work.

Nearly all our young men have returned from the lumber woods looking hale and hearty.

John F. Lawrence has gone to Presque Isle.

E. Brewer has purchased from A. Hawkins a very fast trotter. Mr. Brewer thinks when the roads get a little better he can cover a mile in 2.10 with his Nancy Hanks. Go in Ezra and win.

Our merchant, D. Jewett, is doing a fairly good business this winter.

One of our enterprising farmers who does not believe in making a wholesale purchase, thinks it cheaper to buy his molasses in a pickle bottle.

Brockway.

MARCH 18.—Yesterday, St. Patrick's day, was cold and blustery.

We are pleased to recognize the smiling countenances of several of our young men who have recently returned from the lumber woods of New Hampshire; all are looking robust and hearty. The hearts of some of the fair sex, I presume, have been greatly gladdened by their return.

A. H. Libbey has been very ill, but is slowly recovering, and it is hoped by his many friends that the spring weather may restore him fairly good health again.

Master Talbot Rogerson, of Lewiston, Me, has been visiting friends here for the past few weeks.

The ladies of this place are busily engaged in the manufacture of floor rugs. Miss Dollie Brockway has the honor of making the handsomest one.

Boiestown.

MARCH 20.—A gentleman from Boiestown while driving a young lady to this vicinity met with an accident. The horse being young and inexperienced to harness, took fright and ran away, but fortunately was stopped before any serious damage was done. The driver admired the coolness of the young lady in so trying a situation.

Mrs. E. Spencer who was so near death's door, is slowly recovering under the skilful treatment of Dr. Irvine, of Boiestown.

THE NEWS IN QUEENS.

White's Cove.

MARCH 18.—An unusually quanity of logs and cordwood has been hauled out this winter. Mr. Stillwell and Mr. Mullin will have a large raft of the former.

Mrs. Samuel Ferris and family have moved to Boston to join Mr. Ferris who is working there.

George Ferris while engaged hauling hay from the intervale, was thrown from the load and had his shoulder broken and was otherwise injured.

Mr. Earl, of Douglas Harbor, was badly cut by an axe which glanced from the stick which another workman was hewing.

A large number of men have gone to St. John to engage in the coasting trade.

C. W. White has his new store completed and stocked up with goods, and is doing a thriving business.

A VERY SMALL JERSEY GIRL.

Two Weeks Old, Height 13 Inches, Weight 3 1-2 Pounds.

Cranford, N. J., has something in the line of babies outside the general run. She is thirteen inches long, weighs three and a half pounds, and is a little over two weeks old. She has feet the size of a silver half dollar, hands the size of quarters, ears the size of dimes, and eyes about as big around as the old-time silver three-cent pieces. Her head is about as big as a small fist, and her body is no larger than a big one. Her mouth is so small that she can't take her food in the natural way Her fingers are about the size of cribbage board pegs. Her arms are as large as a big man's forefinger, and her legs are hardly twice as large. From these figures it will be seen that the infant is properly proportioned throughout, and altogether is a remarkable youngster. Also she is an heiress. The only trouble with her is that she was born prematurely. The description given is of the exterior. The make-up of the interior can be judged only from outward signs, chief of which is a voice, and judging from that her lungs are a little bit more than normal.

Her father is in business in New York. Her mother is very sensitive as well as proud. The younger Dr. MacConnell is the attending physician, and because of the sensitiveness of the mother he is disinclined to talk about his charge. The Doctor was more astonished than anybody at the baby's size. She weighed when she was born, 2¼ pounds, and nobody had any idea that she would live. Incubators were talked about at first, but one could not be purchased in the town, and as it would take so much time to get one from New York the idea was given up. If the baby lived the length of time it would take to get one the Doctor thought she would have as good a chance of living without one. The mother had prepared a basket, lined it with pink satin, and trimmed it with bows of ribbon. It happened that the baby just fitted this basket lengthwise, and there was room at each side for a bottle. The nurse wrapped the baby up in soft flannels and the Doctor filled the bottles with warm water, and the combination was packed in the basket. The basket has been the baby's bed ever since, but it only fits now when the baby is laid in cornerwise, and a new basket will have to be obtained.

For a little more than a day after she was born, the baby did not take any nourishment. The bottles beside her were kept filled with warm water and the basket was kept near the register. The difficulty due to the smallness of the baby's mouth disclosed itself the following morning. The Doctor ordered food prepared and the nurse fed the baby with a spoon. The infant relished the food, ceased crying, and went to sleep for a couple of hours. Then came the revelation of its lung power. In an ordinary baby the display of the power this baby had would not have been remarkable, but coming from this bit of humanity the Doctor and nurse agreed it was the most astonishing thing they had ever heard. They could compare it only to a steam calliope. It lasted until the spoon was produced again with more food, and then the baby was silent. The nurse vows it laughed and cooed. The use of the hot-water bottles was continued the second and third day, and then as the baby appeared to be more comfortable without them they were discontinued.

The baby has thrived from the first. She has grown more than an inch and has increased in weight a pound and a quarter. Her chances of pulling through and becoming as big as any other baby are now considered first class. She eats as much as ordinary babies already, and uses her expansive lungs as much. She is well behaved, for she goes to sleep at dark and doesn't wake up until the next morning. She is the wonder of the neighborhood, and all the women have been to see her, and have coddled her as much as the nurse would permit.

The Doctor says she beats any incubator baby he ever saw, and that she's a heap sight better than the average infant of her age.

REARING YOUNG TURKEYS.

It is best to confine the brood for a week at least after hatching. Should the mother hen then become restless, she may be let out during the middle of the day. As the turkey retires early and dislikes being disturbed after setting down for the night, be sure and coop them before the sun sets. The young turkeys will eat but little the first week. Feed separate from the mother, for she will devour all the food within reach. For downright greediness, an old turkey hen has few equals. Dry bread soaked in sweet milk is one of the best foods for the young, as is curd from fresh buttermilk. A whole flock has been raised on warm curd. A custard made of one egg to a pint of milk, thickened with bread (no sugar) is a good food. When about two months old, feed whole wheat part of the time and mix corn meal with their feed; this should not be fed exclusively. Allow plenty of liberty, as confinement will kill young turkeys. When the mother begins tramping wildly from one side of the coop to the other, better let her out until the weather is unfavorable.

When about the size of partridges and old enough to follow the mother in long rambles, the young will need but little attention, simply a little feed morning and evening. They much prefer bugs, grasshoppers, insects and seeds to a more civilized ration. Do not neglect to bring them home at night and put under shelter until old enough to fly into trees and care for themselves. Turkeys do not always select wisely the best resting place for the night, hence vermin sometimes attack and annoy them. Teach them to come at the sound of your voice; it will save you many a weary tramp in searching woods and fields.

Six weeks' time is sufficient to fatten for market. Feed twice a day all the whole corn they will eat, but do not attempt confinement, as a turkey chafes under restraint and will lose flesh rather than fatten. They will not take more exercise than is necessary to keep in good health.

THE CHRONIC ILLS.

Of the North Countrie.

Concerning the Three Kings, and the En Pee, and George Useless, the King's Treasurer.

(St. John Globe.)

Now Johnnaye the King had waxed old and died, and for a time John Joseph reigned in his stead, and when he also had been gathered to his fathers John Sparrow sat upon the throne of the North Countrie.

And it came to pass that when John Sparrow was beyond the sea, that he sickened and died, and the Queen of the East sent his body home in a great ship of iron, and all the people mourned for him.

Thus in three years died three kings, and never before had it happened in this fashion.

And Mackenzee, whose surname was Bowl, was made king after John Sparrow, and he sat upon the throne of Johnnaye.

And the same Bowl was old and well-stricken in years, and he reigned feebly and many of the counsellors and the mighty men of the kingdom clove not unto him as they did unto Johnnaye, for Johnnaye was a crafty and a prudent man beyond all the men of his time. And there was none like unto him among all that reigned after him for craft and for cunning and for crookedness. Yet many of the people loved Johnnaye withal.

And the En Pee was abroad in the land, for it was an ordinance of Johnnaye, and of Samuel, whose sir-name was Lennard; the same had been over the treasury of Johnnaye, to keep it and to replenish it.

And by the En Pee was the treasury replenished. Now the En Pee was a tax, and it bore hard on the people to pay the taxes, and they cried out and wailed.

And it came to pass that when the people cried out and mourned that Samuel, whose sir-name was Lennard, besought Johnnaye that he might no longer be set over the taxing. So Johnnaye had made him to be governor over the Bluenoses.

And so for many years Samuel sat in his palace and ruled over the Bluenoses, and he entreated them kindly, and the people loved him because he had repented and refrained from taxing them, and because he smiled upon them and drank no wine.

Howbeit Johnnaye had continued the En Pee, and he had set George Useless to be over the taxing. And the same George Useless was a thin man and spare, and his entrails were straightened within him, and his heart was cold.

And he made the En Pee more hard against the people. And he taxed their bread and their coal, and the clothing wherewith the men and the women and the little ones were clothed, and their shoes and their stockings and their dishes and spoons, and the tools wherewith they wrought, from the needle wherewith a woman might sew unto the plough wherewith a field is plowed.

And he taxed all harrows, and sickles, and scythes, and rakes; also all implements of iron whatsoever.

And all fabrics of silk, and of wollen, and of cotton, and the bed whereon a man might lie, and all medicines for those that are sick, even to the soothing syrup of the infants, and the coffin in which the dead are buried, yea even the tombstone that lies above their heads.

And all the people mourned exceedingly because of the En Pee.

Now it was so in those days that all the king's ministers, and his councillors, and his chief men were required to go before the people that the people might say whether they should remain in office. Every five years at most was this done; it was a law and a statute perpetual.

And it was in a place that is called the Kings District that George Useless went before the people. And he bowed himself before the people and made obeisance unto them, and he made promises that he would promote their sons to honor and fatness, and that their fields should yield abundantly and that all should become rich because of the En Pee.

And the people believed him, though some doubted. And one James, whose surname was Domvil, a mighty man and well-favored (the same was over the Kings horsemen in the Kings District) opposed him. And many followed after James.

And the strife was hot betwixt them, but it came to pass that when the people had marked the names upon paper, many for James and not so many for George Useless, that the officers who were set over the counting declared that George Useless should remain to be a minister and to be over the taxing.

And George Useless laughed in his sleeve because of what the officers had done, but many were angry thereat.

And it was after four years, in the first year of Bowl the King, that George Useless went again before the people of the Kings District. And the people were angry with him, and reviled him, and cast dirt upon him.

And it was so that from Moosepath to Anagance, and from Bull Moose Hill unto Saddleback, in all the Kings District there were none with whom he found favor, no, not one.

And all the chief and notable men, the councillors, and the magistrates, and the coroners, and all the people said unto him:

"Get thee hence! For we made thee a minister to bless us, and, lo, thou hast cursed us altogether, us and our children. Is it a light thing that our lands are wasted by the En Bee, and our sons and our daughters are scattered to the four winds, even the tenth part of them, and thou art clothed in purple and fine linen, faring sumptuously, while we harrow buckwheat and pick potato bugs?"

And they rose up against him as one man, the men with clubs and the women with broomsticks, and he fled for his life and tarried not day nor night till he came to the house of one Alexander of Nashwaak.

And Alexander took him in and scraped the dirt off him, and comforted him, because it was said the same Alexander was owing large money for interest upon a bridge unto Bowl the King, and George Useless, the king's treasurer, had forborne to collect it.

ST. MARY'S S. S. CONVENTION.

The fifth semi-annual convention of St. Marys Sunday school workers was held in the F. C. Baptist church, Peniac, on Friday afternoon the 15th. The president, Mr. Bradley, occupied the chair and all the officers were present. Devotional exercises were led by Rev. W. W. Lodge, and participated in by Rev. A. Lucas, Rev. J. T. Parsons, William Smith, Fred Brown and others. Miss Alice Goodspeed presided at the organ. In connection with the Normal Lesson, "Home and Sunday School," by the field secretary, reference was made to the action of the N. B. executive in making normal instruction a prominent feature in the work for this year, and the recommendation of Dr. Hurlbut's text book on the subject. Roll call was responded to by eleven Sunday schools of the parish, seven of these are evergreen, or open all the year. One new school had been opened. One had been closed for twelve months. The very valuable instruction and advice of the field secretary in normal work, teaching and suggestions were much appreciated, and cannot be estimated. Stirring addresses were made by Rev. J. T. Parsons and Rev. W. W. Lodge, while Luther Goodspeed voiced the fact that persons within half a mile of a Sunday school closed in the winter months, came three miles to attend one open all the year. The normal lesson "Sunday school and church" and teaching of next Sunday school lesson "Zaccheus the Publican" by the field secretary, were strong features of the evening session, while the presence and remarks of J. W. Spurden and W. G. Clark of Fredericton, added to the interest and profit. The singing was hearty, the audiences earnest and appreciative and the hospitality cordial and abundant. Certainly the work in St. Marys parish shows increased vigor and progress, this being in advance of any convention yet held. The election of officers resulted in Mr. Bradley, Gibson, being president for the third time; Charles Goodspeed, vice-president; Mrs. Sharp, secretary treasurer. An invitation to meet at Mouth of Tay, St. Andrews church, was extended through Miss McNeill and accepted, time to be arranged later.

The field secretary, Mr. Lucas, has spent a most profitable week in York county. Conventions were held at Kingsclear, French Village, Douglas, Bright, Queensbury, Prince William and St. Marys, all of which showed interest and progress in the work.

CARRIES A BULLET IN HIS BRAIN,

And a Sudden Jar May Kill Suessenbach at Any Time.

The physicians at the Manhattan Hospital, New York, are much interested in the case of George Suessenbach, a German, who attempted suicide in Central Park by shooting himself in the head just one month ago, and who is rapidly recovering in spite of the fact that the bullet still lies embedded in his brain. Suessenbach is 39 years old, and had been in this country only a few months. He was educated in Berlin. He was unable to secure employment here, and his money was soon gone, when he shot himself. He was found unconscious by a Park policeman and taken to Manhattan Hospital, where his case was pronounced hopeless.

Much to the surprise of the physicians he lived through the night, and the next day the house surgeon probed for the bullet, but failed to find it. Suessenbach remained unconscious with an abnormally high temperature for more than a week, and then he began to recover. At present his condition is excellent, and unless he takes an unexpected turn for the worse, he will be discharged in a week or two. The wound in his forehead, just between the eyes, where the bullet entered, has healed, leaving only a slight depression.

In speaking of Suessenbach's case, house surgeon Volce says that not more than ten similar cases are on record. Dr. Volce attributes Suessenbach's promised recovery to the fact that the bullet passed between the two lobes of the brain, and now lies at the back of the brain near the skull. It has in all propability become covered with secreted matter and is attached to the brain tissue, where it will remain unless broken loose by some sudden jar.

"We will discharge him from the hospital as soon as he is strong enough to leave," said Dr. Volce. "But no matter how complete his recovery may seem he will be in danger of sudden death at any time. If he were to fall or receive a severe jar there is danger of the bullet breaking loose and causing almost instant death." Besides being rational, Suessenbach has perfect control of his limbs. His appetite is good, and his system is apparently in perfect condition. Superintendent Fenn has made arrangements to send him to his home in Germany as soon as he is able to leave the hospital.

SALARIES FOR COMMONERS.

The English Lower House Favors Them by a Vote of 176 to 158.

William Allen, Radical Commoner for Gateshead, moved in the Imperial House of Commons, that the members receive payment for their services. He reminded the House that a similar resolution was passed in the session of 1893 with the Government's approval, although no subsequent action had been taken. The country would not object, he said, to the small additional taxation necessary to cover members' salaries.

Sir H. Stafford Northcote, Conservative for Exeter, offered an amendment to the effect that further burdens should not be imposed on the nation.

Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said the payment of members was the logical outcome of the extension of the suffrage. The house was now too much of one class. He repudiated the suggestion that the payment of members would lead to corruption and the election of unfit men. Democracy might be trusted, he said, to prevent such evils. The proposal was wise and expedient, and its execution would conduce to the honor of the House. He promised to advance it in every way possible.

Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer under Lord Salisbury, opposed the motion. He was proud to be acquainted with the genuine Labor members now in the House, he said, and he would welcome more, but the payment of members would lower the status of Parliament and taint the purity of public life without increasing the number of workingmen in the Commons.

Sir H. Stafford Northcote's amendment was lost, and Mr. Allen's motion was passed by a vote of 176 to 158.

FRAUGHT WITH DISASTER AND RUIN.

(Fredericton Gleaner, Oct. 24, 1883.)

The N. P. has been fraught with disaster and ruin, and before the coming period of depression can be entirely averted, many changes in the present policy must be made, and these changes must look towards the Liberal policy of Blake and Mackenzie. How infinitely better would it have been had Canada chosen to continue the Cartwright policy.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Events of Interest Provincial and General.

Hon. O. J. LeBlanc has received the Liberal nomination in Kent.

Friends of Acadia College in New England have raised an endowment fund of $30,000 for that institution.

E. LeRoi Willis has secured a five years' lease of the Dufferin hotel, St. John, and will open the hotel to the travelling public May 15th.

Civic finance committee of Montreal have decided to cut off the Mayor's annual allowance of $2,000 on the alleged ground of economy.

Under protection the number of farmers in Canada has been reduced from 656,712 in 1881, to 649,506 in 1891, so the government census returns say.

A. Miller, a well known dry goods merchant of St. John, died Monday. He was a prominent curler and as such was well known in Fredericton.

John Foster who kept a grocery store on Prince William Street, St. John, suicided Sunday morning by cutting his throat with a knife. Ill health is said to have unbalanced his mind.

A pugilist named Lindsay, of Omaha, has been sentenced to two years in the penitentiary at Plattsmouth, for manslaughter in killing Fletcher Robinson, the prize fighter, last year.

Malcolm M. Macdonald, a well known commercial traveler, died suddenly at the St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal, the other night from an over dose of morphine. The deceased had been co-respondent in the Lear divorce case, now pending in the Halifax courts.

The marriage of Miss Mary Kennedy, daughter of Alderman James Kennedy, of St. John, to the Rev. L. G. Macneill, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, in the same city, will be performed on Wednesday, April 18. Mr. Macneill and his bride will spend their honeymoon in Europe.

The dairy school is to open at Sussex April 9th. Arrangements have been made by the Dominion and Local governments that cheese makers who attend the school from a distance will be paid their railway fares. It is expected that all the cheese makers of the Province will take advantage of this offer.

Drought and locusts have caused widespread famine in eastern equatorial Africa. Villages have been depopulated and mission schools and churches have been closed and many natives are selling themselves and their children into slavery to obtain food. The missionaries in Ugogo, Mpwapwa, and Mamboia have joined others in an appeal for aid.

The Chatham World (Conservative) says that Mr. Adams, M.P., knows that he has incurred the opposition of the most influential men in the county who supported him four years ago, large employers of labor, men who carry hundreds of votes in the hollow of their hands, and his most sanguine friend must know that his candidature will imperil the government's hold on the county.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Childs, an aged couple who live near Smethport, Pa., were robbed the other night after being tortured by four masked men. The thieves entered the house and demanded Mr. Child's money. He refused to tell where it was hidden and the robbers struck him upon the head with a club, fracturing his skull. Mrs. Childs was seized and bound and fire applied to her feet until she told where $640 was concealed. The thieves secured the money and fled.

A bill to tax bachelors and establish an "Old Maids' Home" when the tax fund shall have reached $50,000, has been introduced in the Illinois legislature. The bill defines bachelors as single men of 32 years or over who have never been married, and exempts men who have reached 65, who are physically unfit, or who can prove to a board of unmarried women over 60 years that they have proposed marriage at least three times to marriageable females and been refused each time.

ON THE WAR PATH.

(Winnipeg Tribune.)

The hierarchy have triumphed, and the attempt is to be made to coerce Manitoba into wrecking her public school system. While we did not hope for much from the Dominion government, still we always harbored a far away impression that the cabinet would not yield to the demand of Quebec, that the sacred doctrine of Provincial rights, which secured for the Jesuits compensation for their confiscated estates, would not be violated in the case of Manitoba's school system. It appears, however, that the influence of the Roman Catholic hierarchy is paramount at the capital, and that arguments prevailed when presented by Catholics in a case which no fair-minded man would admit had any merits; while arguments presented by Protestants in a case where interence was necessary to insure justice to all, utterly failed. The decision to grant remedial legislation is proof positive that the doctrine of Provincial Rights, and the more sacred doctrine of Equal Rights to all, have been trampled under foot.

A DESPERADO KILLED.

Jim Morrison, the most desperate outlaw in Alabama since the days of Rube Burrows, has been killed by Deputy Sheriff C. H. Cole. Morrison escaped twice from Pratt Mines penitentiary. The last time he led a gang of convicts and gained liberty by using dynamite on a door. A posse of Bibb county officers, headed by Sheriff Dexter, went after Morrison and came upon him with a pal named Davis in a road. A sharp fight followed, in which Dexter was killed and Davis badly wounded. Morrison escaped. Rewards for Morrison, dead or alive have been offered. Deputy Sheriff Cole started upon the case three months ago, and when he came upon Morrison, the latter was armed with a shotgun and two pistols. The outlaw was ordered to throw up his hands He attempted to reach for his gun and Cole killed him.

It's all nonsense, dear, about wedding cake. I put an enormous piece under my pillow and dreamed of nobody." "Well?" "And the next night I ate it and dreamed of everybody."

"Cousin Ethel, is Col. Blazer a brave soldier?" "Oh, I don't think he's afraid of powder." "No, I don't think he is, for I saw his nose against your face last night."

"Are you the boss here?" Mr. Meekly—Do I look like a man who would allow his wife to get along without a cook?